

LOW VOLTAGE DETECTOR with SENSE pin

NO.EA-261-160229

Notice

R3117xxx3A/C and R3117Qxx4A/C Series may cause the malfunction (miss detection), in the case of its V_{DD} pin voltage changes very rapidly. Please check the details in the page 11.

OUTLINE

The R3117x series are CMOS-based voltage detector ICs with high detector threshold accuracy and ultra-low supply current, which can be operated at an extremely low voltage and is used for system reset as an example.

Each of these ICs consists of a voltage reference unit, a comparator, resistors for detector threshold setting, an output driver and a hysteresis circuit. The detector threshold is fixed with high accuracy internally and does not require any adjustment.

The tolerance of the detector threshold is $\pm 15\text{mV}$ ($-V_{DET} \leq 1.5\text{V}$) or $\pm 1.0\%$ ($1.5\text{V} < -V_{DET}$). Since the sense pin is separated from the V_{DD} pin of the IC, therefore, even if the sense pin voltage becomes to 0V, the output voltage keeps its "L" level.

Two output types, Nch open drain type and CMOS type are available.

Three types of packages, SOT-23-5, SC-88A, and DFN(PLP)1010-4 are available.

FEATURES*

- Supply Current.....Typ. $0.29\mu\text{A}$ ($V_{DD}=6.0\text{V}$)
Consumption current through SENSE pin is not included.
- Operating Voltage Range..... 1.0V to 6.0V ($-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_{opt} \leq 105^\circ\text{C}$)
- Detector Threshold Range..... 0.7V to 5.0V (0.1V steps)
(For other voltages, please refer to MARK INFORMATION.)
- Accuracy Detector Threshold..... $\pm 1.0\%$ ($-V_{DET} \geq 1.6\text{V}$), $\pm 15\text{mV}$ ($-V_{DET} < 1.6\text{V}$)
- Temperature-Drift Coefficient of Detector ThresholdTyp. $\pm 30\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$
- Output Types.....Nch Open Drain and CMOS
- PackagesDFN(PLP)1010-4, SC-88A, SOT-23-5

* $T_{opt}=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

APPLICATIONS

- CPU and Logic Circuit Reset
- Battery Checker
- Window Comparator
- Wave Shaping Circuit
- Battery Back-up Circuit
- Power Failure Detector

BLOCK DIAGRAMS



SELECTION GUIDE

The package type, the detector threshold, the output type and the taping type for the ICs can be selected at the users' request.

Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
R3117Kxx3*-TR	DFN(PLP)1010-4	10,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R3117Qxx4*-TR-FE	SC-88A	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R3117Nxx3*-TR-FE	SOT-23-5	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes

xx: The detector threshold can be designated in the range from 0.7V(07) to 5.0V(50) in 0.1V steps.
(For other voltages, please refer to MARK INFORMATION.)

* : Designation of Output Type
(A) Nch Open Drain
(C) CMOS

PIN CONFIGURATIONS



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

• DFN(PLP)1010-4*¹

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	D _{OUT}	Output Pin ("L" at detection)
2	SENSE	Voltage Detector Voltage Sense Pin
3	GND	Ground Pin
4	V _{DD}	Input Pin

*1) Tab is GND level. (They are connected to the reverse side of this IC.)

The tab is better to be connected to the GND, but leaving it open is also acceptable.

• SC-88A

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V _{DD}	Input Pin
2	NC	No Connection* ²
3	GND	Ground Pin
4	SENSE	Voltage Detector Voltage Sense Pin
5	D _{OUT}	Output Pin ("L" at detection)

*2) In terms of NC pin of SC-88A, connect it to the GND or use it as open.

• SOT-23-5

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	D _{OUT}	Output Pin ("L" at detection)
2	V _{DD}	Input Pin
3	GND	Ground Pin
4	NC	No Connection
5	SENSE	Voltage Detector Voltage Sense Pin

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage	7.0	V
V_{SENSE}	SENSE Pin Voltage	7.0	V
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage (Nch Open Drain Output)	$V_{SS}-0.3$ to 7.0	V
	Output Voltage (CMOS Output)	$V_{SS}-0.3$ to $V_{DD}+0.3$	
I_{OUT}	Output Current	20	mA
P_D	Power Dissipation (DFN(PLP)1010-4)*	400	mW
	Power Dissipation (SC-88A)*	380	
	Power Dissipation (SOT-23-5)*	420	
T_{opt}	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 105	°C
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 125	°C

*) For Power Dissipation, please refer to PACKAGE INFORMATION.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause the permanent damages and may degrade the life time and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings is not assured.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- R3117xxxxA/C values indicate $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opt} \leq 105^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. $T_{opt}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$-V_{DET}$	Detector Threshold ($T_{opt}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$)	$0.7\text{V} \leq -V_{DET} < 1.6\text{V}$	$1.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.25\text{V}$	$-V_{DET}-15$	$-V_{DET}+15$	mV
			$5.25\text{V} < V_{DD} \leq 6.0\text{V}$	$-V_{DET}-11$	$-V_{DET}+24$	
		$1.6\text{V} \leq -V_{DET} \leq 5.0\text{V}$	$1.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.25\text{V}$	$-V_{DET} \times 0.99$	$-V_{DET} \times 1.01$	V
			$5.25\text{V} < V_{DD} \leq 6.0\text{V}$	$-V_{DET} \times 0.9925$	$-V_{DET} \times 1.016$	
$-V_{DET}$	Detector Threshold ($-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opt} \leq 105^{\circ}\text{C}$)	$0.7\text{V} \leq -V_{DET} < 1.6\text{V}$	$1.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.25\text{V}$	$-V_{DET}-30$	$-V_{DET}+30$	mV
			$5.25\text{V} < V_{DD} \leq 6.0\text{V}$	$-V_{DET}-26$	$-V_{DET}+39$	
		$1.6\text{V} \leq -V_{DET} \leq 5.0\text{V}$	$1.0\text{V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.25\text{V}$	$-V_{DET} \times 0.98$	$-V_{DET} \times 1.02$	V
			$5.25\text{V} < V_{DD} \leq 6.0\text{V}$	$-V_{DET} \times 0.9825$	$-V_{DET} \times 1.026$	
V_{HYS}	Detector Threshold Hysteresis	$V_{DD}=1.0\text{V}$ to 6.0V	$-V_{DET} \times 0.04$		$-V_{DET} \times 0.07$	V
I_{SS}	Supply Current*1	$V_{SENSE}=-V_{DET}-0.1\text{V}$		0.31	1.47	μA
		$V_{SENSE}=-V_{DET} \times 1.1$		0.29	1.25	

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
R _{SENSE}	Sense Resistor	$-V_{DET} < 1.5V$	6		25	MΩ
		$1.5V \leq -V_{DET} < 4.7V$	5	40		
		$4.7V \leq -V_{DET}$	10	40		
V _{DD}	Operating Voltage	T _{opt} =25°C	1.0		6.0	V
		$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_{opt} \leq 105^{\circ}C$	1.0		6.0	
V _{DDL}	Minimum Operating Voltage*2	T _{opt} =25°C			0.50	V
		$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_{opt} \leq 105^{\circ}C$			0.55	
I _{OUT}	Output Current (Driver Output Pin)	Nch	V _{DD} =0.6V, V _{DS} =0.05V		7	μA
			$-V_{DET} < 1.1V$	V _{DD} =0.6V V _{DS} =0.5V	0.020	mA
			$1.1V \leq -V_{DET} < 1.6V$	V _{DD} =1.0V V _{DS} =0.5V	0.400	
			$1.6V \leq -V_{DET} < 3.1V$	V _{DD} =1.5V V _{DS} =0.5V	1.000	
			$3.1V \leq -V_{DET}$	V _{DD} =3.0V V _{DS} =0.5V	2.400	
		Pch*3	$-V_{DET} < 4.0V$	V _{DD} =4.5V V _{DS} =2.1V	0.650	mA
			$4.0V \leq -V_{DET}$	V _{DD} =6.0V V _{DS} =2.1V	0.900	
I _{LEAK}	Nch Driver Leakage Current*4	V _{DD} =6.0V, V _{DS} =7.0V			140	nA
$\Delta V_{DET} / \Delta T_{opt}$	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_{opt} \leq 105^{\circ}C$		±30		ppm / °C
t _{PHL}	Detector Output Delay Time*5	V _{DD} =5V	$-V_{DET} < 1.5V$		80	μs
			$1.5V \leq -V_{DET}$		40	
t _{PLH}	Release Output Delay Time*5	V _{DD} =5V	$-V_{DET} < 4.5V$		50	μs
			$4.5V \leq -V_{DET}$		100	

All of unit are tested and specified under load conditions such that T_{opt}=25°C except for Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient, Detector Output Delay Time and Release Output Delay Time.

