



UHF ASK/FSK Industrial Transmitter

DATASHEET

Features

- Integrated PLL loop filter
- ESD protection (3kV HBM/150V MM)
- High output power (5.5dBm) with low supply current (8.5mA)
- Modulation scheme ASK/FSK
 - FSK modulation is achieved by connecting an additional capacitor between the XTAL load capacitor and the open drain output of the modulating microcontroller
- Easy to design-in due to excellent isolation of the PLL from the PA and power supply
- Single Li-cell for power supply
- Supply voltage 2.0V to 4.0V in the temperature range of –40°C to +85°C
- Package TSSOP8L
- Single-ended antenna output with high efficient power amplifier
- CLK output for clocking the microcontroller
- One-chip solution with minimum external circuitry

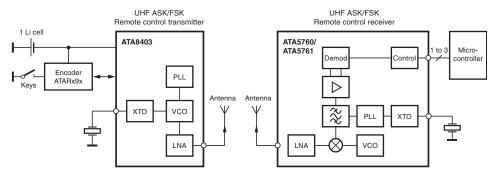
Applications

- Industrial/aftermarket remote keyless entry systems
- · Alarm, telemetering, and energy metering systems
- Remote control systems for consumer and industrial markets
- Access control systems
- Home automation
- Home entertainment
- Toys

1. Description

The ATA8403 is a PLL transmitter IC, which has been developed for the demands of RF low-cost transmission systems for industrial applications at data rates up to 50kBaud ASK and 32kBaud FSK modulation scheme. The transmitting frequency range is 868MHz to 928MHz. It can be used in both FSK and ASK systems.

Figure 1-1. System Block Diagram





2. Pin Configuration

Figure 2-1. Pinning TSSOP8L

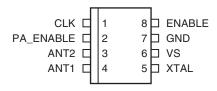


Table 2-1. Pin Description

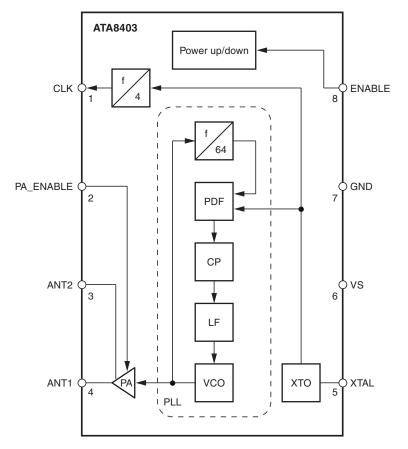
Table 2-1.	Pin Description	ЛІ	
Pin	Symbol	Function	Configuration
1	CLK	Clock output signal for microconroller The clock output frequency is set by the crystal to f _{XTAL} /4	100Ω CLK 100Ω
2	PA_ENABLE	Switches on power amplifier, which is used for ASK modulation	PA_ENABLE 50 kΩ U _{REF} = 1.1V
3	ANT2 ANT1	Emitter of antenna output stage Open collector antenna output	ANT1 O ANT2



Table 2-1. Pin Description (Continued)

Pin	Symbol	Function	Configuration
5	XTAL	Connection for crystal	VS VS VS 1.5 kΩ 1.2 kΩ 182 μA
6	VS	Supply voltage	See ESD protection circuitry (see Figure 4-5 on page 9)
7	GND	Ground	See ESD protection circuitry (see Figure 4-5 on page 9)
8	ENABLE	Enable input	ENABLE 200 kΩ

Figure 2-2. Block Diagram





3. General Description

This fully integrated PLL transmitter allows particularly simple, low-cost RF miniature transmitters to be assembled. The VCO is locked to $64 \times f_{XTAL}$, and therefore a 13.5672MHz crystal is needed for a 868.3MHz transmitter and a 14.2969MHz crystal for a 915MHz transmitter. All other PLL and VCO peripheral elements are integrated.

The XTO is a series resonance oscillator so that only one capacitor together with a crystal connected in series to GND are needed as external elements.

The crystal oscillator together with the PLL typically needs < 1ms until the PLL is locked and the CLK output is stable. There is a wait time of \geq 4ms must be used until the CLK is used for the microcontroller and the PA is switched on.

The power amplifier is an open-collector output delivering a current pulse, which is nearly independent from the load impedance. The delivered output power is therefore controllable via the connected load impedance.

This output configuration enables a simple matching to any kind of antenna or to 50Ω A high power efficiency of $\eta = P_{out}/(I_{S,PA} \times V_S)$ of 24% for the power amplifier at 868.3MHz results when an optimized load impedance of $Z_{Load} = (166 + j226)\Omega$ is used at 3V supply voltage.

4. Functional Description

If ENABLE = L and the PA_ENABLE = L, the circuit is in standby mode, consuming only a very small amount of current, so that a lithium cell used as power supply can work for several years.

