

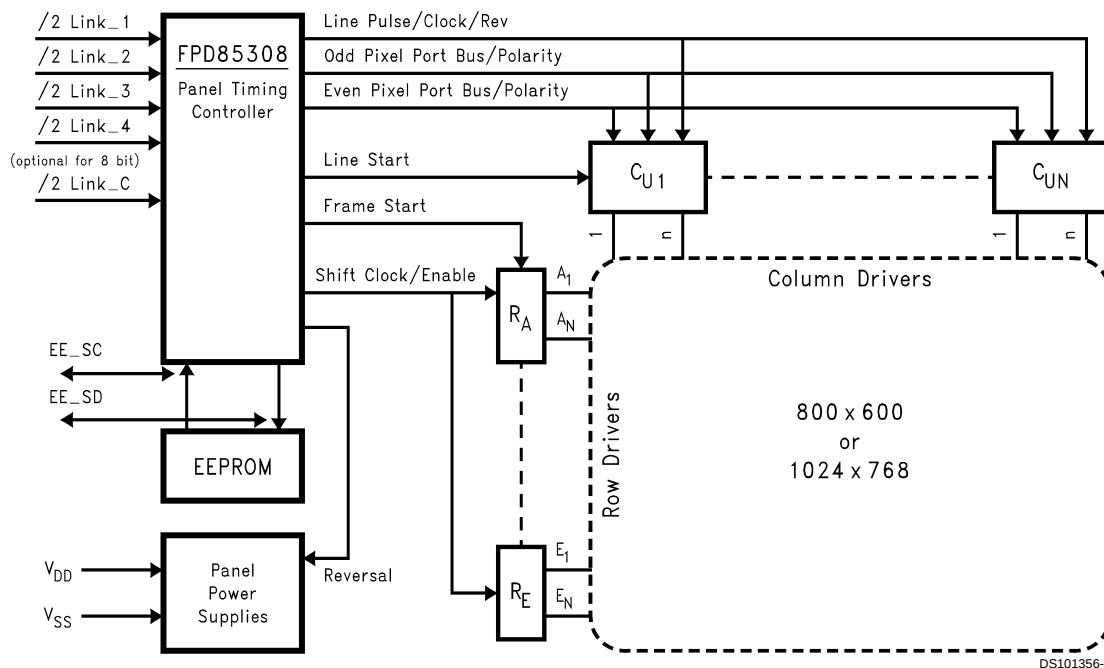
## General Description

The FPD85308 is programmable via an optional external serial EEPROM. Reserved space in the EEPROM is available for display identification information. The system can access the EEPROM to read the display identification data or program initialization values used by the FPD85308.

## Features

- FPD-Link System Interface utilizes Low Voltage Differential Signaling (LVDS).
- Supports Graphics Controllers with Spread Spectrum interfaces for lower EMI
- System programmable via EEPROM
- Suitable for notebook and monitor applications
- 8-bit or 6-bit system interface
- XGA or SVGA capable
- Supports single or dual port column drivers
- Programmable outputs provide customized control for standard or in-house column drivers and row drivers
- Programmable slew rate controlled outputs on CD interface for reduced EMI
- Polarity pin reduces CD data bus switching
- CMOS circuitry operates from a 3.3V supply

## System Diagram



www.national.com

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

|                                                                                         |                         |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Supply Voltage ( $V_{DD}$ )                                                             | 4.0V                    |
| DC Input Voltage ( $V_{IN}$ )                                                           | -0.3V to $V_{DD}$ +0.3V |
| DC Output Voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ )                                                         | -0.3V to $V_{DD}$ +0.3V |
| Storage Temperature Range ( $T_{STG}$ )                                                 | -65°C to +150°C         |
| Lead Temperature ( $T_L$ )<br>(Soldering 10 sec.)                                       | 260°C                   |
| ESD Rating:<br>( $C_{ZAP} = 120$ pF, $R_{ZAP} = 1500\Omega$ )<br>MM = 200V, HBM = 2000V |                         |

## Operating Conditions

|                                   | Min | Max | Units            |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|------------------|
| Supply Voltage ( $V_{DD}$ )       | 3.0 | 3.6 | V                |
| Operating Temp. Range ( $T_A$ )   | 0   | 70  | °C               |
| Supply Noise Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ) |     | 100 | mV <sub>PP</sub> |

**Note 1:** "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. They are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" specifies conditions of device operation.

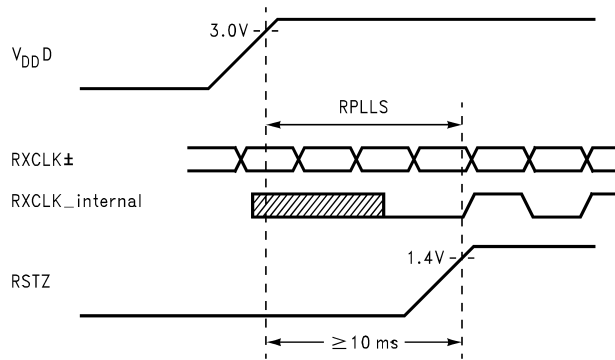
## DC Electrical Characteristics $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to $70^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V} \pm 0.3\text{V}$ (unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol    | Parameter                                | Conditions                                | Min  | Max  | Units         |
|-----------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------|------|---------------|
| $V_{OH}$  | Minimum High Level Output Voltage        | $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{V}$ , $I_{OH} = -8$ mA | 2.4  |      | V             |
| $V_{OL}$  | Maximum Low Level Output Voltage         | $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{V}$ , $I_{OL} = 8$ mA  |      | 0.4  | V             |
| $V_{IH}$  | Minimum High Level Input Voltage         |                                           | 2.0  |      | V             |
| $V_{IL}$  | Maximum Low Level Input Voltage          |                                           |      | 0.8  | V             |
| $I_{IN}$  | Input Current                            | $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$                         |      | 10   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{OZ}$  | Maximum TRI-STATE Output Leakage Current | $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ , $V_{IN} = V_{SS}$     |      | 10   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{DD}$  | Average Supply Current                   | $f = 65$ MHz, $C_{LOAD} = 50$ pF          |      | 312  | mA            |
| $V_{THH}$ | Differential Input High Threshold        | Common Mode Voltage = +1.2V               |      | +100 | mV            |
| $V_{THL}$ | Differential Input Low Threshold         | Common Mode Voltage = +1.2V               | -100 |      | mV            |

## Device Specifications $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to $70^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ (unless otherwise specified)

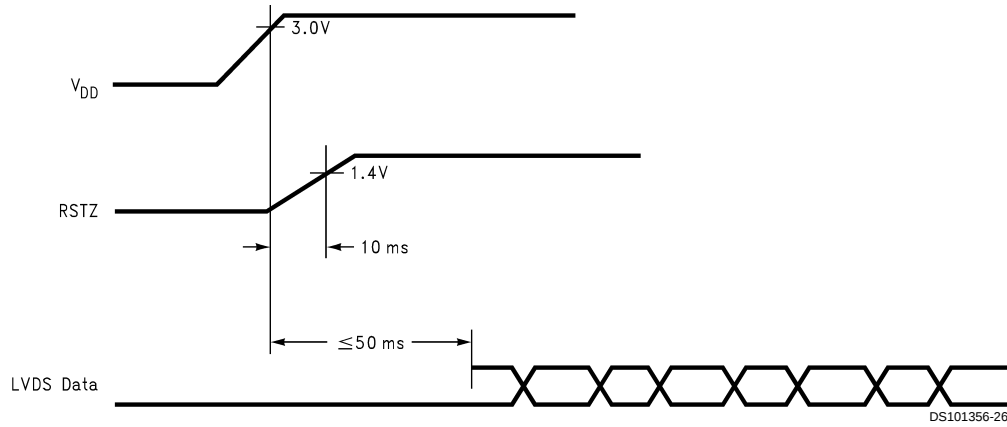
| Symbol | Parameter                             | Conditions | Min | Max | Units |
|--------|---------------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|-------|
| RPLS   | Receiver Phase Lock Loop Set Time     |            |     | 10  | ms    |
| RCCS   | RxIN Channel-to-Channel Skew (Note 2) |            |     | 700 | ps    |

**Note 2:** This limit assumes a maximum cable skew of 350 ps. Actual automated test equipment limit is 400 ps due to tester accuracy.

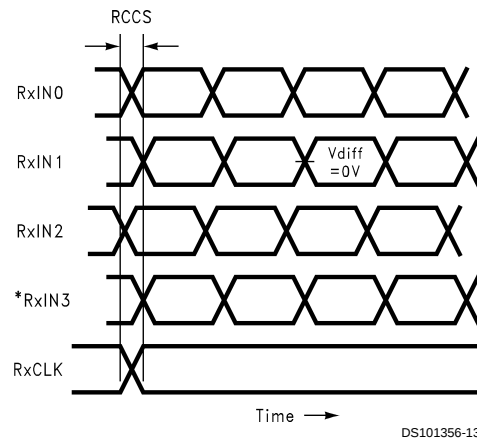


**FIGURE 1. FPD85308 (Receiver) Phase Lock Loop Set Time**

# Device Specifications $T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $70^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ (unless otherwise specified) (Continued)



**FIGURE 2. FPD85308 Power-up Sequencing**



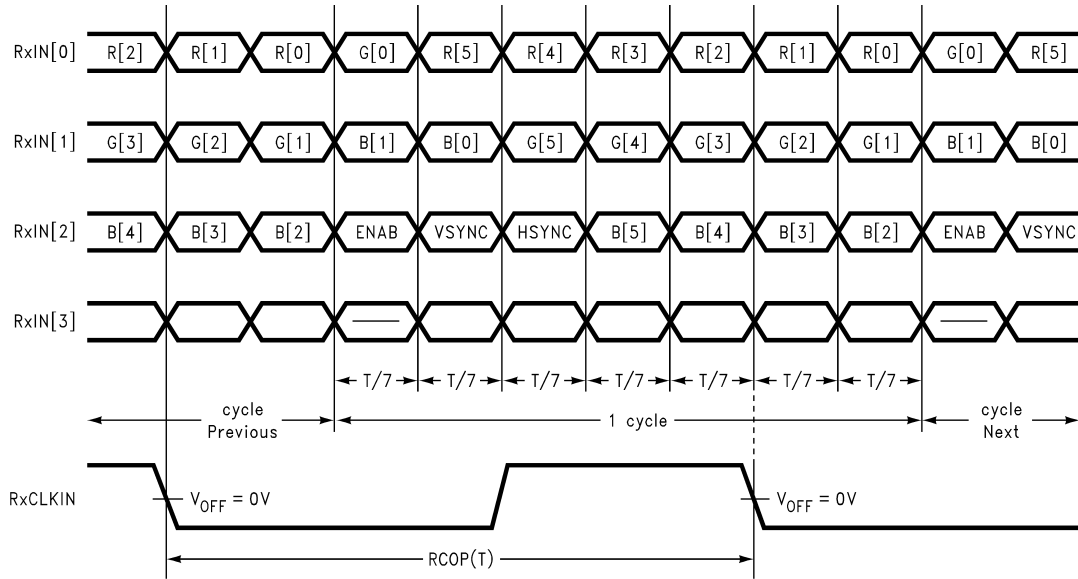
**Note 3:** Measurements at  $V_{DIFF} = 0\text{V}$

