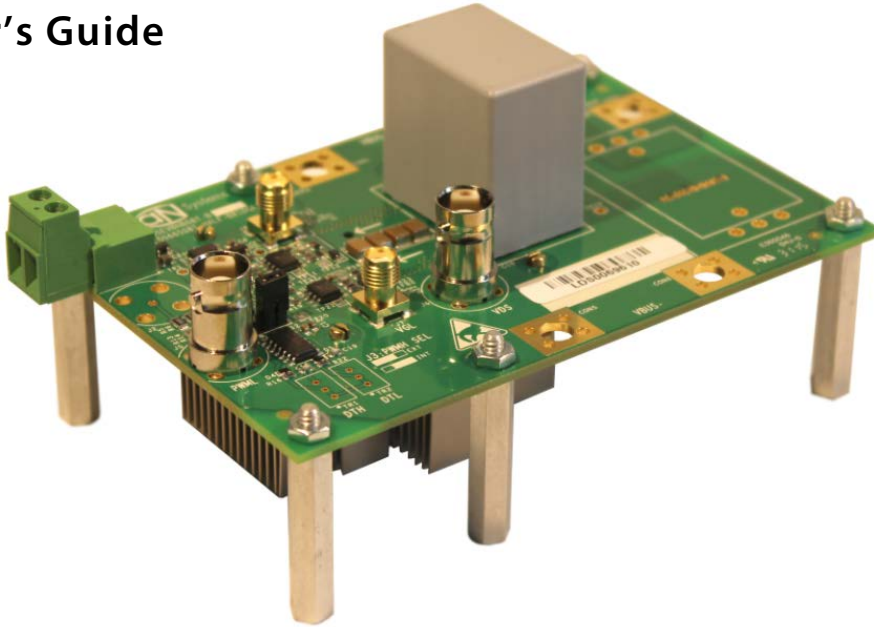


GS66508T-EVBHB 650V GaN E-HEMT Half Bridge Evaluation Board

User's Guide



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DANGER!

Electrical Shock Hazard - Hazardous high voltage may be present on the board during the test and even brief contact during operation may result in severe injury or death. Follow all locally approved safety procedures when working around high voltage.

Never leave the board operating unattended. After it is de-energized, always wait until all capacitors are discharged before touching the board.

This board should be handled by qualified personnel ONLY.



CAUTION:

This product contains parts that are susceptible to damage by electrostatic discharge (ESD). Always follow ESD prevention procedures when handling the product.

Introduction

The GS66508T-EVBHB evaluation board (EVB) is designed to demonstrate the performance of GaN Systems' 650V GaN enhancement mode high electron mobility transistor (E-HEMT) devices. The EVB is a fully functional half bridge power stage consisting of two 650V GaN E-HEMTs (top side cooled GS66508T, 30A/55mΩ), gate drive power supply, half bridge gate drivers and heatsink. To evaluate the performance of GaN E-HEMT devices in real power circuits, the EVB can be easily configured into any half bridge based topology. The EVB and this USER's Guide serve as a reference design for the gate driver circuit, half bridge PCB layout and thermal management.

Functional Overview

Please refer to the circuit schematic in appendix for all signal names, circuit nodes and test points.

The block diagram of the GS66508T-EVBHB can be seen in **Figure 1**. All components are mounted on the top side except for E-HEMTs, Q1 and Q2, which are mounted on the bottom side of the EVB. A heatsink is mounted from the bottom side as well, in order provide cooling for the two GaN E-HEMTs. The board includes all necessary components for building a half bridge power stage and provides footprints for output power inductors and capacitors to allow users to configure the board into different operational modes.

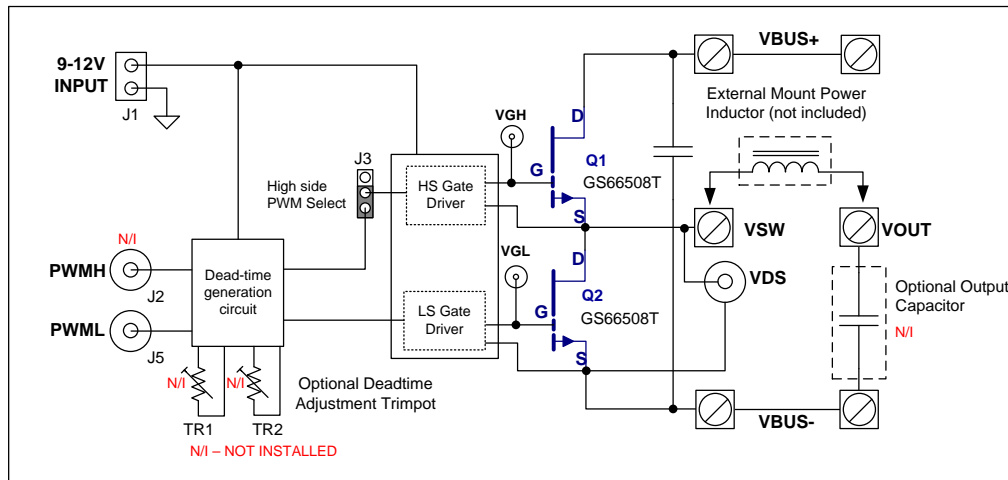


Figure 1 - GS66508T-EVBHB Evaluation Board Block Diagram



Figure 2 - Board overhead view

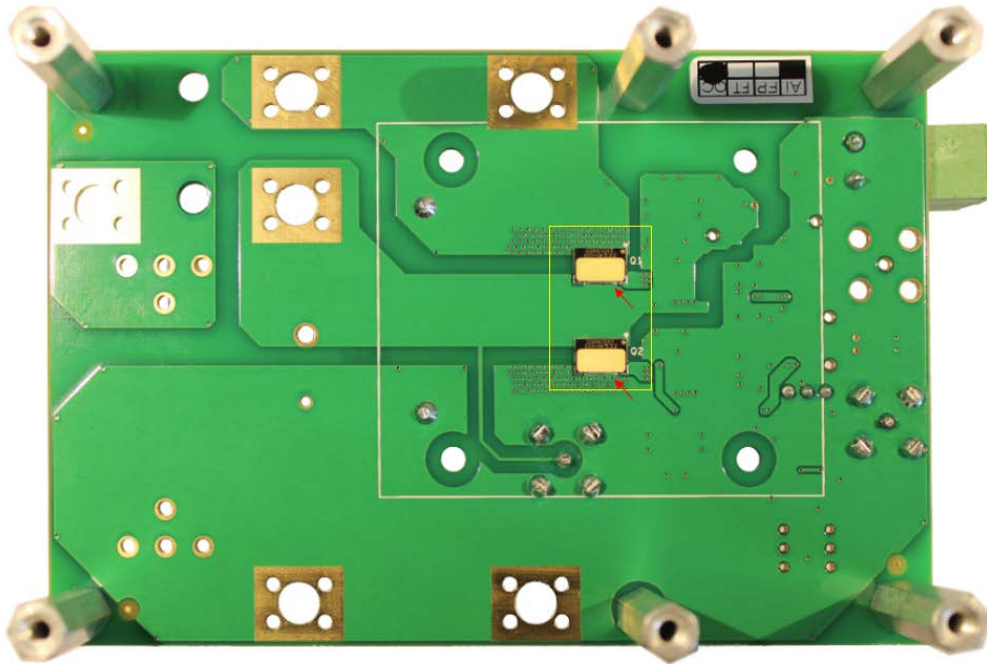
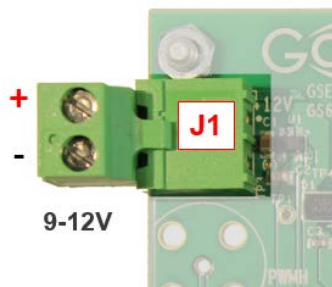


Figure 3 - Board bottom view –showing 2x GS66508T with heatsink removed

Power input (J1)



The board can be powered by 9-12VDC on J1. The supply voltage absolute maximum is 15V. On-board voltage regulators create +5V for the logic circuit and +6.5V for the gate driver.