*1: Consumption current through SENSE pin is not included.

*2: In case that the V_{DD} pin and SENSE pin are connected and the value shows the minimum supply voltage (V_{DD}) when the output voltage at detector threshold can be maintained as 0.1V or less. (In case of Nch open drain type, pull-up resistor is 470kΩ and pull-up voltage is set at 5V for testing.) If V_{DD} is high enough, down to 0V is acceptable for SENSE pin.

*3: In case of CMOS type

*4: In case of Nch Open Drain type

*5: In the case of CMOS output type: Time interval from forcing pulsive 6.0V to -V_{DET}-2.0V or 0V, or from forcing 0V to -V_{DET}+2.0V or 6.0V to SENSE pin, to when the output voltage will reach V_{DD}/2.

In the case of Nch Open drain output type: Output pin is pulled up to 5V with 470kΩ and time interval from forcing 6.0V to -V_{DET}-2.0V or 0V, or forcing pulsive 0V to -V_{DET}+2.0V or 6.0V to when the output voltage reaches up to 2.5V.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS)

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS BY DETECTOR THRESHOLD

• R3117x07xA/C to R3117x50xA/C

Bold values are checked and guaranteed by design engineering at $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{opt}} \leq 105^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

$T_{\text{opt}}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Part Number	Detector Threshold $1.0\text{V} \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.25\text{V}$		Detector Threshold $1.0\text{V} \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.25\text{V}$		Detector Threshold $5.25\text{V} < V_{\text{DD}} \leq 6.0\text{V}$		Detector Threshold $5.25\text{V} < V_{\text{DD}} \leq 6.0\text{V}$		Detector Threshold Hysteresis	
	-V _{DET} [V]		-V _{DET} [V]		-V _{DET} [V]		-V _{DET} [V]		V _{HYS} [V]	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
R3117x07xA/C	0.6850	0.7150	0.6700	0.7300	0.6890	0.7240	0.6740	0.7390	0.028	0.049
R3117x08xA/C	0.7850	0.8150	0.7700	0.8300	0.7890	0.8240	0.7740	0.8390	0.032	0.056
R3117x09xA/C	0.8850	0.9150	0.8700	0.9300	0.8890	0.9240	0.8740	0.9390	0.036	0.063
R3117x10xA/C	0.9850	1.0150	0.9700	1.0300	0.9890	1.0240	0.9740	1.0390	0.040	0.070
R3117x11xA/C	1.0850	1.1150	1.0700	1.1300	1.0890	1.1240	1.0740	1.1390	0.044	0.077
R3117x12xA/C	1.1850	1.2150	1.1700	1.2300	1.1890	1.2240	1.1740	1.2390	0.048	0.084
R3117x13xA/C	1.2850	1.3150	1.2700	1.3300	1.2890	1.3240	1.2740	1.3390	0.052	0.091
R3117x14xA/C	1.3850	1.4150	1.3700	1.4300	1.3890	1.4240	1.3740	1.4390	0.056	0.098
R3117x15xA/C	1.4850	1.5150	1.4700	1.5300	1.4890	1.5240	1.4740	1.5390	0.060	0.105
R3117x16xA/C	1.5840	1.6160	1.5680	1.6320	1.5880	1.6256	1.5720	1.6416	0.064	0.112
R3117x17xA/C	1.6830	1.7170	1.6660	1.7340	1.6872	1.7272	1.6702	1.7442	0.068	0.119
R3117x18xA/C	1.7820	1.8180	1.7640	1.8360	1.7865	1.8288	1.7685	1.8468	0.072	0.126
R3117x19xA/C	1.8810	1.9190	1.8620	1.9380	1.8857	1.9304	1.8667	1.9494	0.076	0.133
R3117x20xA/C	1.9800	2.0200	1.9600	2.0400	1.9850	2.0320	1.9650	2.0520	0.080	0.140
R3117x21xA/C	2.0790	2.1210	2.0580	2.1420	2.0842	2.1336	2.0632	2.1546	0.084	0.147
R3117x22xA/C	2.1780	2.2220	2.1560	2.2440	2.1835	2.2352	2.1615	2.2572	0.088	0.154
R3117x23xA/C	2.2770	2.3230	2.2540	2.3460	2.2827	2.3368	2.2597	2.3598	0.092	0.161
R3117x24xA/C	2.3760	2.4240	2.3520	2.4480	2.3820	2.4384	2.3580	2.4624	0.096	0.168
R3117x25xA/C	2.4750	2.5250	2.4500	2.5500	2.4812	2.5400	2.4562	2.5650	0.100	0.175
R3117x26xA/C	2.5740	2.6260	2.5480	2.6520	2.5805	2.6416	2.5545	2.6676	0.104	0.182
R3117x27xA/C	2.6730	2.7270	2.6460	2.7540	2.6797	2.7432	2.6527	2.7702	0.108	0.189
R3117x28xA/C	2.7720	2.8280	2.7440	2.8560	2.7790	2.8448	2.7510	2.8728	0.112	0.196
R3117x29xA/C	2.8710	2.9290	2.8420	2.9580	2.8782	2.9464	2.8492	2.9754	0.116	0.203
R3117x30xA/C	2.9700	3.0300	2.9400	3.0600	2.9775	3.0480	2.9475	3.0780	0.120	0.210
R3117x31xA/C	3.0690	3.1310	3.0380	3.1620	3.0767	3.1496	3.0457	3.1806	0.124	0.217
R3117x32xA/C	3.1680	3.2320	3.1360	3.2640	3.1760	3.2512	3.1440	3.2832	0.128	0.224
R3117x33xA/C	3.2670	3.3330	3.2340	3.3660	3.2752	3.3528	3.2422	3.3858	0.132	0.231
R3117x34xA/C	3.3660	3.4340	3.3320	3.4680	3.3745	3.4544	3.3405	3.4884	0.136	0.238
R3117x35xA/C	3.4650	3.5350	3.4300	3.5700	3.4737	3.5560	3.4387	3.5910	0.140	0.245
R3117x36xA/C	3.5640	3.6360	3.5280	3.6720	3.5730	3.6576	3.5370	3.6936	0.144	0.252
R3117x37xA/C	3.6630	3.7370	3.6260	3.7740	3.6722	3.7592	3.6352	3.7962	0.148	0.259
R3117x38xA/C	3.7620	3.8380	3.7240	3.8760	3.7715	3.8608	3.7335	3.8988	0.152	0.266
R3117x39xA/C	3.8610	3.9390	3.8220	3.9780	3.8707	3.9624	3.8317	4.0014	0.156	0.273
R3117x40xA/C	3.9600	4.0400	3.9200	4.0800	3.9700	4.0640	3.9300	4.1040	0.160	0.280
R3117x41xA/C	4.0590	4.1410	4.0180	4.1820	4.0692	4.1656	4.0282	4.2066	0.164	0.287
R3117x42xA/C	4.1580	4.2420	4.1160	4.2840	4.1685	4.2672	4.1265	4.3092	0.168	0.294
R3117x43xA/C	4.2570	4.3430	4.2140	4.3860	4.2677	4.3688	4.2247	4.4118	0.172	0.301
R3117x44xA/C	4.3560	4.4440	4.3120	4.4880	4.3670	4.4704	4.3230	4.5144	0.176	0.308
R3117x45xA/C	4.4550	4.5450	4.4100	4.5900	4.4662	4.5720	4.4212	4.6170	0.180	0.315
R3117x46xA/C	4.5540	4.6460	4.5080	4.6920	4.5655	4.6736	4.5195	4.7196	0.184	0.322
R3117x47xA/C	4.6530	4.7470	4.6060	4.7940	4.6647	4.7752	4.6177	4.8222	0.188	0.329
R3117x48xA/C	4.7520	4.8480	4.7040	4.8960	4.7640	4.8768	4.7160	4.9248	0.192	0.336
R3117x49xA/C	4.8510	4.9490	4.8020	4.9980	4.8632	4.9784	4.8142	5.0274	0.196	0.343
R3117x50xA/C	4.9500	5.0500	4.9000	5.1000	4.9625	5.0800	4.9125	5.1300	0.200	0.350

