

General Description

The MAX3058/MAX3059 interface between the controller area network (CAN) protocol controller and the physical wires of the bus lines in a CAN. They are primarily intended for printer and telecom backplane applications requiring data rates up to 1Mbps. These devices provide differential transmit capability to the bus and differential receive capability to the CAN controller.

The MAX3058 output common-mode range is from -7V to +12V. The MAX3059 output common-mode range is from 0V to VCC. The MAX3059 contains an internal switch termination resistor that makes it ideal for JetLink applications.

The MAX3058 features four different modes of operation: high speed, slope control, standby, and shutdown. The MAX3059 features three different modes of operation: high speed, slope control, and shutdown. Highspeed mode allows data rates up to 1Mbps. In slope-control mode, the slew rate may be optimized for data rates up to 500kbps, so the effects of EMI are reduced, and unshielded twisted or parallel cable can be used. In standby mode, the transmitters are shut off and the receivers are put into low-current mode. In shutdown mode, the transmitter and receiver are switched off.

The MAX3058/MAX3059 are available in an 8-pin SO package and are specified over the -40°C to +125°C temperature range.

Applications

Printers JetLink Industrial Control Networks Telecom Backplane Consumer Applications

Features

♦ Four Operating Modes

High-Speed Operation Up to 1Mbps Slope-Control Mode to Reduce EMI (40kbps to 500kbps)

Low-Current Shutdown Mode Standby Mode (MAX3058 Only)

- ♦ Thermal Shutdown
- **♦** Current Limiting
- **♦ ESD Protection** ±12kV Human Body Model

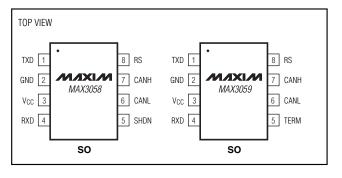
Ordering Information

| PART | TEMP RANGE | PIN-PACKAGE |
|------------|-----------------|-------------|
| MAX3058ASA | -40°C to +125°C | 8 SO |
| MAX3059ASA | -40°C to +125°C | 8 SO |

Selector Guide

| PART | TERMINATION RESISTOR | STANDBY |
|------------|-------------------------|---------|
| MAX3058ASA | No | Yes |
| MAX3059ASA | Yes | No |

Pin Configurations



Typical Operating Circuit appears at end of data sheet.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| V _{CC} to GND0.3V to +6V | Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C) |
|---|---|
| TXD, RS, SHDN, TERM to GND0.3V to +6V | 8-Pin SO (derate 5.9mW/°C above +70°C)470mW |
| RXD to GND0.3V to +6V | Operating Temperature Range40°C to +125°C |
| CANH, CANL to GND (MAX3058)7.5V to +12.5V | Maximum Junction Temperature+150°C |
| CANH, CANL to GND (MAX3059)0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3V) | Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C |
| | Lead Temperature (soldering 10s) +300°C |

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = +5V \pm 10\%, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, R_L = 60\Omega, C_L = 100 \text{pF}. Typical values are at } V_{CC} = +5V \text{ and } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ (Note 1)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------|-----|------------------------|-------|--|
| Cupalicant | 1- | Dominant | | 40 | 70 | т Л | |
| Supply Current | Is | Recessive | | 2 5 | | - mA | |
| Quiescent Current Standby Mode | IQ | Standby, MAX3058 | | 15 | 80 | μΑ | |
| | | V _{SHDN} = V _{CC} , MAX3058 | | | 5 | | |
| Shutdown Current | ISHDN | V _{TERM} = V _{RS} = V _{CC} , MAX3059 | | | 10 | μΑ | |
| | | $V_{TERM} = 0V$, $V_{RS} = V_{CC}$, MAX3059 | | | 150 | | |
| Thermal-Shutdown Threshold | V _{TSH} | | | 160 | | °C | |
| Thermal-Shutdown Hysteresis | | | | 25 | | °C | |
| TXD INPUT LEVELS | | | | | | | |
| High-Level Input Voltage | VIH | | 2 | | | V | |
| Low-Level Input Voltage | V _{IL} | | | | 0.8 | V | |
| Input Capacitance | CIN | (Note 3) | | 5 | 20 | рF | |
| Pullup Resistor | RINTXD | | 50 | | 100 | kΩ | |
| TERM INPUT LEVELS (MAX3059) | | | | | | | |
| High-Level Input Voltage | V _{TRH} | | 2 | | | V | |
| Low-Level Input Voltage | V _{TRL} | | | | 0.8 | V | |
| TERM Pullup Resistor | R _{PU} | | 50 | | 100 | kΩ | |
| CANH, CANL TRANSMITTER | | | | | | | |
| | \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | V _{TXD} = V _{CC} , no load | 2 | | 3 | V | |
| Recessive Bus Voltage | VCANH, VCANL | V _{TXD} = V _{CC} , no load, V _{RS} = V _{CC} (standby mode), MAX3058 | -100 | | +100 | mV | |
| CANH Output Voltage | VCANH | V _T XD = 0V | 2.75 | | V _{CC} - 0.8V | V | |
| CANL Output Voltage | VCANL | $V_{TXD} = 0V$ | 0.5 | | 2.25 | V | |
| | | V _{TXD} = 0V, V _{CC} = 5V ±5% | 1.5 | | 3 | | |
| Differential Output | ΔV_{CANH} , | V _{TXD} = 0V, V _{CC} = 5V ±10% | 1.5 | | 3.2 | V | |
| (VCANH - VCANL) | VCANL | $V_{TXD} = 0V, R_L = 45\Omega$ | 1.2 | | 3 |] | |
| | | V _{TXD} = V _{CC} , no load | -500 | | +50 | mV | |