Figure 4 - Power Input (J1)

Gate input (J2/J5)

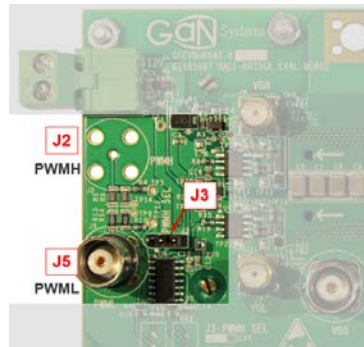
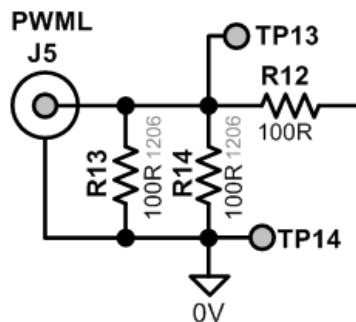


Figure 5 - Gate signal input (J2/J5)

Set signal generator output level to 5V with 50Ω impedance for the gate PWM signal input on connector J5. The high side gate drive signal can be configured by jumper J3. By default, J3 is set to the INT position (internal, created by an on-board circuit). The on-board logic circuit inverts the PWM input on J5 to create a complementary signal for the high side gate drive with dead time. To implement independent control of the high side gate set J3 to EXT position (external, supplied by user on J2). Remove R13/R14 (R5/R6 for J2) if high impedance input is required (e.g. from the logic output of a microcontroller).

Dead time control

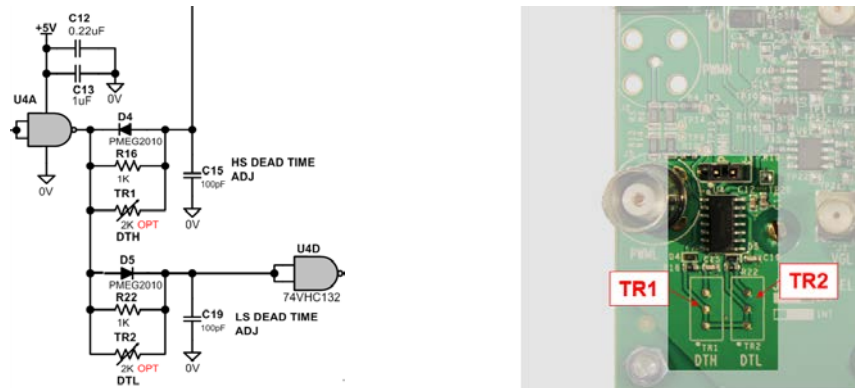


Figure 6 - Dead time control circuit

Dead time is controlled by two RC delay circuits, R16/C15 and R22/C19. By default, 100ns dead time is used. Additionally two potentiometers locations are provided (TR1/TR2, not included) to allow fine adjustment of the dead time if needed.

Gate driver circuit

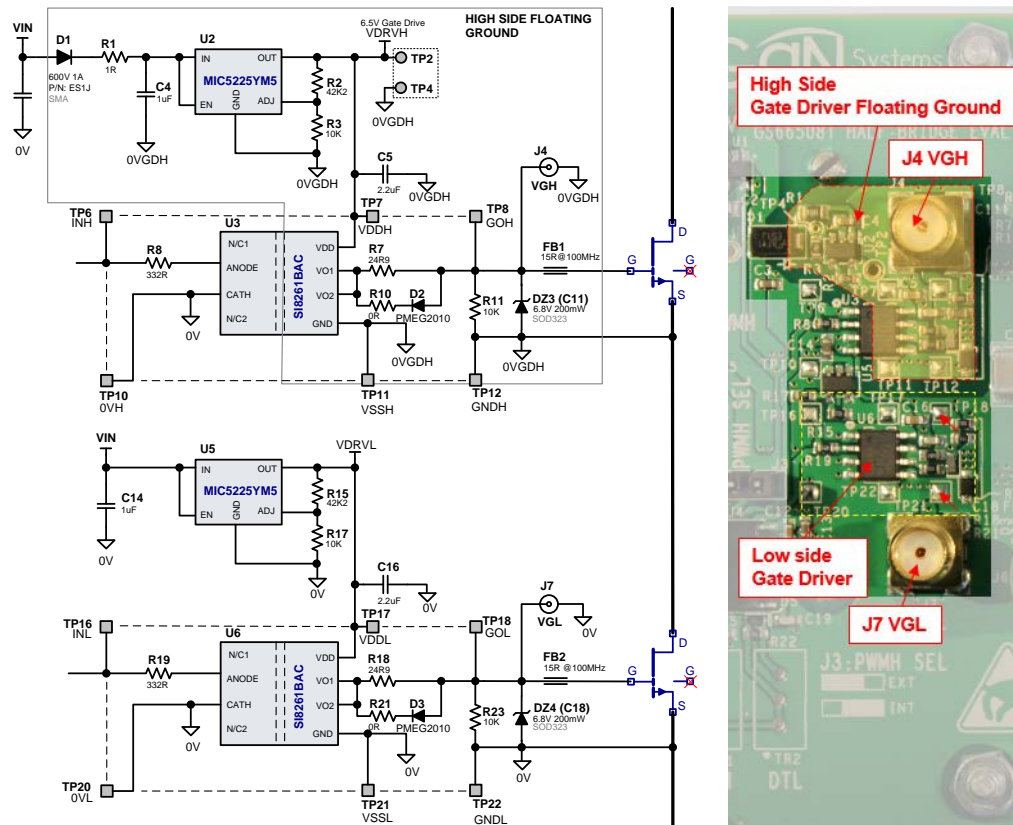


Figure 7 - Half bridge gate driver circuit

Gate drive power supply

A low side adjustable LDO (U5) steps down the input 9-12V to 6.5V for optimal gate drive. Bootstrap diode (D1) and capacitor (C4) are used to create a floating gate drive power supply for the high side gate drive circuit. The bootstrap voltage on C4 is then regulated by LDO (U2) to create a nominal 6.5V for optimal gate drive.

Gate resistance

Turn-on gate resistors, R7/R18, are populated with 24.9Ω resistors. These resistors can be adjusted to control the turn-on slew rate. Generally it is recommended to select turn-on gate resistance between 15-25Ω for optimal performance. Smaller turn-on gate resistor values may create fast switching speeds causing unnecessary Miller turn-on and oscillation. For turn-off it is recommended to use a small value of less than 2Ω for the turn-off gate resistors R10/R21. This will provide a strong pull-down during turn-off and reduce the Miller voltage effects.

Clamping diode

A clamping diode is placed between the gate and source of each E-HEMT (DZ3/DZ4, on the location of C11 and C18) for clamping negative gate voltage spikes induced by negative dv/dt on the drain. It should be a fast Schottky diode or a zener diode (6.8V, 200mW, P/N: MMSZ5235BS-7-F). Added Zener or schottky diode may contribute to gate oscillation combined with the parasitic inductance so it is recommended to insert a ferrite bead in between clamping diode and the gate if any unwanted gate oscillation is observed.

Ferrite bead

Ferrite bead on the gate helps to damp the gate ringing and reduce the risk of gate oscillation. On the other hand adding ferrite bead increases the gate inductance and risk of miller turn-on. A small surface mount device (SMD) EMI suppression ferrite bead with impedance of 10-20Ω @100MHz is sufficient for suppressing gate oscillation while having minimal impact on the gate miller voltage. On this board a ferrite bead is used on the gate for each device, FB1/FB2, (15Ω @100MHz, 0.5A, Wurth Electronics P/N: 74279268) to stabilize the gate driver and suppress the gate ringing.

