C85E.pdf

# Safety Standard Certified Ceramic Capacitors/ High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors





Innovator in Electronics

Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

Cat.No.C85E-4

# EU RoHS Compliant

- $\cdot$  All the products in this catalog comply with EU RoHS.
- EU RoHS is "the European Directive 2011/65/EU on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment."
- For more details, please refer to our website 'Murata's Approach for EU RoHS' (http://www.murata.com/info/rohs.html).



ANote • Please read rating and ACAUTION (for storage, operating, rating, soldering, mounting and handling) in this catalog to prevent smoking and/or burning, etc.
 This catalog has only typical specifications. Therefore, please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.

# CONTENTS

Part Numbering	— 2
1 Type KY (Basic Insulation) -Class X1, Y2- (Recommend)	
2 Type KH (Basic Insulation) -Class X1, Y2-	
3 Type KX New Small Size (Reinforced Insulation) -Class X1, Y1- (Recommend) —	
4 Type KX (Reinforced Insulation) -Class X1, Y1-	
Type KY/KH/KX Specifications and Test Methods	
5 DEJ Series -Based on the Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law of Japan-	
DEJ Series Specifications and Test Methods	
Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors Characteristics Data (Typical Example)	
Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors Packaging	— 26
Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors ①Caution	— 28
Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors Notice	
DES Series (125°C Guaranteed/Low-dissipation Factor/DC500V-1kV)	
DES Series Specifications and Test Methods	
DEH Series (125°C Guaranteed/Low-dissipation Factor/DC500V-3.15kV)	— 36
DEH Series Specifications and Test Methods	
DEA Series (125°C Guaranteed/Class 1/DC1k-3.15kV)	
DEA Series Specifications and Test Methods	
DEB Series (Class 2/DC1k-3.15kV)	
DEB Series Specifications and Test Methods	
0 DEC Series (Class 1, 2/DC6.3kV)	
DEC Series Specifications and Test Methods	— 53
1 DEF Series (Only for LCD Backlight Inverter Circuit/6.3kVp-p)	— 55
DEF Series Specifications and Test Methods	— 57
High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors Characteristics Data (Typical Example)	— 59
High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors Packaging	
High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors ①Caution	- 62
High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors Notice	- 69
2 Type KJ -Class X1, Y2- (For Automotive Use/AC Line Filter of PHEV/EV Charger) —	— 70
Type KJ Specifications and Test Methods	— 71
Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors for Automotive Characteristics Data (Typical Example)	— 75
Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors for Automotive Packaging	— 76
Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors for Automotive ①Caution	— 77
Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors for Automotive Notice	— 80
Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors/High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors ISO9000 Certifications	— 81

## Part Numbering

#### Safety Standard Certified Ceramic Capacitors

(Part Number)	DE	2	E3	KY	102	М	N3	Α		F
	0	2	3	4	6	6	0	8	9	0

## Product ID

Product ID	
DE	Safety Standard Certified Ceramic Capacitors/ High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors

### Series Category

Code	Outline	Contents		
1	Safety Standard	Class X1, Y1		
2	Certified	Class X1, Y2		
J	250Vac (r.m.s.)	-Products based on the Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law of Japan-		

For Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law of Japan, the first three digits (**1** Product ID and **2** Series Category) express "Series Name."

For Safety Certified Capacitors, the first three digits express product code. The fourth figure expresses certified type shown in @Safety Standard Certified Type column.

### **3**Temperature Characteristics

Code	Temperature Characteristics	Cap. Change or Temp. Coeff.	Temperature Range
В3	В	±10%	
E3	E	+20%,-55%	–25 to +85℃
F3	F	+30%,-80%	
1X	SL	+350 to -1000ppm/°C	+20 to +85℃

#### A Rated Voltage/Safety Standard Certified Type

Code	Rated Voltage		
E2	250Vac (r.m.s.)		
КН	X1, Y2; 250Vac (r.m.s.) (Safety Standard Certified Type KH)		
КҮ	X1, Y2; 250Vac (r.m.s.), 300Vac (r.m.s.) (Safety Standard Certified Type KY)		
кх	X1, Y1; 250Vac (r.m.s.), 300Vac (r.m.s.) (Safety Standard Certified Type KX)		

#### Capacitance

Expressed by three figures. The unit is pico-farad (pF). The first and second figures are significant digits, and the third figure expresses the number of zeros that follow the two numbers.

#### **6**Capacitance Tolerance

Code	Capacitance Tolerance
J	±5%
К	±10%
М	±20%
z	+80%, -20%

#### Lead Style

	Code Lead Style		Dimensions (mm)			
Code			Lead Diameter	Pitch of Components		
A2		5				
A3	Vertical Crimp	7.5	ø0.6±0.05			
<b>A</b> 4	Long	10		_		
A5	Ű	10	ø0.6+0.1,-0.05			
B2		5				
B3	Vertical Crimp	7.5	ø0.6±0.05			
B4	Short	10		_		
B5		10	ø0.6+0.1, -0.05			
C3	Straight Long	7.5	ø0.6±0.05	-		
D3	Straight Short	7.5	ø0.6±0.05	-		
N2		5		12.7		
N3	Vertical	7.5	ø0.6±0.05	15		
N4	Crimp	10		25.4		
N5	Taping	10	ø0.6+0.1, -0.05	25.4		
N7		7.5	ø0.6±0.05	30		
P3	Straight Taping	7.5	ø0.6±0.05	15		

#### 8Packaging

Code	Packaging
Α	Ammo Pack Taping
В	Bulk

#### Individual Specification Code

For part number that cannot be identified without "Individual Specification," it is added at the end of part number, expressed by three-digit alphanumerics.

Halogen-free Compatible Product



6 6 7 8 9

High Voltage C	Peramic Ca	nacitors (	$(500)/_6(3k)/)$
Thyn vollage C	Jerannic Ga	pacitors	JUUV-0.3KV)

(Part Number)

#### Product ID

Product ID	
DE	High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors (500V-6.3kV) / Safety Standard Certified Ceramic Capacitors

0 0 0

DE B B3 3A 102 K N2 A

4

#### Series Category

Code	Outline	Contents		
Α		Class 1 (Char. SL) DC1-3.15kV Rated		
В		Class 2 DC1-3.15kV Rated		
С		Class 1, 2 DC6.3kV Rated		
Н	High Voltage	High Temperature Guaranteed, Low-dissipation Factor (Char. R, C)		
S		High Temperature Guaranteed, Low-dissipation Factor (Char. D)		
F		LCD Backlight Inverter Circuit		

The first three digits (**●**Product ID and **②**Series Category) express "Series Name."

#### **③**Temperature Characteristics

Code	Temperature Characteristics	Cap. Change or Temp. Coeff.	Temperature Range
В3	В	±10%	
E3	E	+20%, -55%	–25 to +85°C
F3	F	+30%, -80%	
C3	С	±20%	–25 to +85°C
		+15%, -30%	+85 to +125°C
R3	R	±15%	–25 to +85°C
ng		+15%, –30%	+85 to +125°C
D3	D	+20%, -30%	–25 to +125°C
1X	SL	+350 to -1000ppm/°C	+20 to +85°C
2C	СН	0±60ppm/°C	+20 to +85°C

#### A Rated Voltage

Code	Rated Voltage
2H	500Vdc
3A	1kVdc
3D	2kVdc
3F	3.15kVdc
3J	6.3kVdc
LH	6.3kVp-p

#### Capacitance

Expressed by three figures. The unit is pico-farad (pF). The first and second figures are significant digits, and the third figure expresses the number of zeros that follow the two numbers.

#### GCapacitance Tolerance

Code	Capacitance Tolerance
С	±0.25pF
D	±0.5pF
J	±5%
К	±10%
Z	+80%, -20%

#### Lead Style

	Lead Style	Dimensions (mm)			
Code		Lead Spacing	Lead Diameter	Pitch of Components	
A2	Vertical	5	ø0.6±0.05		
A3	Crimp	7.5		_	
A4	Long	10			
B2/J2	Vertical	5			
B3/J3	Crimp	7.5	ø0.6±0.05	-	
B4	Short	10			
C1	Straight Long	5	ø0.5±0.05		
C3		7.5	ø0.6±0.05	_	
C4		10			
CD		7.5	ø0.5±0.05		
D1	<b>0</b>	5	ø0.5±0.05		
D3	Straight Short	7.5	ø0.6±0.05	_	
DD	Short	7.5	ø0.5±0.05		
N2	Vertical	5		12.7	
N3	Crimp	7.5	ø0.6±0.05	15	
N7	Taping	7.5		30	
P2	Straight	5	~0.010.05	12.7	
P3	Taping	7.5	ø0.6±0.05	15	

#### 8Packaging

Code	Packaging
Α	Ammo Pack Taping
В	Bulk

#### Individual Specification Code

For part number that cannot be identified without "Individual Specification," it is added at the end of part number, expressed by three-digit alphanumerics.



5 6 7 8 9

#### Safety Standard Certified Ceramic Capacitors for Automotive

DE 6 E3 KJ 102 M N3 A

#### Product ID

Product ID	
DE	Safety Standard Certified Ceramic Capacitors/ High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors

0 0 8 0

#### Series Category

Code	Outline	Contents
6	Safety Standard Certified	Class X1, Y2

The first three digits express product code. The fourth figure expresses certified type shown in **@**Safety Standard Certified Type column.

#### **③**Temperature Characteristics

Code	Temperature Characteristics	Cap. Change or Temp. Coeff.	Temperature Range	
<b>B3</b> B		±10%	05 to 1.05%	
E3	E	+20%,-55%	–25 to +85℃	

A Rated Voltage/Safety Standard Certified Type

Code	Rated Voltage	
KJ	X1, Y2; 300Vac (r.m.s.), (Safety Standard Certified Type KJ)	

#### Capacitance

Expressed by three figures. The unit is pico-farad (pF). The first and second figures are significant digits, and the third figure expresses the number of zeros that follow the two numbers.

#### **6**Capacitance Tolerance

Code	Capacitance Tolerance	
к	±10%	
М	±20%	

#### Lead Style

	Lead	Dimensions (mm)			
Code	Style	Lead Spacing	Lead Diameter	Pitch of Components	
A3	Vertical Crimp Long			_	
B3	Vertical Crimp Short	7.5	ø0.6±0.05	_	
N3	Vertical Crimp Taping			15	

#### 8Packaging

Code	Packaging
Α	Ammo Pack Taping
В	Bulk

#### Individual Specification Code

For part number that cannot be identified without "Individual Specification," it is added at the end of part number, expressed by three-digit alphanumerics.



# Safety Standard Certified Ceramic Capacitors

# muRata

# 1

# Type KY (Basic Insulation) -Class X1, Y2- (Recommend)

## Features

- 1. Compact size; diameter 25% less than Type KH.
- 2. Operating temperature range guaranteed up to 125 degrees C.
- Dielectric strength: AC2000V (for lead spacing F=5mm) AC2600V (for lead spacing F=7.5mm)
- 4. Class X1/Y2 capacitors certified by UL/CSA/VDE/BSI/SEMKO/DEMKO/FIMKO/NEMKO/ ESTI/NSW/CQC.
- Coated with flame-retardant epoxy resin (conforming to UL94V-0 standard).
   We recommend a halogen-free product\* as our standard item.
  - \* Cl=900ppm max., Br=900ppm max. and Cl+Br=1500ppm max.
- 6. Taping available for automatic insertion.
- 7. AC300V Rated Voltage item are newly added.

## Applications

- Ideal for use as X/Y capacitors for AC line filters and primary-secondary coupling on switching power supplies and AC adapters.
- 2. Ideal for use on D-A isolation and noise absorption for DAA modems without transformers.

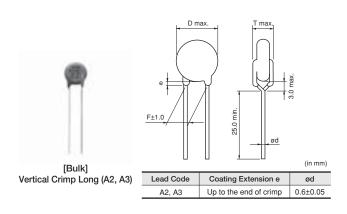
Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids. Only Murata products clearly stipulated as "for Automotive use" on its catalog can be used for automobile applications such as power train and safety equipment.

## Standard Certification

	Standard No.	Certified No.	Rated Voltage		
UL	UL60384-14	E37921			
CSA	CSA E60384-14	1283280			
VDE	IEC 60384-14	40006273			
VDE	EN 60384-14	40000273			
	EN 60065 (8.8, 14.2)				
BSI	IEC 60384-14	KM 37901			
	EN 60384-14				
SEMKO		1207848	250Vac (r.m.s.)		
DEMKO	IEC 60384-14	D01002	200 400 (1.111.0.)		
FIMKO	EN 60384-14	24197			
NEMKO	LN 00304-14	P12215094			
ESTI		12.0102			
NSW	IEC 60384-14	6824			
NOW	AS3250	0024			
CQC	GB/T14472	CQC06001017446			
0.00	0.0,111172	CQC06001017447			

The certification number might change due to revision of the application standard and changes in the range of acquisition.
Please contact us when the certification of South Korean Safety Standard

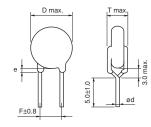
 Please contact us when the certification of South Korean Safety Standard is necessary.



Lead Co

B2, B3





[Bulk] Vertical Crimp Short (B2, B3)

de	Coating Extension e	ød
	Lin to the end of crimp	0.6+0.05

(in mm)

	Standard No.	Certified No.	Rated Voltage			
UL	UL60384-14	E37921				
CSA	CSA E60384-14	1283280				
VDE	IEC 60384-14	40006273				
VDE	EN 60384-14	40006273				
	EN 60065 (8.8, 14.2)					
BSI	IEC 60384-14	KM 37901				
	EN 60384-14					
SEMKO		1207848				
DEMKO	IEC 60384-14	D01002	300Vac (r.m.s.)			
FIMKO	EV 60384-14 EN 60384-14	24197				
NEMKO	EN 00304-14	P12215094				
ESTI		12.0102				
NSW	IEC 60384-14	6824				
11210	AS3250	0024				
CQC	IEC 60384-14	CQC12001079706				
CQC	IEC 00304-14	CQC12001079940				

• The certification number might change due to revision of the application standard and changes in the range of acquisition.



#### Marking

Example	Item	
Example 2 472M 3 () KY250~ X1Y2 FF	<ol> <li>Type Designation</li> <li>Nominal Capacitance (Under 100pF: Actual v 100pF and over: 3 digit</li> <li>Capacitance Toleranc</li> <li>Company Name Code</li> </ol>	system) e
5 OD M8 4	<ul> <li>              €% : Made in Taiwan €115      </li> <li>             Manufactured Date Co         </li> <li>             Class Code         </li> <li>             Rated Voltage Mark         </li> <li>             Halogen Free Mark         </li> </ul>	

# Rated Voltage 250Vac

## Lead Spacing F=7.5mm

Part Number	AC Rated Voltage	Temp. Char.	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DE21XKY100J	250Vac(r.m.s.)	SL	10pF±5%	8.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE21XKY150J	250Vac(r.m.s.)	SL	15pF±5%	8.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE21XKY220J	250Vac(r.m.s.)	SL	22pF±5%	8.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE21XKY330J	250Vac(r.m.s.)	SL	33pF±5%	8.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE21XKY470J	250Vac(r.m.s.)	SL	47pF±5%	8.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE21XKY680J	250Vac(r.m.s.)	SL	68pF±5%	8.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KY101K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	100pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KY151K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	150pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KY221K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	220pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KY331K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	330pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KY471K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	470pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KY681K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	680pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KY102M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	Е	1000pF±20%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KY152M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	Е	1500pF±20%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KY222M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	Е	2200pF±20%	8.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KY332M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	Е	3300pF±20%	9.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KY472M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	Е	4700pF±20%	10.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2F3KY103M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	F	10000pF±20%	14.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the 3 columns on the right for the appropriate code.

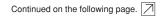
Individual specification code "M02" expresses "simplicity marking and guarantee of dielectric strength between lead wires: AC2600V."

Murata part numbers might be changed depending on lead code or any other changes. Therefore, please specify only the type name (KY) and capacitance of products in the parts list when it is required for applying safety standard of electric equipment.

### Lead Spacing F=5mm

Part Number	AC Rated Voltage	Temp. Char.	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DE21XKY100J	250Vac(r.m.s.)	SL	10pF±5%	8.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE21XKY150J	250Vac(r.m.s.)	SL	15pF±5%	8.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE21XKY220J	250Vac(r.m.s.)	SL	22pF±5%	8.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE21XKY330J	250Vac(r.m.s.)	SL	33pF±5%	8.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE21XKY470J	250Vac(r.m.s.)	SL	47pF±5%	8.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE21XKY680J	250Vac(r.m.s.)	SL	68pF±5%	8.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE2B3KY101K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	100pF±10%	7.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE2B3KY151K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	150pF±10%	7.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE2B3KY221K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	220pF±10%	7.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE2B3KY331K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	330pF±10%	7.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE2B3KY471K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	470pF±10%	7.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE2B3KY681K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	680pF±10%	8.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE2E3KY102M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1000pF±20%	7.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A







6

Note
 Please read rating and 
 CAUTION (for storage, operating, rating, soldering, mounting and handling) in this catalog to prevent smoking and/or burning, etc.
 This catalog has only typical specifications. Therefore, please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.

Continued from the preceding page.

Part Number	AC Rated Voltage	Temp. Char.	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DE2E3KY152M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1500pF±20%	7.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE2E3KY222M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	2200pF±20%	8.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE2E3KY332M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	3300pF±20%	9.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DE2E3KY472M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	Е	4700pF±20%	10.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the 3 columns on the right for the appropriate code.

Individual specification code "M01" expresses "simplicity marking and guarantee of dielectric strength between lead wires: AC2000V."

Murata part numbers might be changed depending on lead code or any other changes. Therefore, please specify only the type name (KY) and capacitance of products in the parts list when it is required for applying safety standard of electric equipment.

## Rated Voltage 300Vac

## Lead Spacing F=7.5mm

Part Number	AC Rated Voltage	Temp. Char.	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DE2B3KY101K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	100pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KY151K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	150pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KY221K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	220pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KY331K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	330pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KY471K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	470pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KY681K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	680pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KY102M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1000pF±20%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KY152MDDU02F	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1500pF±20%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KY222M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	2200pF±20%	8.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KY332M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	3300pF±20%	9.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KY472M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	4700pF±20%	10.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2F3KY103M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	F	10000pF±20%	14.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the 3 columns on the right for the appropriate code.

Individual specification code "U02" expresses "simplicity marking and guarantee of dielectric strength between lead wires: AC2600V."

