25AA160A/B, 25LC160A/B

16K SPI Bus Serial EEPROM

Device Selection Table

Part Number	Vcc Range	Page Size	Temp. Ranges	Packages
25LC160A	2.5-5.5V	16 Byte	I,E	P, SN, ST, MS
25AA160A	1.8-5.5V	16 Byte	I	P, SN, ST, MS
25LC160B	2.5-5.5V	32 Byte	I,E	P, SN, ST, MS
25AA160B	1.8-5.5V	32 Byte	I	P, SN, ST, MS

Features:

- Max. Clock 10 MHz
- Low-Power CMOS Technology
- 2048 x 8-bit Organization
- 16-Byte Page ('A' version devices)
- 32-Byte Page ('B' version devices)
- Write Cycle Time: 5 ms max.
- Self-Timed Erase and Write Cycles
- Block Write Protection:
  - Protect none, 1/4, 1/2 or all of array
- Built-In Write Protection:
  - Power-on/off data protection circuitry
  - Write enable latch
  - Write-protect pin
- Sequential Read
- High Reliability:
  - Endurance: 1,000,000 erase/write cycles
  - Data retention: > 200 years
  - ESD protection: > 4000V
- Temperature Ranges Supported:
  - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
  - Automotive (E): -40°C to +125°C
- Pb-Free and RoHS Compliant

Pin Function Table

Name	Function
$\overline{CS}$	Chip Select Input
SO	Serial Data Output
$\overline{WP}$	Write-Protect
VSS	Ground
SI	Serial Data Input
SCK	Serial Clock Input
$\overline{HOLD}$	Hold Input
VCC	Supply Voltage

Description:

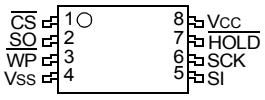
The Microchip Technology Inc. 25AA160A/B, 25LC160A/B (25XX160A/B*) are 16 Kbit Serial Electrically Erasable PROMs. The memory is accessed via a simple Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) compatible serial bus. The bus signals required are a clock input (SCK) plus separate data in (SI) and data out (SO) lines. Access to the device is controlled through a Chip Select ($\overline{CS}$) input.

Communication to the device can be paused via the hold pin ($\overline{HOLD}$). While the device is paused, transitions on its inputs will be ignored, with the exception of Chip Select, allowing the host to service higher priority interrupts.

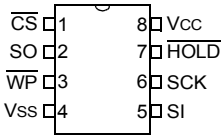
The 25XX160A/B is available in standard Pb-free packages including 8-lead PDIP and SOIC, and advanced packaging including 8-lead MSOP, and 8-lead TSSOP.

Package Types (not to scale)

TSSOP/MSOP (ST, MS)



PDIP/SOIC (P, SN)



*25XX160A/B is used in this document as a generic part number for the 25AA160A/B, 25LC160A/B devices.

1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings(†)

VCC.....7.0V

All inputs and outputs w.r.t. VSS ..... -0.6V to VCC +1.0V

Storage temperature .....-65°C to 150°C

Ambient temperature under bias.....-40°C to 125°C

ESD protection on all pins.....4 kV

† NOTICE**:** Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for an extended period of time may affect device reliability.

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): TAMB = -40°C to +85°C VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V Automotive (E): TAMB = -40°C to +125°C VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V			
Param. No.	**Sym.**	**Characteristic**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Test Conditions**
D001	VIH1	High-level input voltage	2.0	VCC +1	V	VCC ≥ 2.7V **(Note)**
D002	VIH2		0.7 VCC	VCC +1	V	VCC < 2.7V **(Note)**
D003	VIL1	Low-level input voltage	-0.3	0.8	V	VCC ≥ 2.7V **(Note)**
D004	VIL2		-0.3	0.2 VCC	V	VCC < 2.7V **(Note)**
D005	VOL	Low-level output voltage	—	0.4	V	IOL = 2.1 mA
D006	VOL		—	0.2	V	IOL = 1.0 mA, VCC < 2.5V
D007	VOH	High-level output voltage	VCC -0.5	—	V	IOH = -400 µA
D008	ILI	Input leakage current	—	±1	µA	$\overline{CS}$ = VCC, VIN = VSS TO VCC
D009	ILO	Output leakage current	—	±1	µA	$\overline{CS}$ = VCC, VOUT = VSS TO VCC
D010	CINT	Internal Capacitance (all inputs and outputs)	—	7	pF	TAMB = 25°C, CLK = 1.0 MHz, VCC = 5.0V **(Note)**
D011	ICC Read	Operating Current	—	6	mA	VCC = 5.5V; FCLK = 10.0 MHz; SO = Open
			—	2.5	mA	VCC = 2.5V; FCLK = 5.0 MHz; SO = Open
D012	ICC Write		—	3	mA	VCC = 5.5V
D013	ICCS	Standby Current	—	5	µA	$\overline{CS}$ = VCC = 5.5V, Inputs tied to VCC or VSS, TAMB = -40°C TO +125°C
			—	1	µA	$\overline{CS}$ = VCC = 2.5V, Inputs tied to VCC or VSS, TAMB = -40°C TO +85°C

Note: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

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TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): TAMB = -40°C to +85°C VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V Automotive (E): TAMB = -40°C to +125°C VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V			
Param. No.	**Sym.**	**Characteristic**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Test Conditions**
1	FCLK	Clock Frequency	— — —	10 5 3	MHz MHz MHz	4.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
2	TCSS	$\overline{CS}$ Setup Time	50 100 150	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
3	TCSH	$\overline{CS}$ Hold Time	100 200 250	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
4	TCSD	$\overline{CS}$ Disable Time	50	—	ns	—
5	Tsu	Data Setup Time	10 20 30	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
6	THD	Data Hold Time	20 40 50	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
7	TR	CLK Rise Time	—	500	ns	**(Note 1)**
8	TF	CLK Fall Time	—	500	ns	**(Note 1)**
9	THI	Clock High Time	50 100 150	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
10	TLO	Clock Low Time	50 100 150	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
11	TCLD	Clock Delay Time	50	—	ns	—
12	TCLE	Clock Enable Time	50	—	ns	—
13	TV	Output Valid from Clock Low	— — —	50 100 160	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
14	THO	Output Hold Time	0	—	ns	**(Note 1)**
15	TDIS	Output Disable Time	— — —	40 80 160	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(Note 1)** 2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 4.5V **(Note 1)** 1.8V ≤ VCC ≤ 2.5V **(Note 1)**
16	THS	$\overline{HOLD}$ Setup Time	20 40 80	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

2: This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance™ Model which can be obtained from our web site: www.microchip.com.

3: TWC begins on the rising edge of $\overline{CS}$ after a valid write sequence and ends when the internal write cycle is complete.