Sense Resistor		Nch Driver Output Current 1		Nch Driver Output Current2		Pch Driver Output Current		Detector Output Delay Time		Release Output Delay Time	
RSENSE [MΩ]		IOUT1 [μA]		IOUT2 [mA]		IOUT3 [mA]		tPHL [μs]		tPLH [μs]	
Min.	Typ.	Cond.	Min.	Cond.	Min.	Cond.	Min.	Cond.	Typ.	Cond.	Typ.
6	25	V _{DD} = 0.6V V _{DS} = 0.05V	7	V _{DD} = 0.6V V _{DS} = 0.5V	0.020	V _{DD} = 4.5V V _{DS} = 2.1V	0.650	V _{DD} = 5.0V V _{SENSE} = 6.0V ↓ 0V *Note)	80	V _{DD} = 5.0V V _{SENSE} = 0V ↓ -V _{DET} +2.0V *Note)	50
				V _{DD} = 1.0V V _{DS} = 0.5V	0.400						
				V _{DD} = 1.5V V _{DS} = 0.5V	1.000						
5	40			V _{DD} = 3.0V V _{DS} = 0.5V	2.400			V _{DD} = 5.0V V _{SENSE} = 6.0V ↓ -V _{DET} -2.0V *Note)	40		
10				V _{DD} = 6.0V V _{DS} = 2.1V	0.900					V _{DD} = 5.0V V _{SENSE} = 0V ↓ 6.0V *Note)	100

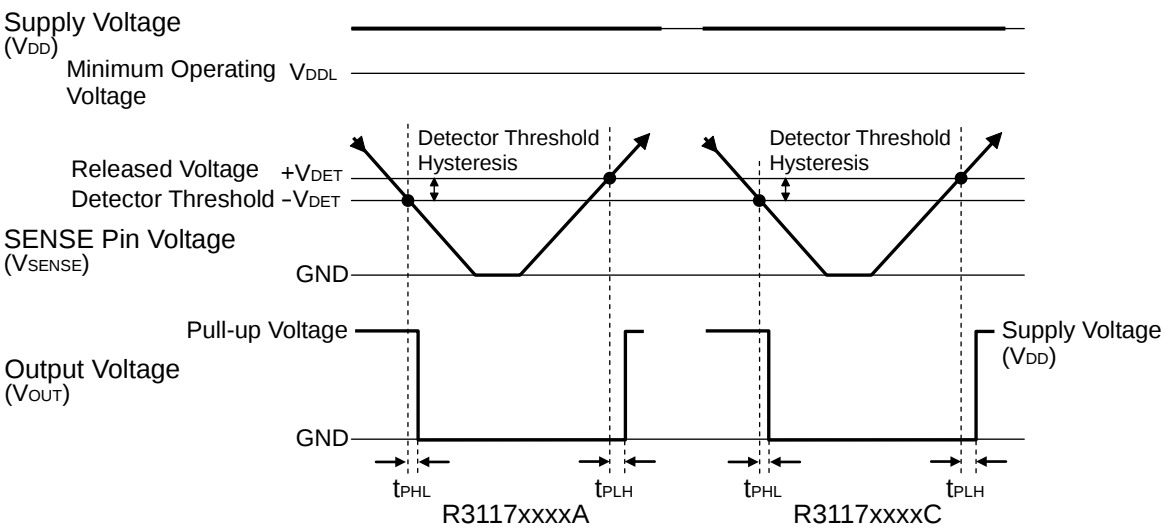
Note) 1. In the case of CMOS output type:

Time interval from forcing pulsive 6.0V to -V_{DET}-2.0V or 0V, or from forcing 0V to -V_{DET}+2.0V or 6.0V to SENSE pin, to when the output voltage will reach V_{DD}/2.

2. In the case of Nch Open drain output type:

Output pin is pulled up to 5V with 470kΩ and time interval from forcing 6.0V to -V_{DET}-2.0V or 0V, or forcing pulsive 0V to -V_{DET}+2.0V or 6.0V to when the output voltage reaches up to 2.5V.

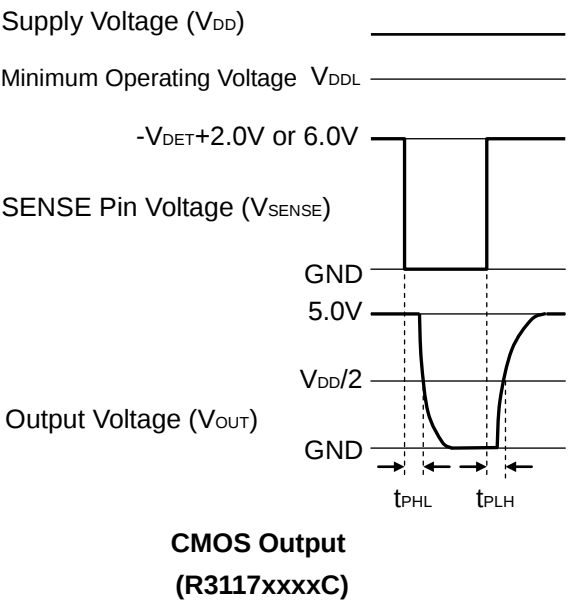
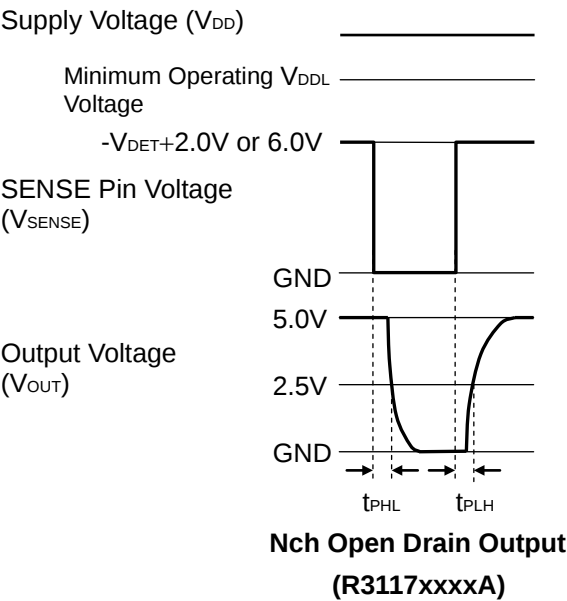
TIMING CHART



DEFINITION OF OUTPUT DELAY TIME

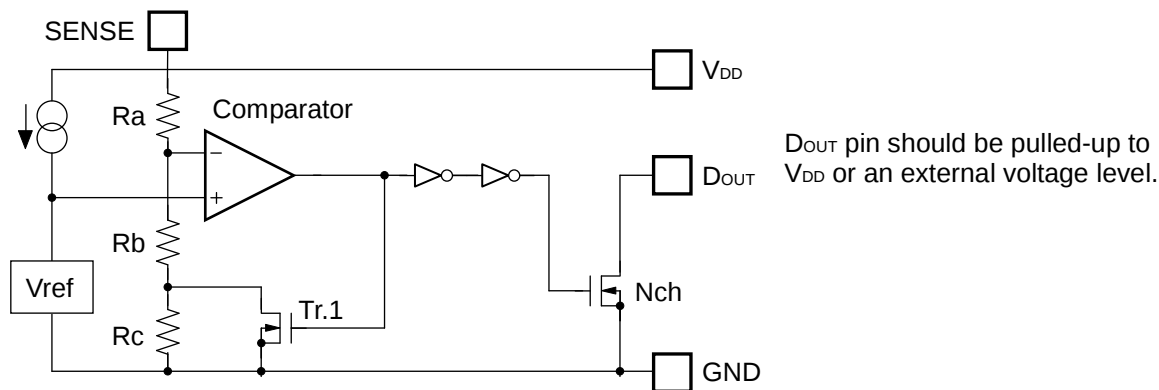
Output Delay Time (t_{PLH}) is defined as follows:

- In the case of Nch Open Drain Output:
Under the condition of the output pin (D_{OUT}) is pulled up through a resistor of 470k Ω to 5V, the time interval between the rising edge of SENSE Pin pulse from 0V to $(-V_{DET})+2.0V$ or the time interval of 6.0V pulse voltage is supplied, the becoming of the output voltage to 2.5V.
- In the case of CMOS Output:
The time interval between the rising edge of SENSE Pin pulse from 0V to $(-V_{DET})+2.0V$ or the time interval of 6.0V pulse voltage is supplied, the becoming of the output voltage to $V_{DD}/2$.

