

## CR Timer IC 50V 1ch Timer IC for Automotive

## BD9555FVM-C

## **General Description**

ROHM's BD9555FVM-C is 50V-withstanding 1ch CR timer IC. Cycle and duty width can be set through external resistance and capacity. It is most suitable as timer and OSC for Automotive, so input voltage range and operating temperature range are wide.

#### Features

- AEC-Q100 Qualified<sup>(Note1)</sup>
- Frequency and Duty Width Setting
- Through External Resistance and Capacity
- Wide Input Voltage Range
  Wide Operating Temperature
- Wide Operating Temperature Range
  Very Small MSOP8 Package

(Note1:Grade1)

**Typical Application Circuit** 

### **Key Specifications**

Input Voltage Range: 4.5V to 42V

■ Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +125°C

## **Special Characteristics**

- PWM Frequency Range:
- Duty Range:
- 1Hz to 10000Hz 1% to 99%

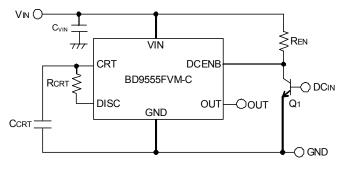
#### Package MSOP8:



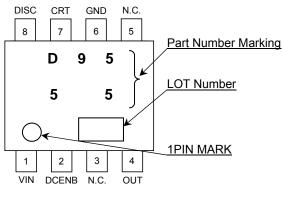
**W(Typ) x D(Typ) x H(Max)** 2.90mm x 4.00mm x 0.90mm

## Applications

All set for Automotive using timer or OSC such as Automotive LED module, etc.



## Pin Configurations, Descriptions and Marking Diagram



MSOP8	(TOP VIEW)

	Pin No.	Symbol	Function	
	1	VIN	Power supply	
	2	DCENB	"L":Output fixed "H" / "H":PWM output	
	3	N.C.	N.C.	
	4	OUT	Output	
	5	N.C.	N.C.	
	6	GND	GND	
	7	CRT	CR connection	
	8	DISC	Discharge setting	
_				

## **Ordering Information**

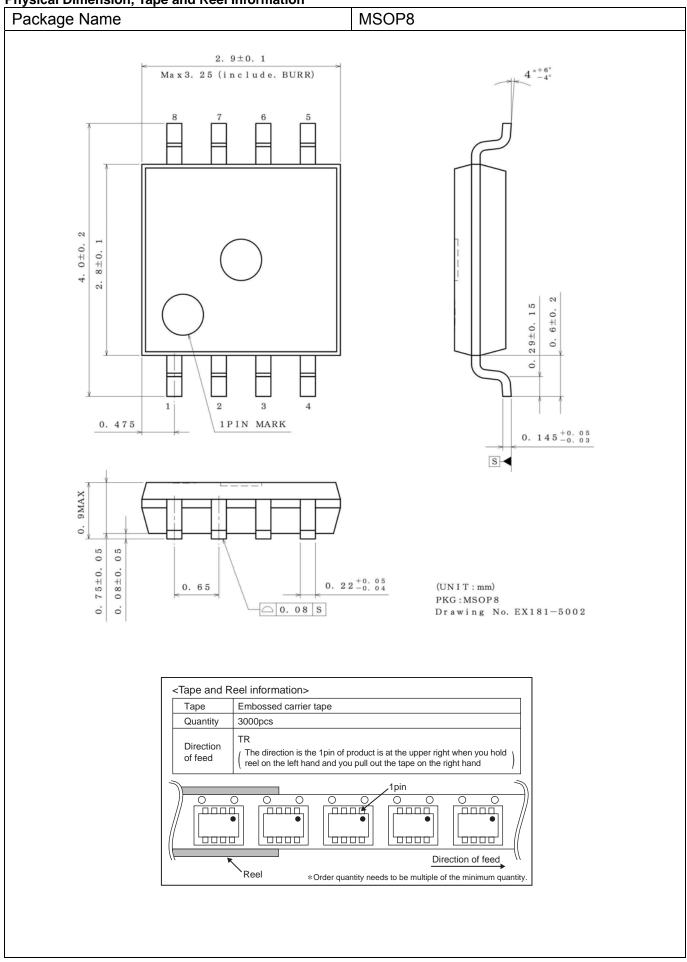
В	D	9	5	5	5	F	V	М	_	С	Т	R
Part Number		Timer IC				Package FVM : MS	OP8			Product Rank C : for Automotive		

OProduct structure : Silicon monolithic integrated circuit OThis product has no designed protection against radioactive rays

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## Datasheet

## **Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information**



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VIN	-0.3 to +50	V
CRT, DISC, DCENB, OUT Terminal Voltage	VCRT, VDISC, VDCENB, VOUT	GND-0.3 to VIN +0.3	V
Output Current	lo	70	mA
Power Dissipation	Pd	0.38 <sup>(Note1)</sup>	W
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40 to +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-55 to +150	°C
Junction Temperature	Tjmax	150	°C

(Note1) Pd deleted at 3.8mW/°C at temperatures above Ta=25°C.