**Note 4:** RCCS measured between earliest and latest LVDS edges

**Note 5:** \*RxIN3 pair (RxIN\_3±) is option for 24-bit color depth

**FIGURE 3. FPD85308 (Receiver) Channel-to-Channel Skew and Pulse Width**

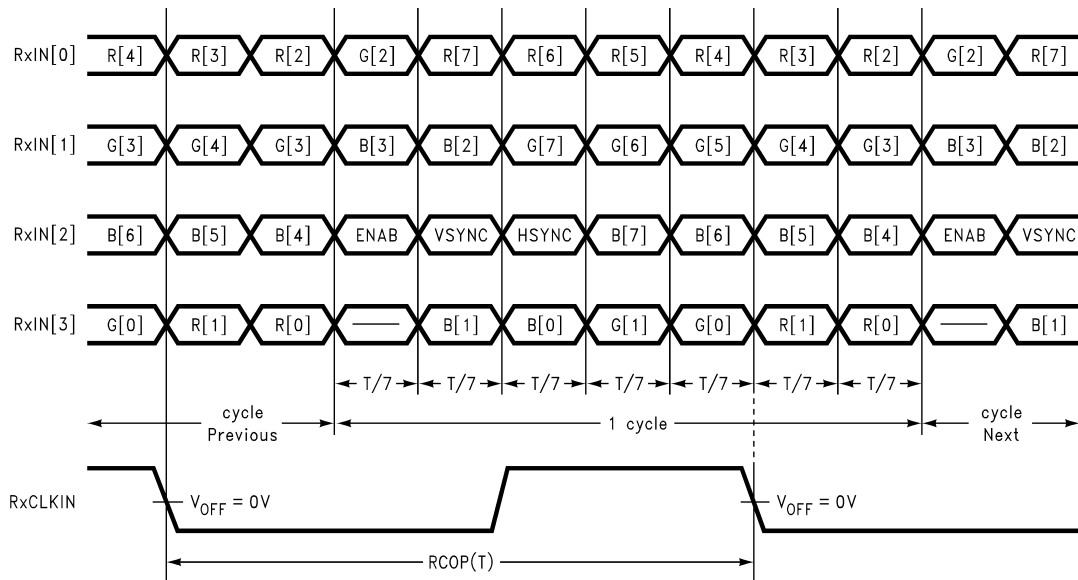
# Device Specifications $T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $70^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ (unless otherwise specified) (Continued)



DS101356-27

**Note:**

R/G/B[5] are MSBs and R/G/B[0] are LSBs

**FIGURE 4. FPD85308-6 bit Input Mapping**

DS101356-28

**Note:**

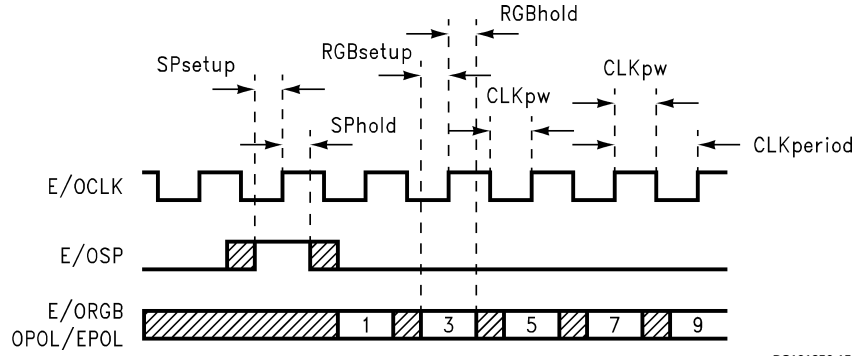
R/G/B[7] are MSBs and R/G/B[0] are LSBs

**FIGURE 5. FPD85308-8 bit Input Mapping**

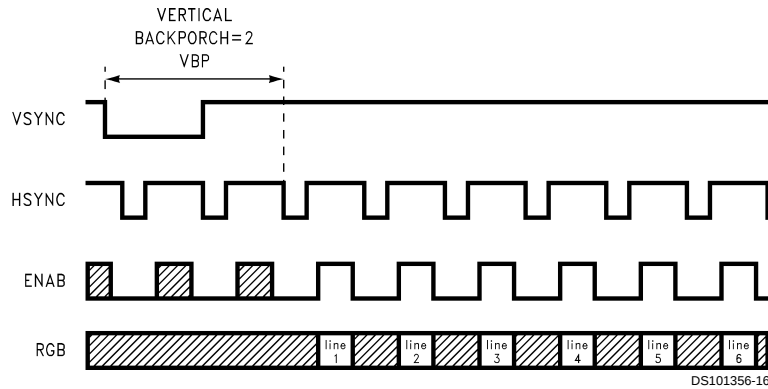
| Symbol    | Parameter                     | Conditions            | Min | Max | Units |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-----|-------|
| SPsetup   | E/OSP from E/OCLK             | 65 MHz Video (Note 6) | 8   |     | ns    |
| SPhold    | E/OSP from E/OCLK             | 65 MHz Video (Note 6) | 8   |     | ns    |
| RGBsetup  | ER/EG/EB/OR/OG/OB from E/OCLK | 65 MHz Video (Note 6) | 8   |     | ns    |
| RGBhold   | ER/EG/EB/OR/OG/OB from E/OCLK | 65 MHz Video (Note 6) | 8   |     | ns    |
| CLKpw     | E/OCLK pulsewidth             | 65 MHz Video (Note 6) | 11  |     | ns    |
| CLKperiod | E/OCLK period                 | 65 MHz Video (Note 6) | 30  |     | ns    |

**Note 6:** Timing applies to Dual Bus output modes.

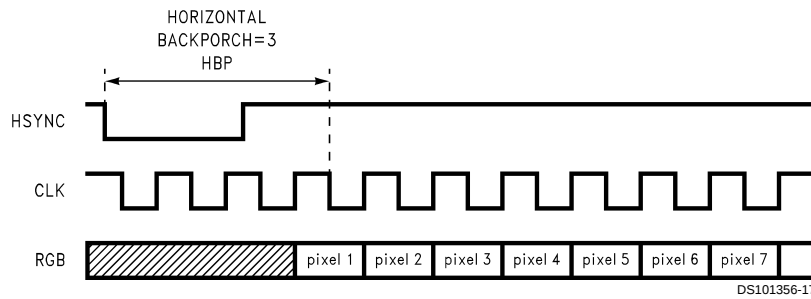
**Device Specifications**  $T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $70^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$  (unless otherwise specified) (Continued)



**FIGURE 6. Column Driver Bus AC Timing**

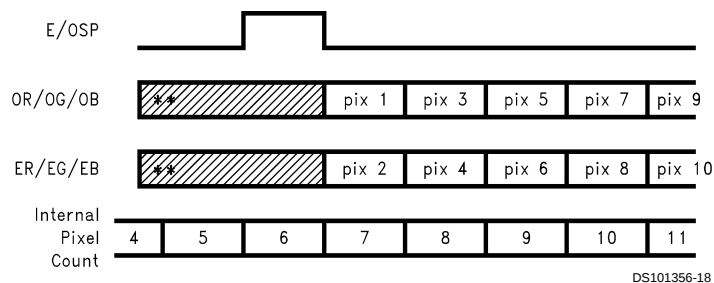


**FIGURE 7. Vertical Backporch Definition  
(Video Data from Host)**



**FIGURE 8. Horizontal Backporch Definition  
(Video Data from Host)**

# Device Specifications $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to $70^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ (unless otherwise specified) (Continued)



Internal Pixel Count final value = pixels per line/2

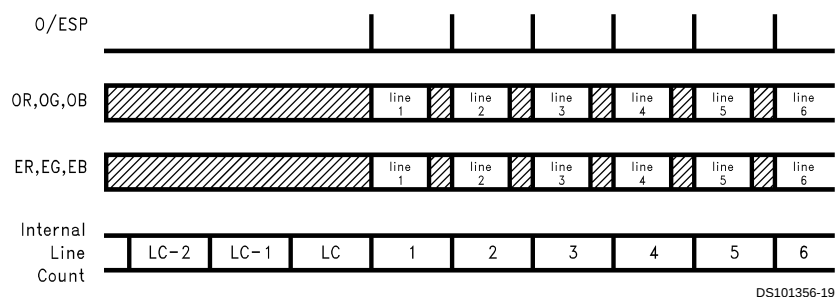
Maximum Internal Pixel Count = 1024 (32.5 MHz clocks)

Internal Pixel Count is used to generate the horizontal\_component for GPO generation

See Figure 11

\*\*Without Blanking control (GPO8), random data may be observed 16 OCLK before E/OSP. During this period it is also possible that 1 discontinuous (incomplete) OCLK may also be observed. However this occurrence should not adversely affect the actual image since it occurs before E/OSP.

**FIGURE 9. Internal Pixel Count Used for GPO Control Generation**



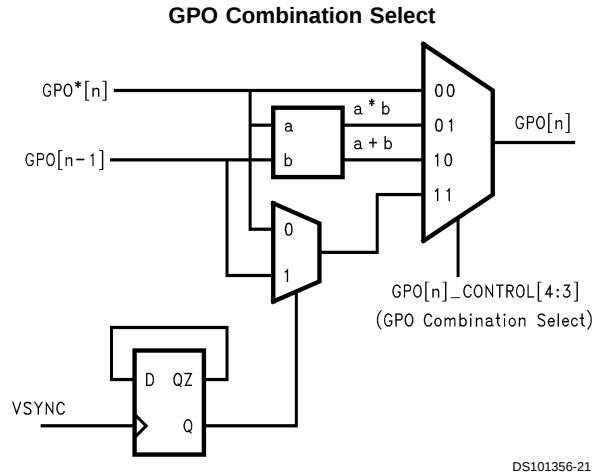
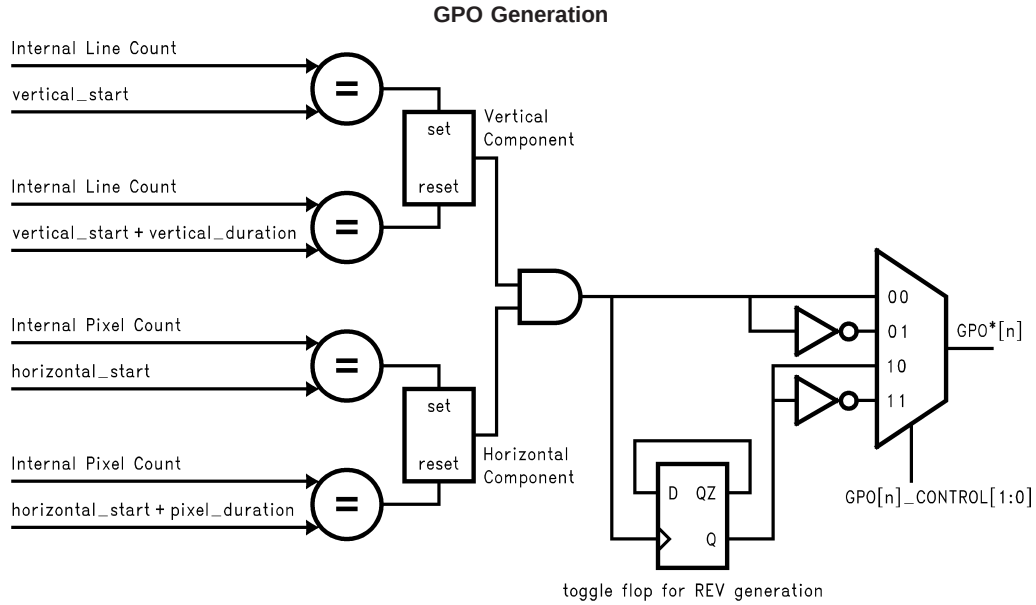
LC = lines per frame count, LCmax = 2048 lines

Internal Line Count is used to generate the vertical component for GPO generation

See Figure 11

**FIGURE 10. Internal Line Count Used for GPO Control Generation**

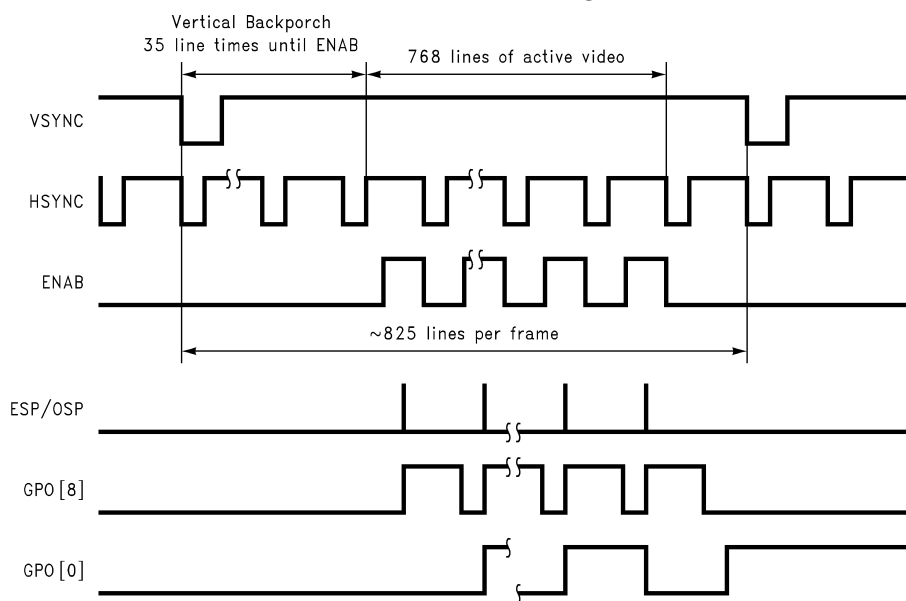
**Device Specifications**  $T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $70^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$  (unless otherwise specified) (Continued)