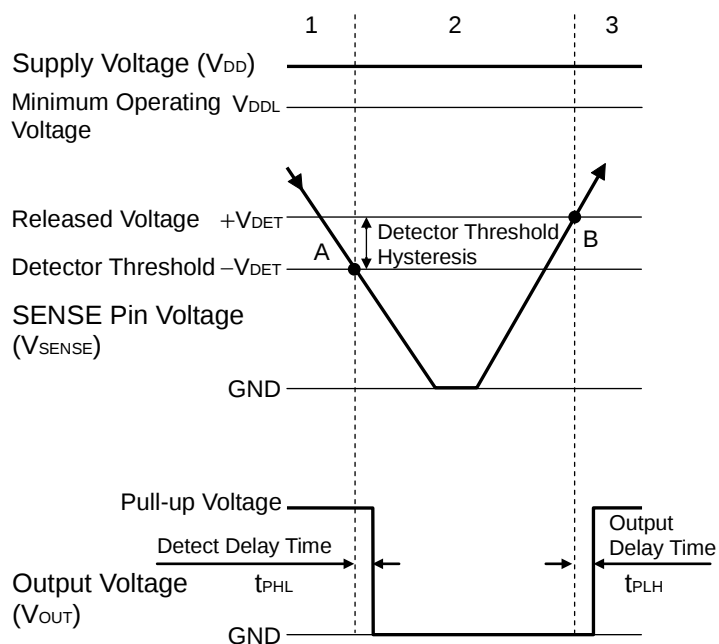


OPERATION

• Operation of R3117xxxxA



Block Diagram (R3117xxxxA)



Operation Diagram

Step	1	2	3
Comparator (-) Pin Input Voltage	I	II	I
Comparator Output	L	H	L
Tr.1	OFF	ON	OFF
Output Tr. Nch	OFF	ON	OFF

$$I \quad \frac{Rb+Rc}{Ra+Rb+Rc} \times V_{SENSE}$$

$$II \quad \frac{Rb}{Ra+Rb} \times V_{SENSE}$$

• Explanation of operation

Step 1. The output voltage is equal to the pull-up voltage.

Step 2. At Point "A", $V_{ref} \geq V_{SENSE} \times (Rb+Rc)/(Ra+Rb+Rc)$ is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "L" to "H", therefore the output voltage becomes the GND level. The voltage level of Point A means a detector threshold voltage ($-V_{DET}$). (When the supply voltage is lower than the minimum operating voltage, the operation of the output transistor becomes indefinite. The output voltage is equal to the GND level.)

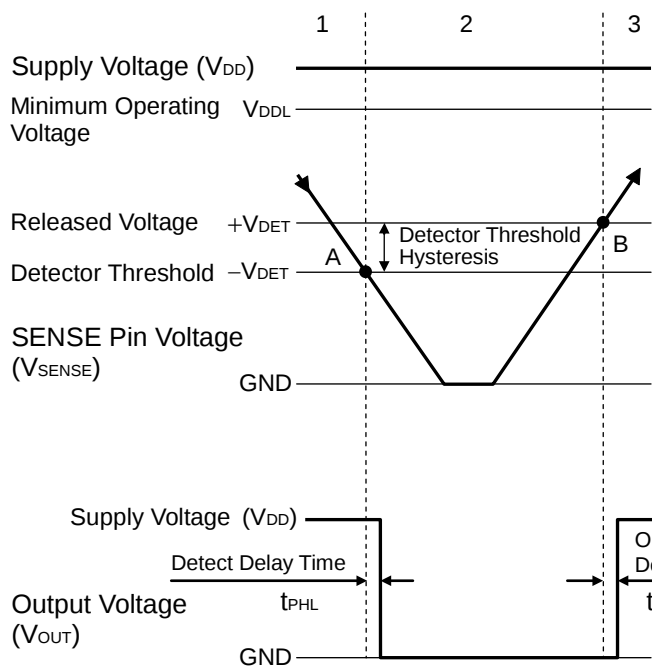
Step 3. At Point "B", $V_{ref} \leq V_{SENSE} \times Rb/(Ra+Rb)$ is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "H" to "L", then the output voltage is equal to the pull-up voltage. The voltage level of Point B means a released voltage ($+V_{DET}$).

*) The difference between a released voltage and a detector threshold voltage is a detector threshold hysteresis.

• Operation of R3117xxxxC



Block Diagram (R3117xxxxC)



Step	1	2	3
Comparator (-) Pin Input Voltage	I	II	I
Comparator Output	L	H	L
Tr.1	OFF	ON	OFF
Output Tr.	Pch	ON	OFF
	Nch	OFF	ON

I $\frac{R_b+R_c}{R_a+R_b+R_c} \times V_{SENSE}$

II $\frac{R_b}{R_a+R_b} \times V_{SENSE}$

Operation Diagram

• Explanation of operation

- Step 1. The output voltage is equal to the supply voltage (V_{DD}).
- Step 2. At Point "A", $V_{ref} \geq V_{SENSE} \times (R_b+R_c)/(R_a+R_b+R_c)$ is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "L" to "H", therefore the output voltage becomes the GND level. The voltage level of Point A means a detector threshold voltage ($-V_{DET}$). (When the supply voltage is lower than the minimum operating voltage, the operation of the output transistor becomes indefinite. The output voltage is equal to the GND level.
- Step 3. At Point "B", $V_{ref} \leq V_{SENSE} \times R_b/(R_a+R_b)$ is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "H" to "L", then the output voltage is equal to the supply voltage (V_{DD}). The voltage level of Point B means a released voltage ($+V_{DET}$).
- *) The difference between a released voltage and a detector threshold voltage is a detector threshold hysteresis.

Power supply injection order

The R3117xxxxA/C Series supervise the voltage of the SENSE pin. V_{DD} pin and SENSE pin can be used at the same voltage level. Likewise, V_{DD} pin and SENSE pin can be used at the different voltage level. If the V_{DD} pin and SENSE pin are used at different voltage level, regarding the start-up sequence, force the voltage level to V_{DD} pin prior to the SENSE pin. Please note that if the V_{DD} voltage enters the shaded area in the Fig.2 after the power activation, it may cause the malfunction.

The vertical axis in the Fig.2 shows the fluctuating magnification of V_{DD} .

For example, when V_{DD} is 1.5V with the released state and if V_{DD} increase to 5.25V (3.5 times) within 100ns, it may cause the malfunction.

If the SENSE pin voltage is equal or more than the released voltage ($+V_{DET}$), D_{OUT} pin becomes "H". Besides, a voltage beyond V_{DD} pin is also acceptable to SENSE pin. Concerning the R3117xxxxA series (Nch open drain output type), D_{OUT} pin must be pulled-up with an external resistor.