Murata part numbers might be changed depending on lead code or any other changes. Therefore, please specify only the type name (KY) and capacitance of products in the parts list when it is required for applying safety standard of electric equipment.



# Safety Standard Certified Ceramic Capacitors

# muRata

# Type KH (Basic Insulation) -Class X1, Y2-

## 2

## Features

- 1. Operating temperature range guaranteed up to 125 degrees C.
- 2. Dielectric strength: AC2600V
- Class X1/Y2 capacitors certified by UL/CSA/VDE/BSI/SEMKO/DEMKO/FIMKO/NEMKO/ ESTI/NSW.
- Coated with flame-retardant epoxy resin (conforming to UL94V-0 standard).

Please contact us when a halogen-free product\* is necessary.

- \* Cl=900ppm max., Br=900ppm max. and Cl+Br=1500ppm max.
- 5. Taping available for automatic insertion.

## Applications

Ideal for use as X/Y capacitors for AC line filters and primary-secondary coupling on switching power supplies and AC adapters.

Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids. Only Murata products clearly stipulated as "for Automotive use" on its catalog can be used for automobile applications such as power train and safety equipment.

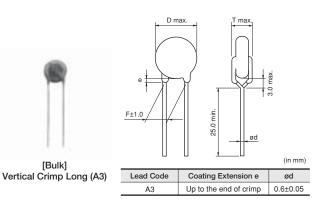
## Standard Certification

$\geq$	Standard No.	Certified No.	Rated Voltage		
UL	UL60384-14	E37921			
CSA	CSA E60384-14	1343805			
VDE	IEC 60384-14	40002796			
VDE	EN 60384-14	40002796			
	EN 60065 (8.8, 14.2)				
BSI	IEC 60384-14	KM 37901			
	EN 60384-14		250Vac (r.m.s.)		
SEMKO		1200285	200 vac (1.111.5.)		
DEMKO	IEC 60384-14	D01006			
FIMKO	EV 60384-14	24195			
NEMKO	EN 00304-14	P12215095			
ESTI		12.0104			
NSW	IEC 60384-14	6529			
NOW	AS3250	0529			

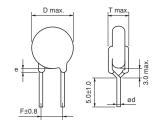
• The certification number might change due to revision of the application

standard and changes in the range of acquisition.

 Please contact us when the certification of Chinese Safety Standard or South Korean Safety Standard is necessary.







[Bulk] Vertical Crimp Short (B3)

(in mm)
Lead Code Coating Extension e ød
B3 Up to the end of crimp 0.6±0.05

## Marking

Example	Item	
2 1 KH472M 3 X1Y2 BSI S (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C)	Item  Type Designation  Type Designation  Company Company Name Code  Company Name Code  Company Name Code  Code  Manufactured Date Code  UL Approval Mark  CSA Approval Mark  VDE Approval Mark  BSI Approval Mark	KH e in Thailand <b>RJ</b> @ BSI
	SEMKO Approval Mark DEMKO Approval Mark FIMKO Approval Mark NEMKO Approval Mark	© © F N
	ESTI Approval Mark Class Code Rated Voltage Mark	(1) X1Y2 250~



ANote • Please read rating and ACAUTION (for storage, operating, rating, soldering, mounting and handling) in this catalog to prevent smoking and/or burning, etc.
 This catalog has only typical specifications. Therefore, please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.

C85E.pdf Apr.7,2014

Part Number	AC Rated Voltage	Temp. Char.	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DE2B3KH101K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	100pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KH151K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	150pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KH221K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	220pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KH331K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	330pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KH471K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	470pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2B3KH681K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	680pF±10%	9.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KH102M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1000pF±20%	8.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KH152M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1500pF±20%	9.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KH222M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	2200pF±20%	10.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KH332M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	3300pF±20%	12.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2E3KH472M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	4700pF±20%	13.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE2F3KH103M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	F	10000pF±20%	16.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the 3 columns on the right for the appropriate code.

Murata part numbers might be changed depending on lead code or any other changes. Therefore, please specify only the type name (KH) and capacitance of products in the parts list when it is required for applying safety standard of electric equipment.





# Safety Standard Certified Ceramic Capacitors



# Type KX New Small Size (Reinforced Insulation) -Class X1, Y1- (Recommend)

## Features

3

- We design capacitors much more compact in size than current Type KX, having reduced the diameter by 20% max.
- 2. Operating temperature range guaranteed up to 125 degrees C.
- 3. Dielectric strength: AC4000V
- 4. Class X1/Y1 capacitors certified by UL/CSA/VDE/BSI/SEMKO/DEMKO/FIMKO/NEMKO/ ESTI/IMQ/CQC.
- 5. Can be use with a component in appliances requiring reinforced insulation and double insulation based on UL1492, IEC60065 and IEC60950.
- 6. Coated with flame-retardant epoxy resin (conforming to UL94V-0 standard).
   We recommend a halogen-free product\* as our
  - standard item.
  - \* Cl=900ppm max., Br=900ppm max. and Cl+Br=1500ppm max.
- 7. Taping available for automatic insertion.
- 8. AC300V Rated Voltage item are newly added.

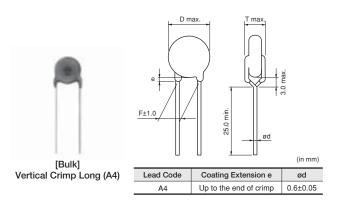
## Applications

- Ideal for use as X/Y capacitors for AC line filters and primary-secondary coupling on switching power supplies and AC adapters.
- 2. Ideal for use on D-A isolation and noise absorption for DAA modems without transformers.

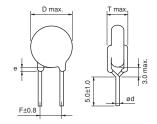
Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids. Only Murata products clearly stipulated as "for Automotive use" on its catalog can be used for automobile applications such as power train and safety equipment.

\*: Small sized Type KX differs from current Type KX in electrical characteristics, such as the voltage dependency, capacitance temperature dependency, and Dielectric strength.

Therefore, before replacing current Type KX, please make a performance check by equipment. Please also refer to Notice (Rating) item 2, "Performance Check by Equipment," below.







(in mm)

[Bulk] Vertical Crimp Short (B4)

Lead Code	Coating Extension e	ød
B4	Up to the end of crimp	0.6±0.05



#### Standard Certification Rated Voltage (AC250V) B, E Char.

$\frown$	Standard No.	Certified No.	
UL	UL60384-14	E37921	
CSA	CSA E60384-14	1343810	
VDE	IEC 60384-14	40002831	
VDE	EN 60384-14	40002831	
	EN 60065 (8.8, 14.2)		
BSI	IEC 60384-14	KM 37901	
	EN 60384-14		
SEMKO		1200074	
DEMKO		D01004	
FIMKO	IEC 60384-14 EN 60384-14	24191	
NEMKO	EN 60364-14	P12215096	
ESTI		12.0094	
IMQ	EN 60384-14	V4069	
000	GB/T14472	CQC02001001556	
CQC	GB/114472	CQC04001011643	

• The certification number might change due to revision of the application standard and changes in the range of acquisition.

Please contact us when the certification of South Korean Safety Standard is necessary.

#### Standard Certification Rated Voltage (AC300V) B, E Char.

	Standard No.	Certified No.
UL	UL60384-14	E37921
CSA	CSA E60384-14	1343810
VDE	IEC 60384-14 EN 60384-14	40002831
BSI	EN 60065 (8.8, 14.2) IEC 60384-14 EN 60384-14	KM 37901
SEMKO		1200074
DEMKO	IEC 60384-14	D01004
FIMKO	EN 60384-14	24191
NEMKO	EN 60384-14	P12215096
ESTI		12.0094
IMQ	EN 60384-14	V4069
CQC	IEC 60384-14	CQC12001079735 CQC12001079941

• The certification number might change due to revision of the application standard and changes in the range of acquisition.

# Rated Voltage 250Vac

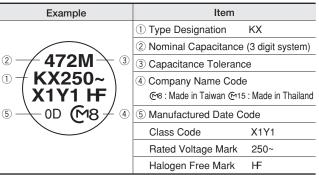
Part Number	AC Rated Voltage	Temp. Char.	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DE1B3KX101K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	100pF±10%	7.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1B3KX151K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	150pF±10%	7.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1B3KX221K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	220pF±10%	8.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1B3KX331K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	330pF±10%	7.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1B3KX471K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	470pF±10%	7.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1B3KX681K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	680pF±10%	8.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1E3KX102M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1000pF±20%	7.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1E3KX152M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1500pF±20%	8.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1E3KX222M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	2200pF±20%	9.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1E3KX332M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	3300pF±20%	10.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1E3KX472M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	4700pF±20%	12.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the 3 columns on the right for the appropriate code.

Murata part numbers might be changed depending on lead code or any other changes. Therefore, please specify only the type name (KX) and capacitance of products in the parts list when it is required for applying safety standard of electric equipment.

Please contact us when less than 100pF capacitance product is necessary.

### Marking Rated Voltage (AC250V) B, E Char.



## Marking Rated Voltage (AC300V) B, E Char.

Example	Item
	① Type Designation KX
	② Nominal Capacitance (3 digit system)
<sup>2</sup> → 472M → <sup>3</sup>	③ Capacitance Tolerance
$ \stackrel{()}{=} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{KX300} \\ \mathbf{X1Y1} \mathbf{HF} \end{pmatrix} $	④ Company Name Code
\X1Y1 HF /	ন্দেষ : Made in Taiwan ন্দে15 : Made in Thailand
5 <u></u> 0D <b>M</b> 8 ≠ 4	5 Manufactured Date Code
	Class Code X1Y1
	Rated Voltage Mark 300~
	Halogen Free Mark HF



# Rated Voltage 300Vac

Part Number	AC Rated Voltage	Temp. Char.	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DE1B3KX101K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	100pF±10%	7.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1B3KX151K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	150pF±10%	7.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1B3KX221K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	220pF±10%	8.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1B3KX331K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	330pF±10%	7.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1B3KX471K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	470pF±10%	7.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1B3KX681K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	680pF±10%	8.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1E3KX102M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1000pF±20%	7.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1E3KX152M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1500pF±20%	8.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1E3KX222M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	2200pF±20%	9.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1E3KX332M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	3300pF±20%	10.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A
DE1E3KX472M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	4700pF±20%	12.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	N4A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the 3 columns on the right for the appropriate code.

Murata part numbers might be changed depending on lead code or any other changes. Therefore, please specify only the type name (KX) and capacitance of products in the parts list when it is required for applying safety standard of electric equipment.

# Safety Standard Certified Ceramic Capacitors

# muRata

# Type KX (Reinforced Insulation) -Class X1, Y1-

## Features

- 1. Operating temperature range guaranteed up to 125 degrees C.
- 2. Dielectric strength: AC4000V
- 3. Class X1/Y1 capacitors certified by UL/CSA/VDE/BSI/SEMKO/DEMKO/FIMKO/NEMKO/ ESTI/IMQ.
- Can be use with a component in appliances requiring reinforced insulation and double insulation based on UL1492, IEC60065 and IEC60950.
- 5. Coated with flame-retardant epoxy resin (conforming to UL94V-0 standard).

Please contact us when a halogen-free product\* is necessary.

- \* Cl=900ppm max., Br=900ppm max. and Cl+Br=1500ppm max.
- 6. Taping available for automatic insertion.

## Applications

Ideal for use as X/Y capacitors for AC line filters and primary-secondary coupling on switching power supplies and AC adapters.

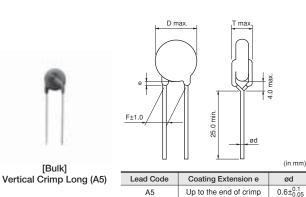
Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids. Only Murata products clearly stipulated as "for Automotive use" on its catalog can be used for automobile applications such as power train and safety equipment.

## Standard Certification

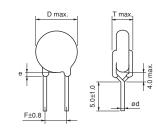
	Standard No.	Certified No.	Rated Voltage			
UL	UL60384-14	E37921				
CSA	CSA E60384-14	1343810				
VDE	IEC 60384-14	40002831				
VDE	EN 60384-14	40002631				
	EN 60065 (8.8, 14.2)		250Vac (r.m.s.)			
BSI	IEC 60384-14	KM 37901				
	EN 60384-14					
SEMKO		1200074				
DEMKO	IEC 60384-14	D01004				
FIMKO	EN 60384-14	24191	]			
NEMKO	EN 00304-14	P12215096				
ESTI		12.0094	]			
IMQ	EN 60384-14	V4069	]			

• The certification number might change due to revision of the application standard and changes in the range of acquisition.

 Please contact us when the certification of Chinese Safety Standard or South Korean Safety Standard is necessary.







[Bulk] Vertical Crimp Short (B5)

 Lead Code
 Coating Extension e
 ød

 B5
 Up to the end of crimp
  $0.6\pm^{0.1}_{0.05}$ 

(in mm)

## Marking

Example	Item	
	① Type Designation	KX
	② Nominal Capacitance (Under 100pF: Actual value, 100pF and over: N	larked with 3 figures)
	③ Capacitance Tolerance	
2	④ Company Name Code	de in Thailand
	⑤ Manufactured Date Code	
$1 \xrightarrow{KX222M} 3$	UL Approval Mark	97
	CSA Approval Mark	
	VDE Approval Mark	DE
$\sqrt{\mathbb{S}} \mathbb{S} \mathbb{N} \mathbb{C}^{4}$	BSI Approval Mark	BSI
250~ D 65-5	SEMKO Approval Mark	S
	DEMKO Approval Mark	D
	FIMKO Approval Mark	FI
	NEMKO Approval Mark	N
	ESTI Approval Mark	() MJ502
	IMQ Approval Mark	
	Class Code	X1Y1
	Rated Voltage Mark	250~



Part Number	AC Rated Voltage	Temp. Char.	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DE1B3KX101K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	100pF±10%	9.0mm max.	10.0	8.0mm max.	A5B	B5B	N5A
DE1B3KX151K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	150pF±10%	9.0mm max.	10.0	8.0mm max.	A5B	B5B	N5A
DE1B3KX221K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	220pF±10%	9.0mm max.	10.0	8.0mm max.	A5B	B5B	N5A
DE1B3KX331K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	330pF±10%	9.0mm max.	10.0	8.0mm max.	A5B	B5B	N5A
DE1B3KX471K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	470pF±10%	9.0mm max.	10.0	8.0mm max.	A5B	B5B	N5A
DE1B3KX681K	250Vac(r.m.s.)	В	680pF±10%	10.0mm max.	10.0	8.0mm max.	A5B	B5B	N5A
DE1E3KX102M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1000pF±20%	8.0mm max.	10.0	8.0mm max.	A5B	B5B	N5A
DE1E3KX152M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1500pF±20%	9.0mm max.	10.0	8.0mm max.	A5B	B5B	N5A
DE1E3KX222M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	2200pF±20%	10.0mm max.	10.0	8.0mm max.	A5B	B5B	N5A
DE1E3KX332M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	3300pF±20%	12.0mm max.	10.0	8.0mm max.	A5B	B5B	N5A
DE1E3KX392M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	3900pF±20%	13.0mm max.	10.0	8.0mm max.	A5B	B5B	N5A
DE1E3KX472M	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	4700pF±20%	15.0mm max.	10.0	8.0mm max.	A5B	B5B	N5A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the 3 columns on the right for the appropriate code.

Murata part numbers might be changed depending on lead code or any other changes. Therefore, please specify only the type name (KX) and capacitance of products in the parts list when it is required for applying safety standard of electric equipment.



## Operating Temperature Range: -40 to +125°C (Except for UL/VDE, -25 to +125°C)

No.	o. Item		Item		Specifications	Test Method		
1	Appearance and Dimens	nsions	No visible defect, and dimensions are within specified range.	The capacitor should be visually inspected for evidence of defect. Dimensions should be measured with slide calipers.				
2	Marking		To be easily legible	The capacitor should be visually inspected.				
3	Capacitance		Within specified tolerance					
4	Dissipation Factor (D.F.) Q				Char.         Specifications           B, E         D.F.≤2.5%           F         D.F.≤5.0%           SL         Q≥400+20C*1(C<30pF)           Q≥1000         (C≥30pF)	The capacitance, dissipation factor and Q should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.1kHz (char. SL: 1±0.1MHz) and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.		
5	Insulation Resistance (I.	I.R.)	10000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC500 $\pm$ 50V within 60 $\pm$ 5 sec. of charging. The voltage should be applied to the capacitor through a resistor of 1M $\Omega$ .				
	Betwee Wires	Between Lead Wires	No failure	The capacitor should not be damaged when the test voltages from Table 1 are applied between the lead wires for 60 sec. <table 1="">         Type Test Voltage         KY       For lead spacing F=5mm AC2000V(r.m.s.)         KH       AC2600V(r.m.s.)         KX       AC4000V(r.m.s.)</table>				
6	Dielectric Strength Body Insulatio	ion	No failure	First, the terminals of the capacitor should be connected together. Then, as shown in the figure at right, a metal foil should be closely wrapped around the body of the capacitor to the distance of about 3 to 6mm from each terminal. Then, the capacitor should be inserted into a container filled with metal balls of about 1mm diameter. Finally, AC voltage from Table 2 is applied for 60 sec. between the capacitor lead wires and metal balls. <table 2=""> <u>Type Test Voltage KY AC2600V(r.m.s.)</u> <u>KH AC2600V(r.m.s.)</u> <u>KX AC4000V(r.m.s.)</u></table>				
7	7 Temperature Characteristics		Char.Capacitance ChangeBWithin $\pm 10\%$ EWithin $\frac{+2}{60}\%$ FWithin $\frac{+3}{80}\%$ (Temp. range: -25 to +85°C)Char.Temperature CoefficientSL+350 to -1000ppm/°C(Temp. range: +20 to +85°C)	The capacitance measurement should be made at each step specified in Table 3. <pre></pre>				
8	Solderability of Leads		Lead wire should be soldered with uniform coating on the axial direction over 3/4 of the circumferential direction.	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into molten solder for 2±0.5 sec. The depth of immersion is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires. Temp. of solder: Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu) 245±5°C H63 Eutectic Solder 235±5°C				

\*1 "C" expresses nominal capacitance value (pF).