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V \pm 10\%, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, R_L = 60\Omega, C_L = 100 pF. \text{ Typical values are at } V_{CC} = +5V \text{ and } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.) \text{ (Note 1)}$

| PARAMETER SYMBOL C | | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | |
|--|--------------------------|---|---------------------------|-----|---------------------------|-------|--|
| CANILL Chart Circuit Comment | 1 | -7V ≤ V _{CANH} ≤ 0V, MAX3058 | -200 | | -30 | 1 | |
| CANH Short-Circuit Current | ICANHSC | ANH = 0V, MAX3059 -200 -3 | | | | mA | |
| CANIL Chart Circuit Current | 1 | V _{CC} ≤ V _{CANL} ≤ 12V, MAX3058 | 30 | | 200 | A | |
| CANL Short-Circuit Current | ICANLSC | V _{CANL} = V _{CC} , MAX3059 | 30 | | 200 | mA mA | |
| Termination Resistor | RTERM | V _{TERM} = V _{CC} , MAX3059 | 108 | 120 | 132 | Ω | |
| RXD OUTPUT LEVELS | | | | | | | |
| RXD High-Output Voltage Level | Voн | Ι = -100μΑ | 0.8 x V _C C | | Vcc | V | |
| RXD Low-Output Voltage Level | V _{OL} | I = 1.6mA | | | 0.4 | V | |
| DC BUS RECEIVER (Note 2) | | | | | | | |
| D''' '' '' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' | | MAX3058 | -17 | | +0.5 | | |
| Differential Input Voltage (Recessive) | V _{DIFF} | MAX3058, V _{RS} = V _{CC} (standby mode) | -17 | | +0.5 | V | |
| (Necessive) | | MAX3059 | -V _C C | | +0.5 | | |
| Differential Input Voltage (Dominant) | | MAX3058 | 0.9 | | 17 | 7 V | |
| | V _{DIFF} | MAX3058, V _{RS} = V _{CC} (standby mode) | 1.1 | | 17 | | |
| (Dominant) | | MAX3059 | 0.9 | | Vcc | | |
| Differential Input Hysteresis | V _{DIFF} (HYST) | | | 100 | | mV | |
| CANH and CANL Input Resistance | Rı | | 5 | | 25 | kΩ | |
| Differential Input Resistance | RDIFF | | 10 | | 100 | kΩ | |
| MODE SELECTION (RS) | 1 | | | | | • | |
| Input Voltage for High Speed | V _{SLP} | | | | 0.3 x V _C C | V | |
| Localet Valtages for Chandley | V _{STBY} | MAX3058 | 0.75 x | | | V | |
| Input Voltage for Standby | V _{SHDN} | MAX3059 | Vcc | | | V | |
| Slope-Control Mode Voltage | VSLOPE | $R_{RS} = 25k\Omega$ to $200k\Omega$ | 0.4 x V _C C | | 0.6 x V _C C | V | |
| Slope-Control Mode Current | ISLOPE | $R_{RS} = 25k\Omega$ to $200k\Omega$ | -10 | | -200 | μΑ | |
| High-Speed Mode Current | I _{HS} | V _{RS} = 0V | | | -500 | μΑ | |
| SHUTDOWN (MAX3058) | | | | | | | |
| SHDN Input Voltage High | V _{SHDNH} | | 2 | | | V | |
| SHDN Input Voltage Low | V _{SHDNL} | | | | 0.8 | V | |
| SHDN Pulldown Resistor | RINDHDN | | 50 | | 100 | kΩ | |

TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = +5V \pm 10\%, R_L = 60\Omega, C_L = 100pF, T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} . Typical values are at $V_{CC} = +5V$ and $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | | TYP | MAX | UNITS | |
|---|----------|--|-----|------|-----|---------|--|
| | | V _{RS} = 0V (≤ 1Mbps) | | | 50 | | |
| Delay TXD to Bus Active, | | R _{RS} = 25kΩ (≤ 500kbps) | | 125 | | 200 | |
| Figure 1 | tontxd | $R_{RS} = 100k\Omega (\le 125kbps) $ 450 | | | | ns - | |
| | | $R_{RS} = 200k\Omega (\le 62.5kbps) $ 700 | | | | | |
| | | V _{RS} = 0V (≤ 1Mbps) | | | 70 | | |
| Delay TXD to Bus Inactive, | | R _{RS} = 25kΩ (≤ 500kbps) | | 180 | | | |
| Figure 1 | tofftxd | R _{RS} = 100kΩ (≤ 125kbps) | | 500 | | ns | |
| | | R _{RS} = 200kΩ (≤ 62.5kbps) | | 1000 | | 1 | |
| | | V _{RS} = 0V (≤ 1Mbps) | | | 80 | | |
| Delay Bus to Receiver Active, | | R _{RS} = 25kΩ (≤ 500kbps) | | 150 | |] | |
| Figure 1 | tonrxd | R _{RS} = 100kΩ (≤ 125kbps) | | 500 | | ns | |
| | | R _{RS} = 200kΩ (≤ 62.5kbps) | | 800 | | | |
| | | V _{RS} = 0V (≤ 1Mbps) | | | 100 | ns | |
| Delay Bus to Receiver Inactive, Figure 1 | | R _{RS} = 25kΩ (≤ 500kbps) | | 210 | | | |
| | toffrxd | R _{RS} = 100kΩ (≤ 125kbps) | | 500 | | | |
| | | R _{RS} = 200kΩ (≤ 62.5kbps) | | 1100 | | | |
| | | V _{RS} = 0V (≤ 1Mbps) | 100 | | | | |
| Differential Output Slow Bate | SR | R _{RS} = 25kΩ (≤ 500kbps) | | 7 | | V/µs | |
| Differential Output Slew Rate | | R _{RS} = 100kΩ (≤ 125kbps) | | 1.6 | | | |
| | | R _{RS} = 200kΩ (≤ 62.5kbps) | | 0.8 | | | |
| Bus Dominant to RXD Active tDRXDL | | V _{RS} > 0.8 x V _{CC} (standby), MAX3058, Figure 2 | | | 1 | μs | |
| Standby to Receiver Active | tsbrxdl | BUS dominant, MAX3058, Figure 2 | | | 4 | μs | |
| SHDN to Bus Inactive | toffshdn | TXD = GND, MAX3058, Figure 3 (Note 4) | | | 1 | μs | |
| SHDN to Receiver Active | tonshdn | BUS dominant, MAX3058, Figure 3 (Note 5) | | | 4 | μs | |
| S to Bus Inactive toffshon | | TXD = GND, MAX3059, Figure 3 (Note 4) | | | 1 | μs | |
| RS to Receiver Active | tonshdn | BUS dominant, MAX3059, Figure 3 (Note 5) | | | 4 | μs | |
| TERM to Resistor Switched On | tonrt | V _{RS} = V _{CC} (part in shutdown), MAX3059, Figure 4 | | | 400 | ns | |
| TERM to Resistor Switched Off | toffrt | V _{RS} = V _{CC} (part in shutdown), MAX3059, Figure 4 | | | 400 | ns | |
| ESD Protection | | Human Body Model | | 12 | | ±kV | |

Note 1: All currents into device are positive; all currents out of the device are negative. All voltages are referenced to device ground, unless otherwise noted.