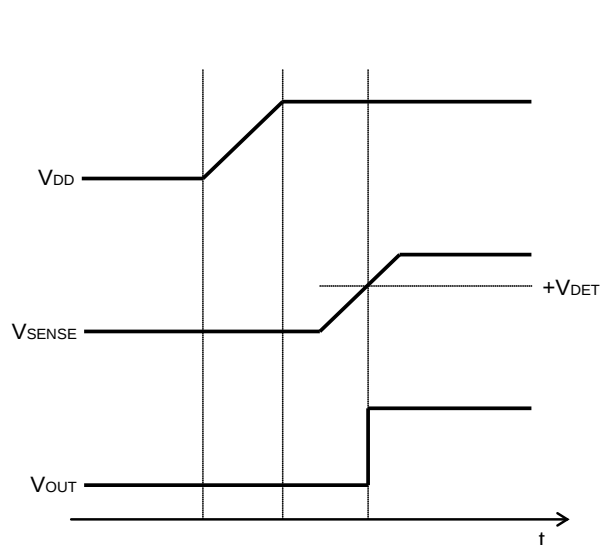


Fig.1 Turn on sequence

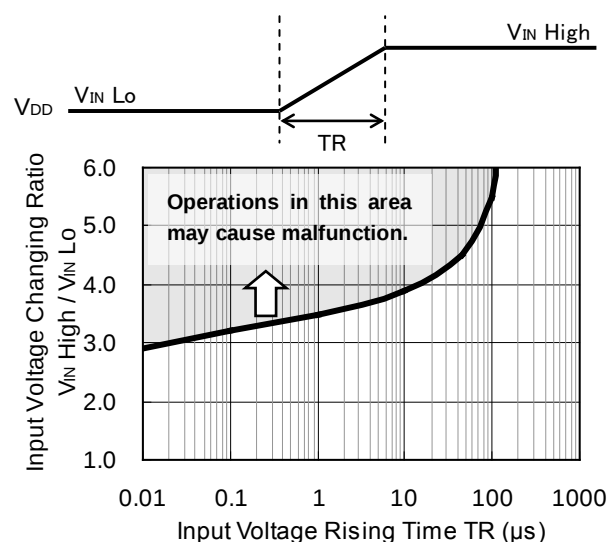


Fig.2

Outside setting of the detection voltage

To monitor the voltage more than 5.0V or if the different detector threshold with using lower threshold device, divider resistors can be applied to the SENSE pin. In this usage, some error range will be generated to the detector threshold voltage caused by the internal resistor R_{SENSE} (Fig.3) of the IC. Supposed that the detector threshold voltage is described as V_S , the next equation will be true.

$$V_S = -V_{DET} \times (R_a + R_b) / R_b.$$

However, actually an error includes by SENSE resistance (R_{SENSE}) of the IC inside. (Figure 4)

$$I_a = I_b + I_{SENSE} \quad \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

$$I_b = -V_{DET} / R_b \quad \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

Thus,

$$I_a = -V_{DET} / R_b + I_{SENSE} \quad \dots\dots\dots (3)$$

Therefore,

$$V_S = -V_{DET} + I_a \times R_a \quad \dots\dots\dots (4)$$

Put Equation (3) into Equation (4), then

$$V_S = -V_{DET} \times (R_a + R_b) / R_b + R_a \times I_{SENSE}$$

$R_a \times I_{SENSE}$ is an error in V_S .

$$\begin{aligned} R_a \times I_{SENSE} &= R_a \times (-V_{DET}) / R_{SENSE} \\ &= -V_{DET} \times R_a / R_{SENSE} \end{aligned}$$

The error range is $-V_{DET} \times R_a / R_{SENSE}$ (Fig.3) and to make it small, choosing the low detector threshold voltage type and set the resistance values R_a , R_b as $R_{SENSE} \gg R_a$. Refer to the electrical characteristics table to see the R_{SENSE} value.

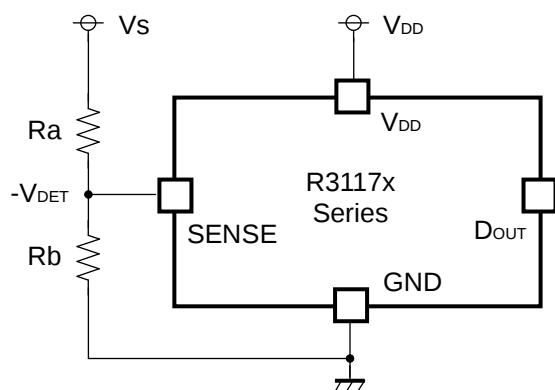


Fig.3

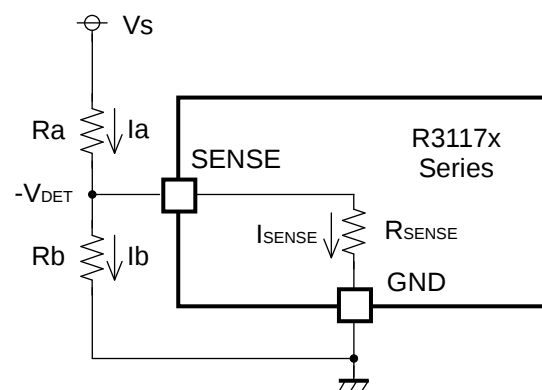


Fig.4

Accuracy Detector Threshold

If the V_{DD} bias voltage is larger than 5.25V, and to keep the detector threshold accuracy level, or if the maximum operating voltage line must be used as the V_{DD} bias voltage, the input voltage must be set low by using the divider resistors which are shown in Fig.5.

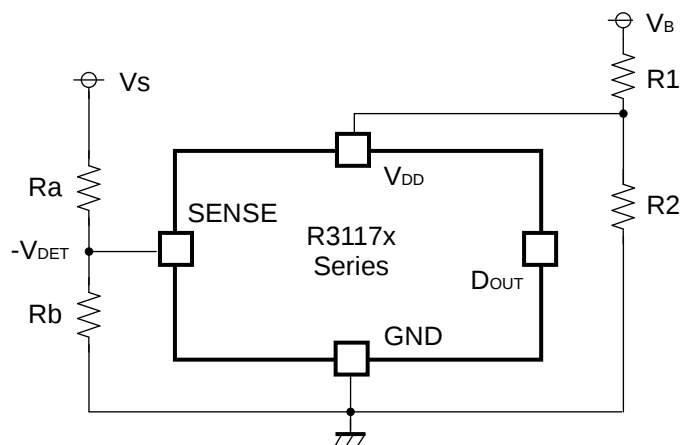
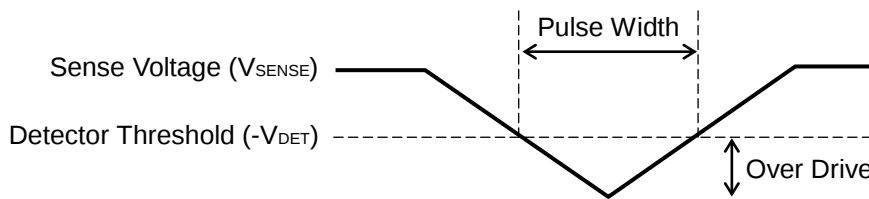
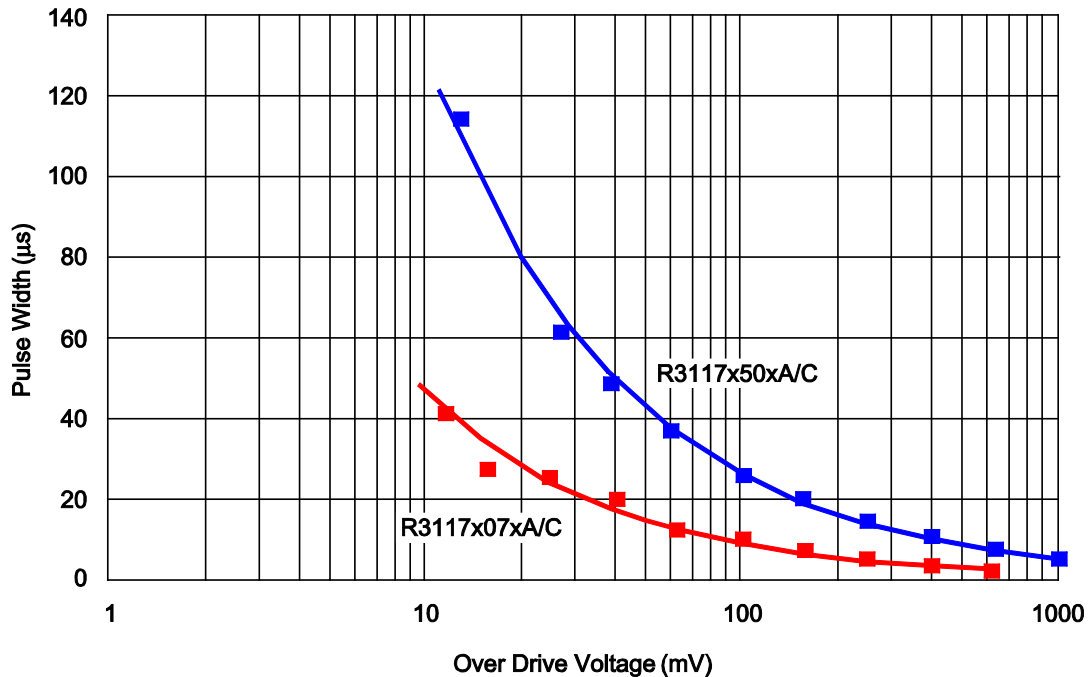


Fig.5

Detector Operation vs. glitch input voltage to the SENSE pin

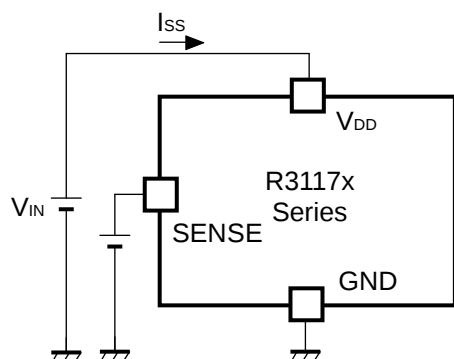
When the R3117x is at released, if the pulse voltage which the detector threshold or lower voltage, the graph below means that the relation between pulse width and the amplitude of the swing to keep the released state for the R3117x.