Continued on the following page.  $\fbox$ 



#### Continued from the preceding page.

lo.	Item		Specifications	Test Method			
		Appearance	No marked defect	As shown in the figure, the lead			
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	wires should be immersed in Thermal Screen 1.5 to 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of 1.5 to 2.0mm			
9	Soldering Effect	I.R.	1000MΩ min.	terminal for 3.5±0.5 sec. (10±1 sec. for 260±5°C).			
	(Non-Preheat)	Dielectric Strength	Per Item 6	Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* <sup>2</sup> for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.* <sup>2</sup>			
		Appearance	No marked defect	First the capacitor should be			
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	stored at 120+0/-5°C for 60+0/-5 sec. Then, as in the figure, the lead			
10	Soldering Effect (On-Preheat)	I.R.	1000MΩ min.	wires should be immersed in solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 sec. Pre-treatment:			
		Strength	Per Item 6	Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* <sup>2</sup> for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.* <sup>2</sup>			
		Appearance	No marked defect				
		Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance	The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the supporting lead wire and vibrated at a frequency range of 10 to 55Hz, 1.5mm in			
11	Vibration Resistance	D.F. Q	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } \hline Char. & Specifications \\ \hline B, E & D.F. \leq 2.5\% \\ \hline F & D.F. \leq 5.0\% \\ \hline SL & $Q \geq 400 + 20C^{*1}(C < 30pF)$ \\ \hline $Q \geq 1000$ & $(C \geq 30pF)$ \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	total amplitude, with about a 1-minute rate of vibration chan from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz. Apply for a total of 6 hrs., 2 hrs. each in 3 mutually perpendicular directions.			
		Appearance	No marked defect				
		Capacitance Change	Char.Capacitance ChangeBWithin ±10%E, FWithin ±15%SLWithin ± 5%				
12	Humidity (Under Steady State)	D.F. Q	Char.         Specifications           B, E         D.F.≦5.0%           F         D.F.≦7.5%           SL         Q≥275+5/2C*¹(C<30pF)	Set the capacitor for 500±12 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.* <sup>2</sup>			
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.				
		Dielectric Strength	Per Item 6				
		Appearance	No marked defect				
		Capacitance Change	Char.         Capacitance Change           B         Within ±10%           E, F         Within ±15%           SL         Within ± 5%				
13	Humidity Loading	D.F. Q	Char.         Specifications           B, E         D.F.≦5.0%           F         D.F.≦7.5%           SL         Q≥275+5/2C*¹(C<30pF)	Apply the rated voltage for 500±12 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*2			
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.				
	-	Dielectric Strength	Per Item 6				

\*1 "C" expresses nominal capacitance value (pF).

\*2 "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa



#### Continued from the preceding page.

No.	b. Item		Specifications	Test Method
		Appearance	No marked defect	Impulse Voltage
		Capacitance Change	Within ±20%	Each individual capacitor should be subjected to a 5kV (Type KX: 8kV) impulses for three times. Then the capacitors are applied to life test.
14		I.R.	3000MΩ min.	100 (%)
	Life	Dielectric	Per Item 6	Front time $(T_1) = 1.2\mu s = 1.67T$ Time to half-value $(T_2) = 50\mu s$ $T_1$ $T_2$ Apply a voltage from Table 4 for 1000 hrs. at 125+2/-0°C, and relative humidity of 50% max.
		Strength		<table 4=""></table>
				Applied Voltage           170% of Rated Voltage except that once each hour the voltage is increased to AC1000V(r.m.s.) for 0.1 sec.
				Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*2
15	Robustness	Tensile	Lead wire should not be cut off. Capacitor should	As shown in the figure at right, fix the body of the capacitor and apply a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of the capacitor up to 10N and keep it for $10\pm1$ sec.
	Terminations	Bending	not be broken.	Each lead wire should be subjected to 5N of weight and bent $90^{\circ}$ at the point of egress, in one direction, then returned to its original position and bent $90^{\circ}$ in the opposite direction at the rate of one bend in 2 to 3 sec.
	Active Flammability			The capacitor should be individually wrapped in at least one but not more than two complete layers of cheesecloth. The capacitor should be subjected to 20 discharges. The interval between successive discharges should be 5 sec. The UAc should be maintained for 2 min. after the last discharge.
				$\begin{bmatrix} S_1 & F_1 & L_1 & L_2 & F_1 \\ \hline & & C_1 & C_2 & C_3 & C_x & C_1 & F_1 \\ \hline & & & & & \\ T_T & & & S_2 & UAC & L_3 & L_4 \\ \hline & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & \\ \hline & & & &$
16			The cheesecloth should not be on fire.	C1.2 : $1\mu$ F±10% C3 : $0.033\mu$ F±5% 10kV L1 to 4 : $1.5m$ H±20% 16A Rod core choke Ct : $3\mu$ F±5% 10kV R : $100\Omega\pm2\%$ Cx : Capacitor under test UAC : UR±5% F : Fuse, Rated 10A UR : Rated Voltage Ut : Voltage applied to Ct

\*2 "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

Continued on the following page.



#### Continued from the preceding page.

No.	lte	m	Specifications			Test Method			
17	17 Passive Flammability The bu			ne should not exceed 30 sec. er should not ignite.	position that	The capacitor under test should be held in the flame in the position that best promotes burning. Each specimen shour only be exposed once to the flame. Time of exposure to			
	Appearance		No marked def	ect	The capacitor should be subjected to 5 temperature cycles,			perature cycles,	
		Capacitance Change	Char. B E, F SL	Capacitance Change Within ±10% Within ±20% Within ± 5%	then consecutively to 2 immersion cycles. <temperature cycle="">       Step     Temperature (°C)       Time (min)       1     -40+0/-3     30       2     Room temp.     3</temperature>				
			Char.	Specifications	3	125+3/-0	)	30	
18	Temperature and Immersion	D.F. Q	B, E F SL	D.F.≦5.0% D.F.≦7.5% Q≧275+5/2C*1(C<30pF) Q≧350 (C≧30pF)	4	Room tem	n Cycle>	3 Cycle time: 5 cycles	
	Cycle	I.R.	$3000M\Omega$ min.		Step	Temperature (°C)	Time (min)	Immersion Water	
					1	65+5/-0	15	Clean water	
		Dielectric Strength			2	0±3	15	Salt water	
			Per Item 6		room con Post-treatn	r should be stored at 8 dition* <sup>2</sup> for 24±2 hrs.		· •	

\*1 "C" expresses nominal capacitance value (pF). \*2 "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa



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# AC250V Ceramic Capacitor Non Safety Certified Type



# DEJ Series Based on the Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law of Japan

## Features

- 1. This type is based on the electrical appliance and material safety law of Japan (separated table 4).
- 2. Coated with flame-retardant epoxy resin (conforming to UL94V-0 standard).

Please contact us when a halogen-free product\* is necessary.

\* Cl=900ppm max., Br=900ppm max. and Cl+Br=1500ppm max.

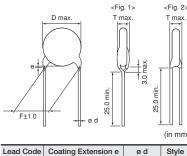
3. Taping available for automatic insertion.

## Applications

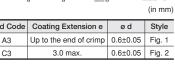
Ideal for use on AC line filters and primary-secondary coupling for switching power supplies and AC adapters.

Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids. Only Murata products clearly stipulated as "for Automotive use" on its catalog can be used for automobile applications such as power train and safety equipment.

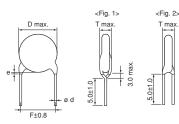




[Bulk] Vertical Crimp Long (A3) Straight Long (C3)







(in mm)

[Bulk] Vertical Crimp Short (B3) Straight Short (D3)

			()
Lead Code	Coating Extension e	ø d	Style
B3	Up to the end of crimp	0.6±0.05	Fig. 1
D3	3.0 max.	0.6±0.05	Fig. 2

#### Marking

	Temp. Char.	E, F		
Nominal Body Diameter	ø7-8mm	102Z 250~ 16		
Nomina Body D	ø9-11mm	332Z 250~ ©116		
Non	ninal Capacitance	Marked with 3 figures		
Capa	acitance Tolerance	Marked with code		
I	Rated Voltage	Marked with code		
	lanufacturer's dentification	Marked with CA (omitted for nominal body diameter ø8mm and under)		
Manut	factured Date Code	Abbreviation		

Part Number	AC Rated Voltage	Temp. Char.	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping (1)	Lead Package Taping (2)
DEJE3E2102Z	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1000pF+80/-20%	7.0mm max.	7.5	4.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	N2A	P3A
DEJE3E222Z	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	2200pF+80/-20%	8.0mm max.	7.5	4.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N2A	N3A
DEJE3E2332Z	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	3300pF+80/-20%	9.0mm max.	7.5	4.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N2A	N3A
DEJE3E2472Z	250Vac(r.m.s.)	E	4700pF+80/-20%	11.0mm max.	7.5	4.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N2A	N3A
DEJF3E2472Z	250Vac(r.m.s.)	F	4700pF+80/-20%	8.0mm max.	7.5	4.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N2A	N3A
DEJF3E2103Z	250Vac(r.m.s.)	F	10000pF+80/-20%	11.0mm max.	7.5	4.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N2A	N3A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the 3 columns on the right for the appropriate code.

Taping (1): Lead spacing F=5.0mm, Taping (2): Lead spacing F=7.5mm.



# **DEJ Series Specifications and Test Methods**

### Operating Temperature Range: -25 to +85°C

No.	Ite	em	Specifications	Test Method			
1	Appearance a	nd Dimensions	No visible defect, and dimensions are within specified range.	The capacitor should be visually inspected for evidence of defect. Dimensions should be measured with slide calipers.			
2	Marking		To be easily legible	The capacitor should be visually inspected.			
3	Capacitance		Within specified tolerance	The capacitance should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.1kHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.			
4	Dissipation Factor (D.F.)		Char.         Specifications           E         D.F.≦2.5%           F         D.F.≦5.0%	The dissipation factor should be measured at 20°C with $1\pm0.1$ kHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.			
5	Insulation Res	istance (I.R.)	10000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC500±50V within 60±5 sec. of charging.			
		Between Lead Wires	No failure	The capacitor should not be damaged when AC1500V(r.m.s.) are applied between the lead wires for 60 sec.			
6	Dielectric Strength	Body Insulation	No failure	First, the terminals of the capacitor should be connected together. Then, as shown in the figure at right, the capacitor should be immersed into 10% salt solution up to a position of about 3 to 4mm apart from the terminals. Finally, AC1500V(r.m.s.) is applied for 60 sec. between the capacitor lead wires and electrode plate.			
7	7 Temperature Characteristics		Char.Capacitance ChangeEWithin $\frac{+20}{-50}\%$ FWithin $\frac{+30}{-80}\%$	The capacitance measurement should be made at each step specified in Table 1. $< Table 1 >$ $\hline \hline \begin{array}{c} < Table 1 > \\ \hline \hline \hline 1 & 20 \pm 2 \\ \hline 2 & -25 \pm 2 \\ \hline 3 & 20 \pm 2 \\ \hline 4 & 85 \pm 2 \\ \hline 5 & 20 \pm 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$			
		Appearance	No marked defect	As in Figure 1, discharge is made 50 times at 5 sec. intervals			
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	from the capacitor (Cd) charged at DC voltage of specified.			
8	Discharge Test	Dielectric Strength	Per Item 6	$\begin{array}{c c} & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & \\ \hline & & & &$			
9	9 Solderability of Leads		Lead wire should be soldered with uniform coating on the axial direction over 3/4 of the circumferential direction.	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into molten solder for 2±0.5 sec. The depth of immersion is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires. Temp. of solder: Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu) 245±5°C H63 Eutectic Solder 235±5°C			

Continued on the following page.



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# DEJ Series Specifications and Test Methods

### Continued from the preceding page.

No.	Ite	m	Specifications	Test Method			
		Appearance	No marked defect	As shown in the figure, the lead wires should be immersed in			
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	solder of 350±10°C up to 1.5 to			
10	Soldering Effect (Non-Preheat)	Dielectric Strength	Per Item 6	2.0mm from the root of terminal for 3.5±0.5 sec. Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* <sup>1</sup> for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 4 to 24 hrs. at room condition.* <sup>1</sup>			
		Appearance	No marked defect	First the capacitor should be Thermal Capacitor			
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	stored at 120+0/-5°C for Screen 1.5			
11	Soldering Effect (On-Preheat)	Dielectric Strength	Per Item 6	Then, as in the figure, the lead wires should be immersed in solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 sec. Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* <sup>1</sup> for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 4 to 24 hrs. at room condition.* <sup>1</sup>			
		Appearance	No marked defect	The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the supporting lead			
		Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance	wire and vibrated at a frequency range of 10 to 55Hz, 1.5mm in			
12	Vibration Resistance	D.F.	Char.         Specifications           E         D.F.≦2.5%           F         D.F.≦5.0%	total amplitude, with about a 1-minute rate of vibration change from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz. Apply for a total of 6 hrs., 2 hrs. each in 3 mutually perpendicular directions.			
13	Solvent Resistance	Appearance	No marked defect	The capacitor should be immersed into a isopropyl alcohol for 30±5 sec.			
		Appearance	No marked defect				
	Humidity	Capacitance Change	Char.Capacitance ChangeEWithin ±20%FWithin ±30%	Set the capacitor for 500±12 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity.			
14	(Under Steady State)	D.F.	Char.         Specifications           E         D.F.≦5.0%           F         D.F.≦7.5%	Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* <sup>1</sup> for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.* <sup>1</sup>			
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.				
		Dielectric Strength	Per Item 6				
		Appearance	No marked defect				
15		Capacitance Change	Char.         Capacitance Change           E         Within ±20%           F         Within ±30%	The capacitor should be subjected to $40\pm2^{\circ}$ C, relative humidity of 90 to 98% for 8 hrs., and then removed in room temperature for 16 hrs. until 5 cycles are completed.			
	Humidity Insulation	D.F.	Char.         Specifications           E         D.F.≦5.0%           F         D.F.≦7.5%	Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* <sup>1</sup> for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment:			
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*1			
		Dielectric Strength	Per Item 6				

\*1 "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

Continued on the following page.



# **DEJ Series Specifications and Test Methods**

## Continued from the preceding page.

No.	No. Item Specifications		Specifications	Test Method					
		Appearance	No marked def	fect					
	Humidity Loading	Capacitance Change	Char. E F	Capacitance Change Within ±20% Within ±30%	Apply the rated voltage for 500±12 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 relative humidity.			40±2°C in 90 to 95%	
16		D.F.	Char. E F	Specifications           D.F.≦5.0%           D.F.≦7.5%	P	Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., th room condition* <sup>1</sup> for 24±2 hrs. before initial measu Post-treatment:			
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.			Capacito		1 10 2 1115.	at room condition.
		Dielectric Strength	Per Item 6			-			
		Appearance	No marked def	fect		oply a vol umidity 50	tage from Table 2 for	1500 hrs.	at 85±2°C, relative
47		Capacitance Change	Char. E F	Capacitance Change Within ±20% Within ±30%		AC500	<tab Applied V(r.m.s.), except that</tab 	Voltage once each	
17	Life	I.R.	1000MΩ min.				ased to AC1000V(r.m	1.S.) for 0.1	Sec.
		Dielectric Strength	Per Item 6		Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then place room condition* <sup>1</sup> for 24±2 hrs. before initial measuremen Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 4 to 24 hrs. at room condition			al measurements.	
18	18 Flame Test		The capacitor f	flame discontinued as follows. Time (sec.) 15 max. 60 max.	to re	The capacitor should be subjected to applied flame for 15 sec. and then removed for 15 sec. until 3 cycles are completed.			40 / / / ·
19	19 Robustness of Terminations Bending		Lead wire should not be cut off. Capacitor should not be broken.		As shown in the figure at right, fix the body of the capacitor, apply a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of the capacitor up to 10N and keep it for 10±1 sec.				
							bend in 2 to 3 sec.	the opposi	te direction at the
		Appearance	No marked def	fect	The capacitor should be subjected to 5 temperature cycles,				
		Capacitance Change	Char. E F	Capacitance Change Within ±20% Within ±30%	th	Step	cutively to 2 immersion <temperatur Temperatur</temperatur 	ure Cycle> e (°C)	Time (min)
				0	$\neg$	2	-25+0/-3 Room ten	-	30
		D.F.	Char. E	Specifications D.F.≦5.0%		3	85+3/-0	)	30
			F	D.F.≦7.5%		4	Room ten	np.	3 Cycle time: 5 cycles
	Temperature	I.R.	1000MΩ min.						- <b>, ,</b>
20	and Immersion						<immersio< td=""><td>on Cycle&gt;</td><td>Immersion</td></immersio<>	on Cycle>	Immersion
	Cycle					Step	Temperature (°C)	(min)	Water
						1	65+5/-0	15	Clean water
		Dielectric	Per Item 6			2	0±3	15	Salt water
		Strength Per Item 6			P	room con ost-treatn	r should be stored at a dition*1 for 24±2 hrs. hent:		Cycle time: 2 cycles 1 hr., then placed at s. at room condition.*1

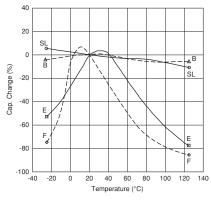
\*1 "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

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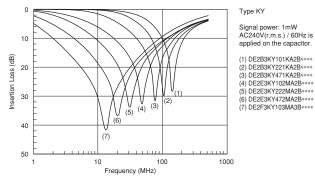
# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors Characteristics Data (Typical Example)

#### Capacitance - Temperature Characteristics

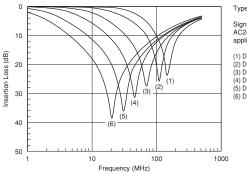








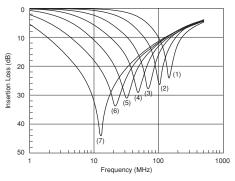
Type KX New Small Size



Type KX New Small Size

Signal power: 1mW AC240V(r.m.s.) / 60Hz is applied on the capacitor.

(1) DE1B3KX101KA4BN01F (2) DE1B3KX221KA4BN01F (3) DE1B3KX471KA4BN01F (4) DE1E3KX102MA4BN01F (5) DE1E3KX222MA4BN01F (6) DE1E3KX472MA4BN01F Type KH

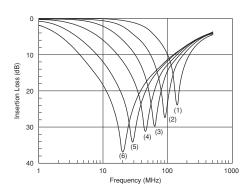


Туре КН

Signal power: 1mW AC240V(r.m.s.) / 60Hz is applied on the capacitor.