**FIGURE 11. GPO Control Generation**

# Device Specifications $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to $70^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ (unless otherwise specified) (Continued)

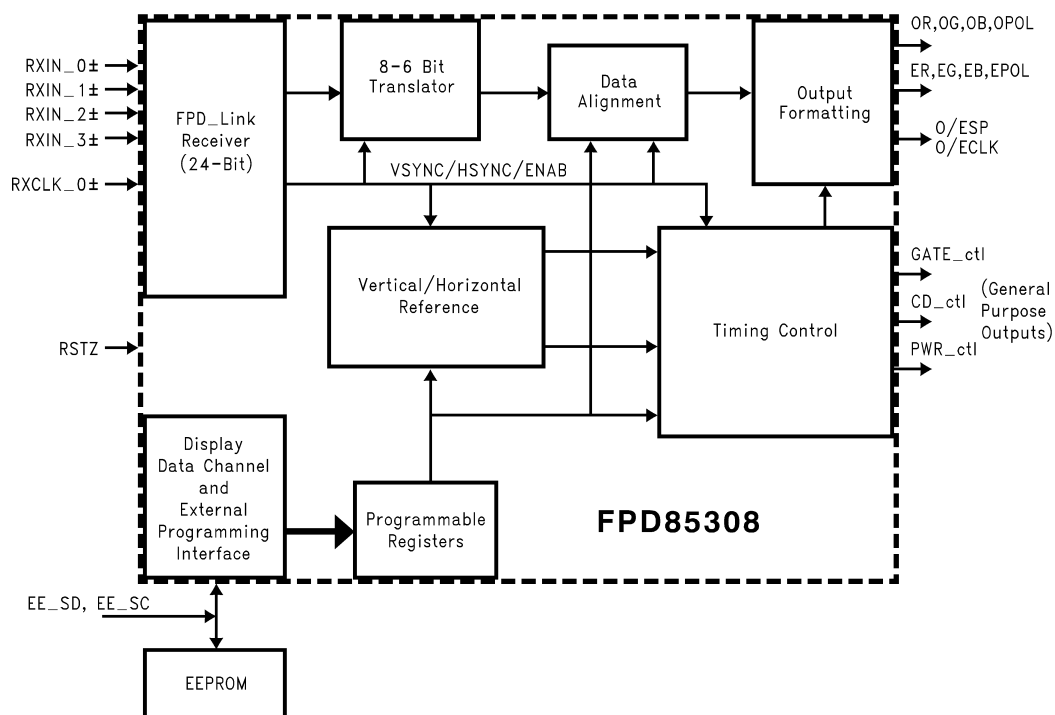
## FPD85308 Default Timing



DS101356-22

Vertical Backporch = 35  
 Lines/Frame = ~825  
 Pixels/Line = ~1200  
 Horizontal Backporch = ~100  
 Displayed pixels/line = 1024  
 (Valid data during ENAB High time)  
 Displayed lines/frames = 768  
 Frequency = 65 MHz (or less)

## Block Diagram



DS101356-3

## Functional Description

### FPD-LINK Receiver

The LVDS based FPD-Link Receiver receives inputs video data and control timing. Four LVDS channels plus clock provide 24-bit color. Three LVDS channels can be used for 18-bit color.

The video data is regenerated to a parallel data stream and routed to the 8 to 6 Bit Translator. The General Purpose Outputs (GPOs) continue outputting the programmed control sequence at a reduced frame rate. RSTZ initialized the chip with the default register values. EEPROM configuration data is loaded if EEPROM is detected. (EEPROM address 80H = "00").

### Spread Spectrum Support

The FPD-Link receiver supports graphics controllers with Spread Spectrum interfaces for reducing EMI. The Spread Spectrum method supported is Center Spread. A maximum of 2% Center Spread at a modulation frequency of 200 KHz is supported.

### 8 to 6 Bit Translator

8-bit data is reduced to a 6-bit data path via a time multiplexed dithering technique or a simple truncation of the LSBs. This function is enabled via the Input Control Register bits 4 and 3. See *Table 2* Input Format Control register.

### Data Alignment

This function delays and aligns data to match the CD/panel architecture. Programmable selections in the Output Format Control Register bits 0 and 1 provide support for various LCD panel architectures. See *Figures 12, 13, 14, 15, 16* for additional explanation.

### Dual Bus, Single Port CD Interface

When interfacing two busses to a bank of single port column drivers, the RGB data must be aligned/delayed with respect to the size of the column drivers being used. The CD Size register is programmed to support single port column drivers of up to 384 outputs (128 pixels).

### Dual Bus, Dual Port CD Interface

When interfacing with dual port column drivers, data is simply output with odd and even data on separate outputs.

### Single Bus, Single Port CD Interface

The single bus, single port column driver interface provides support of existing SVGA systems. All data is output on a single bus. The second bus can be turned off when using this configuration.

### Output Formatting

The output formatting function provides several capabilities to reduce noise EMI and to generate customized timing. These capabilities are selectable/programmable via the Output Format Control, Output Enable/Polarity Control, and Output Drive Control Registers. See *Table 2* for specific bit definitions.

### Data Bus Skewing

This function aligns the two output channels in either a non-skewed data format (simultaneous switching) or a skewed data format. The skewed format delays the even channel data and control by  $\frac{1}{2}$  clock. This reduces the

number of outputs which switch simultaneously. See *Figures 12, 13, 14, 15, 16*. Data Bus Skewing is enabled by setting bit 2 in the Output Format Control register.

### Programmable Slew Rates

Programmable edge rates allow the Data, Polarity, Start Pulse, and Clock outputs to be adjusted for better impedance matching for noise and EMI reduction. Bits [7:6] of the Output Enable/Polarity Control Register control OSP and ESP outputs. The Output Drive Control register control the OCLK, ECLK, ORGB/OPOL, ERGB/EPOL outputs.

### Polarity Generation

When enabled, a polarity indication (OPOL, EPOL) is output for each data bus. When in the dual bus output configuration, if the number of transitions from pixel to pixel exceed 18 bits from a total of 36 bits, the data is then inverted and a polarity indication corresponding to that bus is set active. In the single bus (ORGB bus) applications such as SVGA, when the number of pixel to pixel transitions exceed 9 bits from a total of 18 bits, the data is inverted and the OPOL is set active. This features requires the use of a CD with a polarity input. In SKEWED dual output data bus applications, OPOL and EPOL are aligned with their respective buses and should be used as the Polarity generation input to the CD which supports dual bus/Polarity generation. In Non-Skewed dual output bus applications, OPOL is aligned with both data buses and should be used as the Polarity Generation input to the CD. The polarity function is enabled by setting bit 6 of the Output Format Control register (EEPROM address D2). The OCLK and ECLK polarity is also programmable. Inversion and TRI-STATE control of OCLK and ECLK is provided by bits [3:0] of the Output Enable/Polarity Control Register. The ERGB/ESP/EPOL and ORGB/OSP/OPAL outputs can be disabled (TRI-STATE) using bits [5:4] of the Output Enable/Polarity Control register.

### Programmable Positioning of CD Start Pulse

The position of the CD Start Pulse is programmable. This allows use with column drivers having non-standard start pulse timing. The CD Start Pulse position is determined by bits [3:0] of the Output Format Control Register (EEPROM address D3).

### Data Blanking

Data, Polarity, Start Pulse and Clock can be blanked (forced to "0") during horizontal and/or vertical blanking periods. GPO [8] is programmed to correspond to display periods. When GPO [8] is low, outputs are forced to "0". This reduces amount of switching over the frame time thus reducing power. See GPO programming procedure in *APPENDIX A: GPO Programming Examples*.

### Line Inversion

When enabled (Bit 3 of the Output Format Register), the polarity of the output data is determined by GPO [0]. Bit 4 defines the relationship between GPO [0] and the output data. Bit 5 provides a variation of this where the Odd and Even data is of different polarity. This could be used in a system with CDs on both top and bottom of the panel in which dot inversion is desired.

## Functional Description (Continued)

### White Data

The White Data function generates all “1” data beginning at line 769 and continuing until the beginning of the next frame. This function is controlled via D6 Register Bit 7.

### Timing Control

The Timing Control function generates control to column drivers, row drivers, and power supply. The programmable GPOs provide for CD latch pulse, REV, and gate driver control generation. The GPOs allow the user to generate control anywhere within the frame data. Standard gate driver interface or custom gate interfaces can be implemented with the nine GPOs. Note that GPO [8] must be used for output blanking control.

Five registers provide the timing definition for each GPO. The Horizontal Start register defines the output pixel number for which the GPO output goes active. The Horizontal duration register determines how many clocks the output will remain active during the line. The Vertical Start register defines at what line # the output becomes active, and the Vertical duration register defines how many lines the output remains active. Each output has a control register (bit 0) which defines the GPO polarity (active high or low). Another bit in the control register (bit 1) enables the “toggle” mode. This mode is useful in REV generation when alternating polarity is required from line to line. Frame to Frame polarity changes are made by programming an odd # in the vertical duration register when in “toggle” mode. Please note that ODD Frame size inputs are not supported in “toggle mode” function.

Two of the General Purpose Outputs have additional capabilities. GPO [8] controls output blanking and must be used for this purpose. If output blanking is not desired, this register must be programmed to always be active. White data generation (all “1” data) at the end of each frame is generated when D6 register bit 7 is set. When this bit is set, white data is output after line #768 if GPO [8] is active. GPO [0] is capable of performing line inversion on the output data. Bits [5:3] of the Output Format Control register provides control for this function.

See *APPENDIX A: GPO Programming Examples*.

### SERIAL EEPROM INTERFACE

The Serial EEPROM Interface controls the FPD85308 initialization. If the EEPROM is not present (EESD and EESC are pulled high), or if EEPROM address 80H is not “00”, the internal default values are used to initialize all programmable functions of the FPD85308.

At power-up, the FPD85308 configures the internal programmable registers with data from the EEPROM. After the FPD85308 is initialized, the EEPROM can be accessed by the system in which display configuration and manufacturing information can be obtained. The EEPROM can be programmed “in system” providing quick evaluation of different display timing.

External access to the EEPROM must be preceded by applying a “1” to pin TEST [2] in order to interrupt the FPD85308 download.

The FPD85308 initialization data begins at EEPROM address 80H. The first 128 bytes (0-7F) are reserved for display identification data.

A power-up delay can be programmed using bits [6:5] of the Input Format Control Register. This delays outputting (driv-

ing) of the data and control for up to 5 frame times after reset. The TEST [2] pin must be low for a power-up delay to occur.

### VERTICAL/HORIZONTAL REFERENCE GENERATOR

This block provides Vertical and Horizontal Reference points for the Timing Control Function. VSYNC, HSYNC and ENAB along with programmable control from the input control register bits 0 and 1 (FIX HORIZONTAL and FIX VERTICAL) are used to determine when the video from the host is valid. Three input modes are supported. See *Table 1*.

#### Fixed Vertical, Fixed Horizontal

The horizontal timing is fixed and determined by the Horizontal Backporch register. The vertical timing is also fixed and determined by the Vertical Backporch register. ENAB is ignored and is not necessary.

#### Fixed Vertical, ENAB Controlled Horizontal

The horizontal timing is controlled by the ENAB timing. The vertical timing is fixed and determined by the Vertical Backporch register and HSYNC input.

#### ENAB Only

In ENAB Only timing, VSYNC and HSYNC are ignored. All timing is derived from the ENAB signal.