Testing your own gate driver

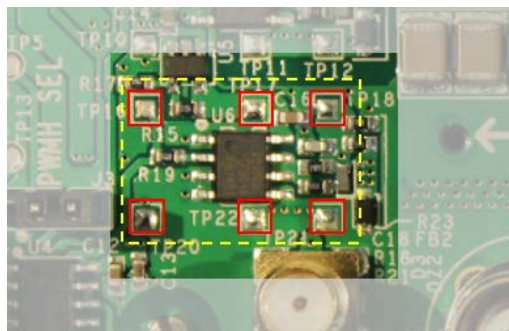
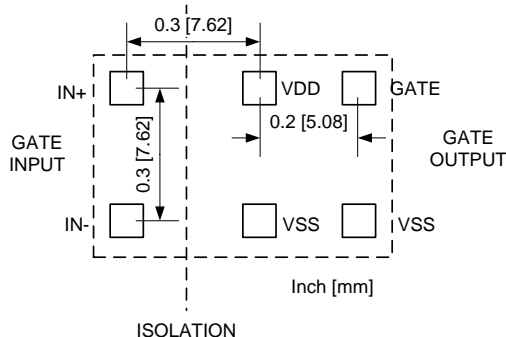


Figure 8 - Layout of testing pads for gate driver

Six square pads are provided around the gate driver as testing points as well as providing connection pads for a user designed add-on gate driver board. The pads are on a 0.1" grid to allow users to experiment with their own gate driver circuit. In this case the existing gate drive circuit(s) should be depopulated from the EVB.

Measurements



Drain voltage (VDS, J8)

Use a probe tip-to-BNC adapter and high voltage probe for low side drain voltage VDS (switching node) measurements. Avoid using a long ground lead for best accuracy.



Gate drive signal (VGL, VGH)

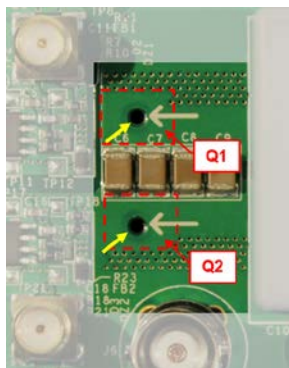
The board includes two SMA connectors, J4 (high side VGH) and J7 (low side VGL), for gate drive signal measurements.



WARNING!

ALWAYS use high voltage differential or isolated probes for measuring high side floating signals.

Attaching probe to high side gate signal may affect the switching behaviors due to the added parasitic and coupling capacitance introduced by the probe. To obtain best switching performance it is recommended to only measure VGH for verifying gate driver operation at low voltage and remove the probe during operation.



Measuring device temperature

Q1 and Q2 are located on the bottom side, as previously indicated. Two PCB holes are aligned at the center of package for measuring the device package temperature.

Use a thermal camera or attach thermocouples through the two PCB holes for monitoring the device temperature.

Cooling

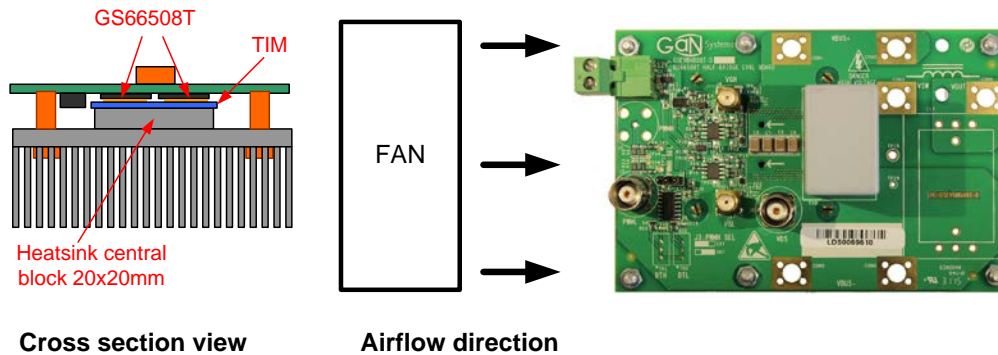


Figure 9 - Board thermal management

The board includes a customized heatsink attached to the PCB from the bottom side via 4 push pins. The heatsink has a central pedestal copper block (20mmx20mm, 3mm height) that makes contact with the thermal pads of two top side cooled GaN devices (GS66508T). A layer of thermal interface material (TIM, Bergquist® Hi-Flow phase change 300P) is applied between heatsink and device thermal pad to provide the required electrical insulation. Note that each thermal pad is connected to the substrate of the E-HEMTs and is also internally electrically connected to the Source of the device.

Forced air cooling is recommended for power testing. The airflow direction should be controlled from the left side as shown in **Figure 9** for best cooling performance.

CAUTION:

Device temperature must be closely monitored during the test. Never operate the board with device temperature exceeding T_{J_MAX} (150°C)

Power Stage Setup

Power connections (CON1-6)

CON1-CON6 mounting pads are designed to be compatible with:

- #10-32 Screw mount,
- Banana Jack PCB mount (Keystone P/N: 575-4), or
- PC Mount Screw Terminal (Keystone P/N: 8191)

Output passives (L and C17)

An external power inductor (not included) can be connected between VSW (CON3) and VOUT (CON4) or VBUS- (CON5/6), depending on the operation mode (see below). Users can choose their inductor size to meet the test requirement. Generally it is recommended to use toroid power inductor with low inter-winding capacitance to obtain best switching performance. For pulse testing we used 2x 60uH/40Amp inductor (CWS, P/N: HF467-600M-40AV) in series.

C17 is designed to accommodate a film capacitor as output filter (not included). It has a universal footprint that is compatible with Vishay MKP1848 series film capacitor 700V 1 to 35uF (P1=27.5-37.5mm, P2=0-10.2mm, 2 or 4pins).

Operation mode

The board can be configured to any half bridge based topology and used as the building block for real power conversion circuits. There are generally three operation modes:

Pulse test mode

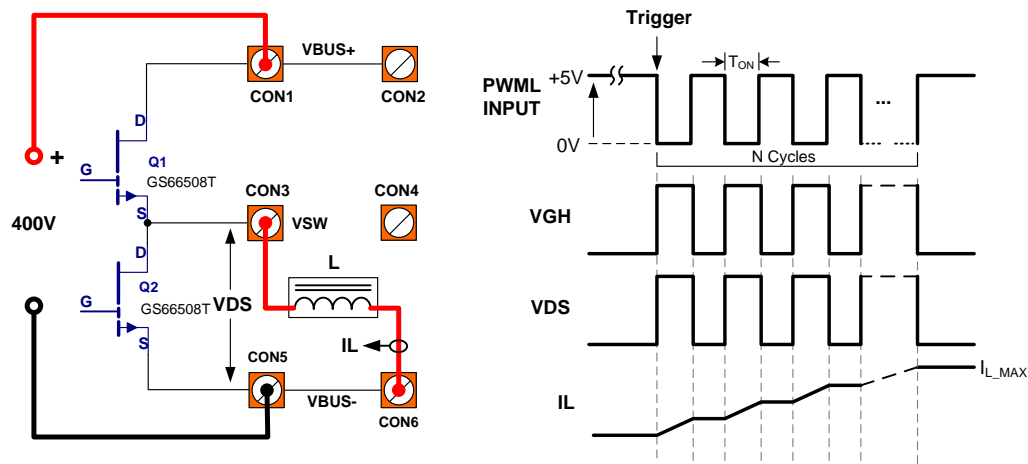


Figure 10 - Pulse test mode and waveforms

Similar to a standard double pulse testing circuit, the user can test half bridge inductive switching performance by connecting the inductor from VSW to VBUS-. In this mode, the high side device Q1 is hard switching (control) and low side Q2 is used as free-wheeling device (sync), which is driven synchronously.

Figure 10 shows an example of the PWM input signal and pulse test switching waveforms for the pulse test mode. Since a bootstrap circuit is used to create the high side gate voltage, the low side device Q2 must be turned on first before the first testing pulse to ensure that the high side gate driver is powered up. This can be implemented by setting the signal generator output to “Inverse” mode on the signal so the PWML is always high before and after the testing pulses. It is recommended to use a single trigger burst mode and manually trigger the signal generator for each test to avoid any heating of the devices.