(1) DE2B3KH101KA3B
 (2) DE2B3KH221KA3B
 (3) DE2B3KH471KA3B
 (4) DE2E3KH102MA3B
 (5) DE2E3KH22MA3B
 (6) DE2E3KH472MA3B
 (7) DE2F3KH103MA3B

Туре КХ



Туре КХ

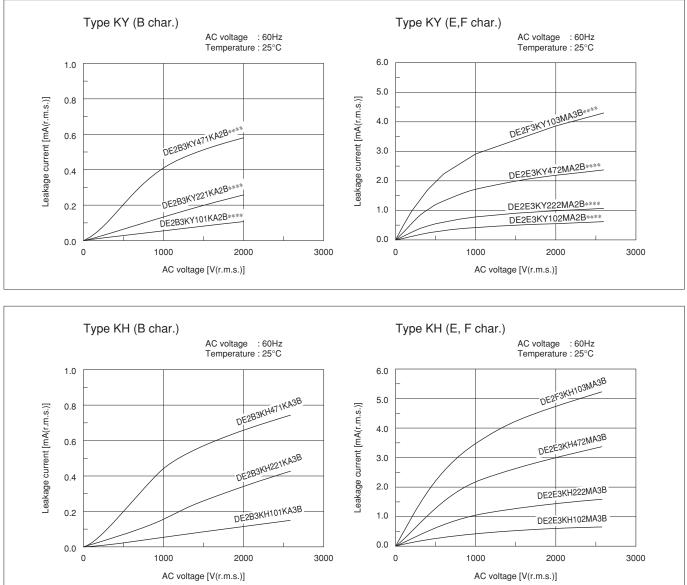
Signal power: 1mW AC240V(r.m.s.) / 60Hz is applied on the capacitor.

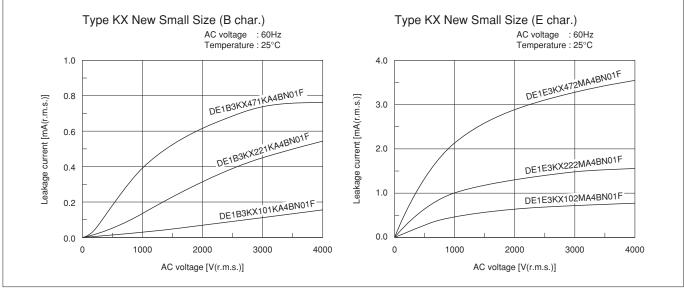
DE1B3KX101KA5B
 DE1B3KX221KA5B
 DE1B3KX471KA5B
 DE1E3KX102MA5BA01
 DE1E3KX222MA5BA01
 DE1E3KX472MA5BA01



# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors Characteristics Data (Typical Example)

## Leakage Current Characteristics



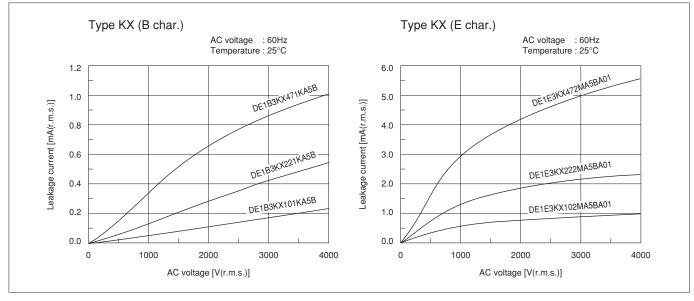


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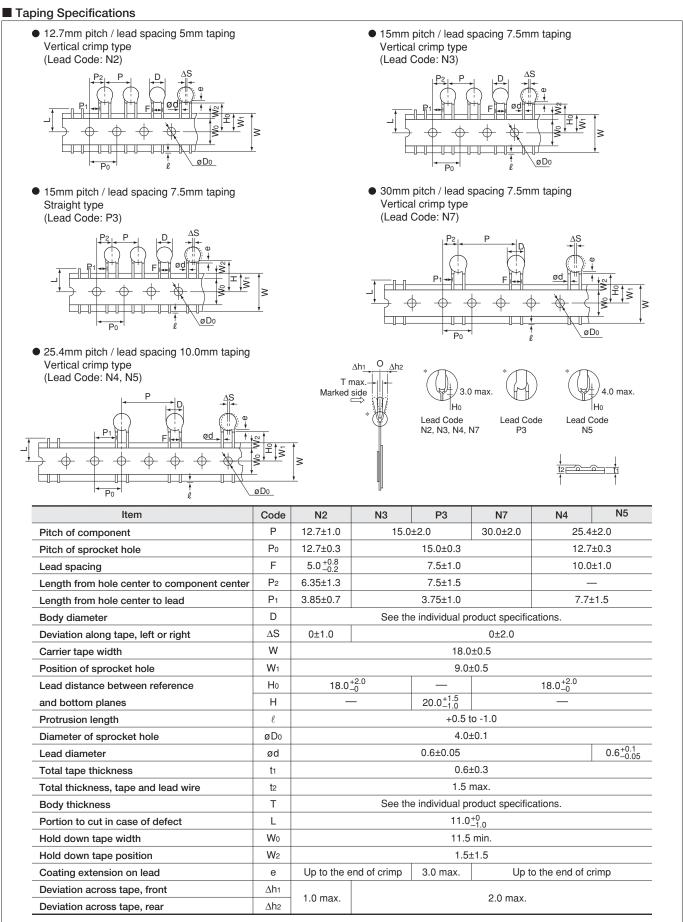
# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors Characteristics Data (Typical Example)

Continued from the preceding page.





# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors Packaging



(in mm)

Continued on the following page.  $\square$ 



# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors Packaging

Continued from the preceding page.

### Packaging Styles

Bulk	Taping
Polyethylene Bag	Ammo Pack
	Murato Products

### Minimum Quantity (Order in Sets Only)

[Bulk] (pcs./B					
	Body Dia. D (mm)	Lead Code A□, C□	Lead Code B□, D□		
	(1111)	Long	Short		
Туре КҮ	7	250 *	500		
Туре КН	8 to 11	250	500		
Type KX (New Small Size)	12 to 14	200	250		
DEJ Series	15, 16	100	200		
	8, 9	250	500		
Туре КХ	10	100	250		
	12 to 15	100	200		

\* Lead Spacing F=5.0mm (Code: A2): 500pcs.

[Taping]	(pcs./Ammo Pack)		
Lead Code	N2	N3, P3	N4, N5, N7
Туре КҮ	1,000	900	-
Туре КН	-	900	400
Type KX (New Small Size)	-	-	500
Туре КХ	-	-	500
DEJ Series	1,500	1,000	-

C85E.pdf Apr.7,2014

# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors A Caution

# ■ ①Caution (Rating)

## 1. Operating Voltage

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the Vp-p value of the applied voltage or the Vo-p that contains DC bias within the rated voltage range.

When the voltage is applied to the circuit, starting or stopping may generate irregular voltage for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor with a rated voltage range that includes these irregular voltages.

Voltage	DC Voltage	DC+AC Voltage	AC Voltage	Pulse Voltage (1)	Pulse Voltage (2)
Positional Measurement	Vo-p	Vo-p	Vp-p	Vp-p	Vp-p

# 2. Operating Temperature and Self-generated Heat (Apply to B/E/F Char.)

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself. When the capacitor is used in a highfrequency current, pulse current or similar current, it may have self-generated heat due to dielectric loss. Applied voltage load should be such that self-generated heat is within 20°C under the condition where the capacitor is subjected to an atmospheric temperature of 25°C. When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of ø0.1mm under conditions where the capacitor is not affected by radiant heat from other components or wind from surroundings. Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability. (Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

## 3. Test Condition for Withstanding Voltage

(1) Test Equipment

Test equipment for AC withstanding voltage should be used with the performance of the wave similar to 50/60Hz sine wave.

If the distorted sine wave or overload exceeding the specified voltage value is applied, a defect may be caused.

Continued on the following page.  $\square$ 



# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors ACaution

## Continued from the preceding page.

## (2) Voltage Applied Method

When the withstanding voltage is applied, the capacitor's lead or terminal should be firmly connected to the output of the withstanding voltage test equipment, and then the voltage should be raised from near zero to the test voltage.

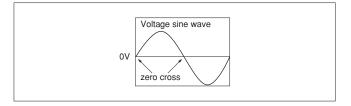
If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, test voltage should be applied with the zero cross.\* At the end of the test time, the test voltage should be reduced to near zero, and then capacitor's lead or terminal should be taken off the output of the withstanding voltage test equipment. If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, the surge voltage may rise, and therefore, a defect may be caused.

\*ZERO CROSS is the point where voltage sine wave passes 0V. See the figure at right.

#### 4. Fail-Safe

When the capacitor is broken, failure may result in a short circuit. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function like a fuse on your product if failure could result in an electric shock, fire or fuming.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.





C85E.pdf Apr.7,2014

# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors A Caution

# ■ ①Caution (Storage and Operating Condition)

Operating and Storage Environment The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. Also, avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40 degrees centigrade and 15 to 85%.

# ■ ①Caution (Soldering and Mounting)

1. Vibration and Impact

Do not expose a capacitor or its lead wires to excessive shock or vibration during use. Excessive shock or vibration may cause fatigue destruction of lead wires mounted on the circuit board.

Please take measures to hold a capacitor on the circuit boards by adhesive, molding resin or another coating.

Please confirm there is no influence of holding measures on the product with the intended equipment.

2. Soldering

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specifications of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

Soldering the capacitor with a soldering iron should be performed in the following conditions.

Temperature of iron-tip: 400 degrees C. max. Soldering iron wattage: 50W max. Soldering time: 3.5 sec. max. Use capacitors within 6 months after delivery. Check the solderability after 6 months or more.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

3. Bonding, Resin Molding and Coating

For bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of the capacitor by testing the performance of the bonded, molded or coated product in the intended equipment. When the amount of applications, dryness/hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc). are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit. The variation in thickness of adhesive, molding resin or coating may cause outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

 Treatment after Bonding, Resin Molding and Coating When the outer coating is hot (over 100 degrees C.) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile. Therefore, please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

# ■ ①Caution (Handling)

Vibration and Impact

Do not expose a capacitor or its lead wires to excessive shock or vibration during use. Excessive shock or vibration may cause fatigue destruction of lead wires mounted on the circuit board.

Please take measures to hold a capacitor on the circuit boards by adhesive, molding resin or another coating.

Please confirm there is no influence of holding measures on the product with the intended equipment.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.



Mote • Please read rating and 
 CAUTION (for storage, operating, rating, soldering, mounting and handling) in this catalog to prevent smoking and/or burning, etc.
 • This catalog has only typical specifications. Therefore, please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering
 • This catalog has only typical specifications. Therefore, please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering
 • This catalog has only typical specifications.

# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors Notice

## ■ Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

Cleaning (ultrasonic cleaning)

To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity: Output of 20 watts per liter or less. Rinsing time: 5 min. maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

# ■ Notice (Rating)

1. Capacitance Change of Capacitors

(1) For SL char.

Capacitance might change a little depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. Please contact us if you use a strict constant time circuit.

## (2) For B/E/F char.

Capacitors have an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor is left on for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on the surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. Therefore, it is not likely to be suitable for use in a constant time circuit.

Please contact us if you need detailed information.

2. Performance Check by Equipment Before using a capacitor, check that there is no problem in the equipment's performance and the specifications.

Generally speaking, CLASS 2 (B/E/F char.) ceramic capacitors have voltage dependence characteristics and temperature dependence characteristics in capacitance, so the capacitance value may change depending on the operating condition in the equipment. Therefore, be sure to confirm the apparatus performance of receiving influence in the capacitance value change of a capacitor, such as leakage current and noise suppression characteristic.

Moreover, check the surge-proof ability of a capacitor in the equipment, if needed, because the surge voltage may exceed specific value by the inductance of the circuit.



# **High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors**



# DES Series (125°C Guaranteed/Low-dissipation Factor/DC500V-1kV)

### Features

- 1. Low dissipation factor series that can be used for power supplies with an increased switching frequency.
- 2. The allowable power in the 100 to 300kHz band is improved to approximately one and a half times that of the DEH series while remaining the same size.
- 3. Operating temperature range is guaranteed up to 125 degrees C.
- 4. Coated with flame-retardant epoxy resin (equivalent to UL94V-0 standard).
  Please contact us when a halogen-free product\* is necessary.
  - \* CI=900ppm max., Br=900ppm max. and CI+Br=1500ppm max.
- 5. Taping available for automatic insertion.

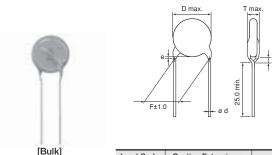
#### Applications

6

Ideal for use on high-frequency pulse circuits such as snubber circuits for switching power supplies.

Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids. Only Murata products clearly stipulated as "for Automotive use" on its catalog can be used for automobile applications such as power train and safety equipment.

## Marking



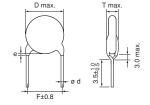
Vertical Crimp Long (A2,A3)

 Lead Code
 Coating Extension e
 ø d

 A2, A3
 Up to the end of crimp
 0.6±0.05

(in mm)





[Bulk] Vertical Crimp Short (J2,J3)

(in mm) Lead Code Coating Extension e ø d J2, J3 Up to the end of crimp 0.6±0.05

Rated Voltage Nominal Body Diameter	DC500V	DC1kV		
ø6mm	S D 101 66	S D 101 1KV 66		
ø7-9mm	S D 102K 66	S D 471K 1KV 66		
ø10-17mm	S D 222K (M 66	S D 152K 1KV M66		
Series Code	Abbreviation (S)			
Temperature Characteristic	Marked with code			
Nominal Capacitance	Marked with 3 figures			
Capacitance Tolerance	Marked with code (omitted for nominal body diameter ø6mm)			
Rated Voltage	Marked with code (omitted for DC500V)			
Manufacturer's Identification	Marked with M (omitted for nominal body diameter ø9mm and under)			
Manufactured Date Code	Abbreviation			



## D Characteristics

Part Number	DC Rated Voltage	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DESD32H101K	500Vdc	100pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD32H151K	500Vdc	150pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD32H221K	500Vdc	220pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD32H331K	500Vdc	330pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD32H471K	500Vdc	470pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD32H681K	500Vdc	680pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD32H102K	500Vdc	1000pF±10%	8.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD32H152K	500Vdc	1500pF±10%	9.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD32H222K	500Vdc	2200pF±10%	10.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD32H332K	500Vdc	3300pF±10%	12.0mm max.	7.5	4.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DESD32H472K	500Vdc	4700pF±10%	14.0mm max.	7.5	4.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N7A
DESD33A101K	1000Vdc	100pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.5mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD33A151K	1000Vdc	150pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.5mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD33A221K	1000Vdc	220pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.5mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD33A331K	1000Vdc	330pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.5mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD33A471K	1000Vdc	470pF±10%	7.0mm max.	5.0	4.5mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD33A681K	1000Vdc	680pF±10%	8.0mm max.	5.0	4.5mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD33A102K	1000Vdc	1000pF±10%	9.0mm max.	5.0	4.5mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD33A152K	1000Vdc	1500pF±10%	10.0mm max.	5.0	4.5mm max.	A2B	J2B	N2A
DESD33A222K	1000Vdc	2200pF±10%	12.0mm max.	7.5	4.5mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DESD33A332K	1000Vdc	3300pF±10%	14.0mm max.	7.5	4.5mm max.	A3B	J3B	N7A
DESD33A472K	1000Vdc	4700pF±10%	17.0mm max.	7.5	4.5mm max.	A3B	J3B	N7A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the three columns on the right for the appropriate code.

6



# **DES Series Specifications and Test Methods**

No.	No. Item		Specifications	Test Method			
1	1 Operating Temperature Range		-25 to +125°C				
2	2 Appearance and Dimensions		No visible defect, and dimensions are within specified range.	The capacitor should be visually inspected for evidence of defect. Dimensions should be measured with slide calipers.			
3	3 Marking		To be easily legible	The capacitor should be visually inspected.			
4		Between Lead Wires	No failure	The capacitor should not be damaged when DC voltage of 200% of the rated voltage (DC1kV) or DC voltage of 250% of the rated voltage (DC500V) is applied between the lead wires for 1 to 5 sec. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)			
	Dielectric Strength	Body Insulation	No failure	The capacitor is placed in the container with metal balls of diameter 1mm so that each lead wire, short circuited, is kept about 2mm off the metal balls as shown in the figure at right, and AC1250V(r.m.s.) <50/60Hz> is applied for 1 to 5 sec. between capacitor lead wires and metal balls. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)			
5	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)	Between Lead Wires	10000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC500±50V within 60±5 sec. of charging.			
6	6 Capacitance		Within specified tolerance	The capacitance should be measured at 20°C with 1 $\pm$ 0.2kHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.			
7	7 Dissipation Factor (D.F.)		0.3% max.	The dissipation factor should be measured at $20^{\circ}$ C with $1\pm0.2$ kHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.			
8 Temperature Characteristics			Within +20/-30% (Temp. range: -25 to +125°C)				
		acteristics	Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored room condition* for 24±2 hr Step 1 Temp. (°C) 20±2				
9 St	Strength of Lead	Pull	Lead wire should not be cut off. Capacitor should not be broken.	As shown in the figure at right, fix the body of the capacitor and apply a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of the capacitor up to 10N and keep it for $10\pm 1$ sec.			
		Bending		Each lead wire should be subjected to 5N of weight and bent 90° at the point of egress, in one direction, then returned to its original position and bent 90° in the opposite direction at the rate of one bend in 2 to 3 sec.			
10	Vibration Resistance	Appearance	No marked defect	The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the supporting lead wire and vibrated at a frequency range of 10 to 55Hz, 1.5mm in total amplitude, with about a 1-minute rate of vibration change from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz. Apply for a total of 6 hrs., 2 hrs. each in 3 mutually perpendicular directions.			
		Capacitance	Within specified tolerance				
		D.F.	0.3% max.				
11	11 Solderability of Leads		Lead wire should be soldered with uniform coating on the axial direction over 3/4 of the circumferential direction.	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into a ethanol solution of 25wt% rosin and then into molten solder for 2±0.5 sec. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2mm from the root of lead wires. Temp. of solder: Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu) 245±5°C H63 Eutectic Solder 235±5°C			
12	Soldering Effect (Non-Preheat)	Appearance	No marked defect	The lead wire should be immersed into the melted solder of 350±10°C up to about 1.5 to 2mm from the main body for 3.5±0.5 sec. Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at room condition.*			
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%				
		Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.				

\* "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

Continued on the following page.



## DES Series Specifications and Test Methods

Continued from the preceding page.