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): T_{AMB} = -40°C to +85°C V_{CC} = 1.8V to 5.5V Automotive (E): T_{AMB} = -40°C to +125°C V_{CC} = 2.5V to 5.5V			
Param. No.	**Sym.**	**Characteristic**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Test Conditions**
17	T_{HH}	$\overline{HOLD}$ Hold Time	20 40 80	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ V_{CC} < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} < 2.5V
18	T_{HZ}	$\overline{HOLD}$ Low to Output High-Z	30 60 160	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V **(Note 1)** 2.5V ≤ V_{CC} < 4.5V **(Note 1)** 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} < 2.5V **(Note 1)**
19	T_{HV}	$\overline{HOLD}$ High to Output Valid	30 60 160	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ V_{CC} < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} < 2.5V
20	T_{WC}	Internal Write Cycle Time	—	5	ms	**(NOTE 3)**
21	—	Endurance	1M	—	E/W Cycles	**(NOTE 2)**

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

2: This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance™ Model which can be obtained from our web site: www.microchip.com.

3: T_{WC} begins on the rising edge of $\overline{CS}$ after a valid write sequence and ends when the internal write cycle is complete.

TABLE 1-3: AC TEST CONDITIONS

AC Waveform:	
V_{LO} = 0.2V	—
V_{HI} = V_{CC} - 0.2V	**(Note 1)**
V_{HI} = 4.0V	**(Note 2)**
Timing Measurement Reference Level	
Input	0.5 V_{CC}
Output	0.5 V_{CC}

Note 1: For V_{CC} ≤ 4.0V

2: For V_{CC} > 4.0V

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FIGURE 1-1: HOLD TIMING

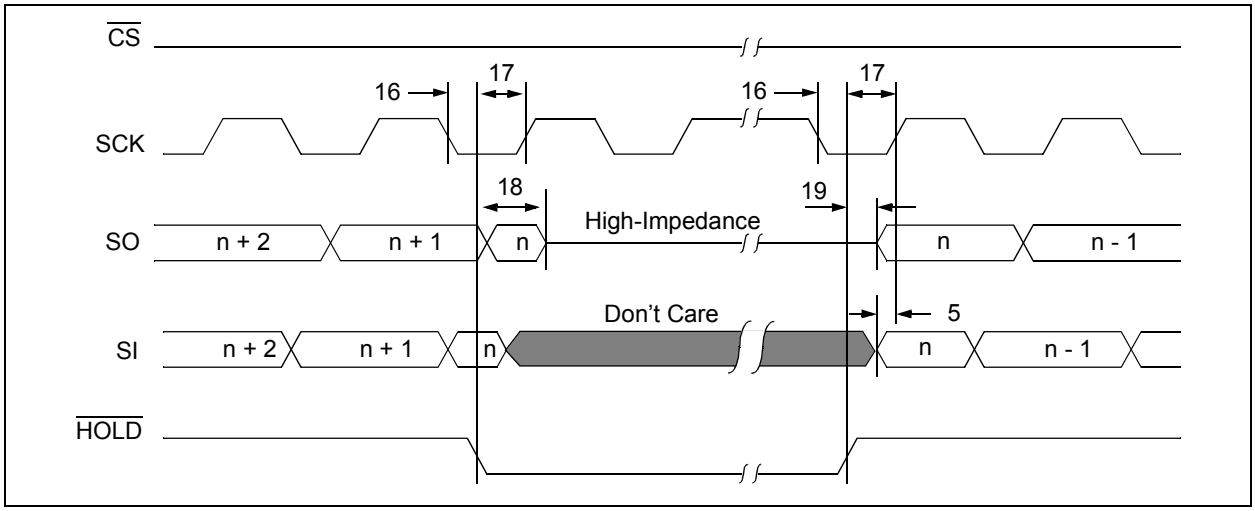


FIGURE 1-2: SERIAL INPUT TIMING

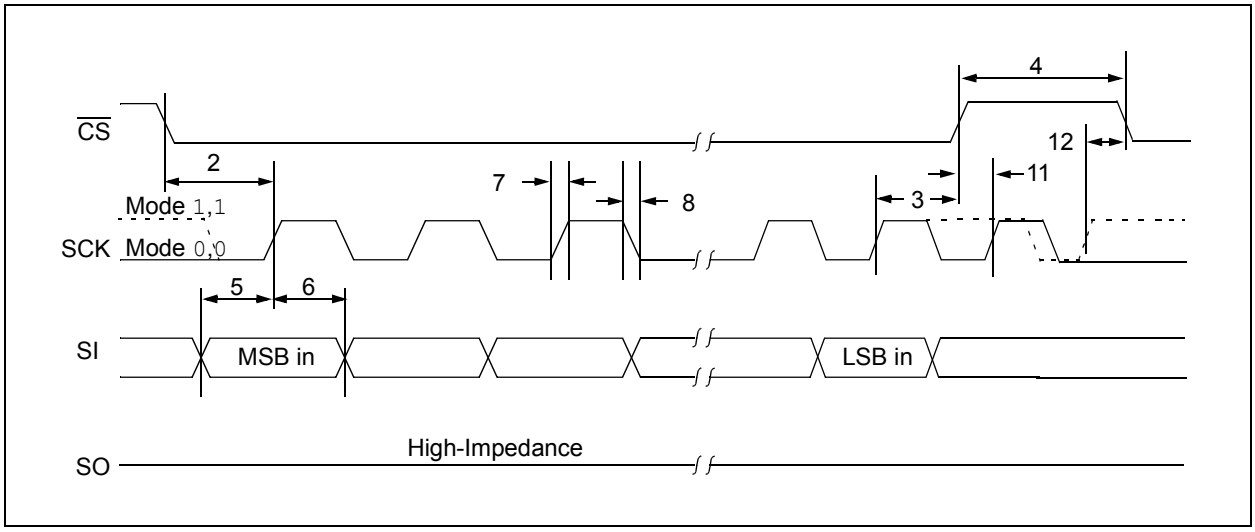
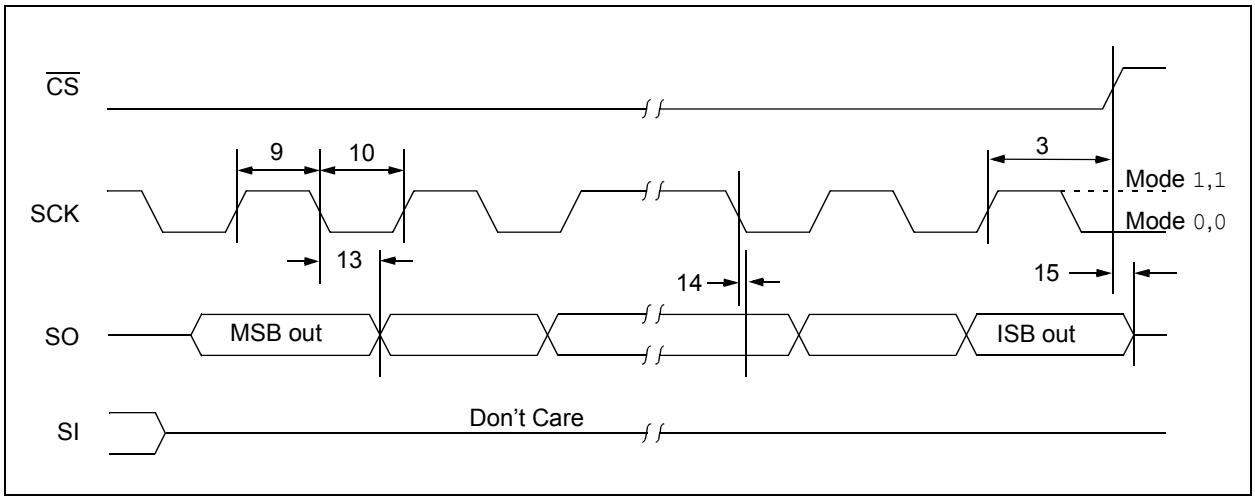


FIGURE 1-3: SERIAL OUTPUT TIMING



2.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

2.1 Principles of Operation

The 25XX160A/B are 2048 byte Serial EEPROMs designed to interface directly with the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) port of many of today's popular microcontroller families, including Microchip's PIC® microcontrollers. It may also interface with microcontrollers that do not have a built-in SPI port by using discrete I/O lines programmed properly with the software.