The maximum switching current for pulse test can be calculated by:

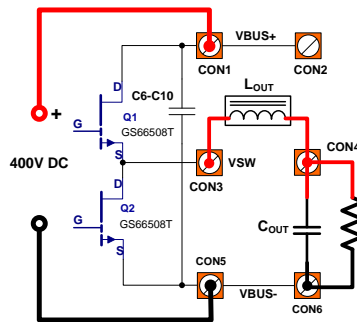
$$I_{L_MAX} = T_{ON} * N * V_{DS} / L, \quad (Eq.1)$$

Where T_{ON} is the turn-on time per cycle, N is the total number of testing pulses and L is the inductance. Set $N = 3-5$ to test the switching performance at different current ranges. Choose the inductance value between 50 to 200uH and use the inductor with a current rating higher than your switching test current to avoid saturation.

CAUTION:

Limit the maximum switching current to **30A** and ensure maximum drain voltage including ringing is below **650V** for pulse testing. Exceeding this limit may cause damage to the devices.

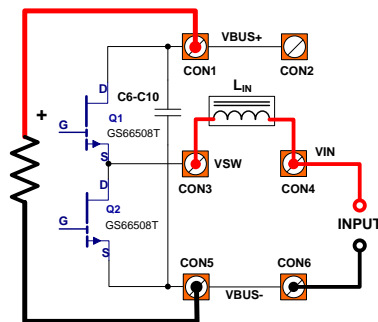
Buck/Standard half bridge mode



This is standard half bridge configuration that can be used in following circuits :

- Synchronous Buck DC/DC
- Single phase half bridge inverter
- ZVS LLC
- Phase leg for full bridge DC/DC or
- Phase leg for a 3-phase motor drive

Boost mode



When the output becomes the input and the load is attached between VBUS+ and VBUS-, the board is converted into a boost mode circuit and can be used for:

- Synchronous Boost DC/DC
- Totem pole bridgeless PFC

Quick start procedure (pulse test mode)

1. Equipment and components you will need to get started:
 - Four-channel oscilloscope with 500MHz bandwidth or higher
 - high bandwidth (500MHz or higher) passive probe
 - high bandwidth (500MHz) high voltage probe (>600V)
 - AC/DC current probe for inductor current measurement
 - 12V DC power supply for board gate drive circuit
 - Signal generator capable of creating testing pulses
 - High voltage power supply (0-400VDC) with current limit.
 - HV Differential probe for high side measurement (optional)
 - External power inductor (recommend toroid inductor 50-200uH/40A)
1. Check the board for any visual damage and ensure jumper **J3** is properly installed at "INT" position.
2. Connect 12VDC power supply to **J1** (positive on the top). Turn on the output and ensure that standby current is below 20mA. (Typical 10-15mA).

3. Connect 50Ω impedance output from signal generator to **J5 (PWML)**. Set up the signal generator in pulse and single trigger burst mode to generate signals as shown in **Figure 10**. Set Ncycle = 5 and use the Eq.1 to calculate T_{ON} to ensure the maximum switching current is $\leq 30A$ at 400VDC.
4. Trigger the signal generator and confirm that gate drive signals VGL and VGH are present and the gate voltage levels are correct.
5. Connect the probes as shown in **Figure 11**, for the following measurements:
 - a. VGL (J7): low side gate signal, passive probe
 - b. VDS (J6): low side drain voltage, HV probe
 - c. VGH (J4): high side gate signal, HV differential probe (optional)
 - d. IL: current probe for inductor current
6. Set the High Voltage (HV) DC supply voltage level to 0V and ensure that the output is OFF. Connect the HV supply output to **CON1 (VBUS+)** and **CON5 (VBUS-)**. Attach the external inductor between **CON3 (VSW)** and **CON6 (VBUS-)**.
7. Set the oscilloscope to single trigger mode. Turn on the output of the HV supply and slowly ramp the voltage up. Then trigger the signal generator and observe the voltage and current waveforms.
8. After the test is complete, slowly ramp down the HV supply voltage to 0V and turn off the output. Then turn off the 12V power supply and signal generator output.

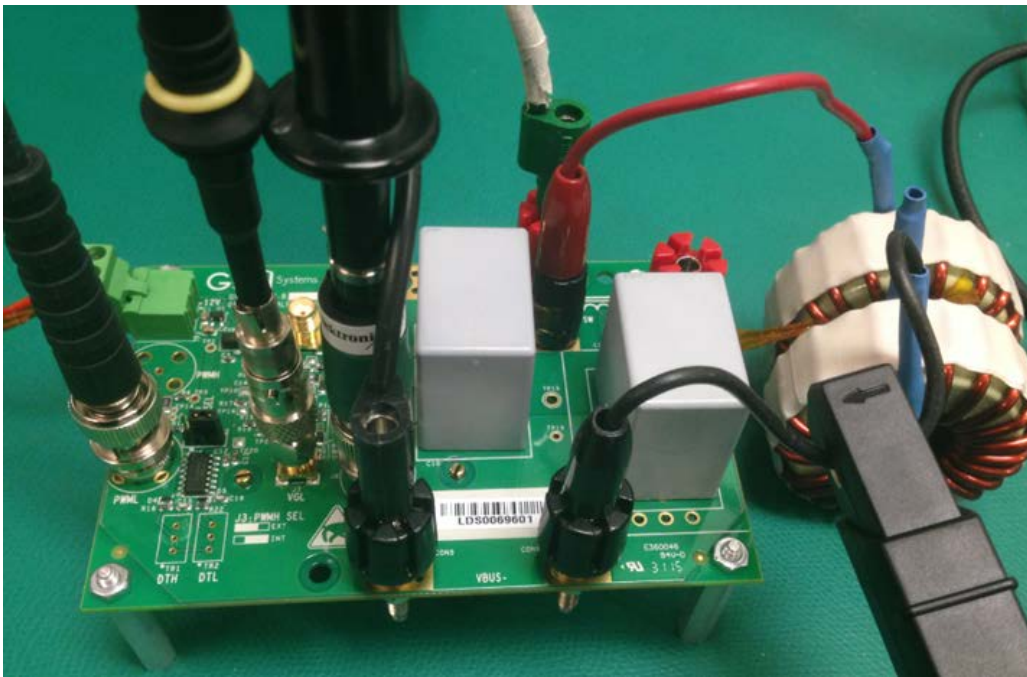


Figure 11 - Example of pulse Test set up

Test results

Pulse test ($V_{DS}=400V$, $I_{MAX} = 30A$, $T_{ON}=2\mu s$, $N=5$, $L=120\mu H$)

Pulse test results show that the gate driver is stable for the entire operating range from 0-30A with no oscillation and minimum drain voltage overshoot.