No.		Item	Specifications	Test Method			
		Appearance Capacitance Change	No marked defect Within ±10%	First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C for 60+0/-5 sec. Thermal Screen			
13	Soldering Effect (On-Preheat)	Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.	Then, as in the figure, the lead wires should be immersed in solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 sec. Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at room condition.*			
		Appearance	No marked defect	The capacitor should be subjected to 5 temperature cycles.			
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	<temperature cycle="">           Step         Temperature (°C)         Time (min)           1         -25±3         30</temperature>			
		D.F.	0.4% max.	2 Room Temp. 3			
14	Temperature Cycle	I.R.	1000MΩ min.	<u>3 125±3 30</u> <u>4 Room Temp. 3</u>			
		Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.	Cycle time: 5 cycles Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then place at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurement Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at room condition.			
		Appearance	No marked defect	Set the capacitor for 500+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95%			
15	Humidity (Under	Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	relative humidity. Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed			
	Steady State)	D.F.	0.4% max.	at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements.			
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*			
		Appearance	No marked defect	Apply the rated voltage for 500+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to			
16	Humidity	Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	95% relative humidity. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA) Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed			
	Loading	D.F.	0.6% max.	at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements.			
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*			
		Appearance	No marked defect	Apply a DC voltage of 200% of the rated voltage (DC500V) or			
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	DC voltage of 150% of the rated voltage (DC1kV) for 1000 +48/-0 hrs. at 125±2°C with a relative humidity of 50% max. (Charge/Discharge current≤50mA)			
17	Life	D.F.	0.4% max.	Pre-treatment:			
	Life	I.R.	2000MΩ min.	Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs.			

\* "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa



<Fig. 2>

## **High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors**



## DEH Series (125°C Guaranteed/Low-dissipation Factor/DC500V-3.15kV)

#### Features

- 1. Reduced heat dissipation permitted due to small dielectric loss of the ceramic material.
- 2. Operating temperature range is guaranteed up to 125 degrees C.
- 3. Coated with flame-retardant epoxy resin (equivalent to UL94V-0 standard). Please contact us when a halogen-free product\* is necessary.
  - \* CI=900ppm max., Br=900ppm max. and Cl+Br=1500ppm max.
- 4. Taping available for automatic insertion.

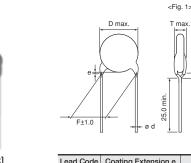
#### Applications

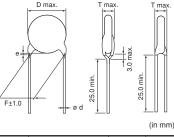
Ideal for use on high-frequency pulse circuits such as a horizontal resonance circuit for CTV and snubber circuits for switching power supplies.

Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids. Only Murata products clearly stipulated as "for Automotive use" on its catalog can be used for automobile applications such as power train and safety equipment.

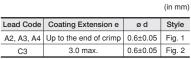
#### Marking

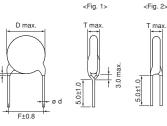
Iviarking							
	Rated Voltage	DC500V	DC1-3.15kV				
Nominal Body Diameter	Temp. Char.	С	R				
	ø6mm	HR 471 66					
	ø7-9mm	HR C 152K 66	(HR R 102K 1KV 66)				
	ø10-21mm	HR C 472K (M66	HR R 272K 3KV (M66				
High Tempo	erature Guaranteed Code	HR					
Temper	rature Characteristics	Marked with code (omitted for nominal body diameter ø6mm)					
Non	ninal Capacitance	Marked with 3 figures					
Сара	acitance Tolerance	Marked with code (omitted for nominal body dia	meter ø6mm)				
Rated Voltage	DC500V	Omitted					
nateu voltage	DC1-3.15kV	Marked with code (for DC3.15kV, marked with 3KV)					
Manufa	cturer's Identification	Marked with 🕅 (omitted for nominal body diameter ø9mm and under)					
Manu	factured Date Code	Abbreviation					





[Bulk] Vertical Crimp Long (Fig. 1) Straight Long (Fig. 2)





(in mm)

Vertical Crimp Short (Fig. 1) Straight Short (Fig. 2)

Lead Code	Coating Extension e	ø d	Style
B2, B3, B4	Up to the end of crimp	0.6±0.05	Fig. 1
D3	3.0 max.	0.6±0.05	Fig. 2

[Bulk]

DC500V	DC1-3.15kV
с	R
HR 471 66	
HR C 152K 66	(HR R 102K 1KV 66



## DC500V, C Characteristics

Part Number	DC Rated Voltage	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DEHC32H331K	500Vdc	330pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEHC32H471K	500Vdc	470pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEHC32H681K	500Vdc	680pF±10%	7.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEHC32H102K	500Vdc	1000pF±10%	8.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEHC32H152K	500Vdc	1500pF±10%	9.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEHC32H222K	500Vdc	2200pF±10%	10.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEHC32H332K	500Vdc	3300pF±10%	12.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEHC32H472K	500Vdc	4700pF±10%	14.0mm max.	10.0	4.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	-

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the three columns on the right for the appropriate code.

## DC1-3.15kV, R Characteristics

Part Number	DC Rated Voltage	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
	1000Vdc	220pF±10%	7.0mm max.	5.0	4.5mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
	1000Vdc	330pF±10%	7.0mm max.	5.0	4.5mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
	1000Vdc	470pF±10%	7.0mm max.	5.0	4.5mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEHR33A681K	1000Vdc	680pF±10%	8.0mm max.	5.0	4.5mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEHR33A102K	1000Vdc	1000pF±10%	9.0mm max.	5.0	4.5mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEHR33A152K	1000Vdc	1500pF±10%	11.0mm max.	5.0	4.5mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEHR33A222K	1000Vdc	2200pF±10%	13.0mm max.	7.5	4.5mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33A332K	1000Vdc	3300pF±10%	15.0mm max.	7.5	4.5mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEHR33A472K	1000Vdc	4700pF±10%	17.0mm max.	7.5	4.5mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEHR33D221K	2000Vdc	220pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	P3A
DEHR33D271K	2000Vdc	270pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	P3A
DEHR33D331K	2000Vdc	330pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33D391K	2000Vdc	390pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33D471K	2000Vdc	470pF±10%	9.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33D561K	2000Vdc	560pF±10%	9.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33D681K	2000Vdc	680pF±10%	10.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33D821K	2000Vdc	820pF±10%	11.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33D102K	2000Vdc	1000pF±10%	12.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33D122K	2000Vdc	1200pF±10%	12.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33D152K	2000Vdc	1500pF±10%	12.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33D182K	2000Vdc	1800pF±10%	14.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEHR33D222K	2000Vdc	2200pF±10%	15.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEHR33D272K	2000Vdc	2700pF±10%	17.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEHR33D332K	2000Vdc	3300pF±10%	19.0mm max.	10.0	5.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	-
DEHR33D392K	2000Vdc	3900pF±10%	20.0mm max.	10.0	5.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	-
DEHR33D472K	2000Vdc	4700pF±10%	21.0mm max.	10.0	5.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	-
DEHR33F151K	3150Vdc	150pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	P3A
DEHR33F181K	3150Vdc	180pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	P3A
DEHR33F221K	3150Vdc	220pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	P3A
DEHR33F271K	3150Vdc	270pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	P3A
DEHR33F331K	3150Vdc	330pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33F391K	3150Vdc	390pF±10%	9.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33F471K	3150Vdc	470pF±10%	10.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33F561K	3150Vdc	560pF±10%	10.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33F681K	3150Vdc	680pF±10%	11.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33F821K	3150Vdc	820pF±10%	12.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33F102K	3150Vdc	1000pF±10%	13.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEHR33F122K	3150Vdc	1200pF±10%	14.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEHR33F152K	3150Vdc	1500pF±10%	15.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEHR33F182K	3150Vdc	1800pF±10%	16.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A



ANote • Please read rating and ACAUTION (for storage, operating, rating, soldering, mounting and handling) in this catalog to prevent smoking and/or burning, etc.
 This catalog has only typical specifications. Therefore, please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.

C85E.pdf Apr.7,2014

Continued from the preceding page.

Part Number	DC Rated Voltage	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DEHR33F222K	3150Vdc	2200pF±10%	17.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEHR33F272K	3150Vdc	2700pF±10%	19.0mm max.	10.0	6.0mm max.	A4B	B4B	-

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the three columns on the right for the appropriate code.

## DEH Series Specifications and Test Methods

No.		Item	Specifications	Test Method		
1	Operating Temper	ature Range	-25 to +125°C			
2	Appearance and D	Dimensions	No visible defect, and dimensions are within specified range.	The capacitor should be visually inspected for evidence of defect. Dimensions should be measured with slide calipers.		
3	Marking		To be easily legible	The capacitor should be visually inspected.		
		Between Lead Wires	No failure	The capacitor should not be damaged when DC voltage of 200% of the rated voltage (DC1 to 3.15kV) or DC voltage of 250% of the rated voltage (DC500V) is applied between the lead wires for 1 to 5 sec. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)		
4	Dielectric Strength	Body Insulation	No failure	The capacitor is placed in the container with metal balls of diameter 1mm so that each lead wire, short circuited, is kept about 2mm off the metal balls as shown in the figure at right, and AC1250V(r.m.s.) <50/60Hz> is applied for 1 to 5 sec. between capacitor lead wires and metal balls. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)		
5	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)	Between Lead Wires	10000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC500±50V within 60±5 sec. of charging.		
6	Capacitance		Within specified tolerance	The capacitance should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.2kHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.		
7	Dissipation Factor	(D.F.)	Char. R: 0.2% max. Char. C: 0.3% max.	The dissipation factor should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.2kHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.		
8	Temperature Char	acteristics	The capacitance measurement should be made at each step specified in the Table.         at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at rs. before measurements.         2       3       4       5			
			Step         1           Temp. (°C)         20±2	-25±3 20±2 125±2 20±2		
9	Strength of Lead	Pull	Lead wire should not be cut off.	As shown in the figure at right, fix the body of the capacitor and apply a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of the capacitor up to 10N (5N for lead diameter 0.5mm), and keep it for 10±1 sec.		
		Bending	<ul> <li>Capacitor should not be broken.</li> </ul>	Each lead wire should be subjected to 5N (2.5N for lead diameter 0.5mm) of weight and bent 90° at the point of egress, in one direction, then returned to its original position and bent 90° in the opposite direction at the rate of one bend in 2 to 3 sec.		
		Appearance	No marked defect	The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the supporting lead		
10	Vibration Resistance	Capacitance	Within specified tolerance	wire and vibrated at a frequency range of 10 to 55Hz, 1.5mm in total amplitude, with about a 1-minute rate of vibration change		
	Resistance	D.F.	Char. R: 0.2% max. Char. C: 0.3% max.	from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz. Apply for a total of 6 hrs., 2 hrs. each in 3 mutually perpendicular directions.		
11	Solderability of Leads		Lead wire should be soldered with uniform coating on the axial direction over 3/4 of the circumferential direction.	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into a ethanol solution of 25wt% rosin and then into molten solder for 2±0.5 sec. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2mm from the root of lead wires. Temp. of solder: Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu) 245±5°C H63 Eutectic Solder 235±5°C		
		Appearance	No marked defect	The lead wire should be immersed into the melted solder of		
10	Soldering Effect	Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	350±10°C up to about 1.5 to 2mm from the main body for 3.5±0.5 sec. Pre-treatment:		
12	(Non-Preheat)	Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.	Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at room condition.*		

" "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

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## **DEH Series Specifications and Test Methods**

Continued from the preceding page.

No.		Item	Specifications	Test Method
		Appearance Capacitance Change	No marked defect Within ±10%	First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C for 60+0/-5 sec.
13	Soldering Effect (On-Preheat)	Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.	Then, as in the figure, the lead wires should be immersed in solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 sec. Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at room condition.*
		Appearance	No marked defect	The capacitor should be subjected to 5 temperature cycles.
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	<temperature cycle="">           Step         Temperature (°C)         Time (min)           1         -25±3         30</temperature>
		D.F.	0.4% max.	2 Room Temp. 3
14	Temperature Cycle	I.R.	1000MΩ min.	<u>3 125±3 30</u> <u>4 Room Temp. 3</u>
		Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.	Cycle time: 5 cycles Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at room condition.*
		Appearance	No marked defect	Set the capacitor for 500 +24/-0 hrs. at $40\pm2^{\circ}C$ in 90 to 95%
15	Humidity (Under	Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	relative humidity. Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed
	Steady State)	D.F.	0.4% max.	at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements.
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*
		Appearance	No marked defect	Apply the rated voltage for 500+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to
16	Humidity	Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	95% relative humidity. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA) Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at
	Loading	D.F.	0.6% max.	room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements.
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*
		Appearance	No marked defect	Apply a DC voltage of 200% of the rated voltage (DC500V) or
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	DC voltage of 150% of the rated voltage (DC1 to 3.15kV) for 1000 +48/-0 hrs. at 125±2°C with a relative humidity of 50% max.
		D.F.	0.4% max.	(Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)
17	Life	I.R.	2000MΩ min.	Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs.

\* "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa



## **High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors**

## DEA Series (125°C Guaranteed/Class 1/DC1k-3.15kV)

#### Features

- 1. Temperature compensating type ceramics realize lower heat dissipation than DEH/DES series.
- 2. Operating temperature range is guaranteed up to 125 degrees C.
- 3. Coated with flame-retardant epoxy resin (equivalent to UL94V-0 standard). Please contact us when a halogen-free product\* is necessary.
  - \* CI=900ppm max., Br=900ppm max. and Cl+Br=1500ppm max.
- 4. Taping available for automatic insertion.

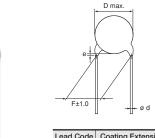
#### Applications

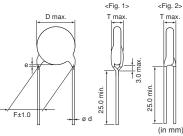
- 1. Ideal for use as the ballast in backlighting inverters for liquid crystal display.
- 2. Ideal for use on high-frequency pulse circuits such as a horizontal resonance circuit for CTV and snubber circuits for switching power supplies.

Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids. Only Murata products clearly stipulated as "for Automotive use" on its catalog can be used for automobile applications such as power train and safety equipment.

#### Marking

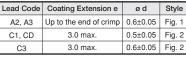
Temp. Char.	
Nominal Body Diameter	SL
ø4.5-5mm	68 1KV
ø6mm	39 3KV 66
ø7-9mm	181J 2KV 66
ø10-16mm	391J 3KV (M 66
Nominal Capacitance	Under 100pF: Actual value, 100pF and over: Marked with 3 figures
Capacitance Tolerance	Marked with code (omitted for nominal body diameter ø6mm and under)
Rated Voltage	Marked with code (for DC3.15kV, marked with 3KV)
Manufacturer's Identification	Marked with $\mathbb{M}$ (omitted for nominal body diameter ø9mm and under)
Manufactured Date Code	Abbreviation (omitted for nominal body diameter ø5mm and under)

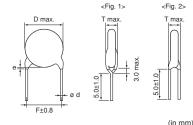




muRata

[Bulk] Vertical Crimp Long (Fig. 1) Straight Long (Fig. 2)





[Bulk] Vertical Crimp Short (Fig. 1) Straight Short (Fig. 2)

Lead Code Coating Extension e Style ød Up to the end of crimp B2. B3 0.6±0.05 Fig. 1 D1, DD 3.0 max. 0.5±0.05 Fig. 2 D3 3.0 max. 0.6±0.05 Fig. 2



## SL Characteristics

Part Number	DC Rated Voltage	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DEA1X3A100J	1000Vdc	10pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3A120J	1000Vdc	12pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3A150J	1000Vdc	15pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3A180J	1000Vdc	18pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3A220J	1000Vdc	22pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3A270J	1000Vdc	27pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3A330J	1000Vdc	33pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3A390J	1000Vdc	39pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3A470J	1000Vdc	47pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3A560J	1000Vdc	56pF±5%	5.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3A680J	1000Vdc	68pF±5%	5.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3A820J	1000Vdc	82pF±5%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3A101J	1000Vdc	100pF±5%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3A121J	1000Vdc	120pF±5%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3A151J	1000Vdc	150pF±5%	7.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3A181J	1000Vdc	180pF±5%	7.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3A221J	1000Vdc	220pF±5%	8.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3A271J	1000Vdc	270pF±5%	9.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3A331J	1000Vdc	330pF±5%	10.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3A391J	1000Vdc	390pF±5%	10.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3A471J	1000Vdc	470pF±5%	11.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3A561J	1000Vdc	560pF±5%	12.0mm max.	7.5	4.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEA1X3D100J	2000Vdc	10pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3D120J	2000Vdc	12pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3D150J	2000Vdc	15pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3D180J	2000Vdc	18pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3D220J	2000Vdc	22pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3D270J	2000Vdc	27pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3D330J	2000Vdc	33pF±5%	4.5mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3D390J	2000Vdc	39pF±5%	5.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEA1X3D470J	2000Vdc	47pF±5%	6.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3D560J	2000Vdc	56pF±5%	6.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3D680J	2000Vdc	68pF±5%	6.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3D820J	2000Vdc	82pF±5%	7.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3D101J	2000Vdc	100pF±5%	7.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3D121J	2000Vdc	120pF±5%	8.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3D151J	2000Vdc	150pF±5%	8.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3D181J	2000Vdc	180pF±5%	9.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3D221J	2000Vdc	220pF±5%	10.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3D271J	2000Vdc	270pF±5%	11.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEA1X3D331J	2000Vdc	330pF±5%	12.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEA1X3D391J	2000Vdc	390pF±5%	13.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEA1X3D471J	2000Vdc	470pF±5%	14.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEA1X3D561J	2000Vdc	560pF±5%	15.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEA1X3F100J	3150Vdc	10pF±5%	5.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	CDB	DDB	P3A
DEA1X3F120J	3150Vdc	12pF±5%	5.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	CDB	DDB	P3A
DEA1X3F150J	3150Vdc	15pF±5%	5.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	CDB	DDB	P3A
DEA1X3F180J	3150Vdc	18pF±5%	5.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	CDB	DDB	P3A
DEA1X3F220J	3150Vdc	22pF±5%	5.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	CDB	DDB	P3A
DEA1X3F270J	3150Vdc	27pF±5%	6.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	P3A
DEA1X3F330J	3150Vdc	33pF±5%	6.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	P3A
DEA1X3F390J	3150Vdc	39pF±5%	6.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	P3A
DEA1X3F470J	3150Vdc	47pF±5%	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	P3A
DEA1X3F560J	3150Vdc	56pF±5%	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	P3A
DEA1X3F680J	3150Vdc	68pF±5%	8.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A

8

Part Number	DC Rated Voltage	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DEA1X3F820J	3150Vdc	82pF±5%	8.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEA1X3F101J	3150Vdc	100pF±5%	9.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEA1X3F121J	3150Vdc	120pF±5%	10.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEA1X3F151J	3150Vdc	150pF±5%	11.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEA1X3F181J	3150Vdc	180pF±5%	11.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEA1X3F221J	3150Vdc	220pF±5%	12.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEA1X3F271J	3150Vdc	270pF±5%	14.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEA1X3F331J	3150Vdc	330pF±5%	15.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEA1X3F391J	3150Vdc	390pF±5%	16.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the three columns on the right for the appropriate code.