The 25XX160A/B contains an 8-bit instruction register. The device is accessed via the SI pin, with data being clocked in on the rising edge of SCK. The $\overline{CS}$ pin must be low and the $\overline{HOLD}$ pin must be high for the entire operation.

Table 2-1 contains a list of the possible instruction bytes and format for device operation. All instructions, addresses, and data are transferred MSB first, LSB last.

Data (SI) is sampled on the first rising edge of SCK after $\overline{CS}$ goes low. If the clock line is shared with other peripheral devices on the SPI bus, the user can assert the $\overline{HOLD}$ input and place the 25XX160A/B in 'HOLD' mode. After releasing the $\overline{HOLD}$ pin, operation will resume from the point when the $\overline{HOLD}$ was asserted.

2.2 Read Sequence

The device is selected by pulling $\overline{CS}$ low. The 8-bit read instruction is transmitted to the 25XX160A/B followed by the 16-bit address, with the five MSBs of the address being "don't care" bits. After the correct read instruction and address are sent, the data stored in the memory at the selected address is shifted out on the SO pin. The data stored in the memory at the next address can be read sequentially by continuing to provide clock pulses. The internal Address Pointer is automatically incremented to the next higher address after each byte of data is shifted out. When the highest address is reached (07FFh), the address counter rolls over to address 0000h allowing the read cycle to be continued indefinitely. The read operation is terminated by raising the $\overline{CS}$ pin (Figure 2-1).

2.3 Write Sequence

Prior to any attempt to write data to the 25XX160A/B, the write enable latch must be set by issuing the `WREN` instruction (Figure 2-4). This is done by setting $\overline{CS}$ low and then clocking out the proper instruction into the 25XX160A/B. After all eight bits of the instruction are transmitted, the $\overline{CS}$ must be brought high to set the write enable latch. If the write operation is initiated immediately after the `WREN` instruction without $\overline{CS}$ being brought high, the data will not be written to the array because the write enable latch will not have been properly set.

Once the write enable latch is set, the user may proceed by setting the $\overline{CS}$ low, issuing a `WRITE` instruction, followed by the 16-bit address, with the five MSBs of the address being "don't care" bits, and then the data to be written. Up to 16 bytes (25XX160A) or 32 bytes (25XX160B) of data can be sent to the device before a write cycle is necessary. The only restriction is that all of the bytes must reside in the same page.

Note:	Page write operations are limited to writing bytes within a single physical page, **regardless** of the number of bytes actually being written. Physical page boundaries start at addresses that are integer multiples of the page buffer size (or 'page size') and, end at addresses that are integer multiples of page size – 1. If a Page Write command attempts to write across a physical page boundary, the result is that the data wraps around to the beginning of the current page (overwriting data previously stored there), instead of being written to the next page as might be expected. It is therefore necessary for the application software to prevent page write operations that would attempt to cross a page boundary.

For the data to be actually written to the array, the $\overline{CS}$ must be brought high after the Least Significant bit (D0) of the n^{th} data byte has been clocked in. If $\overline{CS}$ is brought high at any other time, the write operation will not be completed. Refer to Figure 2-2 and Figure 2-3 for more detailed illustrations on the byte write sequence and the page write sequence, respectively. While the write is in progress, the STATUS register may be read to check the status of the WPEN, WIP, WEL, BP1 and BP0 bits (Figure 2-6). A read attempt of a memory array location will not be possible during a write cycle. When the write cycle is completed, the write enable latch is reset.

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Block Diagram

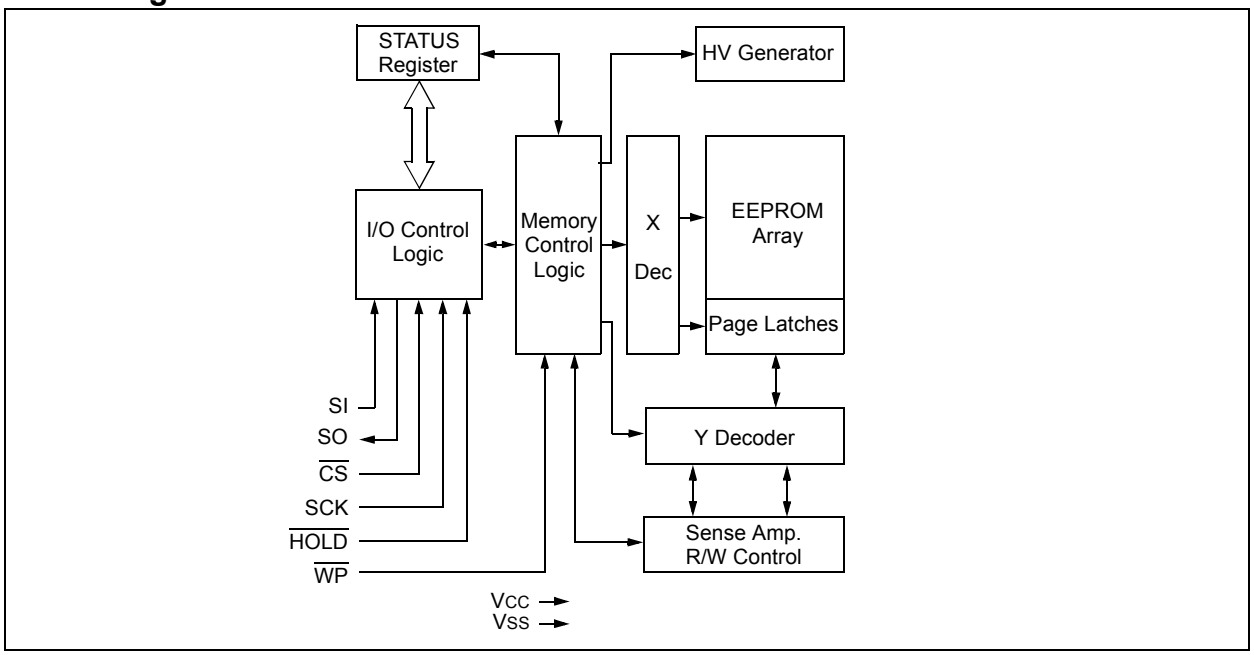


TABLE 2-1: INSTRUCTION SET

Instruction Name	Instruction Format	Description
READ	0000 0011	Read data from memory array beginning at selected address
WRITE	0000 0010	Write data to memory array beginning at selected address
WRDI	0000 0100	Reset the write enable latch (disable write operations)
WREN	0000 0110	Set the write enable latch (enable write operations)
RDSR	0000 0101	Read STATUS register
WRSR	0000 0001	Write STATUS register