**Functional Description** (Continued)**TABLE 1. Input Mode Definition**

| <b>INPUT FORMAT<br/>FIXED VERTICAL,<br/>FIXED HORIZONTAL<br/>determined by the INPUT<br/>CONTROL REGISTER bits [1:0]</b> | <b>HORIZONTAL<br/>DATA START</b>                                                      | <b>VERTICAL<br/>DATA START</b>                                                    |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FIXED VERTICAL,<br>FIXED HORIZONTAL<br>(FIX VERTICAL = 1,<br>FIX HORIZONTAL = 1)                                         | Programmable from HSYNC Falling Edge<br>(# INPUT CLKS)                                | Programmable from VSYNC<br>Falling Edge<br>(# HSYNC PERIODS)                      |
| FIXED VERTICAL,<br>FIXED HORIZONTAL ENABLE<br>(FIXED VERTICAL = 1,<br>FIXED HORIZONTAL = 0)                              | Data Valid during ENAB high. HSYNC<br>input required for FIXED VERTICAL<br>operation. | Programmable from VSYNC<br>Falling Edge<br>(# HSYNC PERIODS)                      |
| ENAB ONLY<br>(FIXED VERTICAL = 0,<br>FIXED HORIZONTAL = 0)                                                               | Data Valid during ENAB High (HSYNC is<br>IGNORED)                                     | First ENAB after ENAB low for<br>greater than one line time (VSYNC<br>is IGNORED) |

## Functional Description (Continued)

fault values are used. The following parameters are initialized at power up. Pullups must be used on EE\_SD and EE\_SC pins.

### PROGRAMMABLE REGISTERS

At power-up, data is read from an external EEPROM. If anything other than 00H is read back on the first EEPROM access (indicating EEPROM not present), the internal de-

**TABLE 2. FPD85308 Programmable Register Definition**

| Control Registers     | EEPROM Address | The control registers provide mode setting information to the input and output interfaces. |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Output Format Control | D2             | [1:0]                                                                                      | "00" = Dual Bus, Single port CD interface<br>"01" = Dual Bus, Dual port CD interface<br>"10" = Single Bus, Single port CD interface<br>"11" = Not implemented (defaults to "10")                                                                                     |
|                       |                | [2]                                                                                        | "0" = Non-Skewed outputs<br>"1" = Skewed outputs                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                       |                | [3]                                                                                        | "0" = Data inversion is disabled<br>"1" = Data inversion is enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                       |                | [4]                                                                                        | "0" = Data inversion when GPO[0] is "0"<br>"1" = Data inversion when GPO[0] is "1"                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                       |                | [5]                                                                                        | "0" = Even and Odd data inversion when data inversion is enabled<br>"1" = Odd data inversion determined by bit[4], Even data opposite of Odd data                                                                                                                    |
|                       |                | [6]                                                                                        | "0" = Polarity Function disabled<br>"1" = Polarity Function enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                       |                | [7]                                                                                        | "0" = OPOL/EPOL = 0 when data is inverted<br>"1" = OPOL/EPOL = 1 when data is inverted                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                       | D3             | [1:0]                                                                                      | Odd Start Pulse Offset<br>"00" = Start pulse 0 clocks before data<br>"01" = Start pulse 1 clock before data<br>"10" = Start pulse 2 clocks before data<br>"11" = Start pulse 3 clocks before data                                                                    |
|                       |                | [3:2]                                                                                      | Even Start Pulse Offset<br>"00" = Start pulse 0 clocks before data<br>"01" = Start pulse 1 clock before data<br>"10" = Start pulse 2 clocks before data<br>"11" = Start pulse 3 clocks before data                                                                   |
|                       |                | [7:4]                                                                                      | Unused Pixels<br>"0000" = no unconnected pixels at beginning of first CD<br>"0001" = 1 unconnected pixel at beginning of first CD<br>"0010" = 2 unconnected pixels at beginning of first CD<br>...<br>...<br>"1111" = 15 unconnected pixels at beginning of first CD |

## Functional Description (Continued)

**TABLE 2. FPD85308 Programmable Register Definition (Continued)**

| Control Registers              | EEPROM Address | The control registers provide mode setting information to the input and output interfaces. |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Output Enable/Polarity Control | DB             | [0]                                                                                        | OCLK Enable (1-On, 0-TRI-STATE)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                |                | [1]                                                                                        | OCLK Polarity (1-Per Datasheet, 0-Inverted)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                                |                | [2]                                                                                        | ECLK Enable (1-On, 0-TRI-STATE)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                |                | [3]                                                                                        | ECLK Polarity (1-Per Datasheet, 0-Inverted)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                                |                | [4]                                                                                        | ORGB/OSP/OPOL Enable (1-On, 0-TRI-STATE)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                |                | [5]                                                                                        | ERGB/ESP/EPOL Enable (1-On, 0-TRI-STATE)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                |                | [7:6]                                                                                      | OSP/ESP Control                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                |                |                                                                                            | [7,6] Output                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                |                |                                                                                            | 0,0 Lowest Drive                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                |                |                                                                                            | 0,1 ..                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                                |                |                                                                                            | 1,0 ..                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                                |                |                                                                                            | 1,1 Highest Drive                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Output Drive Control           | D4             | [1:0]                                                                                      | OCLK Control                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                |                | [3:2]                                                                                      | ECLK Control                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                |                | [5:4]                                                                                      | ORGB/OPOL Control                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                                |                | [7:6]                                                                                      | ERGB/EPOL Control                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                                |                |                                                                                            | [A,B] Output                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                |                |                                                                                            | 0,0 Lowest Drive                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                |                |                                                                                            | 0,1 ..                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                                |                |                                                                                            | 1,0 ..                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                                |                |                                                                                            | 1,1 Highest Drive                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| CD Size                        | D5             | [7:0]                                                                                      | = # Data/CD<br>This number defines how many contiguous pixels are output on the odd and even data channels for the single port CD interface. CD sizes of up to 128 pixel (384 channel) are supported. A minimum value of 20H must be programmed regardless of CD interface used. |
| Input Format Control           | D6             | [0]                                                                                        | Fix Vertical<br>"0" = Vertical position dependent on first ENAB from VSYNC<br>"1" = Vertical position dependent on Vertical Backporch Register                                                                                                                                   |
|                                |                | [1]                                                                                        | Fix Horizontal<br>"0" = Horizontal position dependent on ENAB<br>"1" = Horizontal position dependent on Horizontal Backporch Register<br>*See <i>Table 1</i> for valid mode combinations.                                                                                        |
|                                |                | [2]                                                                                        | Must be "0"                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                                |                | [3]                                                                                        | Enable/Disable Virtual 8-bit (8-bit input only)<br>"0" = Virtual 8-bit enabled (FRC)<br>"1" = Virtual 8-bit disabled (Truncate LSBs)                                                                                                                                             |
|                                |                | [4]                                                                                        | Eight/Six Bit Video<br>"0" = Six Bit Video<br>"1" = Eight Bit Video                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                                |                | [6:5]                                                                                      | Power-up Delay (TEST2 must be "0")<br>"00" = Outputs active after second VSYNC<br>"01" = Outputs active after third VSYNC<br>"10" = Outputs active after fourth VSYNC<br>"11" = Outputs active after fifth VSYNC                                                                 |
|                                |                | [7]                                                                                        | White Data Generation<br>"0" = No white data generation<br>"1" = Enables white data generation during vertical blanking                                                                                                                                                          |

## Functional Description (Continued)

**TABLE 2. FPD85308 Programmable Register Definition (Continued)**

| Control Registers                         | EEPROM Address                | The control registers provide mode setting information to the input and output interfaces.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Vertical Backporch (11 bits)              | DA, D9                        | # of HSYNCS from VSYNC falling edge until start of video                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Horizontal Backporch (11 bits)            | D8, D7                        | # of 65 MHz clocks after the falling edge of HSYNC until start of video                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| General Purpose Output Registers (9 sets) | See Table 3 EEPROM Memory Map | <p>The GPO registers provide complete control over placement of control edges/strobes within the data frame. The GPO timing registers (Vertical Start, Vertical Duration, Horizontal Start, and Horizontal Duration) define the control timing relative to the internal line and pixel counters. The line counter corresponds to the line being displayed. The pixel counter corresponds to the pixel output each line. The Control Register provides polarity selection and/or generation of a line to line frame-to-frame alternating signal (REV). Each General Purpose Output can be uniquely configured. See the GPO programming examples for details.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- GPO [0] provides for the data inversion function enabled by bit 3 of the Output Format Control Register</li> <li>- GPO [8] provides programmable data and clock blanking</li> </ul> |
| Vertical Start (11 bits)                  |                               | Line # at which GPO [X] control generation begins                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Vertical Duration (11 bits)               |                               | # lines GPO [X] control generation continues (if "0", Vertical component is always on)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Horizontal Start (10 bits)                |                               | <p>Internal count (pixel counter) at which GPO [X] goes active to be triggered on rising edge of the OCLK</p> <p>Note: If control register [1] = "1", start position will be moved by 1 pixel clock</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Horizontal Duration (11 bits)             |                               | # Pixel Clocks/2 GPO [X] is active after Horizontal Start (if "0", Horizontal component is always on)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## Functional Description (Continued)

**TABLE 2. FPD85308 Programmable Register Definition (Continued)**

| Control Registers         | EEPROM Address | The control registers provide mode setting information to the input and output interfaces.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Control Register (5 bits) |                | [0]. Output polarity - defines active high or active low output<br>“0” = normal output (active high)<br>“1” = inverted output (active low)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                           |                | [1]. Toggle circuit enable/disable<br>“0” = Normal GPO output; Toggle circuitry disabled<br>“1” = Toggle circuitry enabled; output transitions after 1 clock (pixel counter) whenever programmed rising edge of GPO occurs.<br>When “toggle circuit” is enable, the value of “Horizontal Duration” register programming determine; “001h”~‘1 H-line-1’ = 1 H-line toggling, ‘1 H-line’~‘2 H-line-1’ = 2 H-line toggling, etc. up to 11 bits are set.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                           |                | [2]. Automatic Frame Size Detection<br>GPO [0:1]<br>“0” = Normal Operation<br>“1” = Used with toggle circuitry to create a “continuous” REV signal. NOTE: The value of the vertical duration register is overwritten. ODD Frame size inputs are not supported.<br>GPO [2:8]<br>“0” = Normal Operation<br>“1” = Early Start capability (Vertical Duration = “00” is N/A, See <i>Table 4</i> )<br>The value in the Vertical Start Register is subtracted from the total number of lines/frame (auto-detected) to determine the Vertical Start position.<br>(It needs a full frame after RSTZ, then started with 1 frame delayed to compare to the other GPOs) |
|                           |                | [4:3] GPO [0:8] Combination Select* (Two GPOs or multi GPOs)<br>“00” = Select GPO# as programmed. (no combination function)<br>“01” = Select GPO# “ANDed” with GPO#-1<br>“10” = Select GPO# “ORed” with GPO#-1<br>“11” = Select GPO# and GPO#-1 on alternating frames<br>(*If the transition of GPO#-1 effect the combined result, it should be delayed 1 OCLK, and GPO0 cannot be programmed by non-existing of “GPO-1”)<br>(Examples) GPO#-1 AND GPO#, (GPO#-2 and GPO#-1) OR GPO# and etc.                                                                                                                                                               |

**TABLE 3. EEPROM Memory Map**

| Address | Data (# bits)                            | Default Values |
|---------|------------------------------------------|----------------|
| 0-7F    | DDC VESA DATA                            | (HEX)          |
| 80      | programmed to 00H for EEPROM auto detect | 00             |
| 82,81   | gpo [8]_pstart_reg (10)                  | 00,01          |
| 84,83   | gpo [8]_pcount_reg (11)                  | 02,2D          |
| 86,85   | gpo [8]_lstart_reg (11)                  | 00,01          |
| 88,87   | gpo [8]_lcount_reg (11)                  | 03,02          |
| 89      | gpo [8]_cont_reg (5)                     | 00             |
| 8B,8A   | gpo [7]_pstart_reg (10)                  | 00,14          |
| 8D,8C   | gpo [7]_pcount_reg (11)                  | 01,E0          |
| 8F,8E   | gpo [7]_lstart_reg (11)                  | 00,02          |
| 91,90   | gpo [7]_lcount_reg (11)                  | 03,00          |
| 92      | gpo [7]_cont_reg (5)                     | 01             |