Note 2: (V_{TXD} = V_{CC}; CANH and CANL externally driven; -7V < V_{CANH}, V_{CANL} < 12V for MAX3058; 0V < V_{CANH}, V_{CANL} < V_{CC} for MAX3059, unless otherwise specified).

Note 3: Specification guaranteed by design, not production tested.

Note 4: No other devices on the BUS.

Note 5: BUS externally driven.

Timing Diagrams

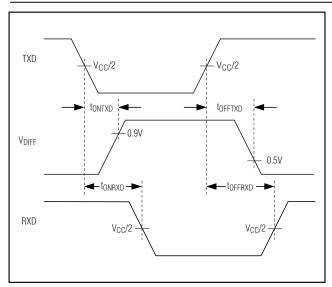


Figure 1. Timing Diagram

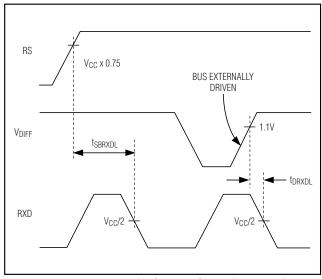


Figure 2. Timing Diagram for Standby Signal (MAX3058)

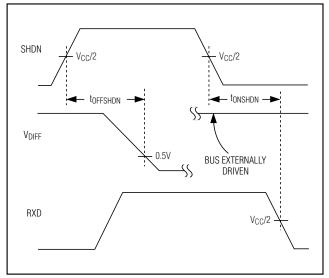


Figure 3. Timing Diagram for Shutdown Signal

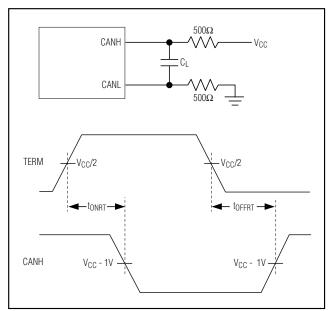
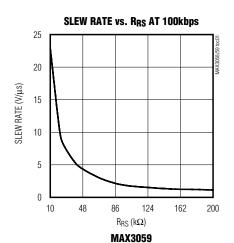
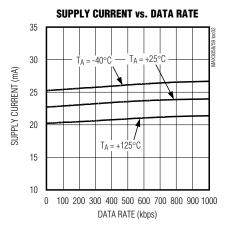


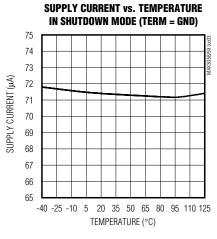
Figure 4. Test Circuit and Diagram for TERM Timing (MAX3059)

Typical Operating Characteristics

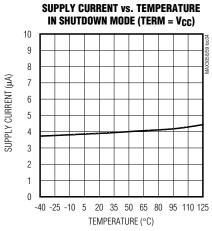
 $(V_{CC} = +5V, R_L = 60\Omega, C_L = 100pF, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise specified.)$

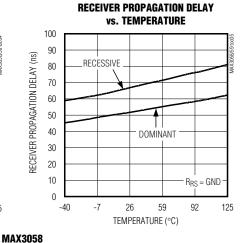


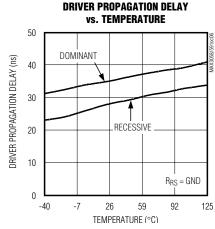


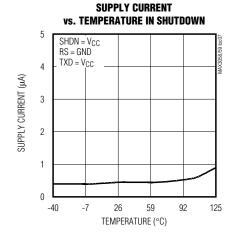


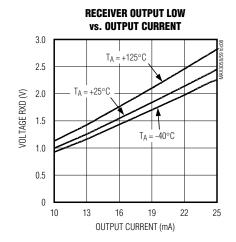
MAX3059





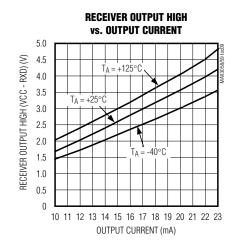


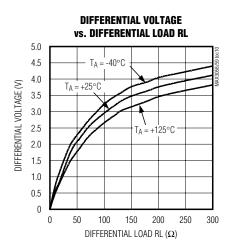


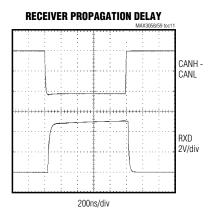


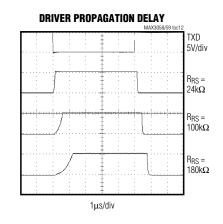
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