Caution: Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins and the internal circuitry. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

### **Recommended Operating Range**

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VIN	4.5 ~ 42	V
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40 ~ +125	°C
CR Timer Frequency Range	Fрwм	1~10000	Hz
PWM Minimum Pulse Width	Тмім	1	μs

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Svmbol	Limit			Unit	Conditions	
Farameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions	
Input Capacitor	CIN	0.1	-	-	μF	Ceramic capacitor recommended	
CRT Terminal Capacitor	CCRT	19p	-	18µ	F	Ceramic capacitor recommended	
CRT Terminal Resistor	RCRT	500	-	5M	Ω		

(Note2) The minimum value of capacitor must be met this specifications over full operating conditions. (ex. Temperature, DC bias, aging conditions) (Note3) Set C<sub>CRT</sub>, R<sub>CRT</sub> to become desired frequency and Duty width by using equations shown in P.8.

## Electrical Characteristics (Unless Otherwise Specified Ta=-40 to +125°C, V<sub>IN</sub> =13.0V)

Parameter	Symbol Limit				Unit	Conditions	
Farameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions	
Circuit Current	lin	-	1.00	3.00	mA		
CRT Terminal Charge Current	ICRT_SO	29.75	35.00	40.25	μA	VCRT=0.9V	
CRT Terminal Charge ON Voltage	VCRT_CHA	0.99	1.10	1.21	V		
CRT Terminal Discharge ON Voltage	VCRT_DIS	2.7	3.0	3.3	V		
CRT Terminal Charge Resistance	RCHA	51.6	54.3	57.0	kΩ	RCHA = (VCRT_DIS - VCRT_CHA) / ICRT_SO	
DISC Terminal Discharge Resistance	RD	-	50.0	100	Ω	VCRT=3.4V	
DCENB Terminal "H" Input Voltage	VIH_DCENB	4.4	-	Vin +0.2	V		
DCENB Terminal "L" Input Voltage	VIL_DCENB	GND -0.2	-	3.6	V		
"H" Output Voltage	Vон	11.0	12.3	-	V	Іон=-10mA	
"L" Output Voltage	Vol	-	1.28	3.8	V	IOL=50mA	

## **Typical Performance Curves**

. (Reference Data : Unless Otherwise Specified V<sub>IN</sub>=13.0V, R<sub>CRT</sub> =2.7kΩ, C<sub>CRT</sub> =0.033µF, <F<sub>PWM</sub>=500Hz, Duty=5% setting>)

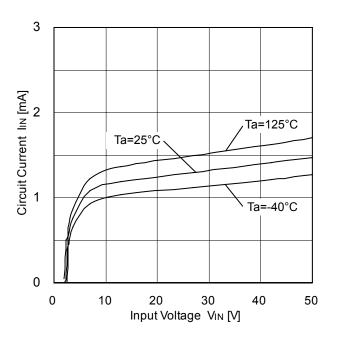


Figure 1. Circuit Current vs Input Voltage

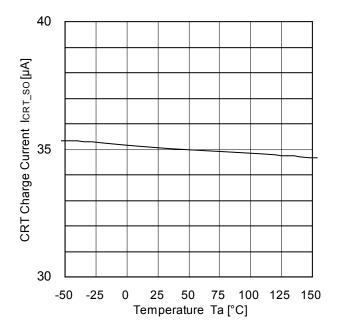


Figure 2. CRT Charge Current vs Temperature

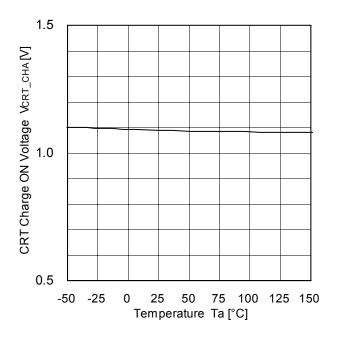


Figure 3. CRT Charge ON Voltage vs Temperature

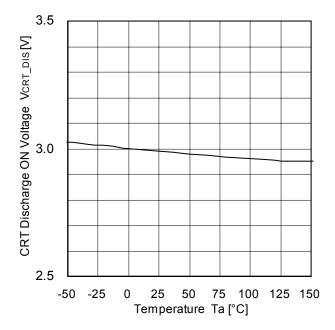


Figure 4. CRT Discharge ON Voltage vs Temperature

## **Typical Performance Curves – continued**

(Reference Data : Unless Otherwise Specified V<sub>IN</sub>=13.0V, R<sub>CRT</sub> =2.7kΩ, C<sub>CRT</sub> =0.033µF, <F<sub>PWM</sub>=500Hz, Duty=5% setting>)