FIGURE 2-1: READ SEQUENCE

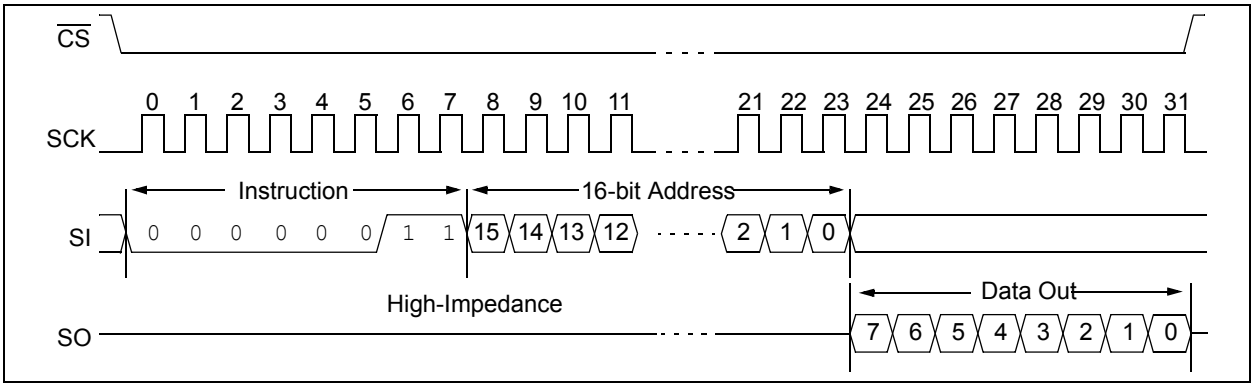


FIGURE 2-2: BYTE WRITE SEQUENCE

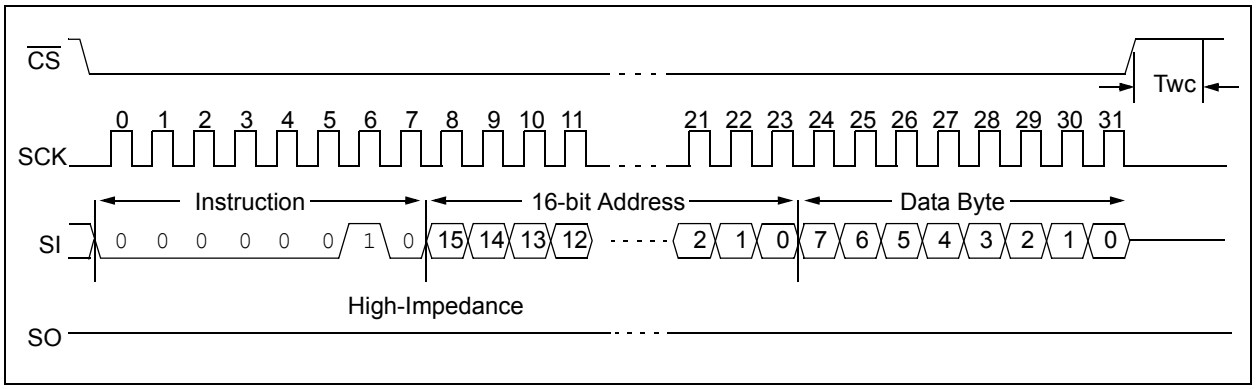
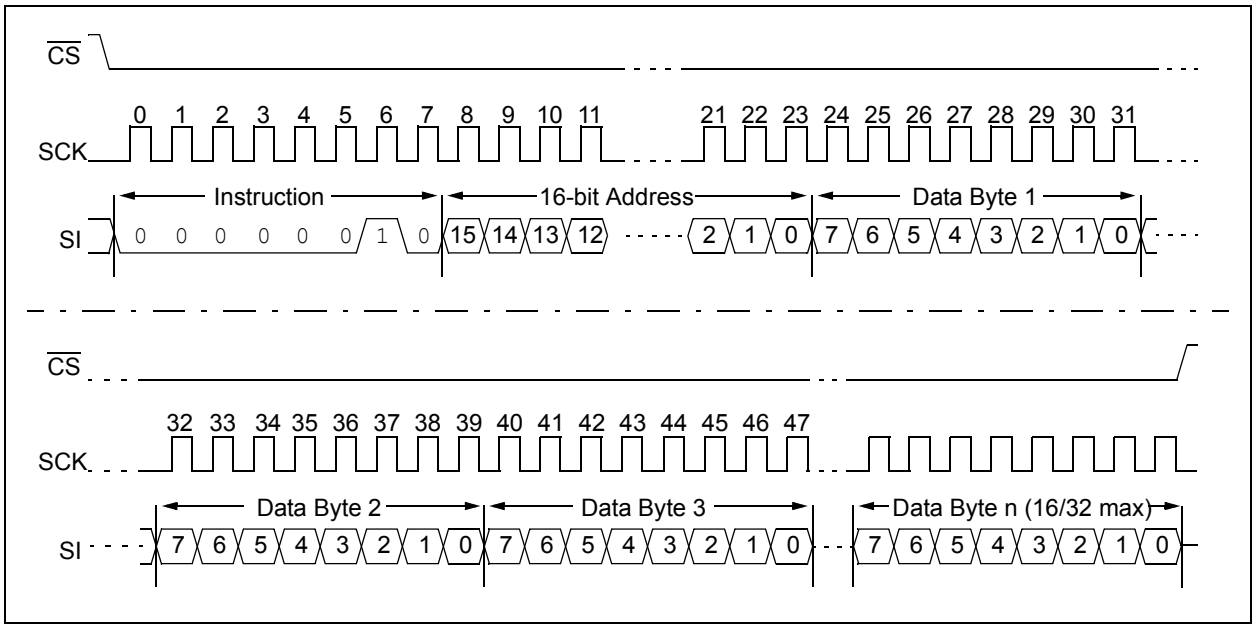


FIGURE 2-3: PAGE WRITE SEQUENCE



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2.4 Write Enable (WREN) and Write Disable (WRDI)

The 25XX160A/B contains a write enable latch. See Table 2-1 for the Write-Protect Functionality Matrix. This latch must be set before any write operation will be completed internally. The WREN instruction will set the latch, and the WRDI will reset the latch.