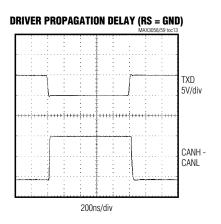
 $(V_{CC} = +5V, R_L = 60\Omega, C_L = 100pF, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise specified.)$

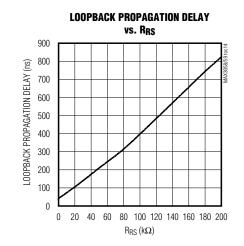








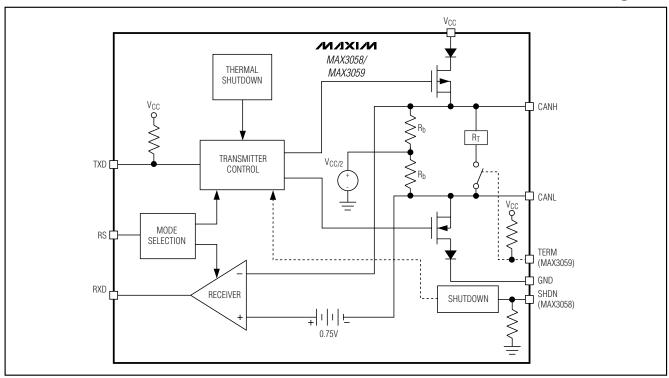




Pin Description

| P | N | NAME | FUNCTION |
|---------|---------|------|--|
| MAX3058 | MAX3059 | NAME | FUNCTION |
| 1 | 1 | TXD | Transmit Data Input. TXD is a CMOS/TTL-compatible input from a CAN controller. TXD has an internal $75k\Omega$ pullup resistor. |
| 2 | 2 | GND | Ground |
| 3 | 3 | Vcc | Supply Voltage. Bypass V _{CC} to GND with a 0.1µF capacitor. |
| 4 | 4 | RXD | Receive Data Output. RXD is a CMOS/TTL-compatible output. |
| 5 | _ | SHDN | Shutdown Input, CMOS/TTL-Compatible Input. Drive SHDN high to put the IC into shutdown mode. SHDN has an internal $75k\Omega$ pulldown resistor to GND. |
| 6 | 6 | CANL | CAN Bus Line Low |
| 7 | 7 | CANH | CAN Bus Line High |
| 8 | 8 | RS | Mode Select Input. Drive RS low or connect to GND for high-speed operation. Connect a resistor between RS and GND to control output slope. For the MAX3058, drive RS high to put into standby mode. (see <i>Mode Selection</i> section). For the MAX3059, drive RS above 0.75 x V _{CC} to select shutdown mode. |
| _ | 5 | TERM | Terminate Input, CMOS/TTL Compatible. Drive TERM high or leave floating to terminate the device with a 120 Ω across the CANH and CANL. Drive TERM low to disconnect this resistor. TERM has an internal 75k Ω pullup resistor to VCC. |

Functional Diagram



Detailed Description

The MAX3058/MAX3059 interface between the protocol controller and the physical wires of the bus lines in a CAN. They are primarily intended for printer and telecom backplane applications requiring data rates up to 1Mbps. These devices provide differential transmit capability to the bus and differential receive capability to the CAN controller.

The MAX3058 output common-mode range is from -7V to +12V. The MAX3059 output common-mode range is from 0V to VCC. The MAX3059 contains an internal switch termination resistor that makes it ideal for JetLink applications.

The MAX3058 features four different modes of operation: high-speed, slope control, standby, and shutdown. The MAX3059 features three different modes of operation: high speed, slope control, and shutdown. High-speed mode allows data rates up to 1Mbps. In slope-control mode, the slew rate may be optimized for data rates up to 500kbps, so the effects of EMI are reduced, and unshielded twisted or parallel cable can

be used. In standby mode, the transmitters are shut off and the receivers are put into low-current mode. In shutdown mode, the transmitter and receiver are switched off.

The transceivers operate from a single +5V supply and draw 40mA of supply current in dominant state and 2mA in recessive state. In standby mode, supply current is reduced to 15µA. In shutdown mode, supply current is 1µA for the MAX3058 and 5µA for the MAX3059.

CANH and CANL are output short-circuit current limited and are protected against excessive power dissipation by thermal-shutdown circuitry that places the driver outputs into a high-impedance state.