With ENABLE = H the XTO, PLL, and the CLK driver are switched on. If PA_ENABLE remains L, only the PLL and the XTO are running and the CLK signal is delivered to the microcontroller. The VCO locks to 64 times the XTO frequency.

With ENABLE = H and PA_ENABLE = H the PLL, XTO, CLK driver, and the power amplifier are on. The power amplifier can be switched on and off with PA_ENABLE. This is used to perform the ASK modulation.

4.1 ASK Transmission

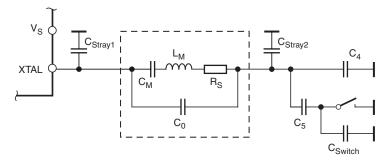
The ATA8403 is activated by ENABLE = H. PA_ENABLE must remain L for $t \ge 4$ ms, then the CLK signal can be taken to clock the microcontroller, and the output power can be modulated by means of the PA_ENABLE pin. After transmission, PA_ENABLE is switched to L, and the microcontroller switches back to internal clocking. The ATA8403 is switched back to standby mode with ENABLE = L.

4.2 FSK Transmission

The ATA8403 is activated by ENABLE = H. PA_ENABLE must remain L for $t \ge 4$ ms, then the CLK signal can be taken to clock the microcontroller and the power amplifier is switched on with PA_ENABLE = H. The chip is then ready for FSK modulation. The microcontroller starts to switch on and off the capacitor between the XTAL load capacitor and GND with an open-drain output port, thus changing the reference frequency of the PLL. If the switch is closed, the output frequency is lower than if the switch is open. After transmission PA_ENABLE is switched to L and the microcontroller switches back to internal clocking. The ATA8403 is switched back to standby mode with ENABLE = L.

The accuracy of the frequency deviation with XTAL pulling method is about ±25% when the following tolerances are considered.

Figure 4-1. Tolerances of Frequency Modulation



Using C_4 = 9.2pF ±2%, C_5 = 6.8pF ±5%, a switch port with C_{Switch} = 3pF ±10%, stray capacitances on each side of the crystal of C_{Stray1} = C_{Stray2} = 1pF ±10%, a parallel capacitance of the crystal of C_0 = 3.2pF ±10% and a crystal with C_M = 13fF ±10%, typically results in an FSK deviation of ±21.5kHz with worst case tolerances of ±16.8kHz to ±28.0kHz.



4.3 CLK Output

An output CLK signal is provided for a connected microcontroller. The delivered signal is CMOS compatible if the load capacitance is lower than 10pF.

4.3.1 Clock Pulse Take-over

The clock of the crystal oscillator can be used for clocking the microcontroller. A special feature of Atmel[®]'s ATARx9x is that it starts with an integrated RC-oscillator to switch on the ATA8403 with ENABLE = H, and after 4ms assumes the clock signal of the transmission IC, so that the message can be sent with crystal accuracy.

4.3.2 Output Matching and Power Setting

The output power is set by the load impedance of the antenna. The maximum output power is achieved with a load impedance of $Z_{Load,opt}$ = (166 + j226) Ω at 868.3MHz. There must be a low resistive path to V_S to deliver the DC current.

The delivered current pulse of the power amplifier is 7.7mA. The maximum output power is delivered to a resistive load of 475Ω if the 0.53pF output capacitance of the power amplifier is compensated by the load impedance.

An optimum load impedance of:

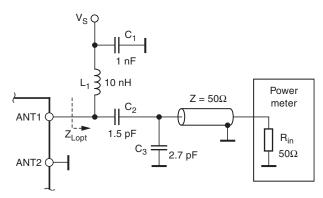
 Z_{Load} = 475 Ω || j/(2 × p × f × 0.53pF) = (166 + j226) Ω thus results in the maximum output power of 5.5dBm.

The load impedance is defined as the impedance seen from the ATA8403's ANT1, ANT2 into the matching network. Do not confuse this large signal load impedance with a small signal input impedance delivered as input characteristic of RF amplifiers and measured from the application into the IC instead of from the IC into the application for a power amplifier.

Less output power is achieved by lowering the real parallel part of 475Ω where the parallel imaginary part should be kept constant.

Output power measurement can be done with the circuit shown in Figure 4-2. Note that the component values must be changed to compensate for the individual board parasitics until the ATA8403 has the right load impedance $Z_{Load,opt} = (166 + j226)\Omega$ at 868.3MHz. Also the damping of the cable used to measure the output power must be calibrated out.

Figure 4-2. Output Power Measurement



4.4 Application Circuit

A value of 68nF/X7R is recommended for the supply-voltage blocking capacitor C_3 (see Figure 4-3 on page 7 and Figure 4-4 on page 8). C_1 and C_2 are used to match the loop antenna to the power amplifier where C_1 typically is 3.9pF/NP0 and C_2 is 1pF/NP0. For C_2 , two capacitors in series should be used to achieve a better tolerance value and to have the possibility of realizing the $Z_{Load,opt}$ using standard valued capacitors.