## **DEA Series Specifications and Test Methods**

No.	I	tem	Specifications	Test Method		
1	Operating Temper	ature Range	-25 to +125°C			
2	Appearance and D	Dimensions	No visible defect, and dimensions are within specified range.	The capacitor should be visually inspected for evidence of defect. Dimensions should be measured with slide calipers.		
3	Marking		To be easily legible	The capacitor should be visually inspected.		
		Between Lead Wires	No failure	The capacitor should not be damaged when DC voltage of 200% of the rated voltage is applied between the lead wires for 1 to 5 sec. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)		
4	Dielectric Strength	Body Insulation	No failure	The capacitor is placed in the container with metal balls of diameter 1mm so that each lead wire, short circuited, is kept about 2mm off the metal balls as shown in the figure at right, and AC1250V(r.m.s.) <50/60Hz> is applied for 1 to 5 sec. between capacitor lead wires and metal balls. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)		
5	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)	Between Lead Wires	10000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC500 $\pm$ 50V within 60 $\pm$ 5 sec. of charging.		
6	Capacitance		Within specified tolerance	The capacitance should be measured at 20°C with 1 $\pm$ 0.2MHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.		
7	Q		400+20C* <sup>2</sup> min. (30pF under) 1000 min. (30pF min.)	The Q should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.2MHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.		
	Temperature Characteristics		+350 to -1000ppm/°C (Temp. range: +20 to +85°C)	The capacitance measurement should be made at each step specified in the Table.		
8			Step         1           Temp. (°C)         20±2	2         3         4         5           -25±3         20±2         85±2         20±2		
9	Strength of Lead	gth of Lead		As shown in the figure at right, fix the body of the capacitor and apply a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of the capacitor up to 10N (5N for lead diameter 0.5mm), and keep it for 10±1 sec.		
		Bending	Capacitor should not be broken.	Each lead wire should be subjected to 5N (2.5N for lead diameter 0.5mm) of weight and bent $90^{\circ}$ at the point of egress, in one direction, then returned to its original position and bent $90^{\circ}$ in the opposite direction at the rate of one bend in 2 to 3 sec.		
		Appearance	No marked defect	The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the supporting lead		
10	Vibration	Capacitance	Within specified tolerance	wire and vibrated at a frequency range of 10 to 55Hz, 1.5mm in total amplitude, with about a 1-minute rate of vibration change		
	Resistance	Q	400+20C* <sup>2</sup> min. (30pF under) 1000 min. (30pF min.)	from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz. Apply for a total of 6 hrs., 2 hrs. each in 3 mutually perpendicular directions.		
11	Solderability of Leads		Lead wire should be soldered with uniform coating on the axial direction over 3/4 of the circumferential direction.	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into a ethanol solution of 25wt% rosin and then into molten solder for 2±0.5 sec. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2mm from the root of lead wires. Temp. of solder: Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu) 245±5°C H63 Eutectic Solder 235±5°C		
		Appearance	No marked defect	The lead wire should be immersed into the melted solder of		
12	Soldering Effect	Capacitance Change	Within ±2.5%	$350\pm10^\circ\text{C}$ (Body of ø5mm and under: 270±5°C) up to about 1.5 to 2mm from the main body for 3.5±0.5 sec.		
	(Non-Preheat)	Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.	(Body of ø5mm and under: 5±0.5 sec.) Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*1		

\*1 "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

 $^{\star_2}$  "C" expresses nominal capacitance value (pF).

Continued on the following page.



## DEA Series Specifications and Test Methods

Continued from the preceding page.

No.		Item	Specifications	Test Method		
		Appearance	No marked defect	First the capacitor should be		
		Capacitance Change	Within ±2.5%	60+0/-5 sec.		
13	Soldering Effect (On-Preheat)	Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.	wires should be immersed in solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 sec. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*		
		Appearance	No marked defect	The capacitor should be subjected to 5 temperature cycles.		
		Capacitance Change	Within ±5%	<temperature cycle="">           Step         Temperature (°C)         Time (min)</temperature>		
	Tamporatura	0	275+5/2C*2min. (30pF under)	1 -25±3 30		
14	Temperature Cycle	Q	350 min. (30pF min.)	2 Room Temp. 3 3 125±3 30		
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	4 Room Temp. 3		
		Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.	Cycle time: 5 cycles Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*		
		Appearance	No marked defect			
	Humidity (Under Steady State)	Capacitance Change	Within ±5%	Set the capacitor for 500+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity.		
15		0	275+5/2C*2min. (30pF under)	Post-treatment:		
		Q	350 min. (30pF min.)	Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*		
		I.R.	350 min. (30pF min.) 1000MΩ min.	Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*		
				Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*		
16	Humidity	I.R.	1000MΩ min.	Apply the rated voltage for 500+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity.		
16	Humidity Loading	I.R. Appearance Capacitance	1000MΩ min. No marked defect	Apply the rated voltage for 500+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to		
16		I.R. Appearance Capacitance Change	1000MΩ min.       No marked defect       Within ±5%       275+5/2C*²min. (30pF under)	Apply the rated voltage for 500+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA) Post-treatment:		
16		I.R. Appearance Capacitance Change Q	1000MΩ min.           No marked defect           Within ±5%           275+5/2C*²min. (30pF under)           350 min. (30pF min.)	Apply the rated voltage for 500+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA) Post-treatment:		
16	Loading	I.R. Appearance Capacitance Change Q I.R.	1000MΩ min.           No marked defect           Within ±5%           275+5/2C*²min. (30pF under)           350 min. (30pF min.)           1000MΩ min.	Apply the rated voltage for 500+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA) Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*		
16		I.R. Appearance Capacitance Change Q I.R. Appearance Capacitance	1000MΩ min.         No marked defect         Within $\pm 5\%$ 275+5/2C*²min. (30pF under)         350 min. (30pF min.)         1000MΩ min.         No marked defect	Apply the rated voltage for 500+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA) Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*		

\*1 "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa \*2 "C" expresses nominal capacitance value (pF).



## **High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors**

# muRata

<Fig. 1>

T may

 $0.5 \pm 0.05$ 

0.6±0.05 Fig. 2

<Fig. 2>

T max

Fig. 2

## DEB Series (Class 2/DC1k-3.15kV)

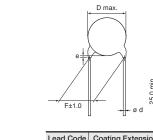
#### Features

- 1. Small size and high capacitance
- Coated with flame-retardant epoxy resin (equivalent to UL94V-0 standard).
   Please contact us when a halogen-free product\* is necessary.
  - \* Cl=900ppm max., Br=900ppm max. and Cl+Br=1500ppm max.
- 3. Taping available for automatic insertion.

#### Applications

Ideal for use on decoupling circuits for power supplies.

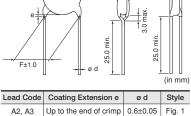
Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids. Only Murata products clearly stipulated as "for Automotive use" on its catalog can be used for automobile applications such as power train and safety equipment.



C1. CD

СЗ

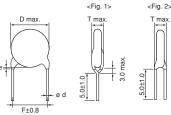
[Bulk] Vertical Crimp Long (Fig. 1) Straight Long (Fig. 2)



3.0 max.

3.0 max.

-



(in mm)

[Bulk]	
rtical Crimp Short (Fig. 1)	
Straight Short (Fig. 2)	

Ver

 Lead Code
 Coating Extension e
 ø d
 Style

 B2, B3
 Up to the end of crimp
 0.6±0.05
 Fig. 1

 D1, DD
 3.0 max.
 0.5±0.05
 Fig. 2

 D3
 3.0 max.
 0.6±0.05
 Fig. 2

Markin	a

I Marking					
Temp. Char.	В	E	F		
Nominal Body Diameter					
ø4.5-5mm	(221 3KV	102 1KV	102 2KV		
ø6mm	331 3KV 66	102 2KV 66	222 1KV 66		
ø7-9mm	102K 3KV 66	102Z 3KV 66	472Z 2KV 66		
ø10-16mm	B 332K 3KV (M 66	E 472Z 3KV (M66	103Z 2KV (M 66		
Temperature Characteristics	Marked with code for char. B and E (omitted for nominal body diameter ø9mm and under)				
Nominal Capacitance	Marked with 3 figures				
Capacitance Tolerance	Marked with code (omitted for	nominal body diameter ø6mm and	d under)		
Rated Voltage	Marked with code (for DC3.15	vV, marked with 3KV)			
Manufacturer's Identification	Marked with 🕅 (omitted for no	minal body diameter ø9mm and u	inder)		
Manufactured Date Code	Abbreviation (omitted for nomin	nal body diameter ø5mm and und	ler)		



## **B** Characteristics

Part Number	DC Rated Voltage	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DEBB33A101K	1000Vdc	100pF±10%	4.5mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEBB33A151K	1000Vdc	150pF±10%	4.5mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEBB33A221K	1000Vdc	220pF±10%	4.5mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEBB33A331K	1000Vdc	330pF±10%	4.5mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEBB33A471K	1000Vdc	470pF±10%	5.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEBB33A681K	1000Vdc	680pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBB33A102K	1000Vdc	1000pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBB33A152K	1000Vdc	1500pF±10%	8.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBB33A222K	1000Vdc	2200pF±10%	9.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBB33A332K	1000Vdc	3300pF±10%	10.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBB33A472K	1000Vdc	4700pF±10%	12.0mm max.	7.5	4.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEBB33A682K	1000Vdc	6800pF±10%	15.0mm max.	7.5	4.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEBB33D101K	2000Vdc	100pF±10%	4.5mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEBB33D151K	2000Vdc	150pF±10%	4.5mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEBB33D221K	2000Vdc	220pF±10%	4.5mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEBB33D331K	2000Vdc	330pF±10%	5.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEBB33D471K	2000Vdc	470pF±10%	6.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBB33D681K	2000Vdc	680pF±10%	7.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBB33D102K	2000Vdc	1000pF±10%	8.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBB33D152K	2000Vdc	1500pF±10%	9.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBB33D222K	2000Vdc	2200pF±10%	10.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBB33D332K	2000Vdc	3300pF±10%	12.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEBB33D472K	2000Vdc	4700pF±10%	15.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEBB33F101K	3150Vdc	100pF±10%	5.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	CDB	DDB	P3A
DEBB33F151K	3150Vdc	150pF±10%	5.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	CDB	DDB	P3A
DEBB33F221K	3150Vdc	220pF±10%	5.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	CDB	DDB	P3A
DEBB33F331K	3150Vdc	330pF±10%	6.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	P3A
DEBB33F471K	3150Vdc	470pF±10%	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	P3A
DEBB33F681K	3150Vdc	680pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEBB33F102K	3150Vdc	1000pF±10%	9.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEBB33F152K	3150Vdc	1500pF±10%	11.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEBB33F222K	3150Vdc	2200pF±10%	13.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEBB33F332K	3150Vdc	3300pF±10%	15.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the three columns on the right for the appropriate code.

### **E** Characteristics

Part Number	DC Rated Voltage	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DEBE33A102Z	1000Vdc	1000pF+80/-20%	5.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEBE33A222Z	1000Vdc	2200pF+80/-20%	7.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBE33A472Z	1000Vdc	4700pF+80/-20%	9.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBE33A103Z	1000Vdc	10000pF+80/-20%	13.0mm max.	7.5	4.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEBE33D102Z	2000Vdc	1000pF+80/-20%	6.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBE33D222Z	2000Vdc	2200pF+80/-20%	8.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBE33D472Z	2000Vdc	4700pF+80/-20%	11.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBE33D103Z	2000Vdc	10000pF+80/-20%	16.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N7A
DEBE33F102Z	3150Vdc	1000pF+80/-20%	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	C3B	D3B	P3A
DEBE33F222Z	3150Vdc	2200pF+80/-20%	10.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DEBE33F472Z	3150Vdc	4700pF+80/-20%	13.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the three columns on the right for the appropriate code.



## F Characteristics

Part Number	DC Rated Voltage	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DEBF33A222Z	1000Vdc	2200pF+80/-20%	6.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBF33A472Z	1000Vdc	4700pF+80/-20%	7.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBF33A103Z	1000Vdc	10000pF+80/-20%	10.0mm max.	5.0	4.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBF33D102Z	2000Vdc	1000pF+80/-20%	5.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	C1B	D1B	P2A
DEBF33D222Z	2000Vdc	2200pF+80/-20%	7.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBF33D472Z	2000Vdc	4700pF+80/-20%	9.0mm max.	5.0	5.0mm max.	A2B	B2B	N2A
DEBF33D103Z	2000Vdc	10000pF+80/-20%	12.0mm max.	7.5	5.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the three columns on the right for the appropriate code.





9

## DEB Series Specifications and Test Methods

No.	b. Item		Specifications	Test Method		
1	Operating Temper	ature Range	-25 to +85°C			
2	Appearance and D	Dimensions	No visible defect, and dimensions are within specified range.	The capacitor should be visually inspected for evidence of defect. Dimensions should be measured with slide calipers.		
3	Marking		To be easily legible	The capacitor should be visually inspected.		
		Between Lead Wires	No failure	The capacitor should not be damaged when DC voltage of 200% of the rated voltage is applied between the lead wires for 1 to 5 sec. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)		
4	Dielectric Strength	Body Insulation	No failure	The capacitor is placed in the container with metal balls of diameter 1mm so that each lead wire, short circuited, is kept about 2mm off the metal balls as shown in the figure at right, and DC voltage of 1.3kV is applied for 1 to 5 sec. between capacitor lead wires and metal balls. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)		
5	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)	Between Lead Wires	10000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC500±50V within 60±5 sec. of charging.		
6	Capacitance		Within specified tolerance         The capacitance should be measured at 20°C with 1±0 and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.			
7	Dissipation Factor	(D.F.)	Char. B, E: 2.5% max. Char. F: 5.0% max.	The dissipation factor should be measured at 20°C with 1 $\pm$ 0.2kHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.		
	Char. B: Within ±10% Char. E: Within ±20/-55% Char. F: Within ±30/-80%		The capacitance measurement should be made at each step specified in the Table.			
8	Temperature Char	acteristics	Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored room condition* for 24±2 hr Step 1 Temp. (°C) 20±2	•		
9	Pull Strength of Lead		Lead wire should not be cut off.	As shown in the figure at right, fix the body of the capacitor and apply a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of the capacitor up to 10N (5N for lead diameter 0.5mm), and keep it for 10±1		
		Bending	<ul> <li>Capacitor should not be broken.</li> </ul>	Each lead wire should be subjected to 5N (2.5N for lead diameter 0.5mm) of weight and bent 90° at the point of egree in one direction, then returned to its original position and ber $90^{\circ}$ in the opposite direction at the rate of one bend in 2 to 3 sec.		
		Appearance	No marked defect	The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the supporting lead		
10	Vibration	Capacitance	Within specified tolerance	wire and vibrated at a frequency range of 10 to 55Hz, 1.5mm in total amplitude, with about a 1-minute rate of vibration change		
	Resistance	D.F.	Char. B, E: 2.5% max. Char. F: 5.0% max.	from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz. Apply for a total of 6 hrs., 2 hrs. each in 3 mutually perpendicular directions.		
11	Solderability of Le	ads	Lead wire should be soldered with uniform coating on the axial direction over 3/4 of the circumferential direction.	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into a ethanol solution of 25wt% rosin and then into molten solder for 2±0.5 sec. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2mm from the root of lead wires. Temp. of solder: Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu) 245±5°C H63 Eutectic Solder 235±5°C		
		Appearance	No marked defect	The lead wire should be immersed into the melted solder of		
10	Soldering Effect	Capacitance Change	Char. B: Within ±5% Char. E: Within ±15% Char. F: Within ±20%	350±10°C (Body of ø5mm and under: 270±5°C) up to about 1. to 2mm from the main body for 3.5±0.5 sec. (Body of ø5mm and under: 5±0.5 sec.)		
12	(Non-Preheat)	Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.	Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 4 to 24 hrs. at room condition.*		

\* "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

Continued on the following page.  $\fbox$ 



## **DEB Series Specifications and Test Methods**

#### Continued from the preceding page.

No.		Item	Specifications	Test Method
		Appearance	No marked defect	First the capacitor should be
		Capacitance Change	Char. B: Within ±5% Char. E: Within ±15% Char. F: Within ±20%	stored at 120+0/-5°C for 60+0/-5 sec. Then, as in the figure, the lead wires should be immersed in
13	Soldering Effect (On-Preheat)	Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.	solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 sec. Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 4 to 24 hrs. at room condition.*
		Appearance	No marked defect	The capacitor should be subjected to 5 temperature cycles,
		Capacitance Change	Char. B: Within ±10% Char. E: Within ±20% Char. F: Within ±30%	then consecutively to 2 immersion cycles. <temperature cycle=""> Step Temperature (°C) Time (min)</temperature>
		D.F.	Char. B, E: 4.0% max. Char. F: 7.5% max.	1 -25±3 30 2 Room Temp. 3 3 85±3 30 4 Particular Sector
	Temperature	I.R.	2000MΩ min.	4 Room Temp. 3 Cycle time: 5 cycles
	Cycle	Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Per item 4. Wires)		<li><immersion cycle=""></immersion></li> <li>Step Temperature (°C) Time (min) Immersion Water <ul> <li>1</li> <li>65+5/-0</li> <li>15</li> <li>Clean water</li> <li>2</li> <li>0±3</li> <li>15</li> <li>Salt water</li> <li>Cycle time : 2 cycles</li> </ul> </li> <li>Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements.</li> <li>Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 4 to 24 hrs. at room condition.*</li>
		Appearance	No marked defect	
15	Humidity (Under Steady State)	Capacitance Change	Char. B: Within ±10% Char. E: Within ±20% Char. F: Within ±30%	Set the capacitor for 500+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs.
	Sleady State)	D.F.	Char. B, E: 5.0% max. Char. F: 7.5% max.	before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	
		Appearance	No marked defect	Apply the rated voltage for 500+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to
16	Humidity Loading	Capacitance Change	Char. B: Within ±10% Char. E: Within ±20% Char. F: Within ±30%	95% relative humidity. (Charge/Discharge current≤50mA) Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs.
	Loading	D.F.	Char. B, E: 5.0% max. Char. F: 7.5% max.	Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs.
		I.R.	500MΩ min.	
		Appearance	No marked defect	Apply a DC voltage of 150% of the rated voltage for
17	Life	Capacitance Change	Char. B: Within ±10% Char. E: Within ±20% Char. F: Within ±30%	1000+48/-0 hrs. at 85±2°C with a relative humidity of 50% max. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA) Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24+2 hrs.
		D.F.	Char. B, E: 4.0% max. Char. F: 7.5% max.	then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr.,
		I.R.	2000MΩ min.	then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs.