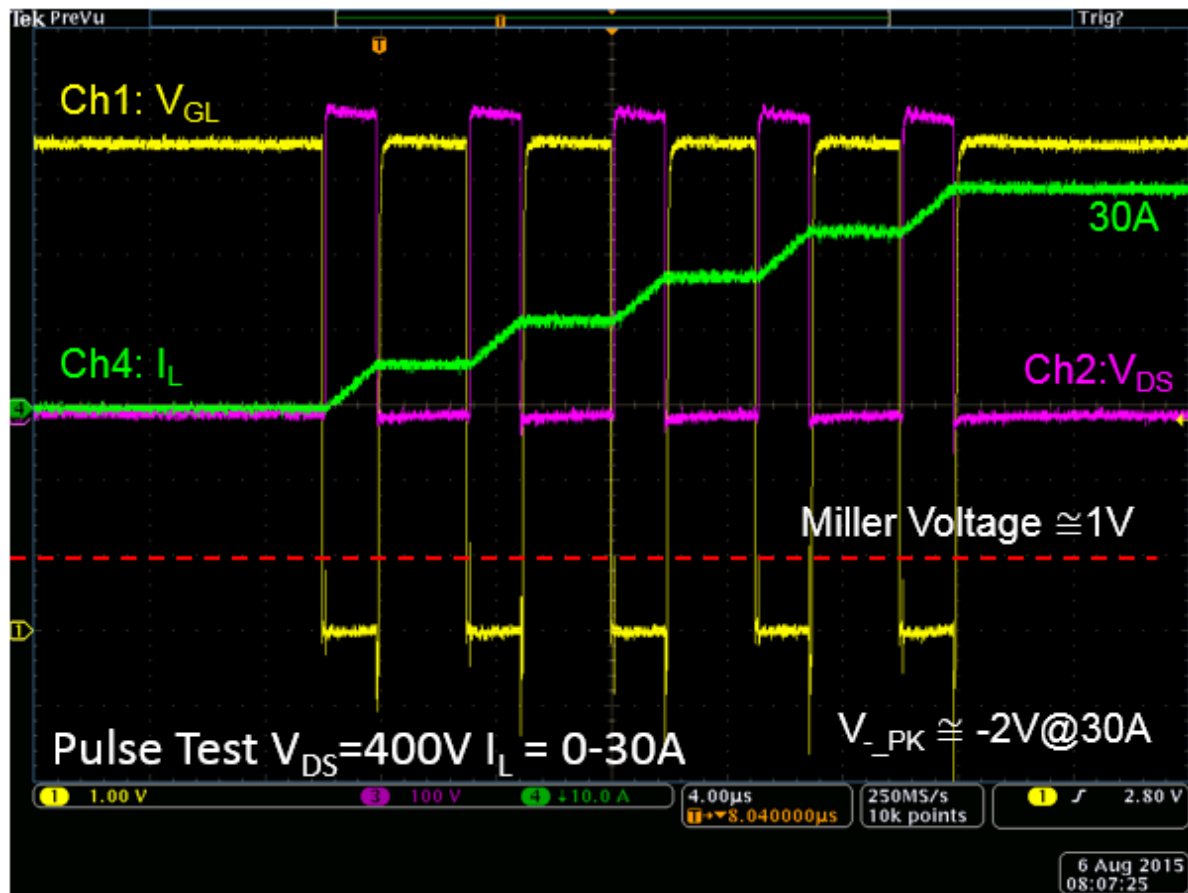
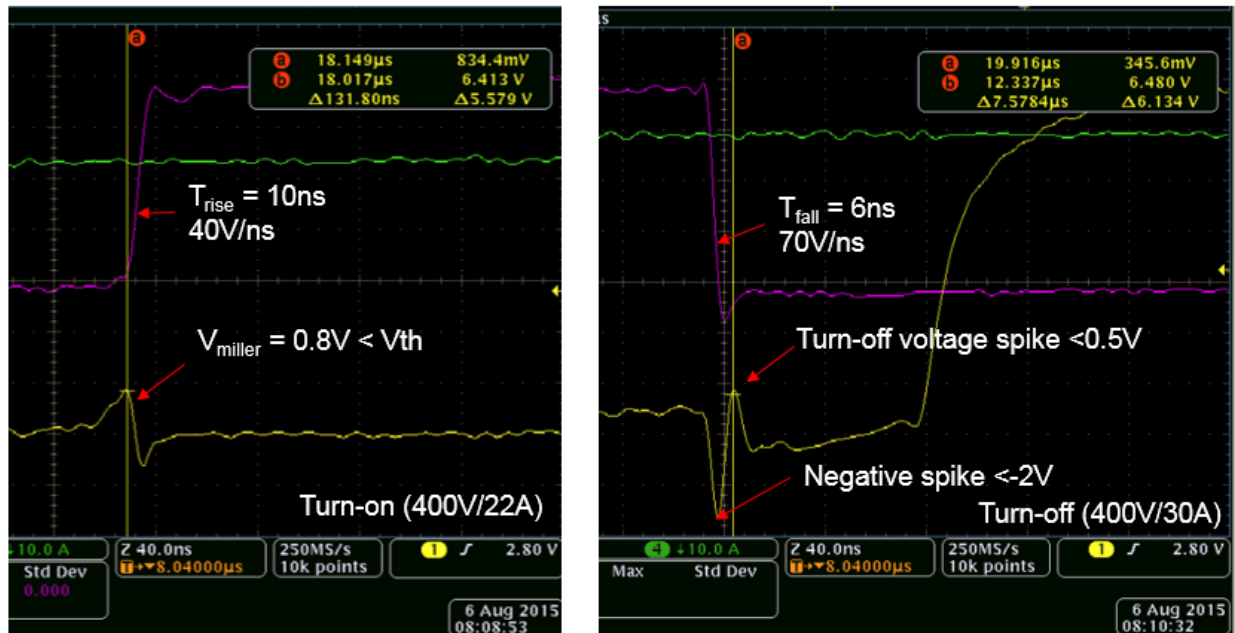


Figure 12 - Pulse Test waveforms (400V/30A)

The measured rise time for turn-on is 10ns and the fall time at 30A turn-off is 6ns. The miller voltage is under good control with a peak value of 0.8V which is lower than gate threshold of 1.6V at a $dv/dt = 40V/ns$ and the turn-off negative voltage is clamped by the diode with a peak negative spike of approximately -2V.



a) Turn-on waveforms (400V/22A)

b) Turn-off waveforms (400V/30A)

Figure 13 - Pulse test switching waveforms turn-on and turn-off

Synchronous Buck Test ($L=120\mu\text{H}$, $V_{\text{IN}}=400\text{V}$, $V_{\text{OUT}}=200\text{V}$, $D=50\%$, $F_{\text{SW}}=100\text{ kHz}$, $P_{\text{OUT}}=0\text{-}2\text{kW}$)

The board is converted to a synchronous buck DC/DC converter and demonstrates efficiency $>98.5\%$ from 1kW to 2kW. With forced air cooling, the peak device temperature $T_{\text{J,MAX}}$ was measured at $<80^\circ\text{C}$ at 1500W output.

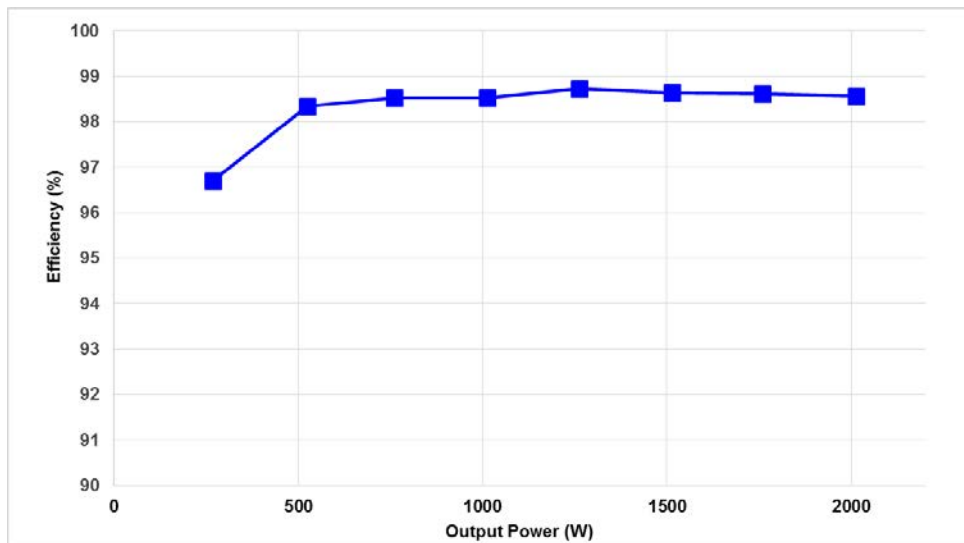


Figure 14 - Synchronous Buck Efficiency ($V_{\text{IN}}=400\text{V}$, $V_{\text{OUT}}=200\text{V}$, $D=50\%$, $F_{\text{SW}}=100\text{kHz}$)