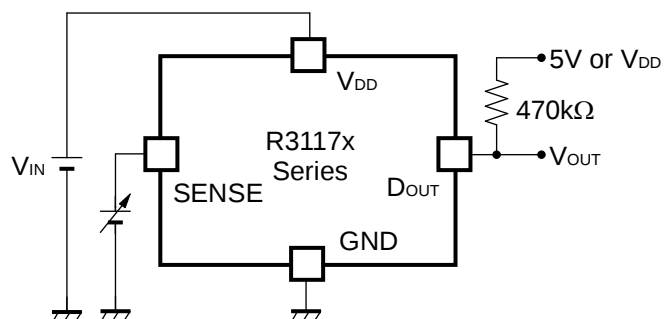
V_{SENSE} Input Waveform

This graph shows the maximum pulse conditions to keep the released voltage. If the pulse with larger amplitude or wider width than the graph above, is input to SENSE pin, the reset signal may be output.

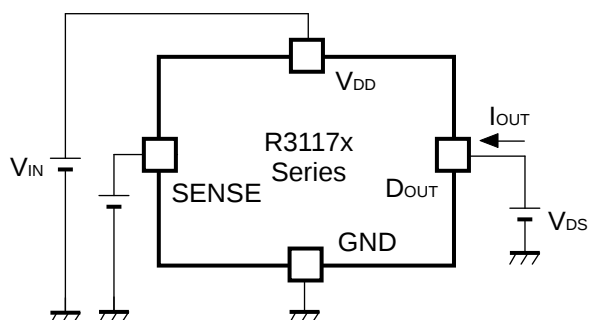
TEST CIRCUITS



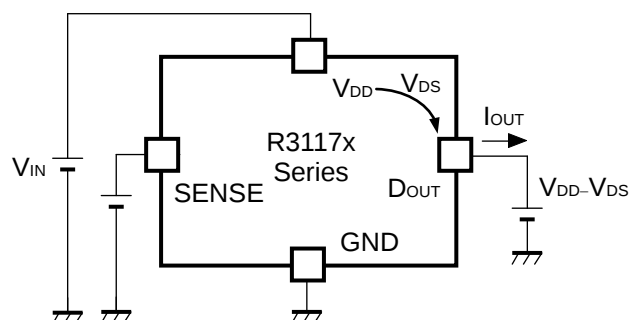
Supply Current Test Circuit



Detector Threshold Test Circuit
(Pull-up circuit is not necessary for CMOS Output type.)



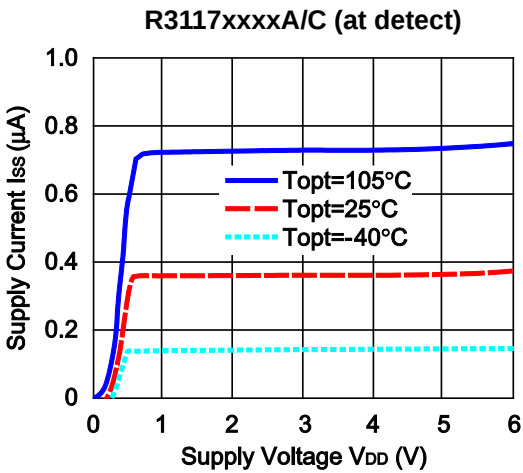
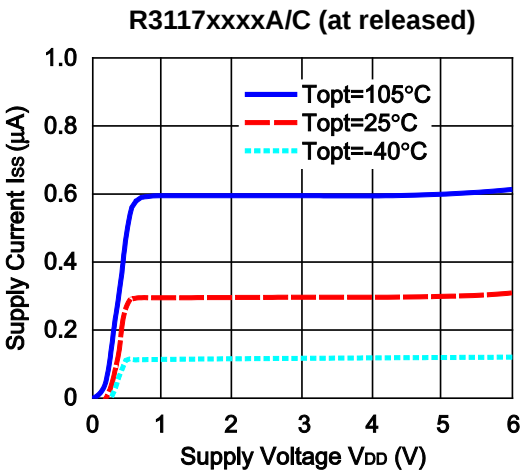
Nch Driver Output Current Test Circuit



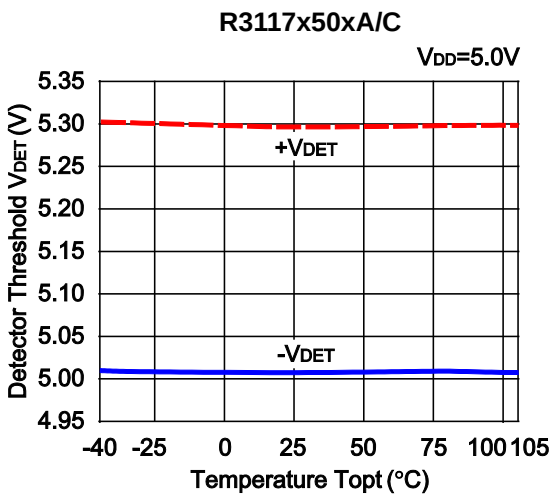
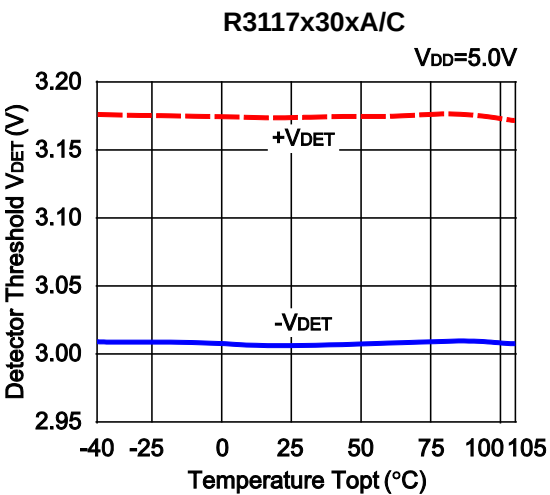
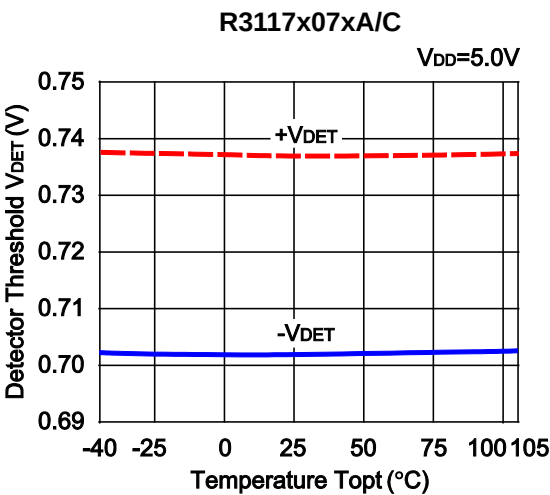
Pch Driver Output Current Test Circuit
*Apply to CMOS Output type only

