

PTC thermistors as heating elements

Metallized rectangular disks, 230 V

Series/Type: B59102

Date: February 2012

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Applications

- Home appliances
 - hair curlers
 - fan heaters
 - coffee machines
 - glue guns

Features

- Aluminum metallization
- Suitable for clamp contacting
- Self-regulating
- UL approval to UL 1434 (file number E69802), except $T_{ref} = 240$ °C. UL approval for $T_{ref} = 220$ °C and 270 °C with $V_{max} = 140$ V and $V_{B} = 120$ V.
- RoHS-compatible

Options

Other dimensions and ratings on request

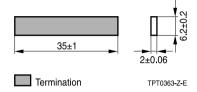
Delivery mode

Packed in styrofoam trays

General technical data

Max. operating voltage V_{max} 265 V AC 230 V AC Rated voltage V_R ٥С Operating temperature range (V = 0)Ton -40/+200 $(V = V_R; T_{ref} \le 60 \, ^{\circ}C)$ °C Operating temperature range Top -40/+60٥С Operating temperature range $(V = V_B; T_{ref} > 60 \, ^{\circ}C)$ Ton -40/+100Tolerance of R_R % ΔR_R ±50 Curvature < 0.05 mm

Dimensional drawing



Dimensions in mm



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Electrical specifications and ordering codes

T _{ref}	V_{BD}	R _{min}	T _{surf} 1)	R _R	Ordering code
(typ.)		$(V = V_R)$	$(V = V_R)$	$(V_{meas} \le 1.5 \text{ V})$	
°C	٧	Ω	°C	Ω	
50	400	225 ²⁾	100	700	B59102R0050A010
70	400	130	115	700	B59102R0070A010
90	400	115	130	700	B59102R0090A010
110	400	100	145	700	B59102R0110A010
130	400	105	160	700	B59102R0130A010
150	400	90	180	700	B59102R0150A010
180	400	66	205	700	B59102R0180A010
220	400	80	240	1000	B59102R0220A010
240	400	75	255	1000	B59102R0240A010
270	340	85	280	1300	B59102R0270A010

Reliability data

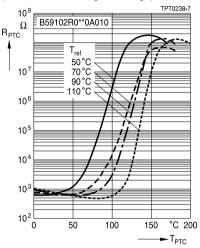
Test	Standard	Test conditions	$ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $
Electrical endurance, cycling	IEC 60738-1	Room temperature, V _{max} Number of cycles: 10 000	< 25%
Electrical endurance, constant	IEC 60738-1	Storage at V _{max} /T _{op,max} (V _R) Test duration: 1000 h	< 25%
Damp heat	IEC 60738-1	Temperature of air: 40 °C Relative humidity of air: 93% Duration: 56 days Test according to IEC 60068-2-78	< 25%

¹⁾ Measured between points

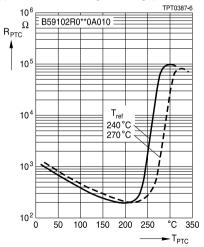
²⁾ T ($R_{PTC} = R_{min}$) < 25 °C

Characteristics (typical)

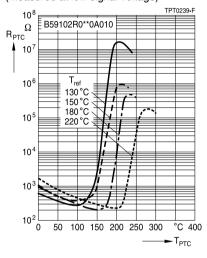
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)



PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)



PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)





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Cautions and warnings

General

- EPCOS thermistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of thermistor through reliability testing during the design-in phase. The thermistors should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.

Storage

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package before storage.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature −25 °C ... +45 °C, relative humidity ≤75% annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environment with effect on function on long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- Use thermistor within the following period after delivery:
 - Through-hole devices (housed and leaded PTCs): 24 months
 - Motor protection sensors, glass-encapsulated sensors and probe assemblies: 24 months
 - Telecom pair and quattro protectors (TPP, TQP): 24 months
 - Leadless PTC thermistors for pressure contacting: 12 months
 - Leadless PTC thermistors for soldering: 6 months
 - SMDs in EIA sizes 3225 and 4032, and for PTCs with metal tags: 24 months
 - SMDs in EIA sizes 0402, 0603, 0805 and 1210: 12 months

Handling

- PTCs must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of PTCs.
- Components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.