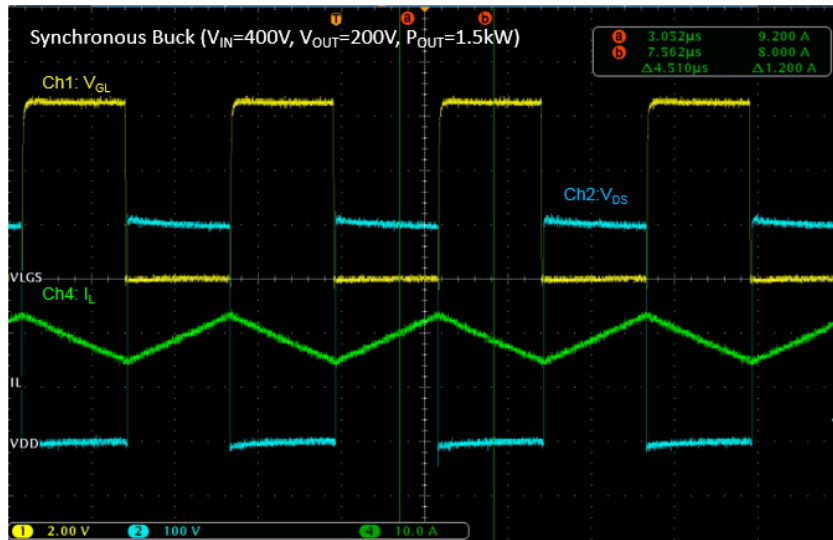


Figure 15 - Synchronous Buck switching waveforms (CCM, $P_{OUT}=1500W$)

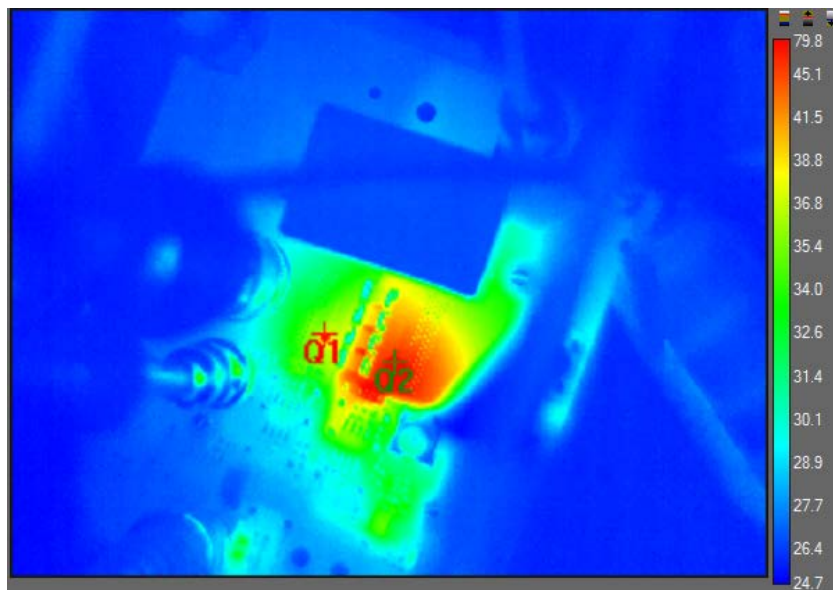
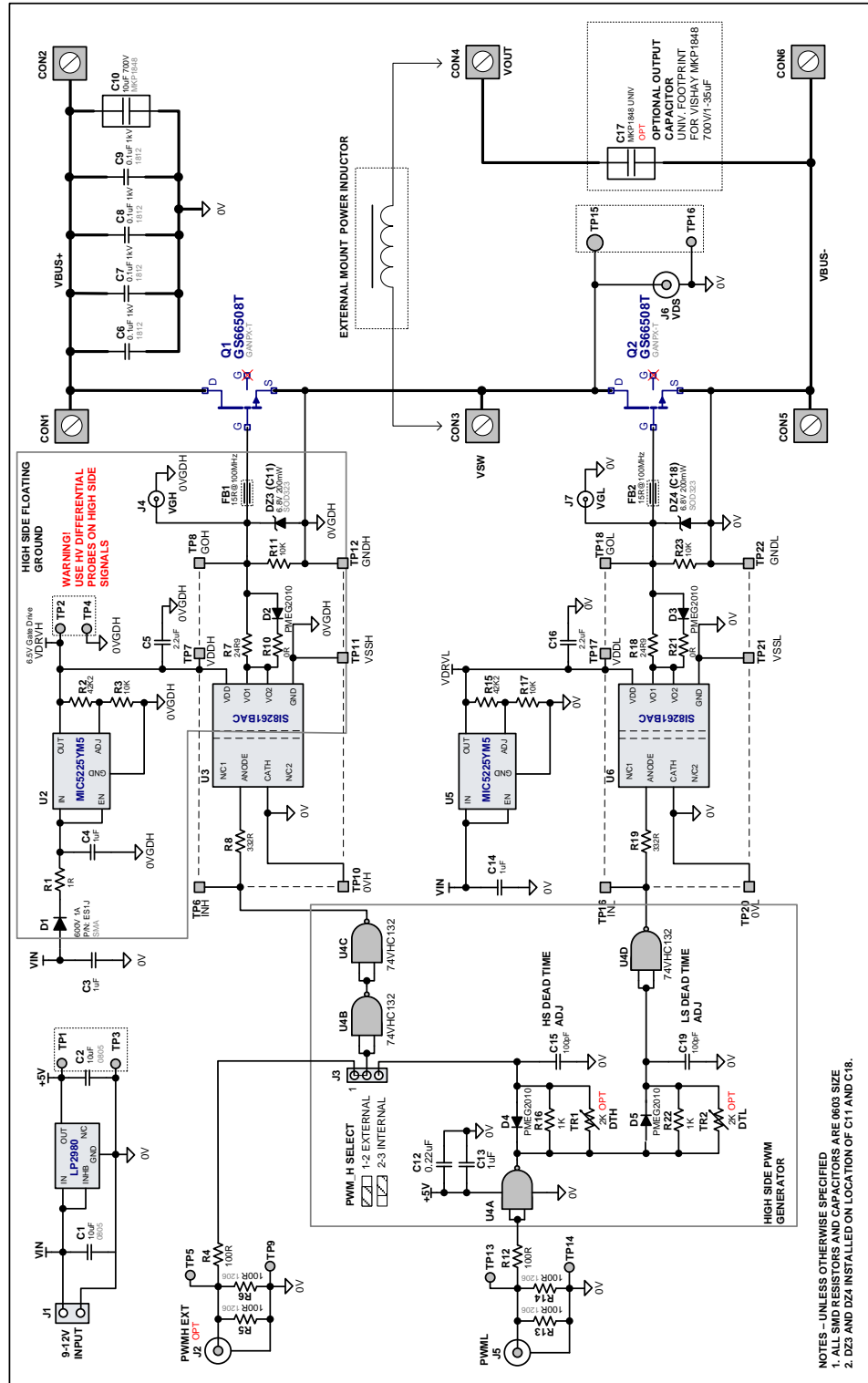


Figure 16 - Thermal image showing Q1 and Q2 temperature ($P_{OUT}=1500W$, $T_{JMAX}=80^{\circ}C$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}C$)