## Functional Description (Continued)

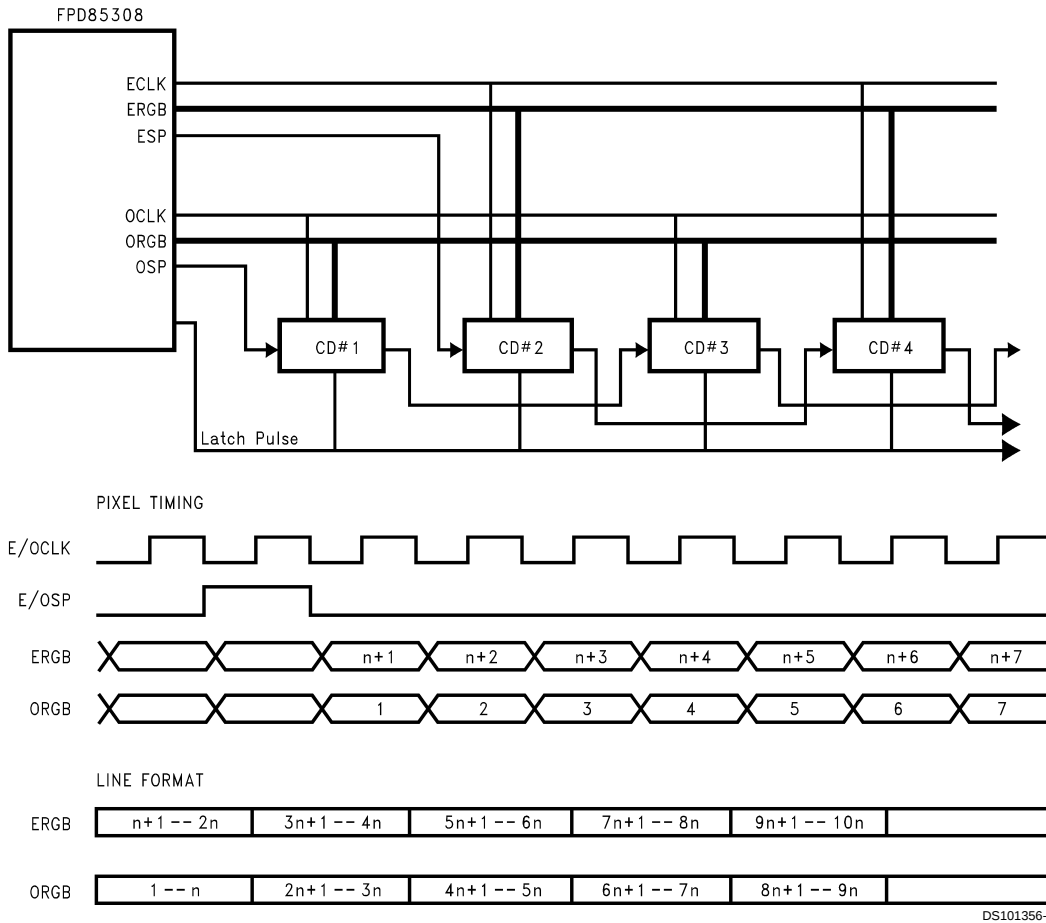
TABLE 3. EEPROM Memory Map (Continued)

| Address | Data (# bits)           | Default Values |
|---------|-------------------------|----------------|
| 94,93   | gpo [6]_pstart_reg (10) | 00,01          |
| 96,95   | gpo [6]_pcount_reg (11) | 02,9F          |
| 98,97   | gpo [6]_lstart_reg (11) | 01,FD          |
| 9A,99   | gpo [6]_lcount_reg (11) | 00,01          |
| 9B      | gpo [6]_cont_reg (5)    | 01             |
| 9D,9C   | gpo [5]_pstart_reg (10) | 00,01          |
| 9F,9E   | gpo [5]_pcount_reg (11) | 02,9F          |
| A1,A0   | gpo [5]_lstart_reg (11) | 00,FD          |
| A3,A2   | gpo [5]_lcount_reg (11) | 00,01          |
| A4      | gpo [5]_cont_reg (5)    | 01             |
| A6,A5   | gpo [4]_pstart_reg (10) | 00,01          |
| A8,A7   | gpo [4]_pcount_reg (11) | 02,9F          |
| AA,A9   | gpo [4]_lstart_reg (11) | 03,22          |
| AC,AB   | gpo [4]_lcount_reg (11) | 00,01          |
| AD      | gpo [4]_cont_reg (5)    | 01             |
| AF,AE   | gpo [3]_pstart_reg (10) | 01,E0          |
| B1,B0   | gpo [3]_pcount_reg (11) | 00,28          |
| B3,B2   | gpo [3]_lstart_reg (11) | 00,01          |
| B5,B4   | gpo [3]_lcount_reg (11) | 00,00          |
| B6      | gpo [3]_cont_reg (5)    | 01             |
| B8,B7   | gpo [2]_pstart_reg (10) | 02,0B          |
| BA,B9   | gpo [2]_pcount_reg (11) | 00,14          |
| BC,BB   | gpo [2]_lstart_reg (11) | 00,01          |
| BE,BD   | gpo [2]_lcount_reg (11) | 03,00          |
| BF      | gpo [2]_cont_reg (5)    | 00             |
| C1,C0   | gpo [1]_pstart_reg (10) | 02,0D          |
| C3,C2   | gpo [1]_pcount_reg (11) | 00,0A          |
| C5,C4   | gpo [1]_lstart_reg (11) | 00,01          |
| C7,C6   | gpo [1]_lcount_reg (11) | 03,01          |
| C8      | gpo [1]_cont_reg (5)    | 03             |
| CA,C9   | gpo [0]_pstart_reg (10) | 02,0D          |
| CC,CB   | gpo [0]_pcount_reg (11) | 00,0A          |
| CE,CD   | gpo [0]_lstart_reg (11) | 00,01          |
| D0,CF   | gpo [0]_lcount_reg (11) | 03,01          |
| D1      | gpo [0]_cont_reg (5)    | 02             |
| D3,D2   | output_format (16)      | 00,00          |
| D4      | output_drive (8)        | AA             |
| D5      | cd_size (8)             | 67             |
| D6      | input_format (8)        | 01             |

# Functional Description (Continued)

TABLE 3. EEPROM Memory Map (Continued)

| Address | Data (# bits)                      | Default Values |
|---------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| D8,D7   | hbp_reg (11)                       | 00,94          |
| DA,D9   | vbp_reg (11)                       | 00,23          |
| DB      | output_enable/polarity_control (8) | BF             |
| FF-DC   | not used/not loaded                | —              |



**Note 7:** Programmable CD Size "n" (up to 128)

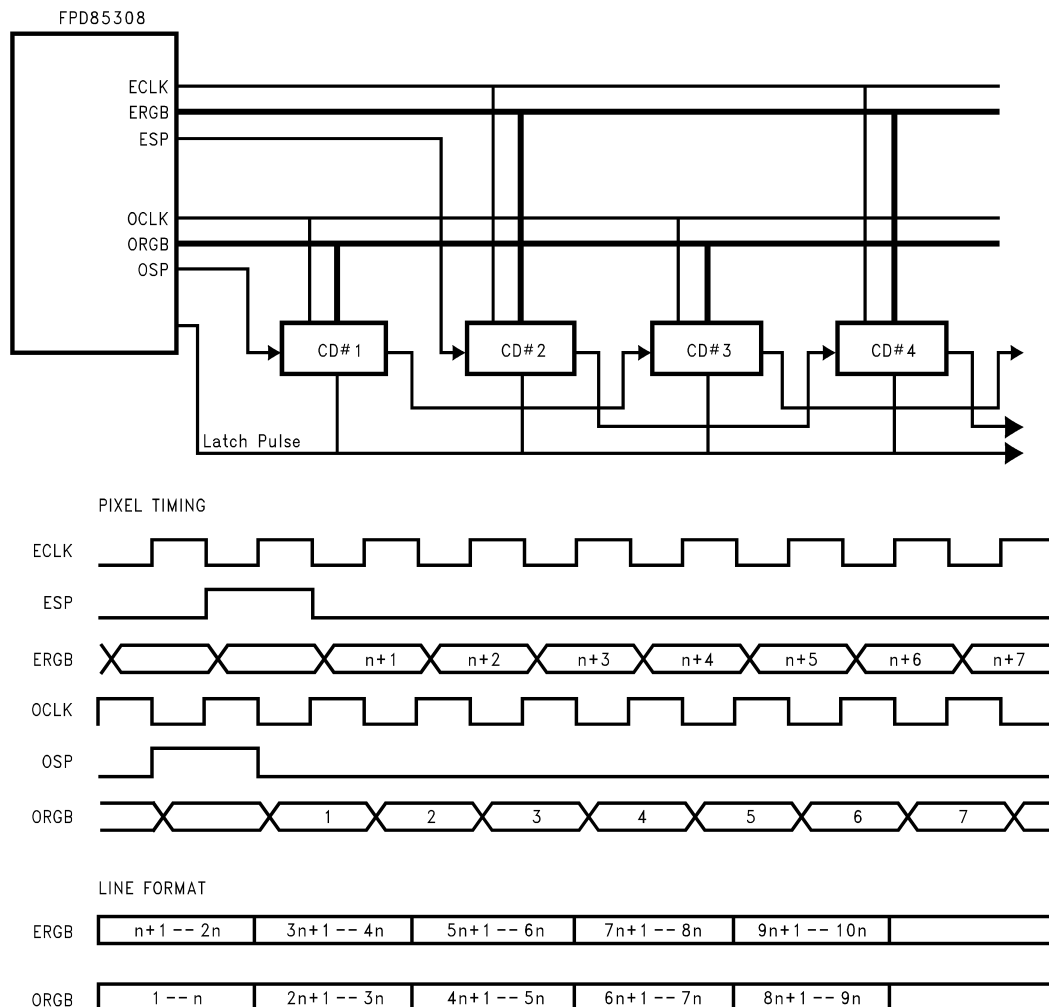
**Note 8:** One or both clocks can be used

**Note 9:** Unused clocks can be turned off

**Note 10:** E/OCLK polarity is programmable

FIGURE 12. Dual Bus Single Port Column Driver Interface (Non-skewed outputs)