Transmitter

The transmitter converts a single-ended input (TXD) from the CAN controller to differential outputs for the bus lines (CANH, CANL). The truth table for the transmitter and receiver is given in Tables 1 and 2.

Table 1. Transmitter and Receiver Truth Table for MAX3058 When Not Connected to the Bus

| TXD | RS | SHDN | CANH | CANL | BUS STATE | RXD |
|---------------|--|------|---|--|-----------|------|
| Low | V _{RS} < 0.75 x V _{CC} | Low | High | Low | Dominant | Low |
| High or float | V _{RS} < 0.75 x V _{CC} | Low | 5 k Ω to 25 k Ω to $V_{CC}/2$ | 5 k Ω to 25k Ω to V _{CC} /2 | Recessive | High |
| Х | V _{RS} > 0.75 x V _{CC} | Low | 5 k Ω to 25 k Ω to GND | 5 k Ω to 25 k Ω to GND | Recessive | High |
| Х | Х | High | Floating | Floating | Floating | High |

Table 2. Transmitter and Receiver Truth Table for MAX3059 When Not Connected to the Bus

| TXD | RS | TERM | CANH | CANL | BUS STATE | RXD |
|---------------|---|-----------|---|---|-----------|--------|
| Low | V _{RS} < 0.75 x V _{CC} | Low | High | Low | Dominant | Low |
| Low | V _{BS} < 0.75 x V _{CC} | High | High | Low | Dominant | Low |
| LOW | VRS < 0.75 X VCC | High | 120Ω terminating | resistor across | Dominant | LOW |
| High or float | V _{RS} < 0.75 x V _{CC} | Low | 5 k Ω to 25 k Ω to $V_{CC}/2$ | 5 k Ω to 25 k Ω to $V_{CC}/2$ | Recessive | High |
| High or float | High or float $V_{RS} < 0.75 \times V_{CC}$ High $5k\Omega$ to $25k\Omega$ to $5k\Omega$ to $25k\Omega$ to $V_{CC}/2$ $V_{CC}/2$ 120 Ω terminating resistor across | | | | Recessive | High |
| | | | resistor across | | | |
| X | $V_{RS} > 0.75 \times V_{CC}$ | Low | Floating | Floating | Floating | High |
| V | V 0.75V | L II - I- | Floating | Floating | Floating | Lliede |
| Х | V _{RS} > 0.75 x V _{CC} | High | 120Ω terminating resistor across | | Floating | High |

Receiver

The receiver reads differential input from the bus lines (CANH, CANL) and transfers this data as a single-ended output (RXD) to the CAN controller. It consists of a comparator that senses the difference $\Delta V = (CANH-CANL)$ with respect to an internal threshold of 0.7V. If this difference is positive (i.e., $\Delta V > 0.7$), a logic low is present at RXD. If negative (i.e., $\Delta V < 0.7V$), a logic high is present. The receiver always echoes the CAN BUS data.

The CANH and CANL common-mode range is -7V to \pm 12V for the MAX3058, and 0V to V_{CC} for the MAX3059. RXD is logic high when CANH and CANL are either shorted, or terminated and undriven.

Mode Selection High-Speed Mode

Connect RS to ground to set the MAX3058/MAX3059 to high-speed mode. When operating in high-speed mode, the MAX3058/MAX3059 can achieve transmission rates of up to 1Mbps. In high-speed mode, use shielded twisted-pair cable to avoid EMI problems.

Slope-Control Mode

Connect a resistor from RS to ground to select slope-control mode (Table 3). In slope-control mode, CANH and CANL slew rates are controlled by the resistor connected to the RS pin. Maximum transmission speeds are controlled by RRS, and range from 40kbps to 500kbps. Controlling the rise and fall slopes reduces EMI and allows the use of an unshielded twisted pair or a parallel pair of wires as bus lines. The transfer function for selecting the resistor value is given by:

RRS (k Ω) \approx 12,500/(maximum speed in kbps)

See the Slew Rate vs. R_{RS} graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*.

Standby Mode

If a logic-high level is applied to RS, the MAX3058 enters a low-current standby mode. In this mode, the transmitter is switched off and the receiver is switched to a low-current/low-speed state. If dominant bits are detected, RXD switches to low level. The microcontroller should react to this condition by switching the transceiver back to normal operation.