 C_1 , together with the pins of ATA8403 and the PCB board wires, forms a series resonance loop that suppresses the 1st harmonic. Therefore, the position of C_1 on the PCB is important. Normally the best suppression is achieved when C_1 is placed as close as possible to the pins ANT1 and ANT2.

The loop antenna should not exceed a width of 1.5mm, otherwise the Q-factor of the loop antenna is too high.

 L_1 (≈ 50 nH to 100nH) can be printed on PCB. C_4 should be selected so that the XTO runs on the load resonance frequency of the crystal. Normally, a 15pF load-capacitance crystal results in a value of 12pF.



Figure 4-3. ASK Application Circuit

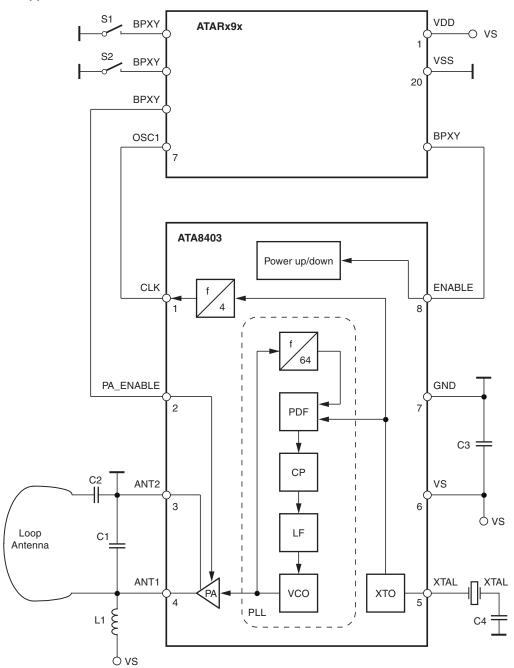




Figure 4-4. FSK Application Circuit

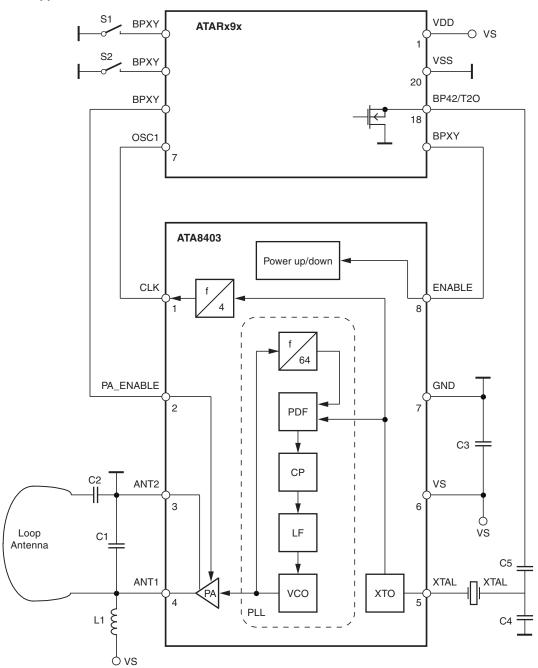
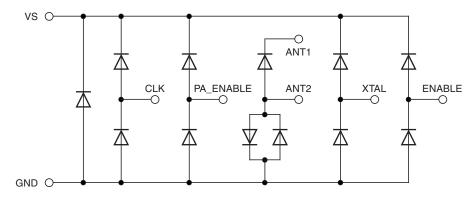




Figure 4-5. ESD Protection Circuit



5. **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Parameters	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
Supply voltage	V _S		5	V
Power dissipation	P _{tot}		100	mW
Junction temperature	T_j		150	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	– 55	+85	°C
Ambient temperature	T_{amb}	– 55	+85	°C
Input voltage	V _{maxPA ENABLE}	-0.3	$(V_S + 0.3)^{(1)}$	V

1. If V_S + 0.3 is higher than 3.7V, the maximum voltage will be reduced to 3.7V. Note:

Thermal Resistance 6.

Parameters	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction ambient	R_{thJA}	170	K/W

7. **Electrical Characteristics**

 V_S = 2.0V to 4.0V, T_{amb} = 25°C unless otherwise specified. Typical values are given at V_S = 3.0V and T_{amb} = 25°C. All parameters are referred to GND (pin 7).

Parameters	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply current	Power down, V _{ENABLE} < 0.25V, -40°C to 85°C V _{PA_ENABLE} < 0.25V, 25°C (100% correlation tested)	I _{S_Off}		< 10	350	nA nA
Supply current	Power up, PA off, $V_S = 3V$, $V_{ENABLE} > 1.7V$, $V_{PA_ENABLE} < 0.25V$	I _S		3.6	4.6	mA
	Power up, V _S = 3.0, V _{ENABLE} > 1.7V, V _{PA_ENABLE} > 1.7V	I _{S_Transmit}		8.5	11	mA

Note: 1. If V_S is higher than 3.6V, the maximum voltage will be reduced to 3.6V.