The following is a list of conditions under which the write enable latch will be reset:

- Power-up
- WRDI instruction successfully executed
- WRSR instruction successfully executed
- WRITE instruction successfully executed

FIGURE 2-4: WRITE ENABLE SEQUENCE (WREN)

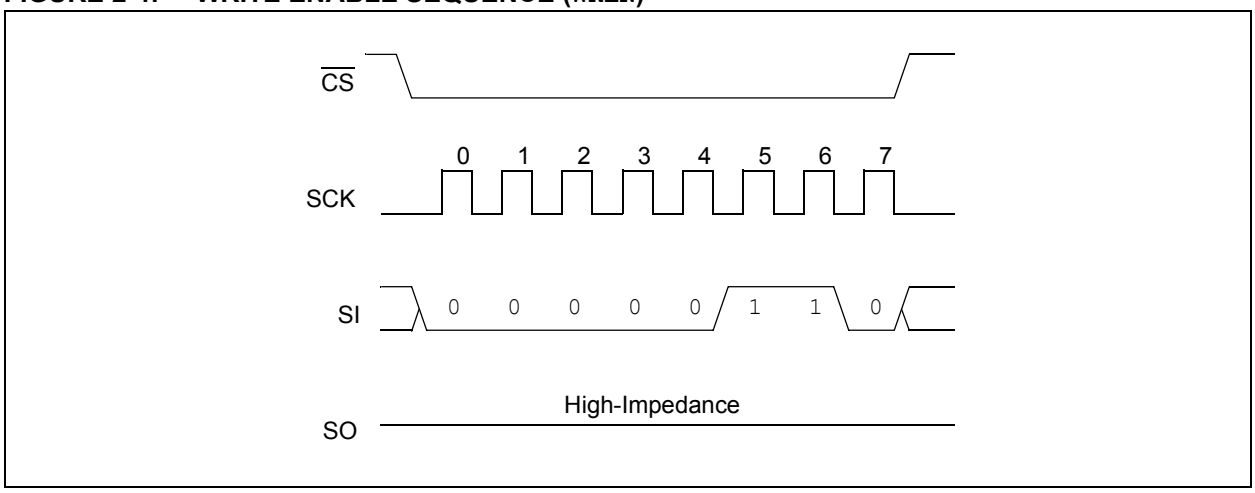
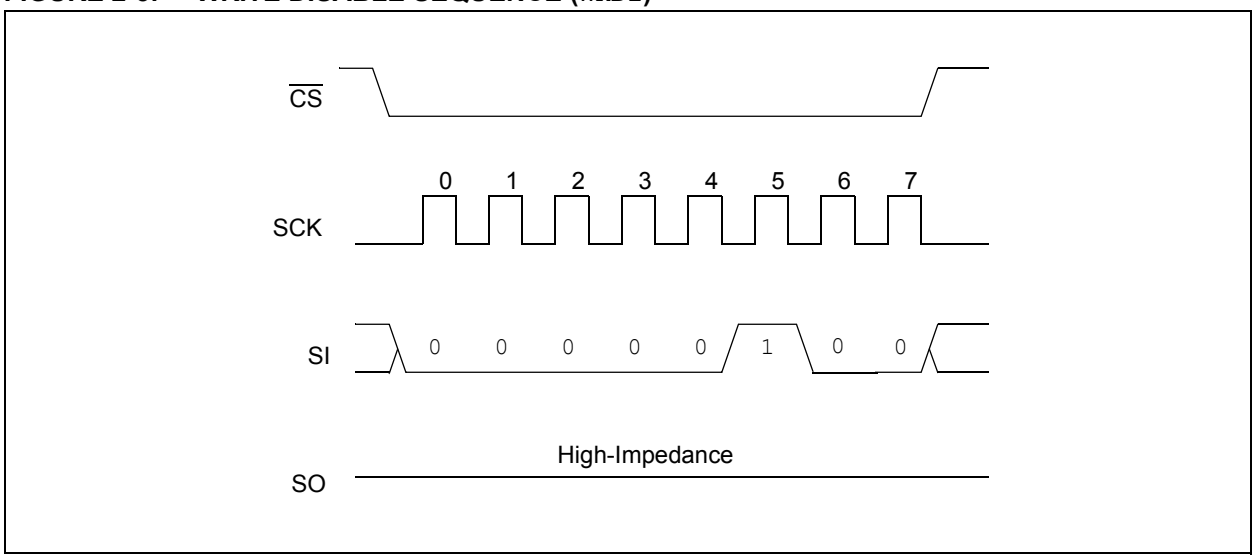


FIGURE 2-5: WRITE DISABLE SEQUENCE (WRDI)



2.5 Read Status Register Instruction (RDSR)

The Read Status Register instruction (RDSR) provides access to the STATUS register. The STATUS register may be read at any time, even during a write cycle. The STATUS register is formatted as follows:

TABLE 2-2: STATUS REGISTER

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
W/R	–	–	–	W/R	W/R	R	R
WPEN	X	X	X	BP1	BP0	WEL	WIP
W/R = writable/readable. R = read-only.							

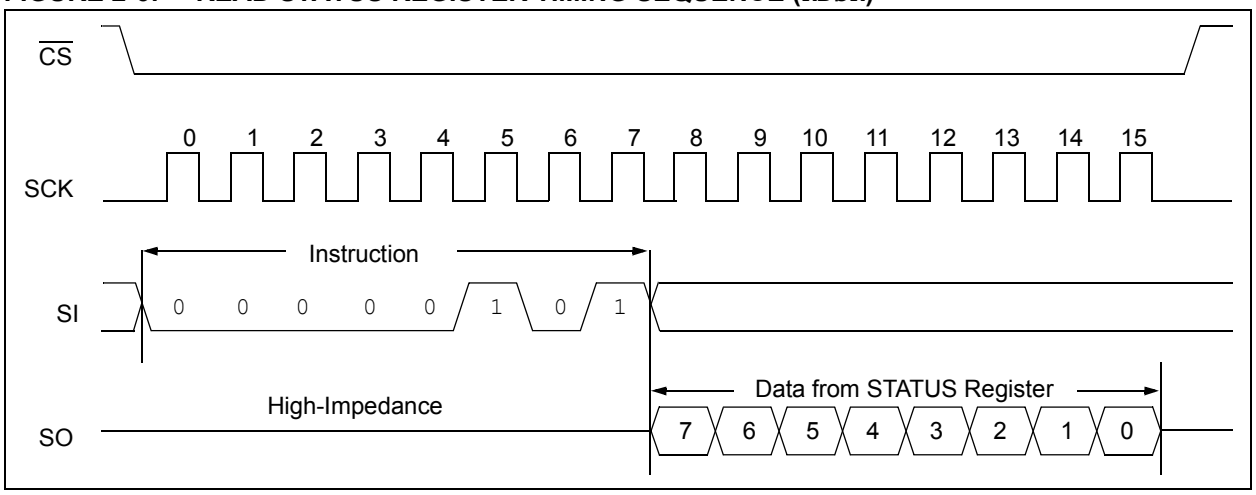
The **Write-In-Process (WIP)** bit indicates whether the 25XX160A/B is busy with a write operation. When set to a '1', a write is in progress, when set to a '0', no write is in progress. This bit is read-only.

The **Write Enable Latch (WEL)** bit indicates the status of the write enable latch and is read-only. When set to a '1', the latch allows writes to the array, when set to a '0', the latch prohibits writes to the array. The state of this bit can always be updated via the WREN or WRDI commands regardless of the state of write protection on the STATUS register. These commands are shown in Figure 2-4 and Figure 2-5.

The **Block Protection (BP0 and BP1)** bits indicate which blocks are currently write-protected. These bits are set by the user issuing the WRSR instruction. These bits are nonvolatile, and are shown in Table 2-3.

See Figure 2-6 for the RDSR timing sequence.

FIGURE 2-6: READ STATUS REGISTER TIMING SEQUENCE (RDSR)



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2.6 Write Status Register Instruction (WRSR)

The Write Status Register instruction (WRSR) allows the user to write to the nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register as shown in Table 2-2. The user is able to select one of four levels of protection for the array by writing to the appropriate bits in the STATUS register. The array is divided up into four segments. The user has the ability to write-protect none, one, two or all four of the segments of the array. The partitioning is controlled as shown in Table 2-3.