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

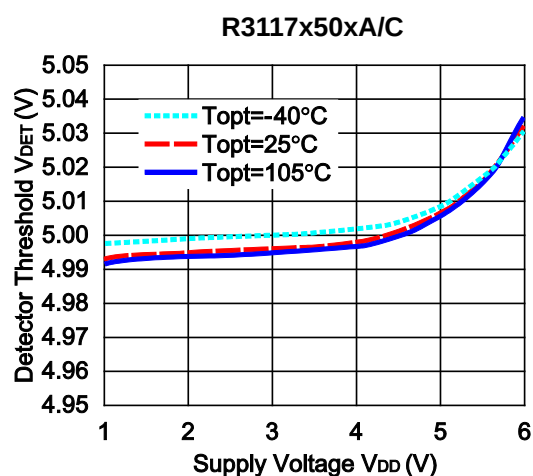
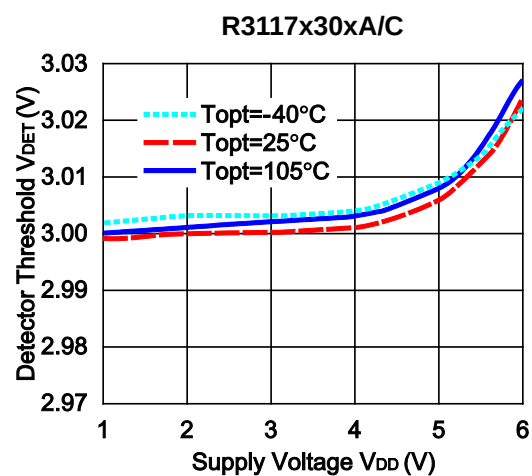
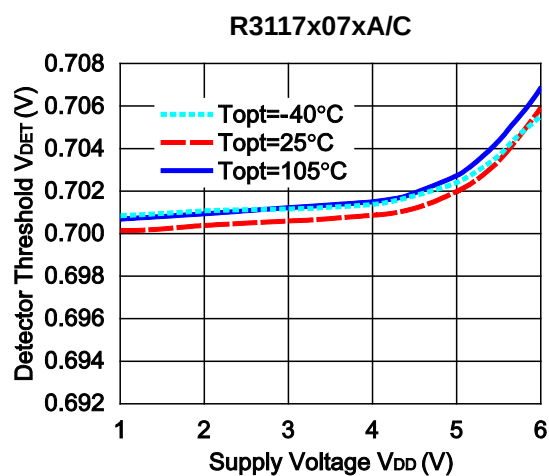
1) Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage



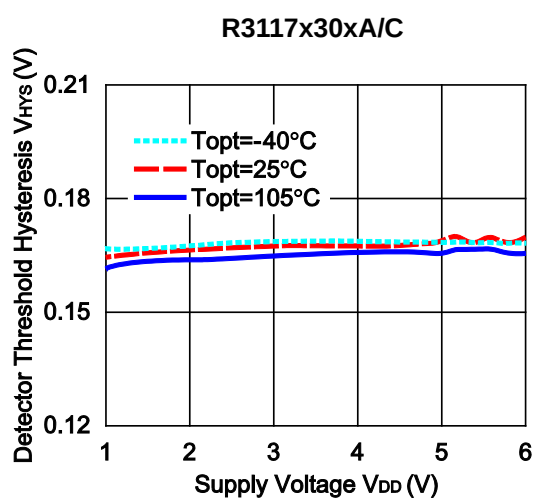
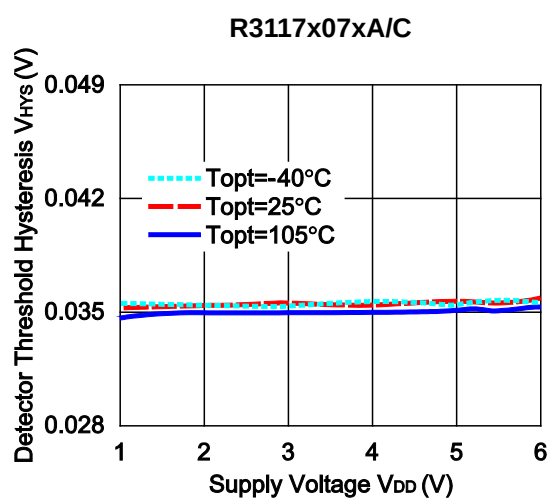
2) Detector Threshold vs. Temperature

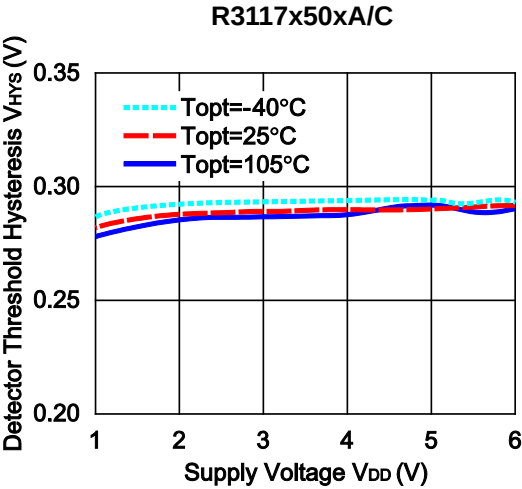


3) Detector Threshold vs. Supply Voltage

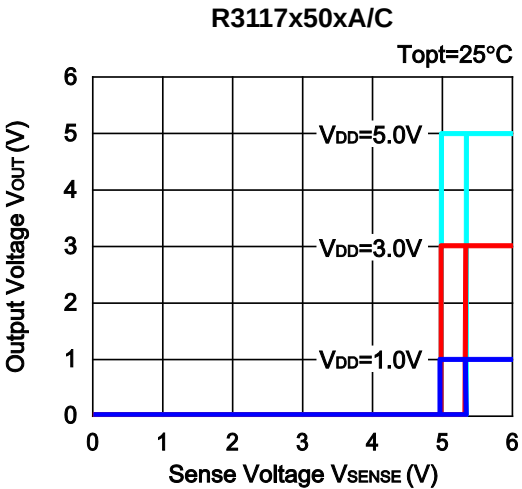
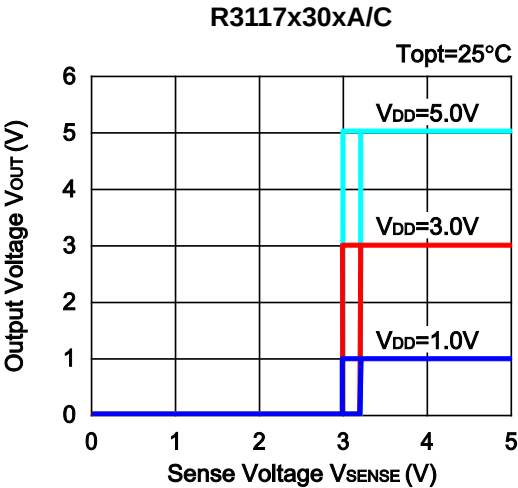
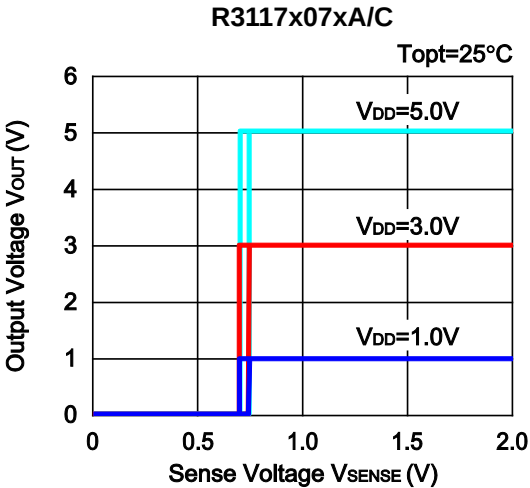