# Functional Description (Continued)



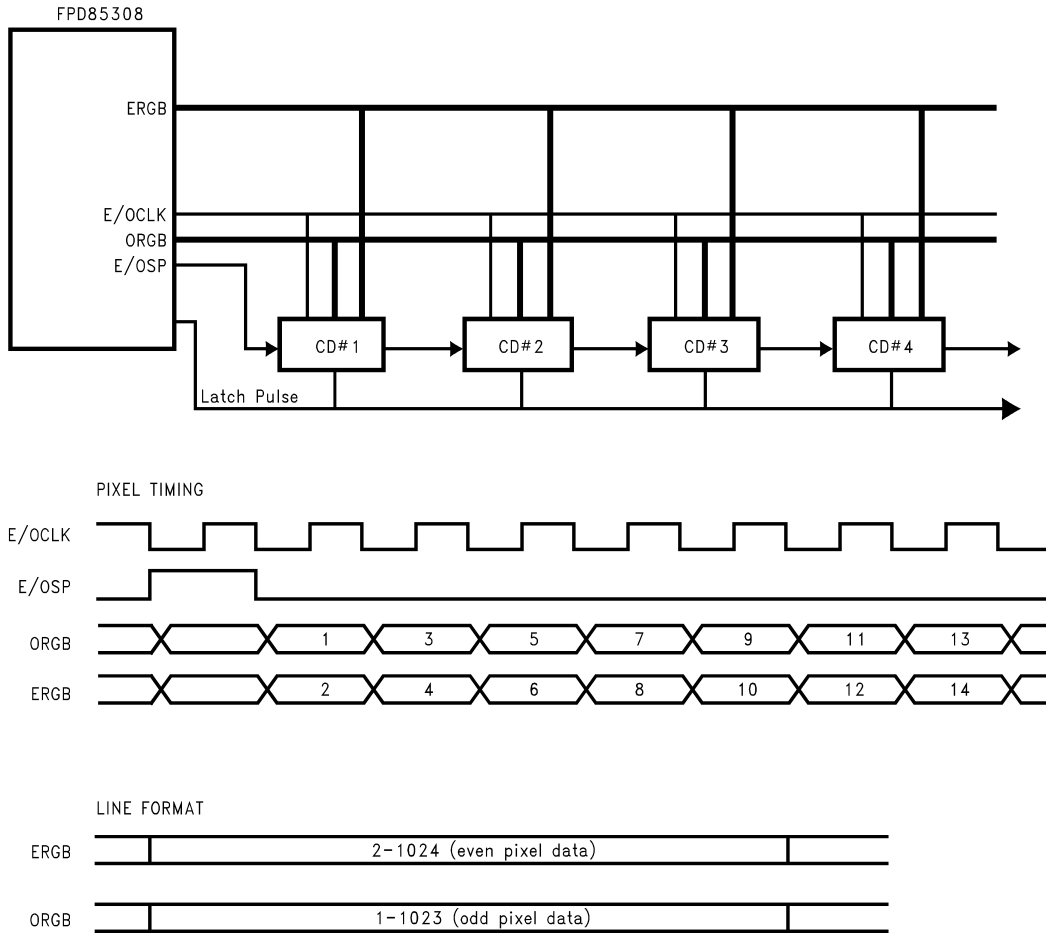
DS101356-5

**Note 11:** Programmable CD Size "n" (up to 128)

**Note 12:** Data skewed to reduce simultaneous switching

**FIGURE 13. Dual Bus Single Port Column Driver Interface (Skewed outputs)**

# Functional Description (Continued)



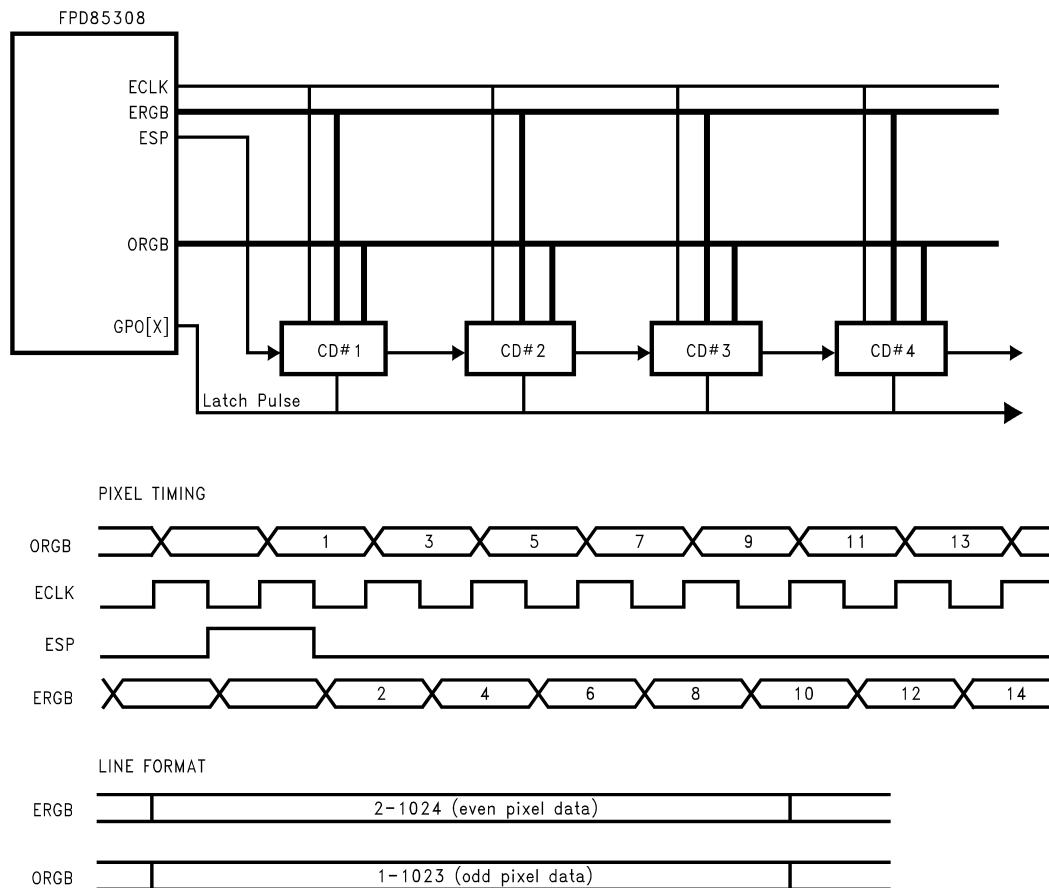
DS101356-6

**Note 13:** One or both clocks can be used

**Note 14:** Unused clock can be turned off

**FIGURE 14. Dual Bus Dual Port Column Driver Interface  
(Non-skewed outputs)**

# Functional Description (Continued)

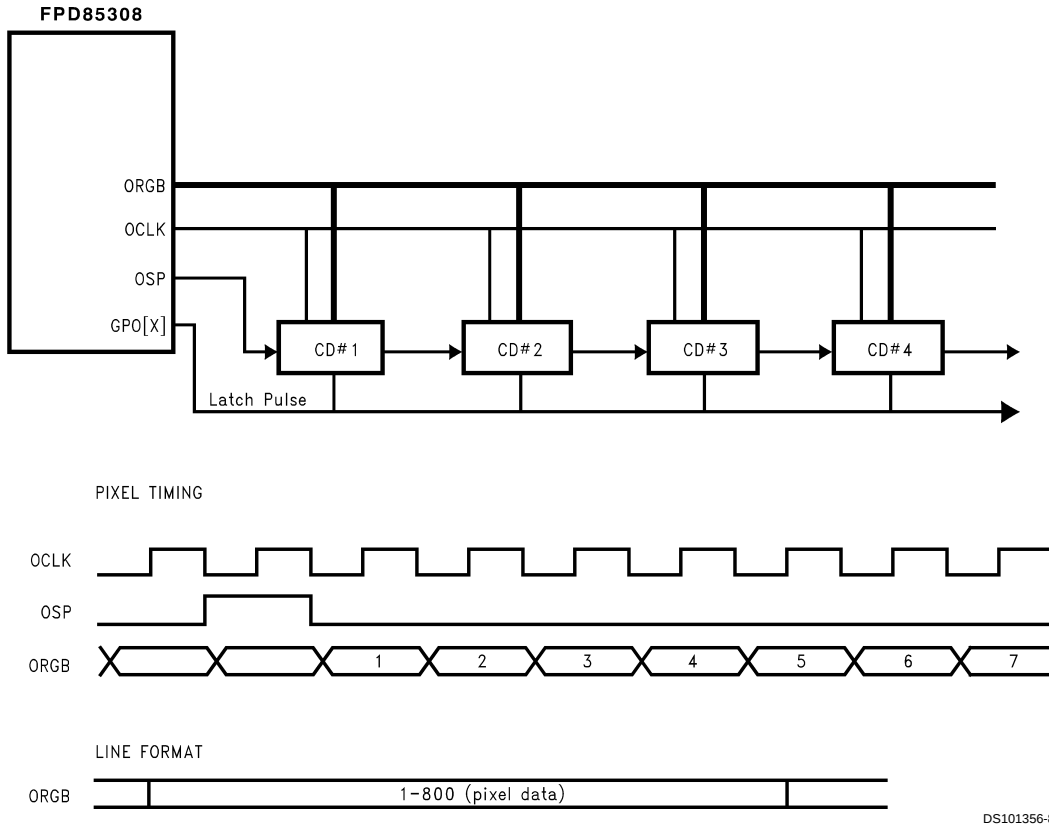


DS101356-7

**Note 15:** Data skewed to reduce simultaneous switching

**FIGURE 15. Dual Bus Dual Port Column Driver Interface (Skewed outputs)**

## Functional Description (Continued)



**Note 16:** ECLK/ERGB not used—These outputs can be disabled by setting bits 2 and 5 to “0” in the Output Enable/Polarity Control register.

**Note 17:** Start pulse offset\* (D3 [1:0]) is defined as below only in this mode.

“00”—Start pulse 1 clock after 1st data

“01”—Start pulse 1 clock before 1st data

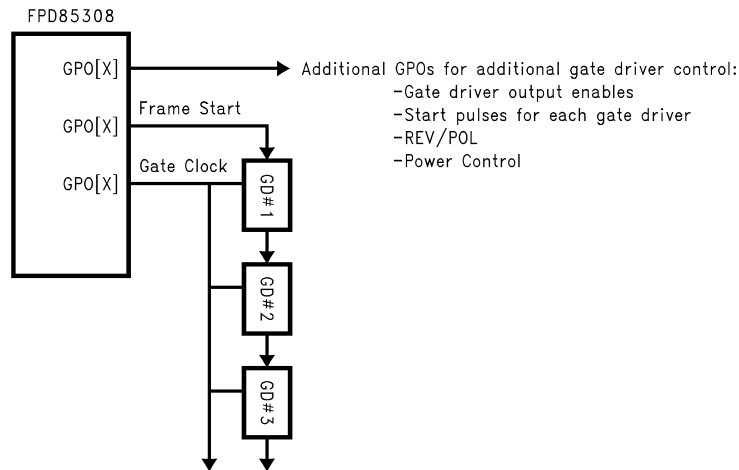
“10”—Start pulse 3 clocks before 1st data

“11”—Start pulse 5 clocks before 1st data

\*Start pulse position can be adjusted precisely by unused pixels register (D3 [7:4])

**Note 18:** The Pcount and Pstart registers are programmed by 2 OCLK only in this mode. (Example) Pcount Register = “02”:4 OCLK duration

**FIGURE 16. Single Port Single Bus Column Driver Interface (SVGA Application)**

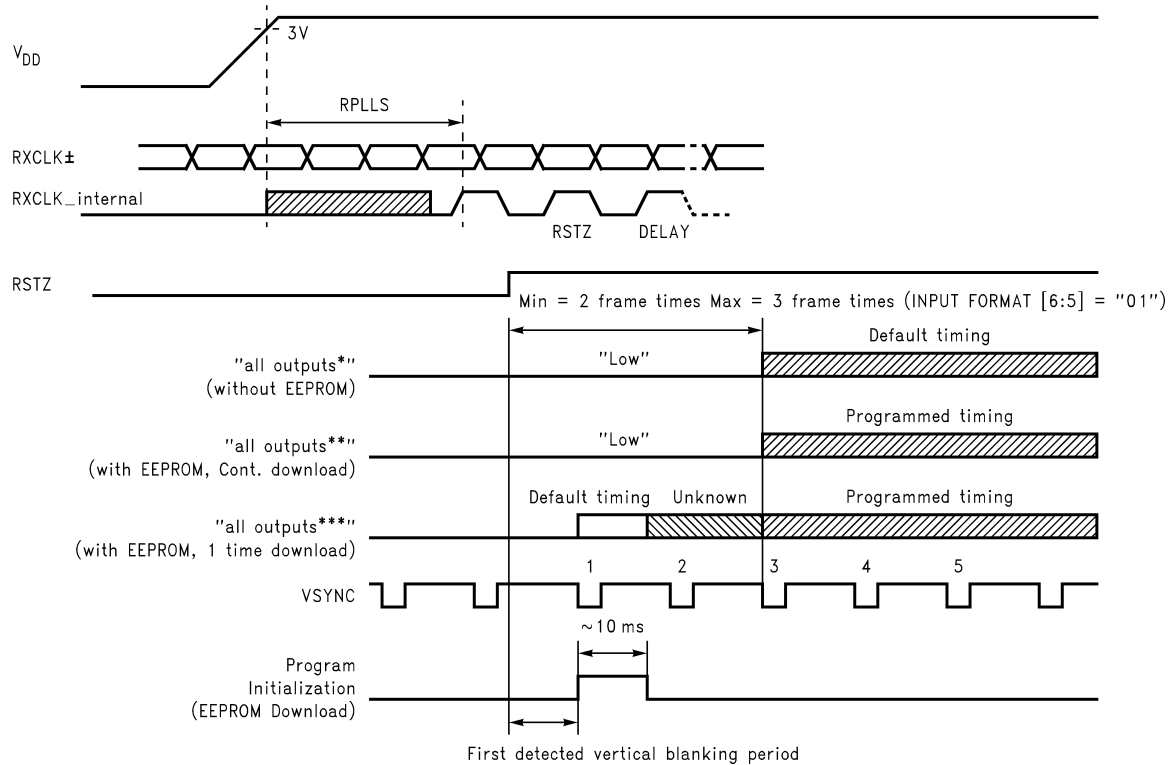


**Note 19:** Total of eight GPOs for REV, LP, and Gate Driver Control (GPO [8] dedicated to blanking function)

**Note 20:** GPO resolution is video clock/2

**FIGURE 17. Standard or Custom Gate Driver Interface**

## Functional Description (Continued)



DS101356-10

**Note 21:** RSTZ transition Low-to-High occurs at the completion of the RPLLS delay or later as shown above.

**Note 22:** All outputs\* forced low in default timing of FPD85308 during power-up delay time.

**Note 23:** All outputs\*\* forced low in continuous download (every two frame) mode.

**Note 24:** All outputs\*\*\* generate the signal for default values in FPD85308 and unknown values when use the EEPROM values during power-up delay time. Then NS recommend to use the continuous download mode.