\* "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa



## **High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors**

## DEC Series (Class 1, 2/DC6.3kV)

#### Features

Coated with flame-retardant epoxy resin (equivalent to UL94V-0 standard).

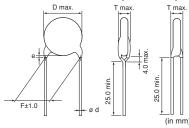
- Please contact us when a halogen-free product\* is necessary.
- \* Cl=900ppm max., Br=900ppm max. and Cl+Br=1500ppm max.

#### Applications

Marking

- 1. Ideal for use as the ballast in backlighting inverters for liquid crystal displays (SL Char.).
- 2. Ideal for use on high voltage circuits such as Cockcroft circuits (B Char.).

Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids. Only Murata products clearly stipulated as "for Automotive use" on its catalog can be used for automobile applications such as power train and safety equipment.



<u>muRata</u>

<Fig. 1>

<Fig. 2>

[Bulk] Vertical Crimp Long (Fig. 1) Straight Long (Fig. 2)

Lead Code	Coating Extension e	ø d	Style
A3	Up to the end of crimp	0.6±0.05	Fig. 1
C4	3.0 max.	0.6±0.05	Fig. 2

Temp. Char. Nominal Body Diameter	SL	В	E
ø7mm	10J 6KV		
ø8-9mm	47J 6KV 66	(331K) 6KV 66	
ø10-15mm	151J 6KV (M 66	B 102K 6KV (M 66	222Z 6KV (M 66
Temperature Characteristics	Marked with code for char. B (	omitted for nominal body diameter	r ø9mm and under)
Nominal Capacitance	Under 100pF: Actual value, 10	0pF and over: Marked with 3 figu	res
Capacitance Tolerance	Marked with code		
Rated Voltage	Marked with code (for DC6.3k)	/, marked with 6KV)	
Manufacturer's Identification	Marked with M (omitted for no	minal body diameter ø9mm and u	inder)
Manufactured Date Code	Abbreviation (omitted for nomin	nal body diameter ø7mm)	
Manufactured Date Code	Abbreviation (omitted for nomi	nal body diameter ø7mm)	



## SL Characteristics

Part Number	DC Rated Voltage	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T
DEC1X3J100JA3BMS1	6300Vdc	10pF±5%	7.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J100JC4BMS1	6300Vdc	10pF±5%	7.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J120JA3B	6300Vdc	12pF±5%	8.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J120JC4B	6300Vdc	12pF±5%	8.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J150JA3B	6300Vdc	15pF±5%	8.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J150JC4B	6300Vdc	15pF±5%	8.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J180JA3B	6300Vdc	18pF±5%	9.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J180JC4B	6300Vdc	18pF±5%	9.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J220JA3B	6300Vdc	22pF±5%	9.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J220JC4B	6300Vdc	22pF±5%	9.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J270JA3B	6300Vdc	27pF±5%	9.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J270JC4B	6300Vdc	27pF±5%	9.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J330JA3B	6300Vdc	33pF±5%	9.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J330JC4B	6300Vdc	33pF±5%	9.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J390JA3B	6300Vdc	39pF±5%	9.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J390JC4B	6300Vdc	39pF±5%	9.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J470JA3B	6300Vdc	47pF±5%	9.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J470JC4B	6300Vdc	47pF±5%	9.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J560JC4B	6300Vdc	56pF±5%	10.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J680JC4B	6300Vdc	68pF±5%	12.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J820JC4B	6300Vdc	82pF±5%	12.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J101JC4B	6300Vdc	100pF±5%	13.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J121JC4B	6300Vdc	120pF±5%	14.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DEC1X3J151JC4B	6300Vdc	150pF±5%	15.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.

### **B** Characteristics

Part Number	DC Rated Voltage	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T
DECB33J101KC4B	6300Vdc	100pF±10%	9.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DECB33J151KC4B	6300Vdc	150pF±10%	9.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DECB33J221KC4B	6300Vdc	220pF±10%	9.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DECB33J331KC4B	6300Vdc	330pF±10%	9.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DECB33J471KC4B	6300Vdc	470pF±10%	10.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DECB33J681KC4B	6300Vdc	680pF±10%	11.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.
DECB33J102KC4B	6300Vdc	1000pF±10%	13.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.

### E Characteristics

Part Number	DC Rated Voltage	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	
DECE33J102ZC4B	6300Vdc	1000pF+80/-20%	11.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	
DECE33J222ZC4B	6300Vdc	2200pF+80/-20%	15.0mm max.	10.0	7.0mm max.	



## DEC Series Specifications and Test Methods

No.		tem	Specifications	Test Method		
1	Operating Temper	ature Range	-25 to +85°C			
2	Appearance and Dimensions		No visible defect, and dimensions are within specified range.	The capacitor should be visually inspected for evidence of defect. Dimensions should be measured with slide calipers.		
3	Marking		To be easily legible	The capacitor should be visually inspected.		
		Between Lead Wires	No failure	The capacitor should not be damaged when DC voltage of 200% of the rated voltage is applied between the lead wires for 1 to 5 sec. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)		
4	Dielectric Strength	Body Insulation	No failure	The capacitor is placed in the container with metal balls of diameter 1mm so that each lead wire, short circuited, is kept about 2mm off the metal balls as shown in the figure at right, and DC voltage of 1.3kV is applied for 1 to 5 sec. between capacitor lead wires and metal balls. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)		
5	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)	Between Lead Wires	10000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC500±50V within 60±5 sec. of charging.		
6	Capacitance		Within specified tolerance	The capacitance should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.2kHz (Char. SL: 1±0.2MHz) and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.		
7	Q		Char. SL: 400+20C* <sup>2</sup> min. (30pF under) 1000 min. (30pF min.)	The dissipation factor and Q should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.2kHz (Char. SL: 1±0.2MHz) and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.		
	Dissipation Factor	(D.F.)	Char. B, E: 2.5% max.			
	Temperature Characteristics		Char. SL: +350 to -1000ppm/°C (Temp. range: +20 to +85°C) Char. B: Within ±10% Char. E: Within +20/-55%	The capacitance measurement should be made at each step specified in the Table.		
8				rs. before measurements. (Char. B, E)		
			Step         1           Temp. (°C)         20±2	2 3 4 5 -25±3 20±2 85±2 20±2		
9	Strength of Lead	Puli	Lead wire should not be cut off. Capacitor should not be broken.	As shown in the figure at right, fix the body of the capacitor and apply a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of the capacitor up to 10N and keep it for 10±1 sec.		
		Bending		Each lead wire should be subjected to 5N of weight and bent $90^{\circ}$ at the point of egress, in one direction, then returned to its original position and bent $90^{\circ}$ in the opposite direction at the rate of one bend in 2 to 3 sec.		
		Appearance	No marked defect			
	Vibrotion	Capacitance	Within specified tolerance	The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the supporting lead wire and vibrated at a frequency range of 10 to 55Hz, 1.5mm in		
10	Vibration Resistance	Q	Char. SL: 400+20C* <sup>2</sup> min. (30pF under) 1000 min. (30pF min.)	total amplitude, with about a 1-minute rate of vibration change from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz. Apply for a total of 6 hrs.,		
		D.F.	Char. B, E: 2.5% max.	2 hrs. each in 3 mutually perpendicular directions.		
11	Solderability of Leads		Lead wire should be soldered with uniform coating on the axial direction over 3/4 of the circumferential direction.	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into a ethanol solution of 25wt% rosin and then into molten solder for 2±0.5 sec. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2mm from the root of lead wires. Temp. of solder: Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu) 245±5°C H63 Eutectic Solder 235±5°C		
		Appearance	No marked defect	The lead wire should be immersed into the melted solder of		
10	Soldering Effect	Capacitance Change	Char. SL: Within ±2.5% Char. B: Within ±5% Char. E: Within ±15%	350±10°C up to about 1.5 to 2mm from the main body for 3.5±0.5 sec. Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* <sup>1</sup> for 24±2 hrs.		
12	Soldering Effect (Non-Preheat)	•	•	Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.	Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 4 to 24 hrs. at room condition.*1 (Char. SL) Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 4 to 24 hrs. at room condition.*1 (Char. SL)

\*1 "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

 $^{\star_2}$  "C" expresses nominal capacitance value (pF).

Continued on the following page.



## **DEC Series Specifications and Test Methods**

#### $\Box$ Continued from the preceding page.

No.		Item Specifications		Test Method				
		Appearance Capacitance Change	No marked defect Char. SL: Within ±2.5% Char. B: Within ±5% Char. E: Within ±15%	First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C for 60+0/-5 sec. Then, as in the figure, the lead				
13	Soldering Effect (On-Preheat)	Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.	<ul> <li>wires should be immersed in solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 sec.</li> <li>Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition*<sup>1</sup> for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. (Char. B, E)</li> <li>Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*<sup>1</sup> (Char. SL)</li> <li>Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 4 to 24 hrs. at room condition.*<sup>1</sup> (Char. B, E)</li> </ul>				
		Appearance	No marked defect	The capacitor should be subjected to 5 temperature cycles,				
		Capacitance Change	Char. SL: Within ±3% Char. B: Within ±10% Char. E: Within ±20%	<pre>then consecutively to 2 immersion cycles. <temperature cycle=""> </temperature></pre> Step Temperature (°C) Time (min)				
		Q	Char. SL: 275+5/2C* <sup>2</sup> min. (30pF under) 350 min. (30pF min.)	1         -25±3         30           2         Room Temp.         3				
		D.F.	Char. B, E: 4.0% max.	3 85±3 30 4 Room Temp. 3				
	Temperature	I.R.	2000MΩ min.	4 Room Temp. 3 Cycle time: 5 cycles				
14	and Immersion			<immersion cycle=""></immersion>				
	Cycle			Step         Temperature (°C)         Time (min)         Immersion Water           1         65+5/-0         15         Clean water				
				2 0±3 15 Salt water				
		Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Per item 4. Wires)		Cycle time: 2 cycles Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition*1 for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. (Char. B, E) Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 4 to 24 hrs. at room condition.*1				
		Appearance	No marked defect					
	Humidity (Under	Capacitance Change	Char. SL: Within ±5% Char. B: Within ±10% Char. E: Within ±20%	Set the capacitor for 500+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 h then placed at room condition*' for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. (Char. B, E) Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at				
15	Steady State)	Q	Char. SL: 275+5/2C* <sup>2</sup> min. (30pF under) 350 min. (30pF min.)					
		D.F.	Char. B, E: 5.0% max.	room condition.*1				
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.					
		Appearance	No marked defect	Apply the rated valtage for E00, 04/ 0 http://dt.40.000.in.00.1				
		Capacitance Change	Char. SL: Within ±7.5% Char. B: Within ±10% Char. E: Within ±20%	<ul> <li>Apply the rated voltage for 500+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA.)</li> <li>Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition*<sup>1</sup> for 24±2 hrs.</li> </ul>				
16	Humidity Loading	Q	Char. SL: 100+10/3C* <sup>2</sup> min. (30pF under) 200 min. (30pF min.)	<ul> <li>before initial measurements. (Char. B, E)</li> <li>Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*1 (Char. SL)</li> <li>Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr</li> </ul>				
		D.F.	Char. B, E: 5.0% max.	then placed at room condition*1 for 24±2 hrs.				
		I.R.	500MΩ min.	(Char. B, E)				
		Appearance	No marked defect	Apply a DC voltage of 150% of the rated voltage for				
		Capacitance Change	Char. SL: Within ±3% Char. B: Within ±10% Char. E: Within ±20%	1000+48/-0 hrs. at 85±2°C with a relative humidity of 50% max (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA.) Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition*1 for 24±2 hrs.				
17	Life	Q	Char. SL: 275+5/2C* <sup>2</sup> min. (30pF under) 350 min. (30pF min.)	before initial measurements. (Char. B, E) Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at				
		D.F.	Char. B, E: 4.0% max.	room condition.*1 (Char. SL) Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 85±2°C for 1 hr.,				

\*1 "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

 $^{\star_2}$  "C" expresses nominal capacitance value (pF).

## **High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors**



## DEF Series (Only for LCD Backlight Inverter Circuit/6.3kVp-p)

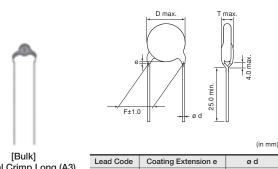
#### Features

- 1. Compact size: Diameter is 20% less than DEC series.
- 2. Low self-heating at high frequency and high voltage due to low dielectric loss of the ceramic material.
- 3. Operating temperature range is guaranteed up to 105 degrees C.
- 4. Coated with flame-retardant epoxy resin (equivalent to UL94V-0 standard). Please contact us when a halogen-free product\* is necessary.
  - \* CI=900ppm max., Br=900ppm max. and CI+Br=1500ppm max.
- 5. Taping available for automatic insertion.

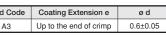
#### Applications

Ideal for use in LCD backlight inverters.

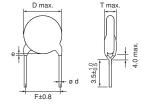
Do not use these products in any automotive power train or safety equipment including battery chargers for electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids. Only Murata products clearly stipulated as "for Automotive use" on its catalog can be used for automobile applications such as power train and safety equipment.



Vertical Crimp Long (A3)







[Bulk] Vertical Crimp Short (J3)

Le

		(in mm)
ad Code	Coating Extension e	ø d
J3	Up to the end of crimp	0.6±0.05

#### Marking

Temp. Char. Nominal Body Diameter	СН	SL
ø7-9mm	10J 6K~ 66	33J 6K~ 66
Temperature Characteristics	Upper horizontal line	-
Nominal Capacitance	Actual value	
Capacitance Tolerance	Marked with code	
Rated Voltage	Marked with code (Marked with 6K~)	
Manufactured Date Code	Abbreviation	

## **SL Characteristics**

Part Number	Rated Voltage	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DEF1XLH100J	6300Vdc(p-p)	10pF±5%	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF1XLH120J	6300Vdc(p-p)	12pF±5%	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF1XLH150J	6300Vdc(p-p)	15pF±5%	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF1XLH180J	6300Vdc(p-p)	18pF±5%	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF1XLH220J	6300Vdc(p-p)	22pF±5%	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF1XLH270J	6300Vdc(p-p)	27pF±5%	8.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF1XLH330J	6300Vdc(p-p)	33pF±5%	9.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF1XLH390J	6300Vdc(p-p)	39pF±5%	9.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF1XLH470J	6300Vdc(p-p)	47pF±5%	9.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the three columns on the right for the appropriate code.



## CH Characteristics

Part Number	Rated Voltage	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DEF2CLH020C	6300Vdc(p-p)	2.0pF±0.25pF	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF2CLH030C	6300Vdc(p-p)	3.0pF±0.25pF	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF2CLH040C	6300Vdc(p-p)	4.0pF±0.25pF	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF2CLH050D	6300Vdc(p-p)	5.0pF±0.5pF	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF2CLH060D	6300Vdc(p-p)	6.0pF±0.5pF	7.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF2CLH070D	6300Vdc(p-p)	7.0pF±0.5pF	8.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF2CLH080D	6300Vdc(p-p)	8.0pF±0.5pF	8.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF2CLH090D	6300Vdc(p-p)	9.0pF±0.5pF	8.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A
DEF2CLH100J	6300Vdc(p-p)	10pF±5%	8.0mm max.	7.5	6.0mm max.	A3B	J3B	N3A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the three columns on the right for the appropriate code.



## DEF Series Specifications and Test Methods

No.	Item		Specifications	Test Method			
1	Operating Temper	rature Range	-25 to +105°C				
2	Appearance and Dimensions		No visible defect, and dimensions are within specified range.	The capacitor should be visually inspected for evidence of defect. Dimensions should be measured with slide calipers.			
3	Marking		To be easily legible	The capacitor should be visually inspected.			
		Between Lead Wires	No failure	The capacitor should not be damaged when DC12.6kV is applied between the lead wires for 1 to 5 sec. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)			
4	Dielectric Strength	Body Insulation	No failure	The capacitor is placed in the container with metal balls of diameter 1mm so that each lead wire, short circuited, is kept about 2.0mm off the metal balls as shown in the figure at right, and DC voltage of 1.3kV is applied for 1 to 5 sec. between capacitor lead wires and metal balls. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)			
5	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)	Between Lead Wires	10000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC500±50V within 60±5 sec. of charging.			
6	Capacitance		Within specified tolerance	The capacitance should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.2MHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.			
7	Q		400+20C* <sup>2</sup> min. (30pF under) 1000 min. (30pF min.)	The Q should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.2MHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.			
8	Temperature Characteristics		Char. CH: 0±60ppm/°C Char. SL: +350 to -1000ppm/°C (Temp. range: +20 to +85°C)	The capacitance measurement should be made at each step specified in the Table.			
Ū			Step         1           Temp. (°C)         20±2	2         3         4         5           -25±3         20±2         85±2         20±2			
9	Strength of Lead	Pull	Lead wire should not be cut off. Capacitor should not be broken.	As shown in the figure at right, fix the body of the capacitor and apply a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of the capacitor up to 10N and keep it for $10\pm 1$ sec.			
		Bending		Each lead wire should be subjected to 5N of weight and bent $90^{\circ}$ at the point of egress, in one direction, then returned to its original position and bent $90^{\circ}$ in the opposite direction at the rate of one bend in 2 to 3 sec.			
		Appearance	No marked defect	The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the supporting lead			
10	Vibration	Capacitance	Within specified tolerance	wire and vibrated at a frequency range of 10 to 55Hz, 1.5mm in total amplitude, with about a 1-minute rate of vibration change			
10	Resistance	Q	400+20C* <sup>2</sup> min. (30pF under) 1000 min. (30pF min.)	from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz. Apply for a total of 6 hrs., 2 hrs. each in 3 mutually perpendicular directions.			
11	Solderability of Leads		Lead wire should be soldered with uniform coating on the axial direction over 3/4 of the circumferential direction.	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into a ethanol solution of 25wt% rosin and then into molten solder for 2±0.5 sec. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires. Temp. of solder: Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu) 245±5°C H63 Eutectic Solder 235±5°C			
		Appearance	No marked defect				
12	Soldering Effect	Capacitance Change	Within ±2.5%	The lead wire should be immersed into the melted solder of $350\pm10^{\circ}$ C up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the main body for $3.5\pm0.5$ sec.			
12	(Non-Preheat)	Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.	Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*1			

\*1 "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

\*2 "C" expresses nominal capacitance value (pF).