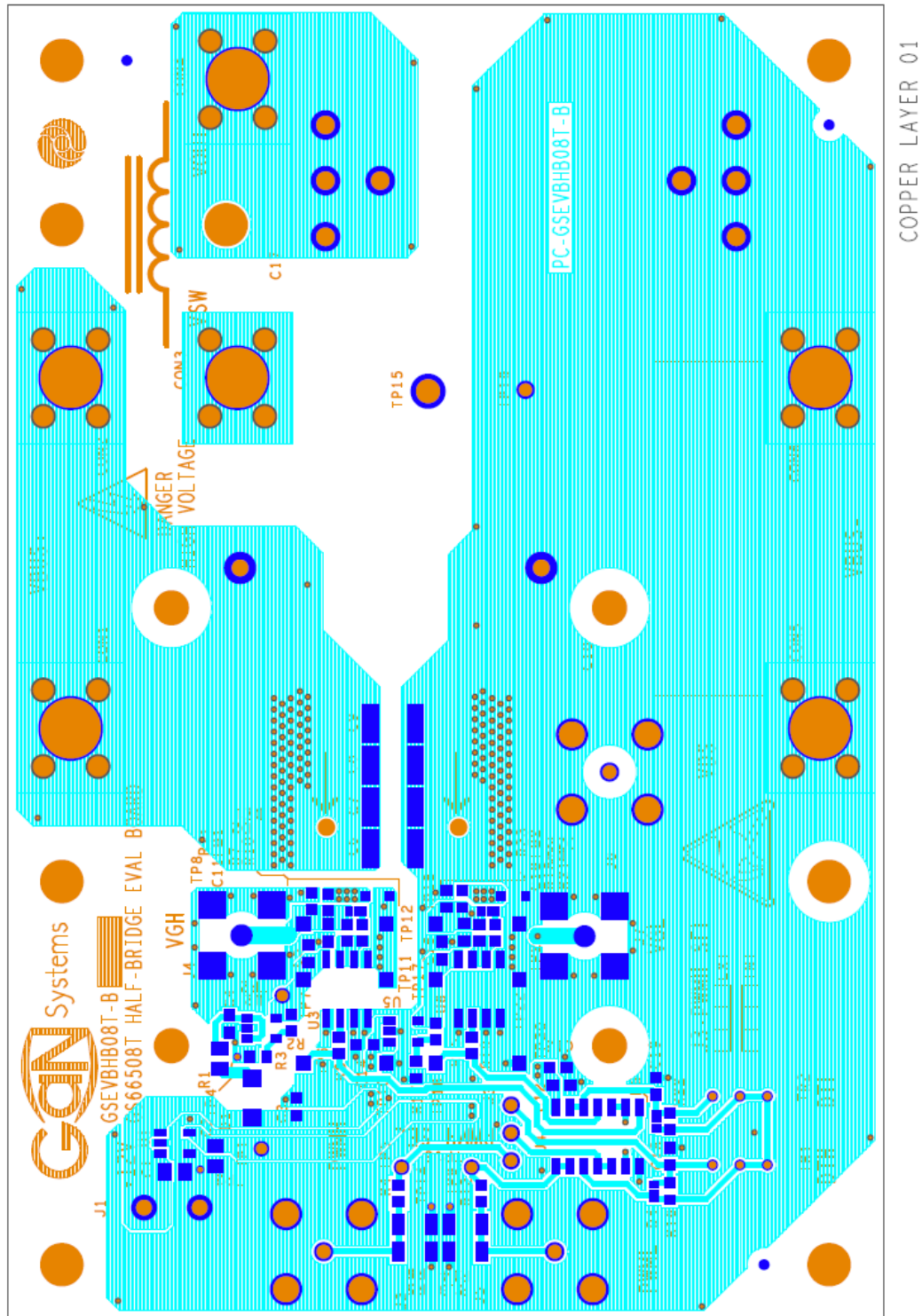
Appendix

Schematic

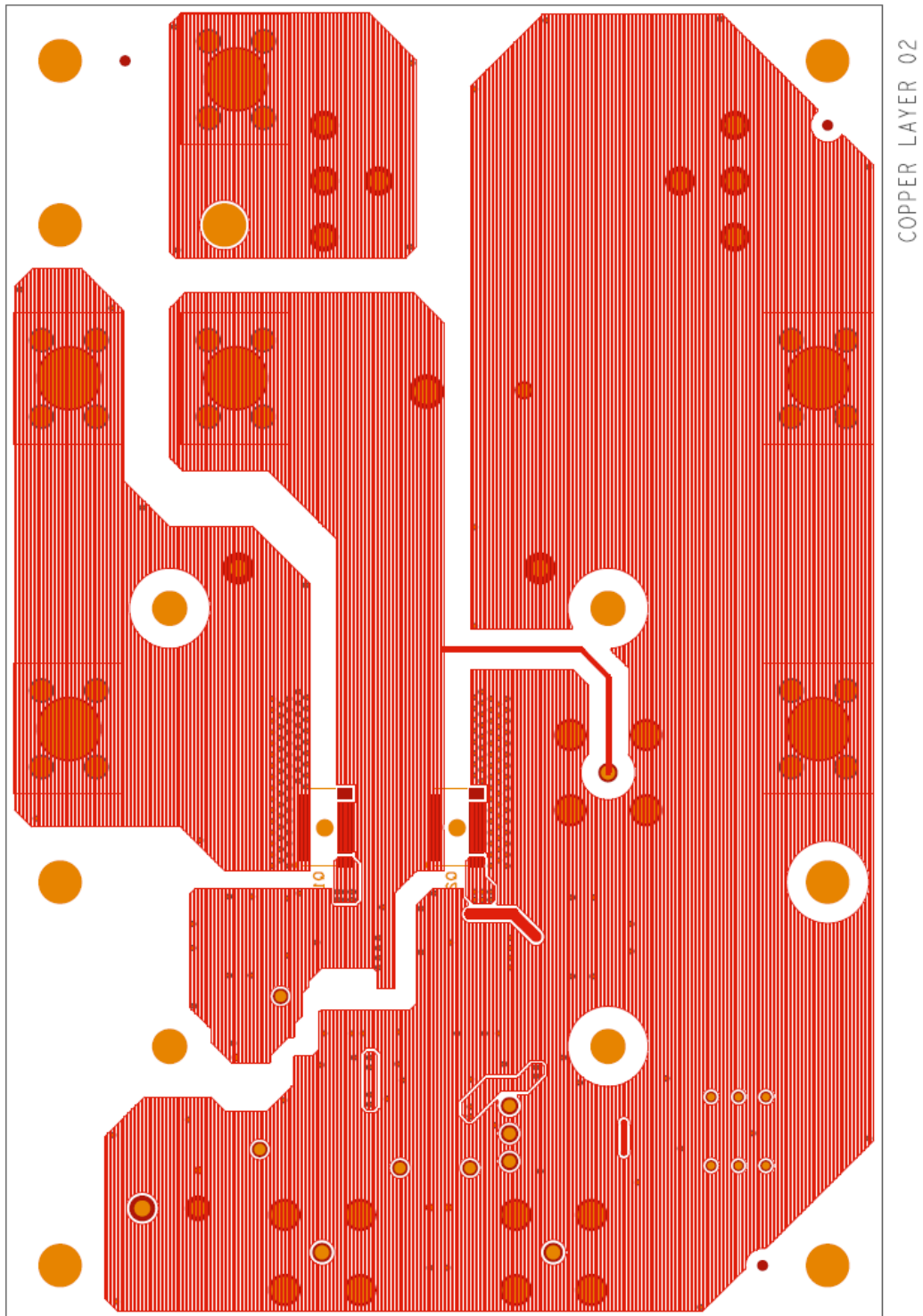


PCB Layout

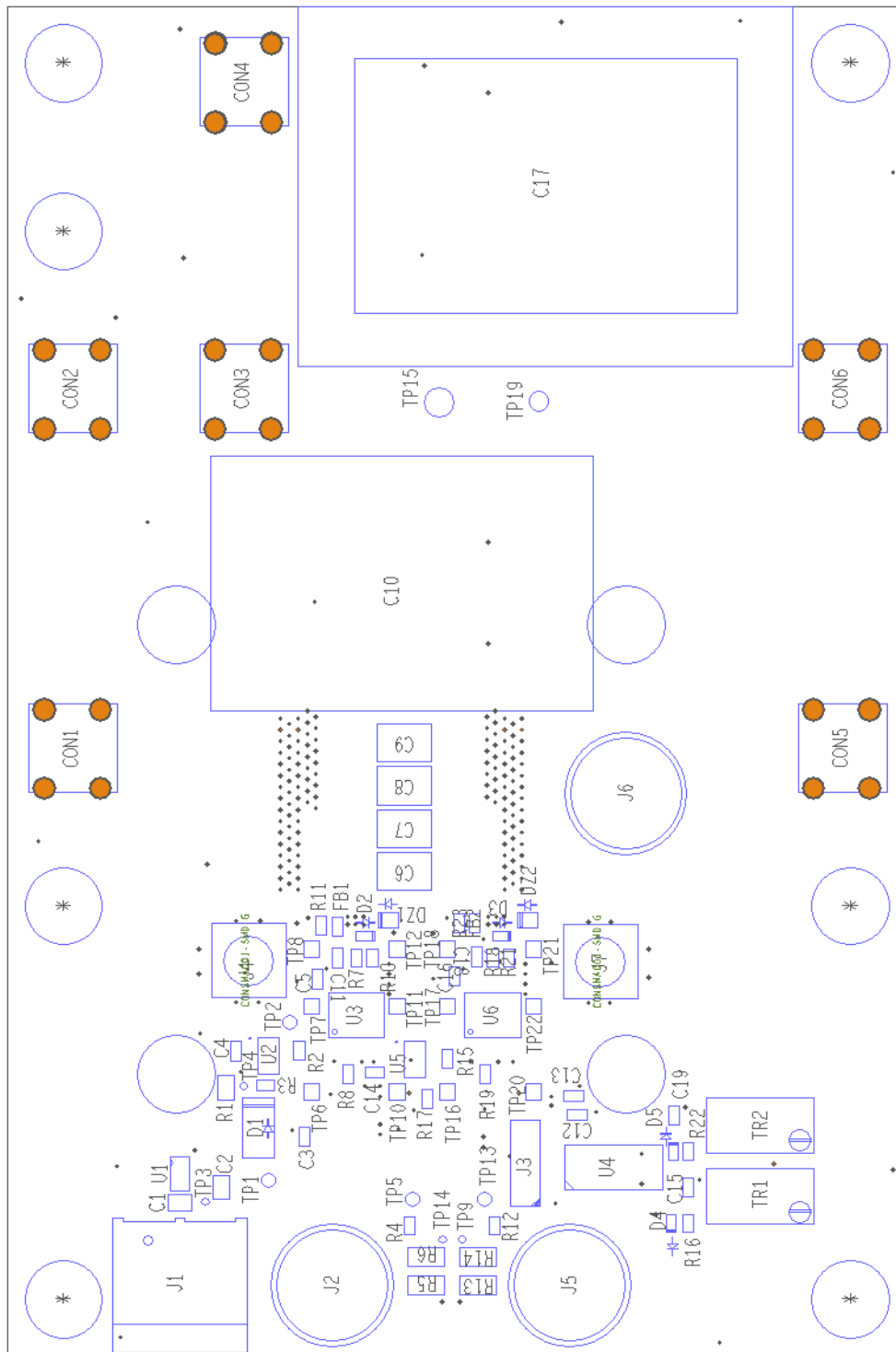
Top layer



Bottom Layer



Assembly Drawing (Top)



Bill of materials

REFERENCE	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER PN	NOTE
C1,C2	2	CAP CER 10UF 25V 10% X5R 0805	MURATA	GRM21BR61E106KA73L	
C3,C4,C13,C14	4	CAP CER 1UF 25V 10% X7R 0603	TAIYO YUDEN	TMK107B7105KA-T	
C5,C16	2	CAP CER 2.2UF 25V 10% X7R 0603	TAIYO YUDEN	LMK107B7225KA-T	
C6,C7,C8,C9	4	CAP CER 0.1UF 1KV 10% X7R 1812	KEMET	C1812C104KDRAC7800	
C10	1	CAP FILM 10UF 700V P=27.5MM	VISHAY	MKP1848610704K2	
	Alternate	CAP FILM 10UF 5% 600VDC RADIAL	KEMET	C4AEHBU5100A11J	
C12	1	CAP CER 0.22UF 25V 10% X7R 0603	TAIYO YUDEN	TMK107B7224KA-T	
C15,C19	2	CAP CER 100PF 25V 5% NP0 0603	KEMET	C0603C101J3GACTU	
C17	1	CAP FILM 10UF 700V	Vishay	MKP1848610704K2	DNP
DZ1,DZ2	2	DIODE ZENER 6.8V 200MW SOD323	DIODES INC	MMSZ5235BS-7-F	DNP
DZ3, DZ4 (C11, C18)	2	DIODE ZENER 6.8V 200MW SOD323	DIODES INC	MMSZ5235BS-7-F	
D1	1	DIODE GEN PURP 600V 1A SMA	FAIRCHILD	ES1J	
D2,D3,D4,D5	4	DIODE SCHOTTKY 20V 1A 2DFN	NXP	PMEG2010EPK	
FB1, FB2	2	FERRITE BEAD SMD 15 OHM 0.5A 0603	WURTH ELECTRONICS	74279268	
R10,R21	2	RES SMD 0.0 OHM JUMPER 1/10W	VISHAY DALE	CRCW06030000Z0EA	
J1	1	TERM BLOCK HDR 2POS R/A 5.08MM	TE CONNECTIVITY	796638-2	
J2,J5,J6	3	CONN BNC JAC STR 50 OHM	AMPHENOL	112538	DNP J2