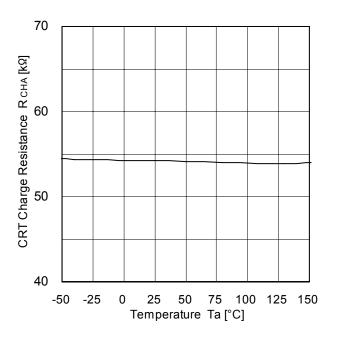


Figure 5. CRT Charge Resistance vs Temperature

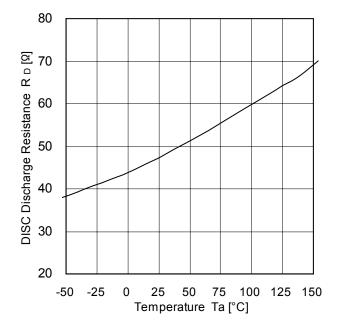


Figure 6. DISC Discharge Resistance vs Temperature

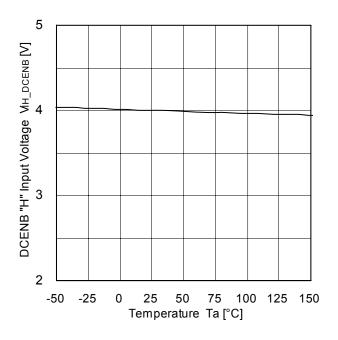


Figure 7. DCENB "H" Input Voltage vs Temperature

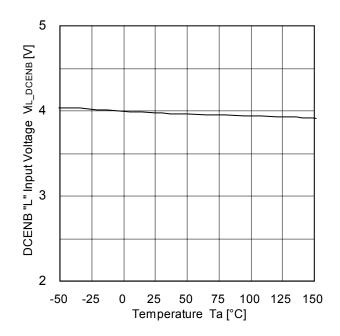


Figure 8. DCENB "L" Input Voltage vs Temperatute

## **Typical Performance Curves – continued**

(Reference Data : Unless Otherwise Specified V<sub>IN</sub>=13.0V, R<sub>CRT</sub> =2.7kΩ, C<sub>CRT</sub> =0.033μF, <F<sub>PWM</sub>=500Hz, Duty=5% setting>)

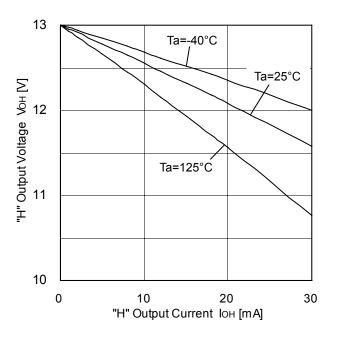
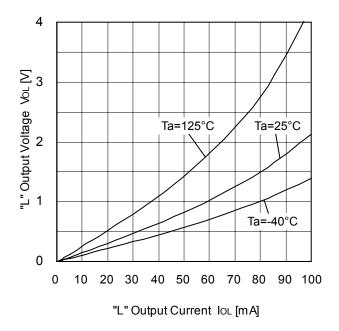