4) Hysteresis vs. Supply Voltage

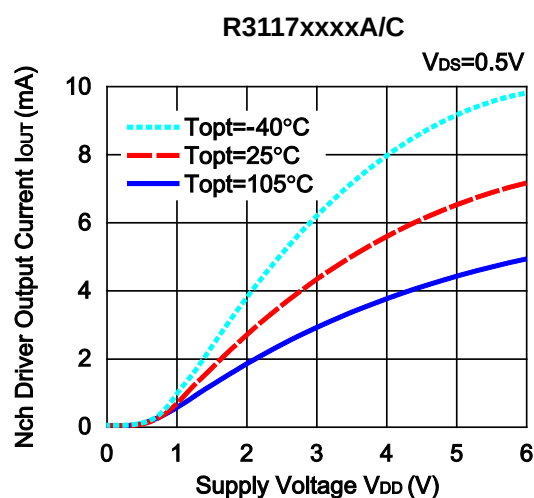
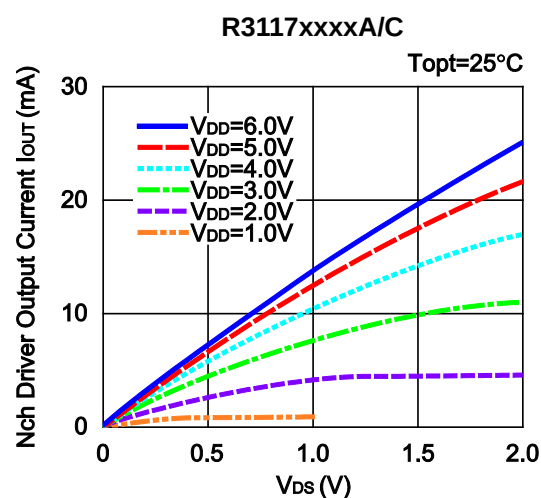




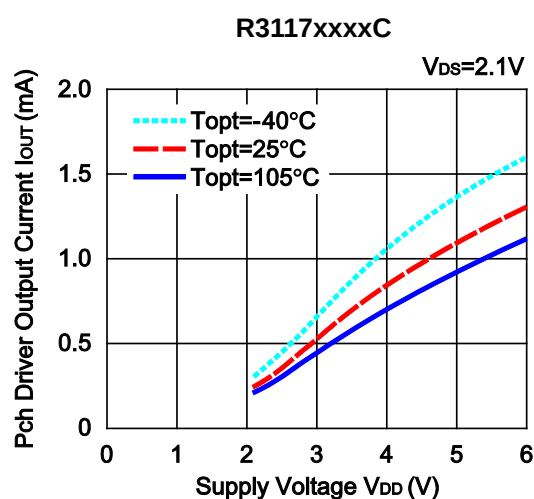
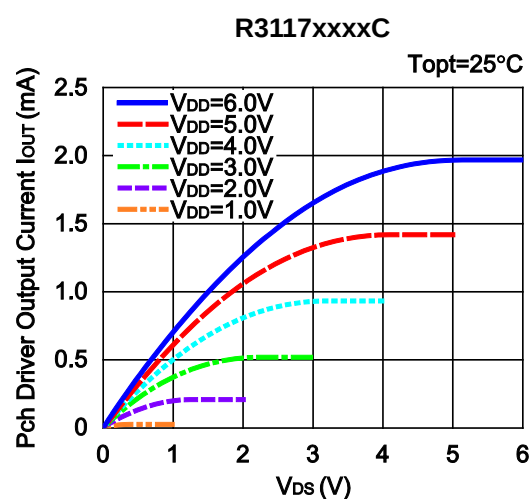
5) Output Voltage vs. SENSE pin Input Voltage (Nch Open Drain Output type is pulled up to V_{DD} .)



6) Nch Driver Output Current vs. Supply Voltage

7) Nch Driver Output Current vs. V_{DS} 

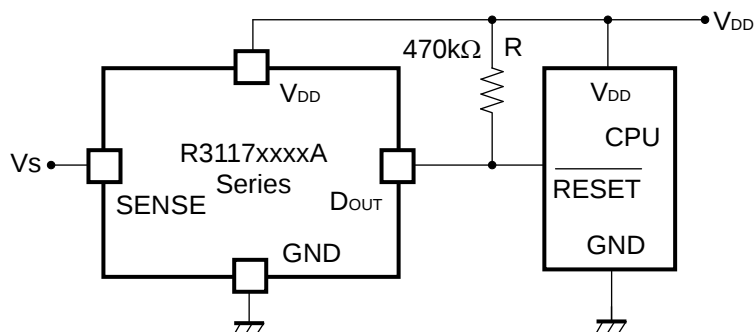
8) Pch Driver Output Current vs. Supply Voltage

9) Pch Driver Output Current vs. V_{DS} 

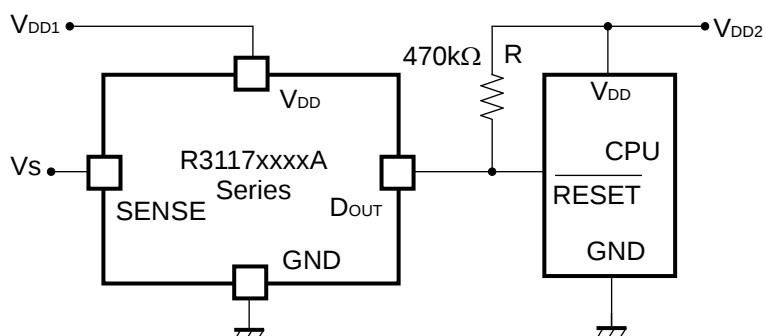
TYPICAL APPLICATION

- R3117xxxxA CPU Reset Circuit (Nch Open Drain Output)**

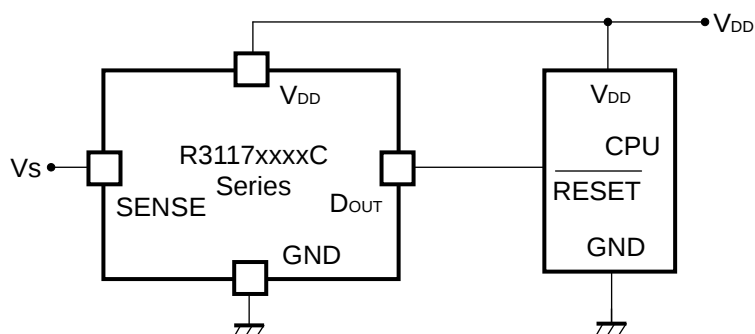
(1) Input Voltage to R3117xxxxA is equal to Input Voltage to CPU



(2) Input Voltage to R3117xxxxA is unequal to Input Voltage to CPU



- R3117xxxxC CPU Reset Circuit (CMOS Output)**



TECHNICAL NOTES

When connecting resistors to the device's input pin

When connecting a resistor (R1) to an input of this device, the input voltage decreases by [Device's Consumption Current] x [Resistance Value] only. And, the cross conduction current^{*1}, which occurs when changing from the detecting state to the release state, is decreased the input voltage by [Cross Conduction Current] x [Resistance Value] only. And then, this device will enter the re-detecting state if the input voltage reduction is larger than the difference between the detector voltage and the released voltage.

When the input resistance value is large and the VDD is gone up at mildly in the vicinity of the released voltage, repeating the above operation may result in the occurrence of output.

As shown in Figure A/B, set R1 to become 100 kΩ or less as a guide, and connect C_{IN} of 0.1 μF and more to between the input pin and GND. Besides, make evaluations including temperature properties under the actual usage condition, with using the evaluation board like this way. As a result, make sure that the cross conduction current has no problem.

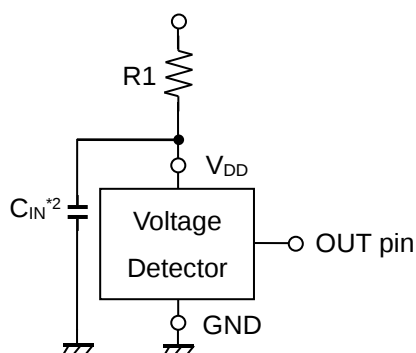


Figure A

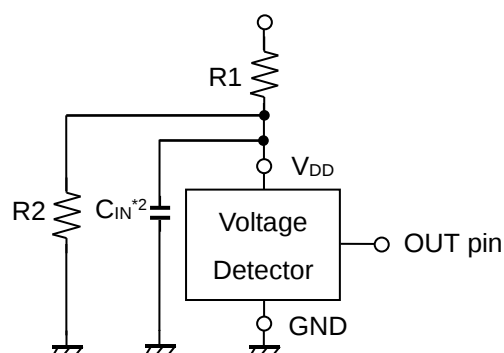


Figure B

^{*1} In the CMOS output type, a charging current for OUT pin is included.

^{*2} Note the bias dependence of capacitors.



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