J3	1	CONN HEADER 3POS 2.54MM	WURTH ELECTRONICS	61300311121	
J4,J7	2	CONN SMA JACK SMD VERT 50OHM	LINX	CONSMA001-SMD-G	
Q1,Q2	2	TRANS GAN E-HEMT 650V 30A	GAN SYSTEMS INC	GS66508T-E01	
R1	1	RES SMD 1.0 OHM 1% 1/8W 0805	VISHAY DALE	CRCW08051R00FKEA	
R2,R15	2	RES SMD 42.2K OHM 1% 1/10W 0603	VISHAY DALE	CRCW060342K2FKEA	
R3,R11,R17,R23	4	RES SMD 10K OHM 1% 1/10W 0603	VISHAY DALE	CRCW060310K0FKEA	
R4,R12	2	RES SMD 100 OHM 1% 1/10W 0603	VISHAY DALE	CRCW0603100RFKEA	
R5,R6,R13,R14	4	RES SMD 100 OHM 1% 1/4W 1206	VISHAY DALE	CRCW1206100RFKEA	
R7,R18	2	RES SMD 24.9 OHM 1% 1/10W 0603	VISHAY DALE	CRCW060324R9FKEA	
R8,R19	2	RES SMD 332 OHM 1% 1/10W 0603	VISHAY DALE	CRCW0603332RFKEA	
R16,R22	2	RES SMD 1K OHM 1% 1/10W 0603	VISHAY DALE	CRCW06031K00FKEA	
TR1,TR2	2	RES TRIMMER 2K OHM 1/2W TH	MURATA	PV36W202C01B00	DNP
U1	1	IC REG LDO 5V 50MA SOT-23-5	ST MICRO	LD2980ABM50TR	
U2,U5	2	IC REG LDO ADJ 0.15A SOT23-5	MICREL	MIC5225YM5 TR	
U3,U6	2	IC ISO GATE DRVR 4A 3.75KV	SILAB	SI8261BAC-C-IS	
U4	1	IC GATE NAND 4CH 2-INP 14-SOIC	FAIRCHILD	74VHC132M	

OFF THE BOARD COMPONENTS

J1-PLUG	1	TERM BLK PLUG	TE CONNECTIVITY	796634-2
J3-SHUNT	1	JUMPER SHUNT	TE CONNECTIVITY	382811-8
STANDOFF	6	HEX STDOFF 6-32 ALUM 1-1/4	KEYSTONE	8420
HEX NUTS	6	HEX NUT STEEL 6-32	KEYSTONE	4701
HEATSINK	1	heatsink, push pin Customized design	MALICO INC	CMFA0660502900-00

DNP = Do not populate

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