Figure 9. "H" Output Voltage vs "H" Output Current





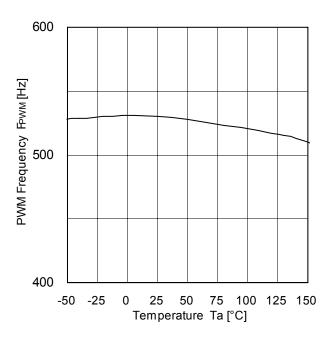


Figure 11. PWM Frequency vs Temperature

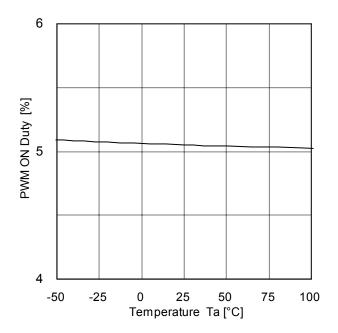


Figure 12. PWM On Duty vs Temperature

## **Block Diagram**

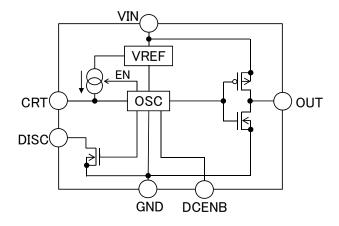


Figure 13. BD9555FVM-C Block Diagram

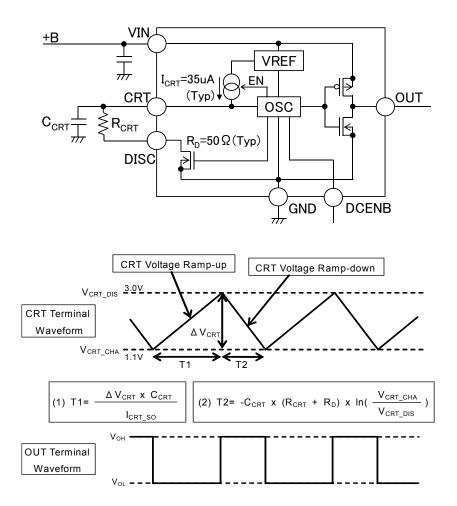
#### **Functional Description**

Timer operation ON switches to OFF depending on DCENB terminal voltage.

When DCENB terminal voltage under  $V_{IL\_DCENB}$ (3.6V(Max)), timer operation turns to OFF and output is "H". When DCENB terminal voltage over  $V_{IH\_DCENB}$ (4.4V(Min)), CR timer function in IC is activated and triangular waveform is generated at CRT terminal.

Output is "L" while CRT voltage is ramping up, and output is "H" while CRT voltage is ramping down.

Ramp up / down time of CRT voltage can be set by values of external components (C<sub>CRT</sub>, R<sub>CRT</sub>)



(1)CRT Ramp up Time T1

CRT ramp up time can be obtained from the following equations:

$$T1 = \frac{\Delta V_{CRT} \times C_{CRT}}{I_{CRT} \text{ so}} [s]$$

where:

ICRT\_SO is the CRT Terminal Charge Current 35µA (Typ)

(2)CRT Ramp down Time T2

CRT ramp down time is defined by discharge period due to external capacity  $C_{CRT}$  and resistance ( $R_{CRT}+R_D$ ). (CRT Terminal Charge Current is OFF at CRT ramp down.)

Make sure that T2 is set at not smaller than Min. pulse width 1µs.

$$T2 = -C_{CRT} \times (R_{CRT} + R_D) \times \ln(\frac{V_{CRT} - CHA}{V_{CRT} - DIS})$$
 [s]

where:

RD is the CRT Terminal Discharge Resistance	50 Ω (Typ)
VCRT_CHA is the CRT Terminal Charge ON Voltage	1.1V(Typ)
VCRT_DIS is the CRT Terminal Discharge ON Voltage	3.0V(Typ)

(3)Frequency FPWM

PWM Frequency is defined by T1 and T2.

$$FPWM = \frac{1}{T1 + T2} [Hz]$$

(4)ON Duty (D<sub>ON</sub>)

Like the above, PWM ON duty is defined by T1 and T2.

$$D_{ON} = \frac{T2}{T1 + T2}$$

(Ex) In case of FPWM=500Hz and 6% Duty(Typ)

From FPWM=500Hz;

T1 + T2 = 1 / FPWM = 1 / 500Hz = 2000µs

From ON Duty = 6%; CRT ramp up time T1 is T1 = (T1 + T2) x 0.94 = 1880µs

External capacity C<sub>CRT</sub> is;

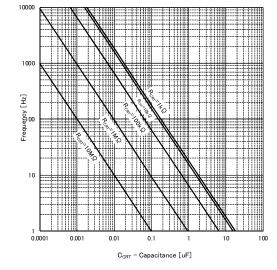
 $C_{CRT} = T1 x (I_{CRT_{SO}} / \Delta V_{CRT}) = 1880 \mu s x 35 \mu A / 1.9 V \approx 0.035 \mu E$ 

CRT ramp down time T2 is; T2 = (T1 + T2) x 0.06 = 120µs

External resistance R<sub>CRT</sub> is;

$$\begin{aligned} \mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{CRT}} &= -\mathsf{T2} / \left( \mathsf{C}_{\mathsf{CRT}} \times \mathsf{ln}(\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{CRT}\_\mathsf{CHA}} / \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{CRT}\_\mathsf{DIS}}) \right) - \mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{D}} \\ &= -120\mu\mathsf{s} / \left( 0.035\mu\mathsf{F} \times \mathsf{ln}(1.1 / 3.0) \right) - 50\,\Omega \ \rightleftharpoons \ \underline{3.4k\,\Omega} \end{aligned}$$

And the characteristics example of frequency and duty is shown by the right figure. This is the reference value of external components, please decide its value by the above equations.