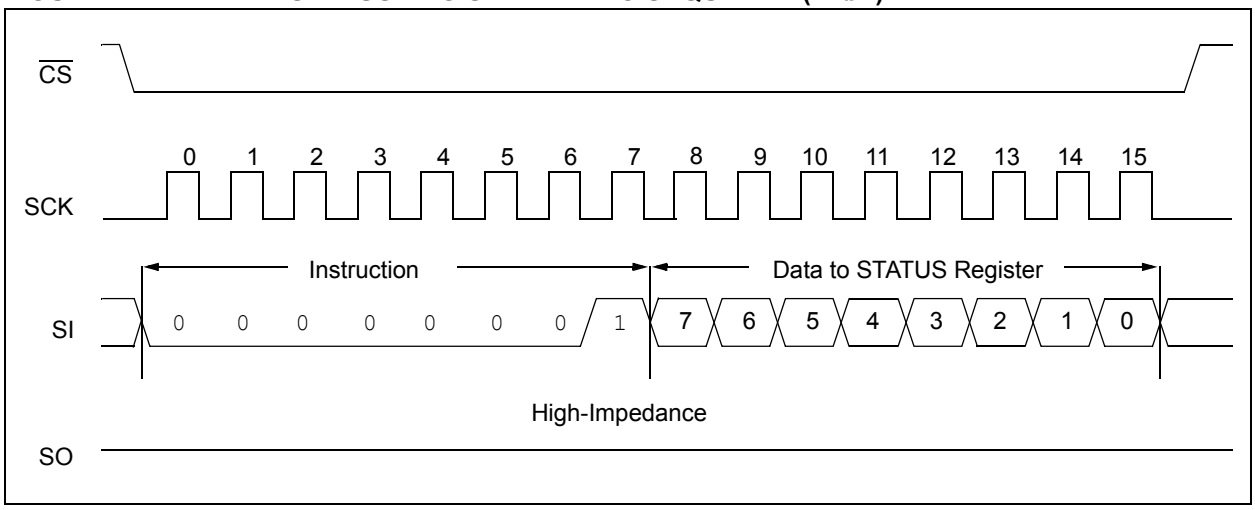
The Write-Protect Enable (WPEN) bit is a nonvolatile bit that is available as an enable bit for the $\overline{WP}$ pin. The Write-Protect ($\overline{WP}$) pin and the Write-Protect Enable (WPEN) bit in the STATUS register control the programmable hardware write-protect feature. Hardware write protection is enabled when $\overline{WP}$ pin is low and the WPEN bit is high. Hardware write protection is disabled when either the $\overline{WP}$ pin is high or the WPEN bit is low. When the chip is hardware write-protected, only writes to nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register are disabled. See Table 2-1 for a matrix of functionality on the WPEN bit.

See Figure 2-7 for the WRSR timing sequence.

TABLE 2-3: ARRAY PROTECTION

BP1	BP0	Array Addresses Write-Protected
0	0	none
0	1	upper 1/4 (0600h-07FFh)
1	0	upper 1/2 (0400h-07FFh)
1	1	all (0000h-07FFh)

FIGURE 2-7: WRITE STATUS REGISTER TIMING SEQUENCE (WRSR)



2.7 Data Protection

The following protection has been implemented to prevent inadvertent writes to the array:

- The write enable latch is reset on power-up
- A write enable instruction must be issued to set the write enable latch
- After a byte write, page write or STATUS register write, the write enable latch is reset
- $\overline{CS}$ must be set high after the proper number of clock cycles to start an internal write cycle
- Access to the array during an internal write cycle is ignored and programming is continued

2.8 Power-On State

The 25XX160A/B powers on in the following state:

- The device is in low-power Standby mode ($\overline{CS}$ = 1)
- The write enable latch is reset
- SO is in high-impedance state
- A high-to-low-level transition on $\overline{CS}$ is required to enter active state

TABLE 2-1: WRITE-PROTECT FUNCTIONALITY MATRIX

WEL (SR bit 1)	WPEN (SR bit 7)	$\overline{WP}$ (pin 3)	Protected Blocks	Unprotected Blocks	STATUS Register
0	x	x	Protected	Protected	Protected
1	0	x	Protected	Writable	Writable
1	1	0 (low)	Protected	Writable	Protected
1	1	1 (high)	Protected	Writable	Writable

x = don't care

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3.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 3-1.

TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Name	Pin Number	Function
$\overline{CS}$	1	Chip Select Input
SO	2	Serial Data Output
$\overline{WP}$	3	Write-Protect Pin
VSS	4	Ground
SI	5	Serial Data Input
SCK	6	Serial Clock Input
$\overline{HOLD}$	7	Hold Input
VCC	8	Supply Voltage

3.1 Chip Select ($\overline{CS}$)

A low level on this pin selects the device. A high level deselects the device and forces it into Standby mode. However, a programming cycle which is already initiated or in progress will be completed, regardless of the $\overline{CS}$ input signal. If $\overline{CS}$ is brought high during a program cycle, the device will go into Standby mode as soon as the programming cycle is complete. When the device is deselected, SO goes to the high-impedance state, allowing multiple parts to share the same SPI bus. A low-to-high transition on $\overline{CS}$ after a valid write sequence initiates an internal write cycle. After power-up, a low level on $\overline{CS}$ is required prior to any sequence being initiated.

3.2 Serial Output (SO)

The SO pin is used to transfer data out of the 25XX160A/B. During a read cycle, data is shifted out on this pin after the falling edge of the serial clock.

3.3 Write-Protect ($\overline{WP}$)

This pin is used in conjunction with the WPEN bit in the STATUS register to prohibit writes to the nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register. When $\overline{WP}$ is low and WPEN is high, writing to the nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register is disabled. All other operations function normally. When $\overline{WP}$ is high, all functions, including writes to the nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register operate normally. If the WPEN bit is set, $\overline{WP}$ low during a STATUS register write sequence will disable writing to the STATUS register. If an internal write cycle has already begun, $\overline{WP}$ going low will have no effect on the write.

The $\overline{WP}$ pin function is blocked when the WPEN bit in the STATUS register is low. This allows the user to install the 25XX160A/B in a system with $\overline{WP}$ pin grounded and still be able to write to the STATUS register. The $\overline{WP}$ pin functions will be enabled when the WPEN bit is set high.

3.4 Serial Input (SI)

The SI pin is used to transfer data into the device. It receives instructions, addresses and data. Data is latched on the rising edge of the serial clock.

3.5 Serial Clock (SCK)

The SCK is used to synchronize the communication between a master and the 25XX160A/B. Instructions, addresses or data present on the SI pin are latched on the rising edge of the clock input, while data on the SO pin is updated after the falling edge of the clock input.