Electrical Characteristics (Continued) 7.

 V_S = 2.0V to 4.0V, T_{amb} = 25°C unless otherwise specified. Typical values are given at V_S = 3.0V and T_{amb} = 25°C. All parameters are referred to GND (pin 7).

Parameters	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Output power	$V_S = 3.0V$, $T_{amb} = 25$ °C, f = 868.3MHz, $Z_{Load} = (166 + j226)\Omega$	P_{Ref}	3.5	5.5	8	dBm
Output power variation for the full temperature range	$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C,$ $V_{S} = 3.0V$ $V_{S} = 2.0V$	$\Delta P_{Ref} \ \Delta P_{Ref}$			-1.5 -4.0	dB dB
Output power variation for the full temperature range	$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C,$ $V_{S} = 3.0V$ $V_{S} = 2.0V,$ $P_{Out} = P_{Ref} + \Delta P_{Ref}$	$\DeltaP_{Ref} \ \DeltaP_{Ref}$			-2.0 -4.5	dB dB
Achievable output-power range	Selectable by load impedance	P_{Out_typ}	-3		+5.5	dBm
Spurious emission	$f_{\text{CLK}} = f_0/128$ Load capacitance at pin CLK = 10pF $f_0 \pm 1 \times f_{\text{CLK}}$ $f_0 \pm 4 \times f_{\text{CLK}}$ Other spurious are lower			–52 –52		dBc dBc
Oscillator frequency XTO (= phase comparator frequency)	$\begin{split} &f_{XTO} = f_0/64 \\ &f_{XTAL} = \text{resonant frequency of the XTAL}, \\ &C_M \leq 10 \text{fF, load capacitance selected} \\ &\text{accordingly} \\ &T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \end{split}$	f_{XTO}		f _{XTAL}		ppm
PLL loop bandwidth				250		kHz
Phase noise of phase comparator	Referred to $f_{PC} = f_{XTO}$, 25kHz distance to carrier			-116	-110	dBc/Hz
In-loop phase noise PLL	25kHz distance to carrier			-80	-74	dBc/Hz
Phase noise VCO	At 1MHz At 36MHz			–89 –120	–86 –117	dBc/Hz dBc/Hz
Frequency range of VCO		f_{VCO}	868		928	MHz
Clock output frequency (CMOS microcontroller compatible)				f ₀ /256		MHz
Voltage swing at pin CLK	$C_{Load} \le 10pF$	V_{0h}	$V_S \times 0.8$		V _S × 0.2	V V
Series resonance R of the crystal		Rs			110	Ω
Capacitive load at pin XT0					7	pF
FSK modulation frequency rate	Duty cycle of the modulation signal = 50%		0		32	kHz
ASK modulation frequency rate	Duty cycle of the modulation signal = 50%		0		50	kHz
ENABLE input	Low level input voltage High level input voltage Input current high	V _{II} V _{Ih} I _{In}	1.7		0.25 20	V V µA
PA_ENABLE input	Low level input voltage High level input voltage Input current high	V _{II} V _{Ih} I _{In}	1.7		0.25 V _S ⁽¹⁾ 5	V V µA

1. If V_S is higher than 3.6V, the maximum voltage will be reduced to 3.6V. Note:

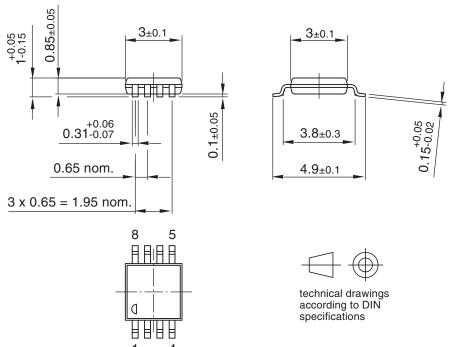


8. Ordering Information

Extended Type Number	Package	MOQ	Remarks
ATA8403C-6AQY	TSSOP8L	5000 pcs	Taped and reeled, Pb-free

9. Package Information

Package: TSSOP 8L Dimensions in mm



Drawing-No.: 6.543-5083.01-4

Issue: 2; 15.03.04

10. Revision History

Please note that the following page numbers referred to in this section refer to the specific revision mentioned, not to this document.

Revision No.	History
4983D-INDCO-08/12	Features on page 1 changed
4983C-INDCO-03/12	Features on page 1 changedSection 8 "Ordering Information" on page 11 changed
4983B-INDCO-10/08	 Put datasheet in the newest template Section 7 "Electrical Characteristics" on page 10 changed





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