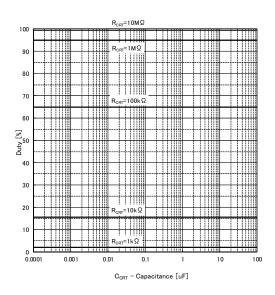


Figure 14. Frequency and Duty Characteristics Example

## **Timing Chart**

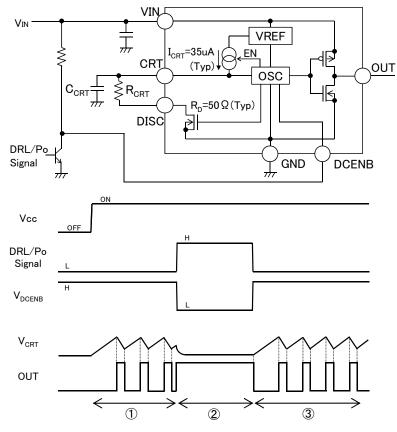


Figure 15. Recommended Application Circuit and Timing Chart

- ① If VIN is switched ON and DCENB voltage is "H" (V<sub>DCENB</sub>≧4.4V), V<sub>CRT</sub> will start oscillation, and according to its waveform rectangular wave is output by OUT.
- ② If DCENB voltage is "L"(V<sub>DCENB</sub>≦3.6V), OUT will be fixed at "H"(ON Duty=100%)
- 3 And DCENB voltage is "H", oscillation will start again.

## **Operational Notes**

#### 1. Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply pins.

#### 2. Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

#### 3. Ground Voltage

Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

#### 4. Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the ground traces of external components do not cause variations on the ground voltage. The ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

#### 5. Thermal Consideration

Should by any chance the power dissipation rating be exceeded the rise in temperature of the chip may result in deterioration of the properties of the chip. The absolute maximum rating of the Pd stated in this specification is when the IC is mounted on a 70mm x 70mm x 1.6mm glass epoxy board. In case of exceeding this absolute maximum rating, increase the board size and copper area to prevent exceeding the Pd rating.

#### 6. Recommended Operating Conditions

These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

#### 7. Inrush Current

When power is first supplied to the IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and inrush current may flow instantaneously due to the internal powering sequence and delays, especially if the IC has more than one power supply. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of ground wiring, and routing of connections.

#### 8. Operation Under Strong Electromagnetic Field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

### 9. Testing on Application Boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

#### 10. Inter-pin Short and Mounting Errors

Ensure that the direction and position are correct when mounting the IC on the PCB. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground, power supply and output pin. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

#### **11. Unused Input Pins**

Input pins of an IC are often connected to the gate of a MOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of the IC. So unless otherwise specified, unused input pins should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

## **Operational Notes – continued**

#### 12. Regarding the Input Pin of the IC

This monolithic IC contains P+ isolation and P substrate layers between adjacent elements in order to keep them isolated. P-N junctions are formed at the intersection of the P layers with the N layers of other elements, creating a parasitic diode or transistor. For example (refer to figure below):

When GND > Pin A and GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode. When GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic transistor.

Parasitic diodes inevitably occur in the structure of the IC. The operation of parasitic diodes can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions that cause these diodes to operate, such as applying a voltage lower than the GND voltage to an input pin (and thus to the P substrate) should be avoided.

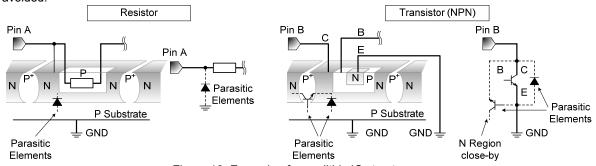


Figure 16. Example of monolithic IC structure

#### 13. Ceramic Capacitor

When using a ceramic capacitor, determine the dielectric constant considering the change of capacitance with temperature and the decrease in nominal capacitance due to DC bias and others.

#### 14. Area of Safe Operation (ASO)

Operate the IC such that the output voltage, output current, and power dissipation are all within the Area of Safe Operation (ASO).

## **Revision History**

Date	Revision	Changes
27.Oct.2014	001	New Release
29.Mar.2016	002	Correction of erroneous description

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CLASSⅣ	CLASSI	CLASSⅢ	CLASSII

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  - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
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- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation depending on ambient temperature. When used in sealed area, confirm that it is the use in the range that does not exceed the maximum junction temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

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  - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
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  - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
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- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- 4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

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