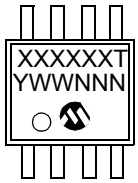
3.6 Hold ($\overline{HOLD}$)

The $\overline{HOLD}$ pin is used to suspend transmission to the 25XX160A/B while in the middle of a serial sequence without having to retransmit the entire sequence again. It must be held high any time this function is not being used. Once the device is selected and a serial sequence is underway, the $\overline{HOLD}$ pin may be pulled low to pause further serial communication without resetting the serial sequence. The $\overline{HOLD}$ pin must be brought low while SCK is low, otherwise the HOLD function will not be invoked until the next SCK high-to-low transition. The 25XX160A/B must remain selected during this sequence. The SI, SCK and SO pins are in a high-impedance state during the time the device is paused and transitions on these pins will be ignored. To resume serial communication, $\overline{HOLD}$ must be brought high while the SCK pin is low, otherwise serial communication will not resume. Lowering the HOLD line at any time will tri-state the SO line.

4.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

4.1 Package Marking Information

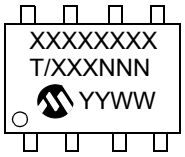
8-Lead MSOP (150 mil)



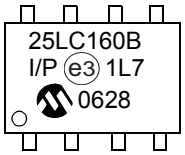
Example:

MSOP 1st Line Marking Codes	
Device	Code
25AA160A	5AAA
25AA160B	5AAB
25LC160A	5LAA
25LC160B	5LAB

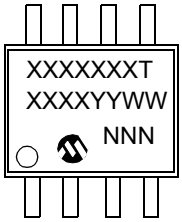
8-Lead PDIP



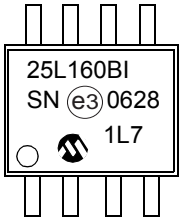
Example:



8-Lead SOIC

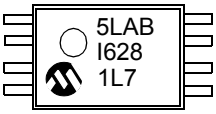


Example:



8-Lead TSSOP

Example:



TSSOP 1st Line Marking Codes	
Device	Code
25AA160A	5AAA
25AA160B	5AAB
25LC160A	5LAA
25LC160B	5LAB

Legend:	XX...X	Customer-specific information
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
	(e3)	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
	*	This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator ((e3)) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

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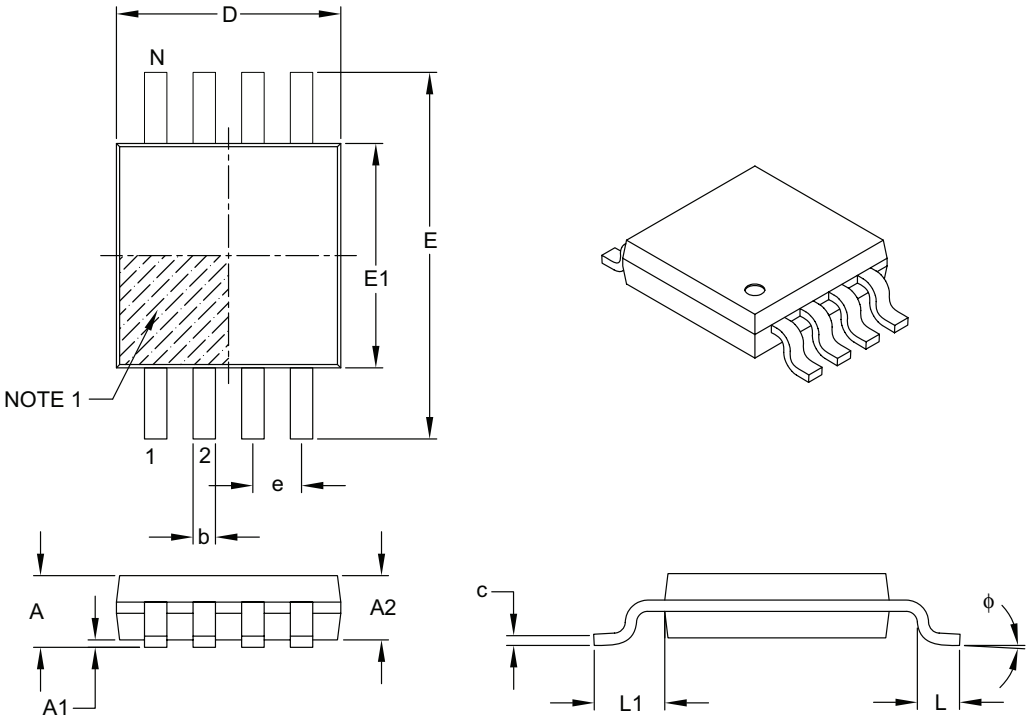
8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.75	0.85	0.95
Standoff	A1	0.00	–	0.15
Overall Width	E		4.90 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		3.00 BSC	
Overall Length	D		3.00 BSC	
Foot Length	L	0.40	0.60	0.80
Footprint	L1		0.95 REF	
Foot Angle	ϕ	0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.08	–	0.23
Lead Width	b	0.22	–	0.40

Notes:

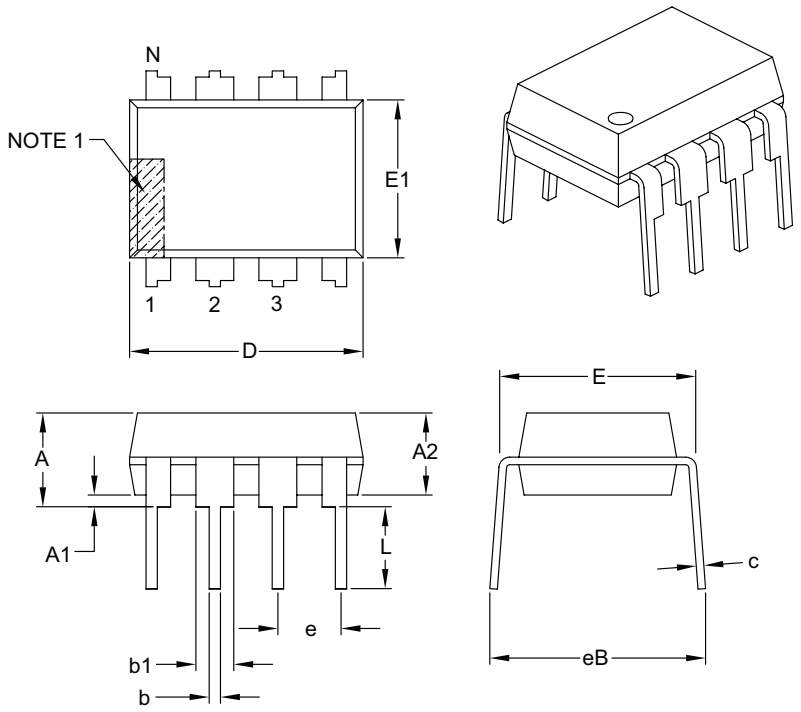
1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-111B

8-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line (P) – 300 mil Body [PDIP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		INCHES		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		.100 BSC	
Top to Seating Plane	A	–	–	.210
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.195
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015	–	–
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.290	.310	.325
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.280
Overall Length	D	.348	.365	.400
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.115	.130	.150
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.010	.015
Upper Lead Width	b1	.040	.060	.070
Lower Lead Width	b	.014	.018	.022
Overall Row Spacing §	eB	–	–	.430

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located with the hatched area.
2. § Significant Characteristic.
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-018B