When the MAX3058 enters standby mode, RXD goes high for 4µs (max) regardless of the BUS state. However, after 4µs, RXD goes low only when the BUS is dominant; otherwise, RXD remains high (when the BUS is recessive). For proper measurement of standby to receiver active time (tsbrade), the BUS should be in a dominant state (see Figure 2).

Shutdown Mode

Drive SHDN high to enter shutdown mode on the MAX3058. Connect SHDN to ground or leave it floating for normal operation. On the MAX3059, drive RS high to enter shutdown.

TERM

Drive TERM high (to V_{CC}) or leave it floating to terminate the MAX3059 with 120 Ω resistor connected across the CANH and CANL. Connect TERM to ground to disconnect this resistor.

Thermal Shutdown

If the junction temperature exceeds +160°C, the device is switched off. The hysteresis is approximately 25°C, disabling thermal shutdown once the temperature drops to +135°C. In thermal shutdown, CANH and CANL go recessive and all IC functions are disabled.

Table 3. Mode Selection Truth Table

| CONDITION FORCED AT PIN RS | MODE | RESULTING CURRENT AT RS (μA) |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| V _{RS} < 0.3 x V _{CC} | High speed | II _{RS} I < 500 |
| 0.4 x V _{CC} <v<sub>RS < 0.6 x V_{CC}</v<sub> | Slope control | 10μA < II _{RS} I < 200 |
| V _{RS} > 0.75 x V _{CC} | Standby (MAX3058) | II _{RS} I < 10 |
| V _{RS} > 0.75 x V _{CC} | Shutdown (MAX3059) | II _{RS} I < 10 |

_Applications Information

Reduced EMI and Reflections

In slope-control mode, the CANH and CANL outputs are slew-rate limited, minimizing EMI and reducing reflections caused by improperly terminated cables.

In multidrop CAN applications, it is important to maintain a direct point-to-point wiring scheme. A single pair of wires should connect each element of the CAN bus, and the two ends of the bus should be terminated with 120Ω resistors. A star configuration should never be used.

Any deviation from the point-to-point wiring scheme creates a stub. The high-speed edge of the CAN data on a stub can create reflections back down the bus. These reflections can cause data errors by eroding the noise margin of the system.

Although stubs are unavoidable in a multidrop system, care should be taken to keep these stubs as small as possible, especially in high-speed mode. In slope-control mode, the requirements are not as rigorous, but stub length should still be minimized.

Power Supply and Bypassing

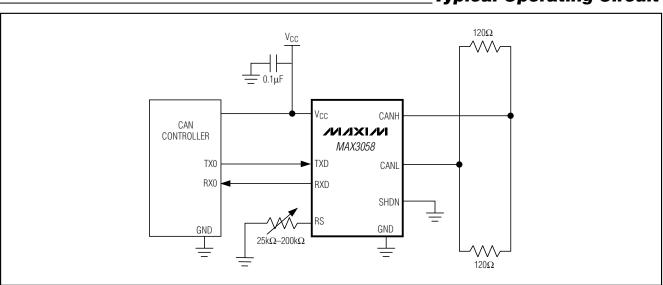
The MAX3058/MAX3059 require no special layout considerations beyond common practices. Bypass V_{CC} to GND with a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor mounted close to the IC with short lead lengths and wide trace widths.

Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 1024

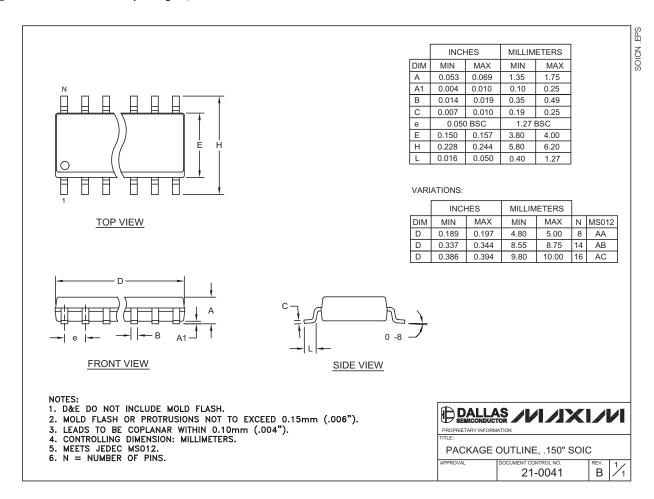
PROCESS: BICMOS

Typical Operating Circuit



Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)



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