**Note 25:** EEPROM download occurs at first detected vertical blanking period.

**Note 26:** Active outputs depends on INPUT FORMAT register bits [5:6].

| INPUT<br>FORMAT<br>[5:6] | VSYNC# at which<br>outputs go active |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 00                       | Second VSYNC                         |
| 01                       | Third VSYNC                          |
| 10                       | Fourth VSYNC                         |
| 11                       | Fifth VSYNC                          |

**Note 27:** When configured in ENAB Only Mode (EOM), VSYNC signals are unused except for timing EEPROM DownLoad Sequences. When configured with default values in Fixed Vertical mode, the VSYNC signal is generated any time ENAB remains low for more than 2 horizontal periods.

During Power Up, before Reset has propagated, the EEPROM may receive spurious addressing that initiates a down load sequence, but the output data is often not captured for lack of timing alignment with VSYNC. In the case where EEPROM data is not captured during the initial (automatic) Reset or Power Up DownLoad sequence, Timing Controller outputs are indeterminate until the EEPROM data is successfully loaded, which always begins and is executed at the next VSYNC valid (low) cycle.

**Note 28:** During Power Up sequences, false RSTZ signals are possible due to instability of the power supply level, typically within the 10 ms of operation. To avoid this situation, implementation of the circuit in Figure 19, or other functional equivalent, is recommended, (Figure 19).

**FIGURE 18. Power-up Sequence (INPUT FORMAT[6:5] = "01")**

## Functional Description (Continued)

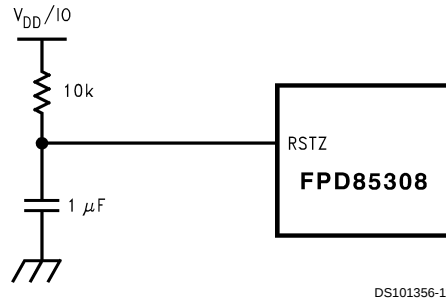
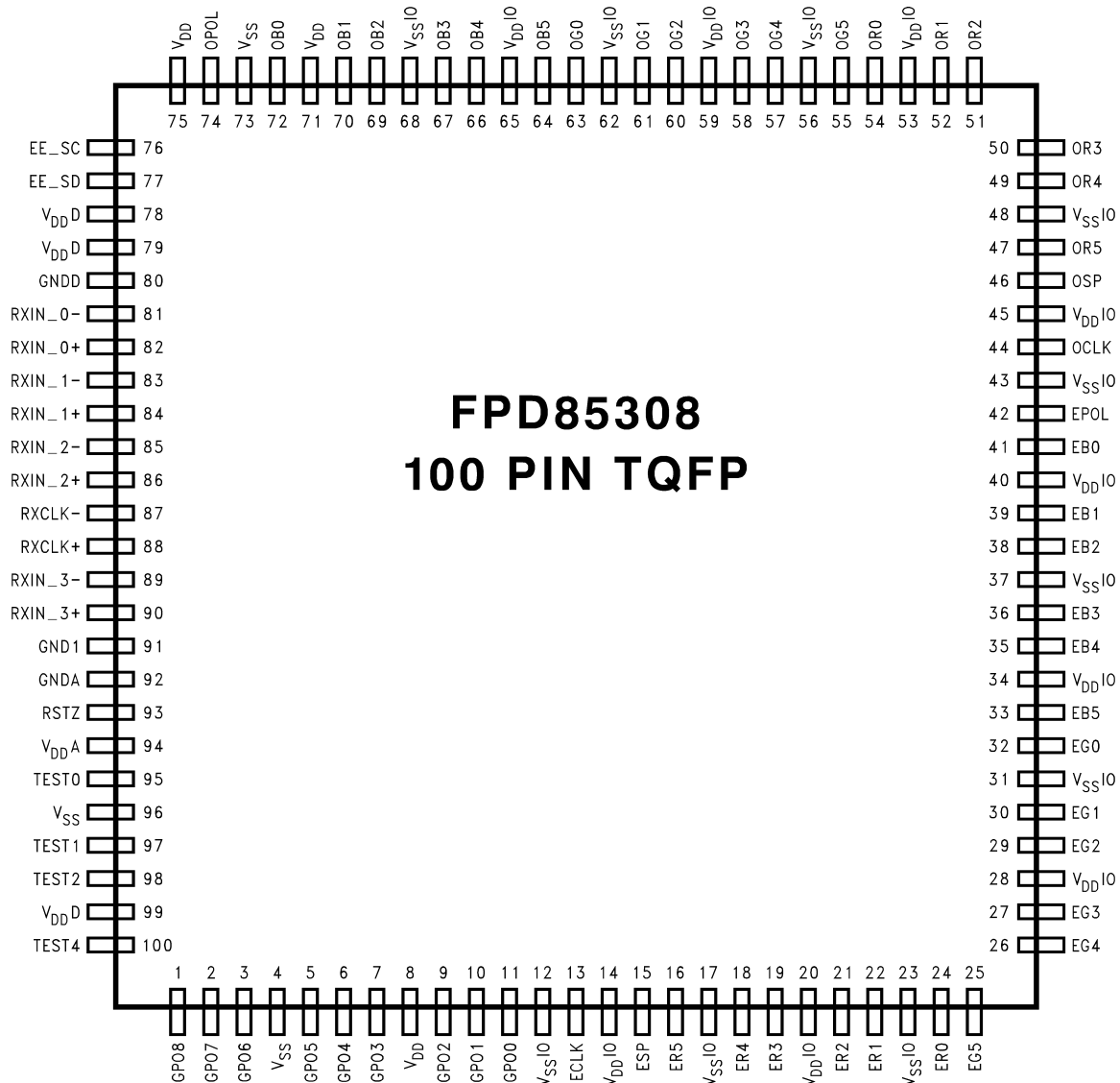


FIGURE 19. Delay Circuit for Stable RSTZ

## Connection Diagram



Order Number FPD85308VJD  
See NS Package Number VJD100A

## Pin Description

| Pin No:<br>Pin Count                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Pin Name           | I/O  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>SYSTEM INTERFACE</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                    |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | RXIN_0±            | LVDI | FPD-Link data pair 0                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | RXIN_1±            | LVDI | FPD-Link data pair 1                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | RXIN_2±            | LVDI | FPD-Link data pair 2                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | RXIN_3±            | LVDI | FPD-Link data pair 3<br>(used in 8-bit video applications)                                                                                                                                                           |
| 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | RXCLK±             | LVDI | FPD-Link Clock                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | RSTZ               | STI  | Reset, Active Low                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>COLUMN DRIVER INTERFACE</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                    |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | ECLK               | POH  | Even CD Bus Clock                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | ESP                | POL  | Even Start Pulse                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | ER0..ER5           | POL  | Even Red Bus:                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | EG0..EG5           | POL  | Even Green Bus:                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | EB0..EB5           | POL  | Even Blue Bus:                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | EPOL               | POL  | Even Polarity                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | OCLK               | POH  | Odd CD Bus Clock                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | OSP                | POL  | Odd Start Pulse                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | OR0..OR5           | POL  | Odd Red Bus:                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | OG0..OG5           | POL  | Odd Green Bus:                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | OB0..OB5           | POL  | Odd Blue Bus:                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | OPOL               | POL  | Odd Polarity                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>GENERAL PURPOSE OUTPUTS</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                    |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 9                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | GPO[8:0]           | TO   | General Purpose Outputs                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>EEPROM INTERFACE</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                    |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | EE_SD              | I/TO | EEPROM Serial Data                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | EE_SC              | I/TO | EEPROM Clock                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>POWER SUPPLY</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                    |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | V <sub>DD</sub> A  | P    | PLL and Bandgap Supply                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | GND1               | G    | PLL Ground                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | GNDA               | G    | Bandgap Ground                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | V <sub>DD</sub> D  | P    | LVDS Receiver Supply                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | GNDD               | G    | LVDS Receiver Ground                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | V <sub>SS</sub> IO | G    | IO Ground                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 9                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | V <sub>DD</sub> IO | P    | IO Power                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | V <sub>SS</sub>    | G    | Digital Ground                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | V <sub>DD</sub>    | P    | Digital Power                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>TEST/CONFIGURATION</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                    |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | TEST[4–0]          | I    | Test/Configuration Pins.<br>TEST[0] — Must be “0”<br>TEST[1] — Must be “0”<br>TEST[2]<br>“0” — EEPROM init values loaded every 2 frames<br>“1” — EEPROM init values loaded once at power-up<br>TEST[4] — Must be “0” |
| <div> <div> •I/TO — TTL Input/TRI-STATE® output<br/>•TO — TRI-STATE output<br/>•POL — Programmable (Low Drive) </div> <div> •POH — Programmable (High Drive)<br/>•I — TTL Input<br/>•LVDI — Low Voltage Differential Input </div> </div> |                    |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

**Pin Description** (Continued)

- P — Power
- G — Ground
- STI — Schmitt Trigger Input

## APPENDIX A: GPO Programming Examples

The GPO control generation is based on the internal line count and pixel count shown in *Figure 9* and *Figure 10*. Two programmable registers (Vertical Start and Vertical Duration) control the vertical component of the control signal. This establishes at what line and for how many lines the control signal will be active. Likewise, two programmable registers (Horizontal Start and Horizontal Duration) control the horizontal component of the control signal. The Horizontal register values determine at what pixel count the signal goes active and for how many pixel counts the signal stays active during each line. The Vertical Component enables the signal for however many lines programmed for and the Horizontal Component generates pulses within that vertical time period.

Generally the following types of signals are generated:

1. DC (either 1 or 0)

2. A pulse every line
3. A pulse once a frame (either in pixels or lines)
4. Pulsed during active video (pulses are blanked during vertical blanking period of frame)

*Table 4* describes the programming requirements for general types of pulses generated.

The GPO's also have a "toggle mode". This provides the capability to generate a "REVERSAL" signal used in most LCD applications. Bit 1 of the Control register is set to a 1 to enable toggle mode operation. The GPO is programmed so that a rising edge is produced when the control signal is required to toggle. This generally occurs once each line. Also, the # of edges generated per frame is programmed to be an odd #. This ensures that the control signal will alternate polarity from frame to frame.

Examples of GPO programming to produce specific control signals are included in the following pages.

**TABLE 4. GPO Pulse Generation**

| Vertical Start | Vertical Duration | Horizontal Start | Horizontal Duration | GPO Output                                                                                                                    |
|----------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| =don't care    | =0                | =0               | =0                  | Stuck 0 (When Output Polarity = 0)<br>Stuck 1 (When Output Polarity = 1)<br>Polarity control is in GPO Control Register bit 0 |
| =don't care    | =0                | #A               | =0                  | Stuck 1 (When Output Polarity = 0)<br>Stuck 0 (When Output Polarity = 1)<br>Polarity control is in GPO Control Register bit 0 |
| =don't care    | =0                | #A               | #B<br>(Note 29)     | Pulse is generated every line beginning at ~#A<br>32 MHz clocks from start of output line and lasting for #B 32 MHz clocks    |
| #A             | #B                | #C               | =0                  | Pulse begins at line #A , clock #C and continues to line #(A+B) pixel #C (multi-line pulse)                                   |
| #A             | #B                | #C               | #D<br>(Note 29)     | Pulse generation begins at line A and continues for #B lines. Each pulse begins at ~pixel #C and lasts for D counts           |

**Note 29:** Pulses will occur every other line if Horizontal Duration is greater than a line time.

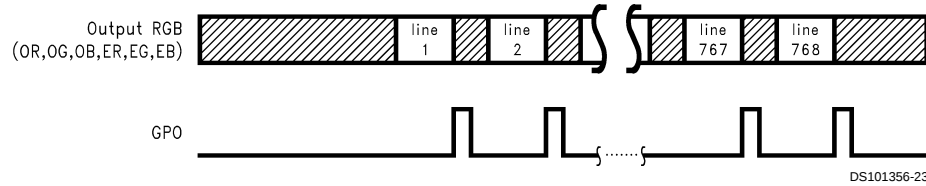
## APPENDIX A: GPO Programming Examples (Continued)

### GPO Programming Example #1:

Generate a control signal which transitions high at the end of each line, has a pulsewidth of 3  $\mu$ s, and remains low during the vertical blanking period. This control is used for the latch pulse to the column drivers.