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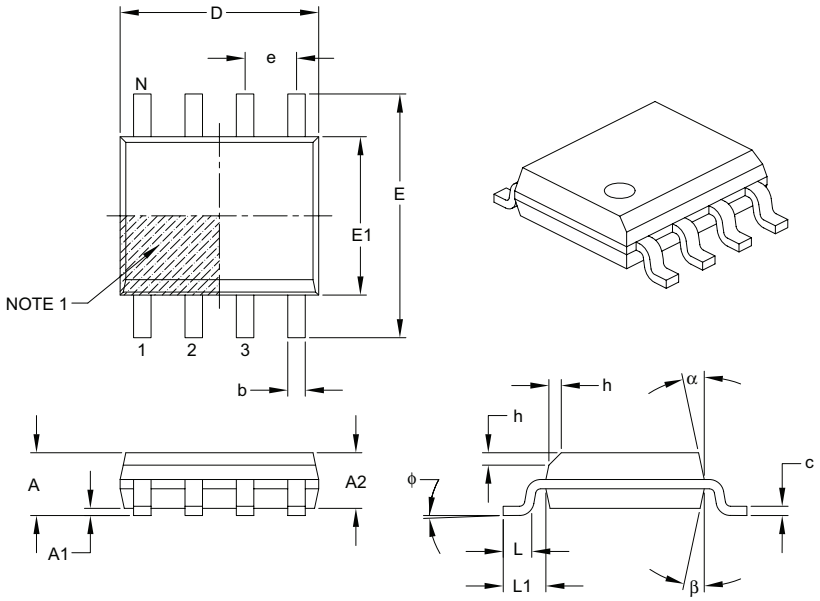
8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		1.27 BSC	
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	–	–
Standoff §	A1	0.10	–	0.25
Overall Width	E		6.00 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		3.90 BSC	
Overall Length	D		4.90 BSC	
Chamfer (optional)	h	0.25	–	0.50
Foot Length	L	0.40	–	1.27
Footprint	L1		1.04 REF	
Foot Angle	φ	0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.17	–	0.25
Lead Width	b	0.31	–	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	–	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	–	15°

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. § Significant Characteristic.
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

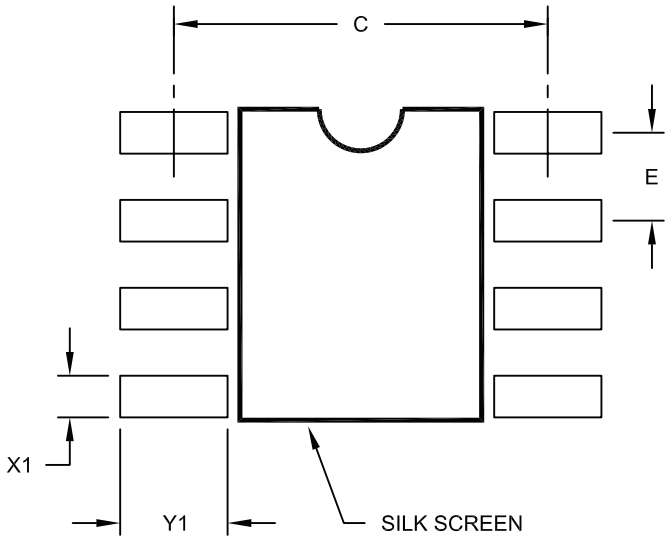
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

   REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-057B

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C		5.40	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.55

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2057A

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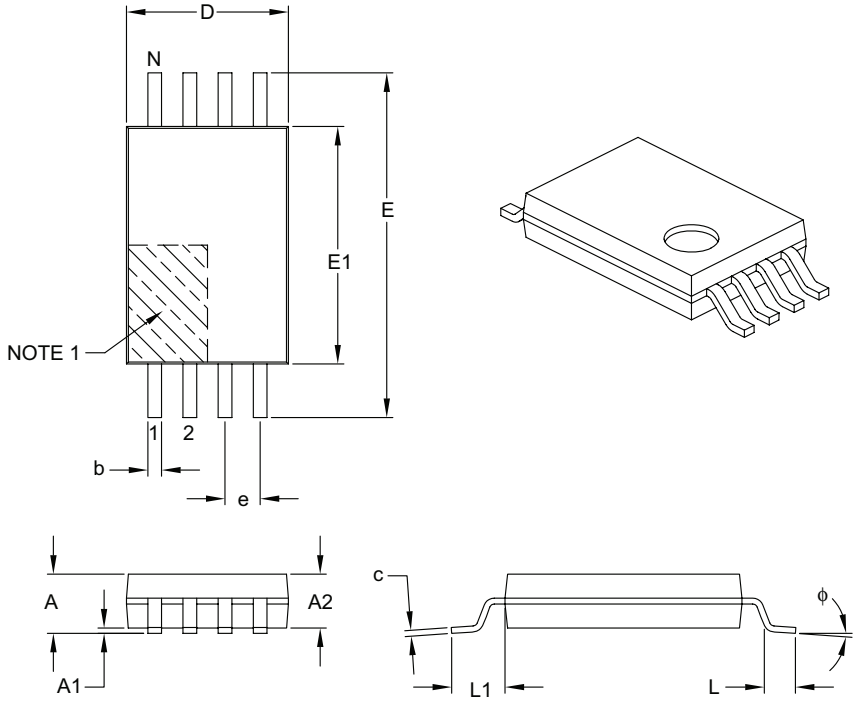
8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) – 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	–	0.15
Overall Width	E		6.40 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
Molded Package Length	D	2.90	3.00	3.10
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1		1.00 REF	
Foot Angle	ϕ	0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.19	–	0.30

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-086B

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision D (10/07)

Added Pb-free to Features section; Section 1.0, revised Ambient Temp.; Replaced Package Drawings; Revised Product ID section.

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PART NO.	X	–	X	/XX
Device	Tape & Reel		Temp Range	Package

Device:	25AA160A		16 Kbit, 1.8V, 16 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM
	25AA160B		16 Kbit, 1.8V, 32 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM
	25LC160A		16 Kbit, 2.5V, 16 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM
	25LC160B		16 Kbit, 2.5V, 32 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM
Tape & Reel:	Blank	=	Standard packaging
	T	=	Tape & Reel
Temperature Range:	I	=	-40°C to+85°C
	E	=	-40°C to+125°C
Package:	MS	=	Plastic MSOP (Micro Small Outline), 8-lead
	P	=	Plastic DIP (300 mil body), 8-lead
	SN	=	Plastic SOIC (3.90 mm body), 8-lead
	ST	=	TSSOP, 8-lead

Examples:

a) 25AA160A-I/MS = 16 Kbit, 16-byte page, 1.8V Serial EEPROM, Industrial temp., MSOP package

b) 25AA160AT-I/SN = 16 Kbit, 16-byte page, 1.8V Serial EEPROM, Industrial temp., Tape & Reel, SOIC package

c) 25LC160BT-I/SN = 16 Kbit, 32-byte page, 2.5V Serial EEPROM, Industrial temp., Tape & Reel, SOIC package

d) 25LC160BT-I/ST = 16 Kbit, 32-byte page, 2.5V Serial EEPROM, Industrial temp., Tape & Reel, TSSOP package

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