Soldering (where applicable)

- Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.
- Standard PTC heaters are not suitable for soldering.



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Mounting

- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housing used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting. Especially grease or oil must be removed.
- When PTC thermistors are encapsulated with sealing material, the precautions given in chapter "Mounting instructions", "Sealing and potting" must be observed.
- When the thermistor is mounted, there must not be any foreign body between the electrode of the thermistor and the clamping contact.
- The minimum force of the clamping contacts pressing against the PTC must be 10 N.
- During operation, the thermistor's surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling at the thermistors.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.

Operation

- Use thermistors only within the specified temperature operating range.
- Use thermistors only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the thermistors. Use thermistors only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions. Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function to prevent secondary product damage caused by abnormal function (e.g. use VDR for limitation of overvoltage condition).



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Symbols and terms

Area Α

C Capacitance Heat capacity Frequency Current

Maximum current I_{max} l_R Rated current Residual current Irac PTC current I_{PTC} l, Residual currrent

 $I_{r,oil}$ Residual currrent in oil (for level sensors) $I_{r,air}$ Residual currrent in air (for level sensors) Root-mean-square value of current I_{RMS}

 I_{s} Switching current

 I_{Smax} Maximum switching current LCT Lower category temperature

Ν Number (integer)

Operating cycles at V_{max}, charging of capacitor N_a

Switching cycles at V_{max}, failure mode N۴

Р Power

 P_{25} Maximum power at 25 °C

 P_{el} Electrical power P_{diss} Dissipation power

 R_{G} Generator internal resistance

Resistance at 25 °C

Minimum resistance R_{min} Rated resistance R_R Tolerance of R_□ ΔR_{-} Parallel resistance R_{P} PTC resistance Reto Reference resistance R_{ref} R_{ς} Series resistance

 R_{25} Resistance matching per reel/ packing unit at 25 °C R_{25,match}

 ΔR_{25} Tolerance of R₂₅ Т Temperature

Time t

 T_A Ambient temperature ta Thermal threshold time



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 $\begin{array}{ll} T_{\text{C}} & \text{Ferroelectric Curie temperature} \\ t_{\text{E}} & \text{Settling time (for level sensors)} \end{array}$

 T_{R} Rated temperature T_{sense} Sensing temperature T_{op} Operating temperature T_{PTC} PTC temperature T_{R} Response time

T_{ref} Reference temperature

T_{Rmin} Temperature at minimum resistance

t_s Switching time

T_{surf} Surface temperature

UCT Upper category temperature

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{V or V}_{\text{el}} & \text{Voltage (with subscript only for distinction from volume)} \\ \text{V}_{\text{c/max}} & \text{Maximum DC charge voltage of the surge generator} \end{array}$

V_{E,max} Maximum voltage applied at fault conditions in protection mode

V_{RMS} Root-mean-square value of voltage

 $\begin{array}{lll} V_{\text{BD}} & & \text{Breakdown voltage} \\ V_{\text{ins}} & & \text{Insulation test voltage} \\ V_{\text{link,max}} & & \text{Maximum link voltage} \\ V_{\text{max}} & & \text{Maximum operating voltage} \end{array}$

V_{max.dvn} Maximum dynamic (short-time) operating voltage

V_{meas} Measuring voltage

V_{meas,max} Maximum measuring voltage

V_B Rated voltage

V_{PTC} Voltage drop across a PTC thermistor

 α Temperature coefficient Δ Tolerance, change δ_{th} Dissipation factor

τ_{th} Thermal cooling time constant

λ Failure rate

e Lead spacing (in mm)

Abbreviations / Notes

SMD Surface-mount devices

* To be replaced by a number in ordering codes, type designations etc.

+ To be replaced by a letter

All dimensions are given in mm.

The commas used in numerical values denote decimal points.



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