Horizontal time (clocks/line) = 1300 dot clocks

Vertical period (lines/frame) = 850 lines



Vertical control is active beginning at line 1 and remains active for 768 lines.

**GPO Vertical Start Register = 1**

**GPO Vertical Duration Register = 768d (300h)**

Positive pulse goes high each line at output clock 512 corresponding to when the last two pixels are output on OR, OG, OB, ER, EG, EB. Pulse remains high for 98 output clocks ( $98 \times 30.8 \text{ ns/clock} = 3.02 \mu\text{s}$ ). (Dual Bus output clock = 32.5 MHz for 65 MHz XGA video, 1024 pixels/line, 768 displayed lines/frame).

**Note:** 6 counts are added to the output start # because the GPO pixel count begins 6 clocks prior to the output data.

**GPO Horizontal Start Register = 518d (206h)**

**GPO Horizontal Duration Register = 98d (62h)**

The control pulses are positive (bit [0] = 0) and the toggle circuitry is disabled (bit1 [1] = 0).

**GPO Control Register = 0**

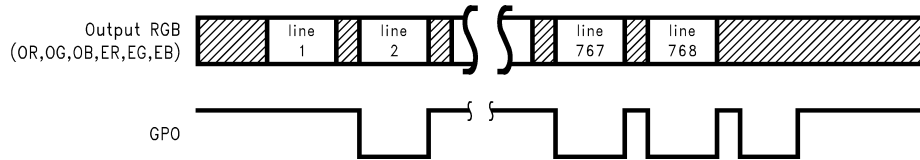
## APPENDIX A: GPO Programming Examples (Continued)

Horizontal time (clocks/line) = 1300 dot clocks

Vertical period (lines/frame) = 850 lines

### GPO Programming Example #2:

Generate a control signal which transitions low 20 output clocks after the beginning of each output line, has a pulse-width (low) of 12  $\mu$ s, and goes high during horizontal blanking. This control signal is used as an output enable for the gate drivers.



Control is active beginning at line 2 and remains active for 768 lines.

**GPO Vertical Start Register = 2**

**GPO Vertical Duration Register = 768d (300h)**

Negative pulse goes low each line at output clock 20 corresponding to when the 39/40 pixels are output on OR, OG, OB, ER, EG, EB. Pulse remains low for 390 output clocks ( $390 \times 30.8 \text{ ns/clock} = 12 \mu\text{s}$ ). (Dual Bus output clock = 32.5 MHz for 65 MHz XGA video, 1024 pixels/line, 768 lines/frame).

**Note:** 6 counts are added to the output clock # because the GPO start count begins 6 clocks prior to the output data.

**GPO Horizontal Start Register = 26d (1ah)**

**GPO Horizontal Duration Register = 390d (186h)**

The control pulses are negative (bit [0] = 1) and the toggle circuitry is disabled (bit1 [1] = 0).

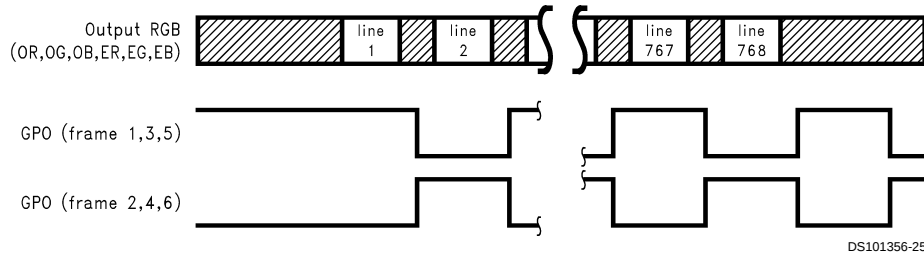
**GPO Control Register = 1**

## APPENDIX A: GPO Programming Examples (Continued)

Horizontal time (clocks/line) = 1300 dot clocks  
Vertical period (lines/frame) = 850 lines

### GPO Programming Example #3:

Generate a control signal which toggles during horizontal blanking and alternates polarity each frame. This control signal is used as the reversal signal.



Control is active beginning at line 1 and remains active for 769 lines.

(Odd number programmed in Duration Register causes control signal to alternate polarity each frame)

**GPO Vertical Start Register = 1**

**GPO Vertical Duration Register = 769d (301h)**

Positive going pulse causes output to toggle. Edge occurs 20 output clocks after end of each line ( $1024/2 + 20 = 532$ ). Pulse duration is not critical since the output will be in toggle mode. (Dual Bus output clock = 32.5 MHz for 65 MHz XGA video, 1024 pixels/line, 768 lines/frame).

**Note:** 6 counts are added to the output start # because the GPO pixel count begins 6 clocks prior to the output data.

**GPO Horizontal Start Register = 538 (238h)**

**GPO Horizontal Duration Register = 10d (0Ah)**

The control pulses are positive (bit [0] = 0) and the toggle circuitry is enabled (bit1 [1] = 1).

**GPO Control Register = 2**

(For a second control signal of opposite polarity, program another GPO Control Register with same count values with GPO Control Register = 3.)

## APPENDIX B:

### National Semiconductor FPD85308 REQUEST FORM OF MASK VERSION

Company Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Dept: \_\_\_\_\_ Tel: \_\_\_\_\_

Model Name (Application): \_\_\_\_\_

Register Values:

**TABLE 5. Register Values for GPO[0:8]'s Programming**

| Pin Name | Address/Values (Hex.) |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | Name of Signal for USER | Remarks |
|----------|-----------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------------------------|---------|
| GPO8     | Address               | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 |                         |         |
|          | Value                 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |                         |         |
| GPO7     | Address               | 8A | 8B | 8C | 8D | 8E | 8F | 90 | 91 | 92 |                         |         |
|          | Value                 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |                         |         |
| GPO6     | Address               | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 9A | 9B |                         |         |
|          | Value                 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |                         |         |
| GPO5     | Address               | 9C | 9D | 9E | 9F | A0 | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 |                         |         |
|          | Value                 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |                         |         |
| GPO4     | Address               | A5 | A6 | A7 | A8 | A9 | AA | AB | AC | AD |                         |         |
|          | Value                 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |                         |         |
| GPO3     | Address               | AE | AF | B0 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 |                         |         |
|          | Value                 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |                         |         |
| GPO2     | Address               | B7 | B8 | B9 | BA | BB | BC | BD | BE | BF |                         |         |
|          | Value                 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |                         |         |
| GPO1     | Address               | C0 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | C5 | C6 | C7 | C8 |                         |         |
|          | Value                 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |                         |         |
| GPO0     | Address               | C9 | CA | CB | CC | CD | CE | CF | D0 | D1 |                         |         |
|          | Value                 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |                         |         |

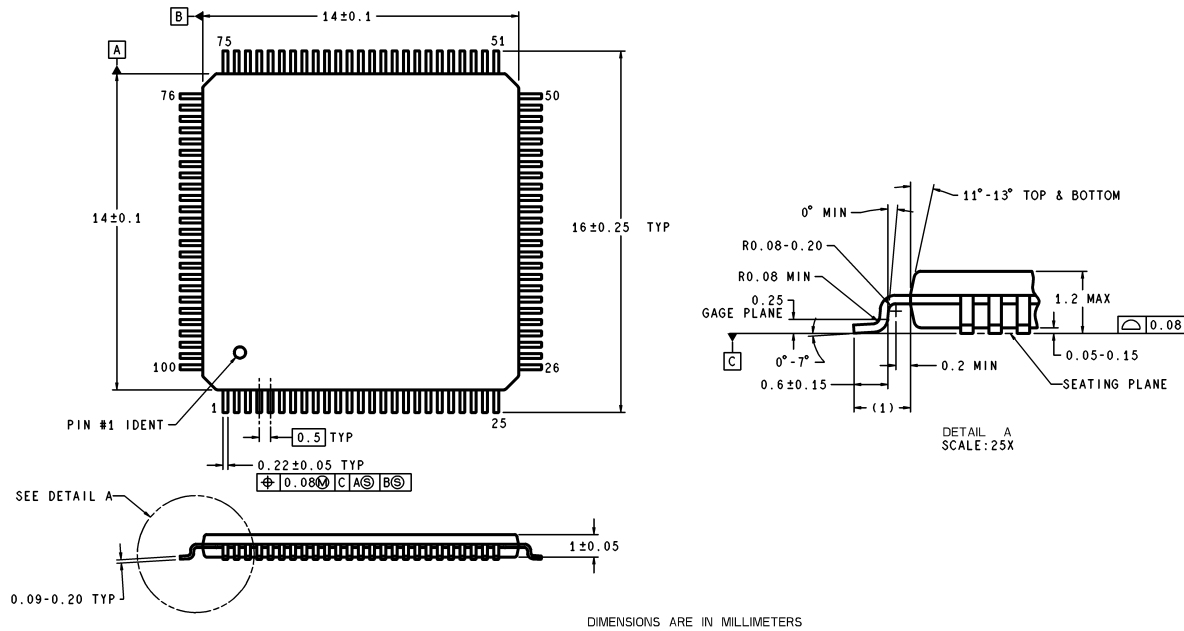
**TABLE 6. Register Values for LCD Format Control**

| Control Register                   | Address/Values (Hex.) |    |    | Control Register | Address/Values (Hex.) |    |    | Remarks |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|----|----|------------------|-----------------------|----|----|---------|
| Output_Format                      | Address               | D2 | D3 | Output_Drive     | Address               | D4 |    |         |
|                                    | Value                 |    |    |                  | Value                 |    |    |         |
| C/D_Size                           | Address               | D5 |    | Input_Format     | Address               | D6 |    |         |
|                                    | Value                 |    |    |                  | Value                 |    |    |         |
| HBP_REG                            | Address               | D7 | D8 | VBP_REG          | Address               | D9 | DA |         |
|                                    | Value                 |    |    |                  | Value                 |    |    |         |
| Output_Enable/<br>Polarity_Control | Address               | DB |    |                  |                       |    |    |         |
|                                    | Value                 |    |    |                  |                       |    |    |         |

Signature by Customer \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Email ID \_\_\_\_\_

## Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



VJD100A (Rev B)

### Plastic Quad Flatpak, JEDEC NS Package Number VJD100A

## LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

NATIONAL'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT AND GENERAL COUNSEL OF NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.



**National Semiconductor Corporation**  
Americas  
Email: support@nsc.com

www.national.com

**National Semiconductor Europe**

Fax: +49 (0) 180-530 85 86  
Email: europe.support@nsc.com  
Deutsch Tel: +49 (0) 69 9508 6208  
English Tel: +44 (0) 870 24 0 2171  
Français Tel: +33 (0) 1 41 91 8790

**National Semiconductor Asia Pacific Customer Response Group**

Tel: 65-2544466  
Fax: 65-2504466  
Email: ap.support@nsc.com

**National Semiconductor Japan Ltd.**

Tel: 81-3-5639-7560  
Fax: 81-3-5639-7507



**Стандарт  
Электрон  
Связь**

Мы молодая и активно развивающаяся компания в области поставок электронных компонентов. Мы поставляем электронные компоненты отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших складов мира.

Благодаря сотрудничеству с мировыми поставщиками мы осуществляем комплексные и плановые поставки широчайшего спектра электронных компонентов.

Собственная эффективная логистика и склад в обеспечивает надежную поставку продукции в точно указанные сроки по всей России.

Мы осуществляем техническую поддержку нашим клиентам и предпродажную проверку качества продукции. На все поставляемые продукты мы предоставляем гарантию .

Осуществляем поставки продукции под контролем ВП МО РФ на предприятия военно-промышленного комплекса России , а также работаем в рамках 275 ФЗ с открытием отдельных счетов в уполномоченном банке. Система менеджмента качества компании соответствует требованиям ГОСТ ISO 9001.

Минимальные сроки поставки, гибкие цены, неограниченный ассортимент и индивидуальный подход к клиентам являются основой для выстраивания долгосрочного и эффективного сотрудничества с предприятиями радиоэлектронной промышленности, предприятиями ВПК и научно-исследовательскими институтами России.

С нами вы становитесь еще успешнее!

**Наши контакты:**

**Телефон:** +7 812 627 14 35

**Электронная почта:** [sales@st-electron.ru](mailto:sales@st-electron.ru)

**Адрес:** 198099, Санкт-Петербург,  
Промышленная ул, дом № 19, литера Н,  
помещение 100-Н Офис 331