Continued on the following page.  $\square$ 



## **DEF Series Specifications and Test Methods**

 $\fbox$  Continued from the preceding page.

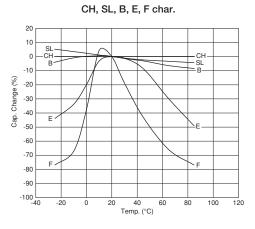
No.		Item	Specifications			Test	Method		
	Appearance Capacitance		No marked defect Within ±2.5%	First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C for Screen					
13	Soldering Effect (On-Preheat)	Change Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	Per item 4.	Then, as in the figure, the lead wires should be immersed in solder of 260+0/-5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal for 7.5+0/-1 sec. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 room condition.*1			Molten Solder		
		Appearance	No marked defect					mperature cycles,	
		Capacitance Change	Within ±3%	then conse			sion cycles.		
		Q	200+10C* <sup>2</sup> min. (10pF under) 275+5/2C* <sup>2</sup> min. (10pF min. and 30pF under) 350 min. (30pF min.)		Step 1 2	Tempe -	erature (°C) 25±3	Time (min) 30 3	
	Temperature and Immersion Cycle	I.B.	2000MΩ min.		3		<u>m Temp.</u> 05±3	30	
14				<immersior< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>3 me: 5 cycles</td></immersior<>				3 me: 5 cycles	
		Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	(Between Lead Per item 4.		<u>Step</u> 1 2	Temperat 65+5 0±	5/-0	15 15	Immersion Water Clean water Salt water me: 2 cycles
				Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 4 to 24 hrs. at room condition.*1					
		Appearance	No marked defect						
	Humidity (Under	Capacitance Change	Within ±5%	Set the cap relative hun		600 +24/	-0 hrs. at 40	)±2°C in 90 to 95%	
15	Steady State)	Q	200+10C* <sup>2</sup> min. (10pF under) 275+5/2C* <sup>2</sup> min. (10pF min. and 30pF under) 350 min. (30pF min.)		ient: Capa	citor sho conditio		ed for 1 to 2 hrs. at	
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.						
		Appearance	No marked defect					ble for 1000+48/-0	
		Capacitance Change	Within ±3%	hrs. at 105± (Charge/Dis <frequency< td=""><td>scharge cu</td><td></td><td></td><td>f 50% max.</td></frequency<>	scharge cu			f 50% max.	
16	Life	Q	200+10C* <sup>2</sup> min. (10pF under) 275+5/2C* <sup>2</sup> min. (10pF min. and 30pF under) 350 min. (30pF min.)		<b>titance (pF</b> to 10 2 to 22 7 to 47	) Fr	equency (kl 100 45 33	Hz)	
		I.R.	2000MΩ min.		ent: Capa	citor sho conditio	uld be store	ed for 1 to 2 hrs. at	

\*1 "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

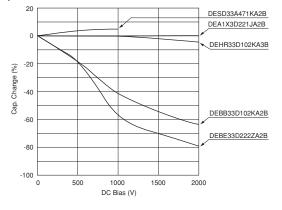
\*2 "C" expresses nominal capacitance value (pF).

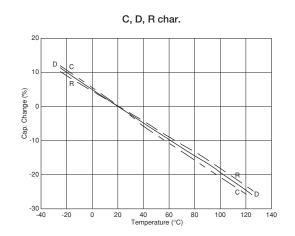
## High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors Characteristics Data (Typical Example)

#### Capacitance - Temperature Characteristics





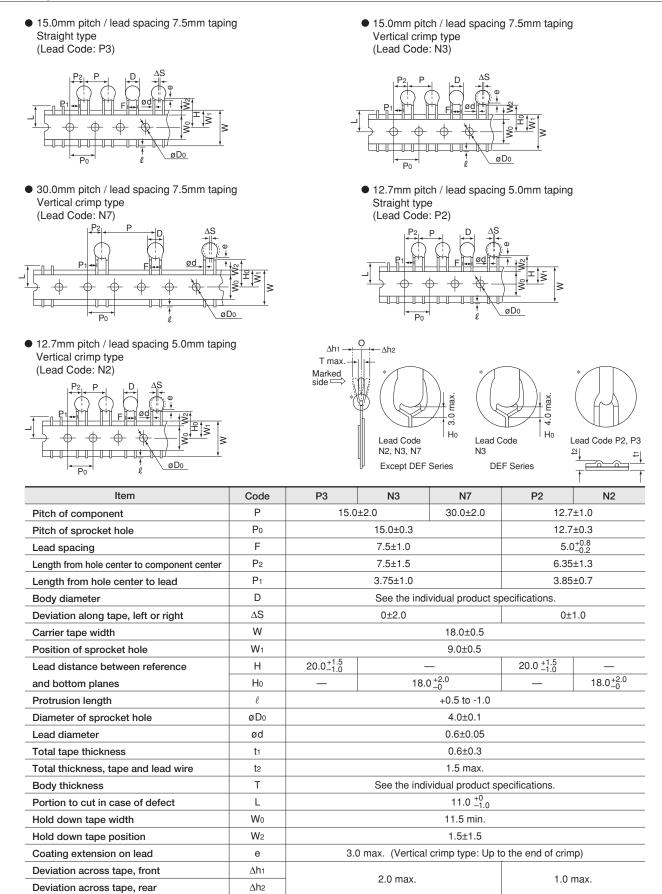






### High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors Packaging

#### Taping Specifications



(in : mm)

Continued on the following page.  $\boxed{\nearrow}$ 



## High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors Packaging

Continued from the preceding page.

#### Packaging Styles

Bulk	Taping
Polyethylene Bag	Ammo Pack
A State	Murata Products

#### Minimum Quantity (Order in Sets Only)

[Bulk]			(pcs./Bag)
	Body Dia. D (mm)	Lead Code A□, C□	Lead Code B□, D□, J□
	(iiiii)	Long	Short
	4.5 to 6	500	500
	7	250 *1	500
DES Series	8 to 11	250	500
DEH Series	12	200 *2	250 * <sup>3</sup>
DEA Series DEB Series	13, 14	200	250
	15 to 18	100	200
	19 to 21	50	100
	7 to 9	250	500
DEC Series DEF Series	10, 11	100	_
	12 to 15	100	_

\*1 Lead Spacing F=5.0mm (Code: A2): 500pcs.

\*2 Rated Voltage DC500V (Code: 2H): 250pcs.

\*3 Rated Voltage DC500V (Code: 2H): 500pcs.

[Taping]		(pcs./Ammo Pa		
Lead Code	N2, P2	N3, P3	N7	
DES Series	1,500	1,000	500	
DEH Series	1,500	900 *4	500	
DEA Series	1,500	900 *4	500	
DEB Series	1,500	900 *4	500	
DEF Series	_	900	_	

\*4 Rated Voltage DC1kV (Code: 3A): 1,000pcs.



#### ■ ①Caution (Rating)

#### <DES/DEH/DEA/DEB/DEC Series>

#### 1. Operating Voltage

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the Vp-p value of the applied voltage or the Vo-p that contains DC bias within the rated voltage range.

When the voltage is applied to the circuit, starting or stopping may generate irregular voltage for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor with a rated voltage range that includes these irregular voltages.

When using the low-dissipation DEA (SL Char.) /DEC (SL Char.) /DEH (C, R Char.) /DES (D Char.) series in a high-frequency and high-voltage circuit, be sure to read the instructions in item 4.

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in input circuits from commercial power source (AC filter), be sure to use Safety Certified Capacitors because various regulations on withstand voltage or impulse withstand established for each type of equipment should be taken into consideration.

Voltage	DC Voltage DC+AC Voltage AC Voltage		Pulse Voltage (1)	Pulse Voltage (2)	
Positional Measurement	Vo-p	Vo-p	Vp-p	Vp-p	Vp-p

2. Operating Temperature and Self-generated Heat Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself. When the capacitor is used in a highfrequency current, pulse current or similar current, it may self-generate heat due to dielectric loss. The frequency of the applied sine wave voltage should be less than 300kHz. The applied voltage load (\*) should be such that the capacitor's self-generated heat is within 20°C in an atmospheric temperature of 25°C. When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of ø0.1mm in conditions where the capacitor is not affected by radiant heat from other components or surrounding ambient fluctuations.

Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability.

(Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

\*Before using the low-dissipation DEA/DEC (SL Char.) /DEH/DES series, be sure to read the instructions in item 4.

#### 3. Fail-Safe

When the capacitor is broken, failure may result in a short circuit. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function like a fuse on your product if failure could follow an electric shock, fire or fume.



Continued from the preceding page.

4. Load Reduction and Self-generated Heat During Application of High-frequency and High-voltage Due to the low self-heating characteristics of lowdissipation capacitors, the allowable electric power of these capacitors is generally much higher than that of B characteristic capacitors. However, if the self-heating temperature is 20°C under a high-frequency voltage whose peak-to-peak value equals the capacitor's rated voltage, the capacitor's power consumption may exceed its allowable electric power.

Therefore, when using the DEA/DEC (SL Char.) /DEH /DES series in a high-frequency and high-voltage circuit with a frequency of 1kHz or higher, make sure that the Vp-p values including the DC bias, do not exceed the applied voltage value specified in Table 1. Also make sure that the self-heating temperature (the difference between the capacitor's surface temperature and the capacitor's ambient temperature) at an ambient temperature of 25°C does not exceed the value specified in Table 1.

As shown in Fig. 2, the self-heating temperature depends on the ambient temperature. Therefore, if you are not able to set the ambient temperature to approximately 25°C, please contact our sales representatives or product engineers.

<table 1=""></table>	Allowable	Conditions a	at High	frequency
	7 110 11 4010	oonaniono (	acrigii	noquonoy

Quitas	Temp.	DC	Allowab at High	Capacitor's							
Series	Char.	Rated Voltage	Applied Voltage (Max.)	Self-heating Temp. (25°C Ambient Temp.) *1	Ambient Temp. *2						
	С	500V	500Vp-p	20°C Max.							
		1kV	800Vp-p	20°C Max.							
		IKV	1000Vp-p	5°C Max.							
DEH	R	2kV	1400Vp-p	20°C Max.							
	n		2000Vp-p	5°C Max.							
		3.15kV	1600Vp-p	20°C Max.							
		5.15KV	3150Vp-p	5°C Max.	-25 to +85°C						
		1kV	1000Vp-p								
DEA	SL	SL	2kV	2000Vp-p	5°C Max.						
			3.15kV	3150Vp-p							
DEC	SL	6.3kV	6300Vp-p	5°C Max.							
	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	500V	500Vp-p	15°C Max.	
DES								1kV	800Vp-p	15 C Max.	
			INV	1000Vp-p	5°C Max.						

\*1 Fig. 1 shows the relationship between the applied voltage and the allowable selfheating temperature regarding 1 to 3.15kV rated voltage of the DEH series R characteristic and 1kV rated voltage of the DES series D characteristic.

\*2 When the ambient temperature is 85 to 125°C, the applied voltage needs to be further reduced. If the DEA/DEH/DES series needs to be used at an ambient temperature of 85 to 125°C, please contact our sales representatives or product engineers.

\*3 Fig. 3 shows reference data on the allowable voltage - frequency characteristics for a sine wave voltage.

We are offering free software, The Capacitor Selection Tool: by Voltage Form, which will assist you in selecting a suitable capacitor.

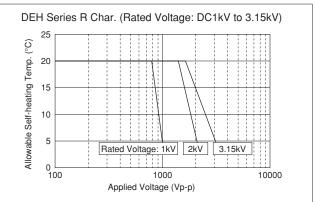
The software can be downloaded from Murata's Web site (http://www.murata.com/products/design\_support/mmcsv/ index.html).

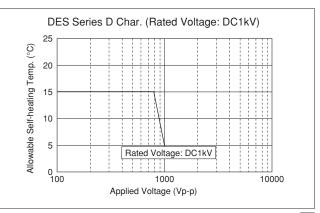
By inputting capacitance values and applied voltage waveform of the specific capacitor series, this software will calculate the capacitor's power consumption and list suitable capacitors.

When the result of this software is different from the measurement result of the self-heating temperature on your side, please contact our sales representatives or product engineers.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS (ITEMS 1 TO 4) MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

#### <Fig. 1> Relationship Between Applied Voltage and Self-heating Temperature (Allowable Self-heating Temp. at 25°C Ambient Temp.)





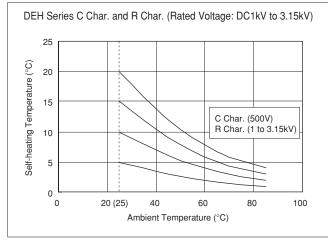
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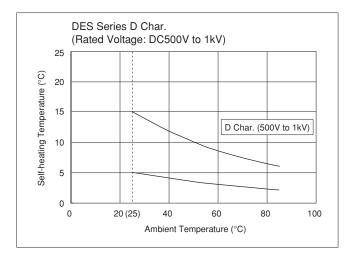


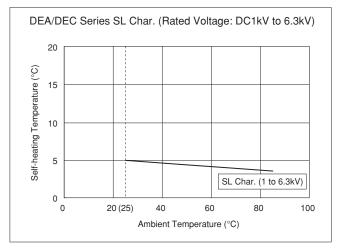
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<Fig. 2> Dependence of Self-heating Temperature on

#### Ambient Temperature







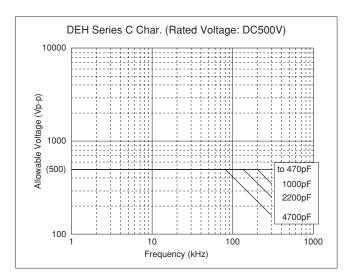
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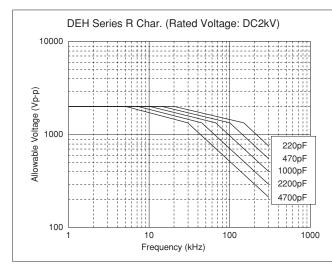


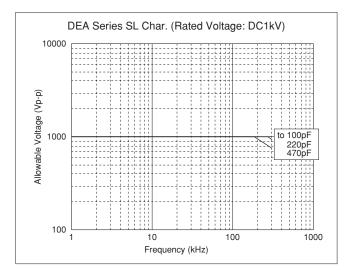
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<Fig. 3> Allowable Voltage (Sine Wave Voltage) - Frequency Characteristics (At Ambient Temperature of 85°C or less) Because of the influence of harmonics, when the applied voltage is a rectangular wave or pulse wave voltage (instead of a sine wave voltage), the heat generated by the capacitor is higher than the value obtained by application of the sine wave with the same fundamental frequency.

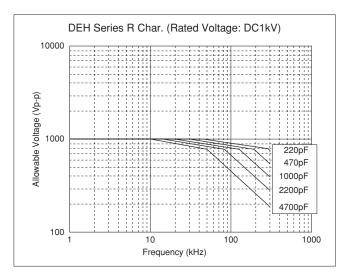
Roughly calculated for reference, the allowable voltage for a rectangular wave or pulse wave corresponds approximately

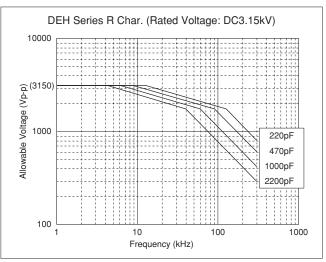


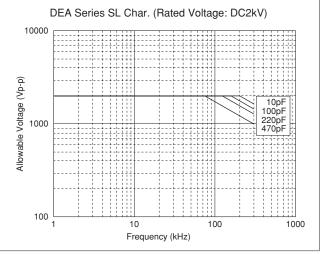




to the allowable voltage for a sine wave whose fundamental frequency is twice as large as that of the rectangular wave or pulse wave. This allowable voltage, however, varies depending on the voltage and current waveforms. Therefore, you are requested to make sure that the selfheating temperature is not higher than the value specified in Table 1.







 $\left| \right\rangle$ Continued on the following page. 65



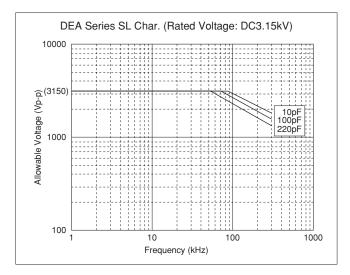
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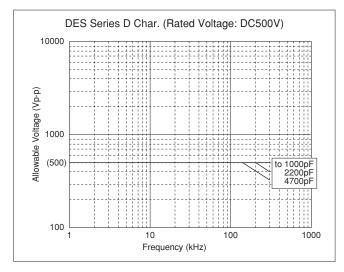
<Fig. 3 (continued)> Allowable Voltage (Sine Wave Voltage) -Frequency Characteristics

(At Ambient Temperature of 85°C or less)

Because of the influence of harmonics, when the applied voltage is a rectangular wave or pulse wave voltage (instead of a sine wave voltage), the heat generated by the capacitor is higher than the value obtained by application of the sine wave with the same fundamental frequency.

Roughly calculated for reference, the allowable voltage for a rectangular wave or pulse wave corresponds

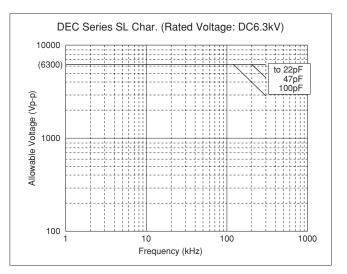


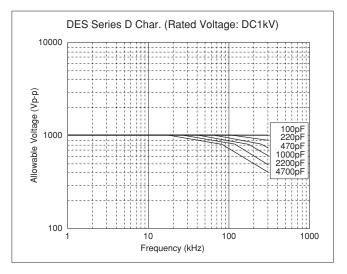


approximately to the allowable voltage for a sine wave whose fundamental frequency is twice as large as that of the rectangular wave or pulse wave.

This allowable voltage, however, varies depending on the voltage and current waveforms.

Therefore, you are requested to make sure that the selfheating temperature is not higher than the value specified in Table 1.





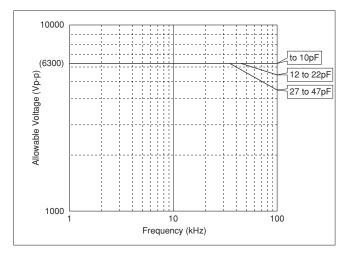


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#### <DEF Series>

#### 1. Operating Voltage

The frequency of the applied sine wave voltage should be less than 100kHz. The applied voltage should be less than the value shown in the figure below. For non-sine wave that includes a harmonic frequency, please contact our sales representatives or product engineers.

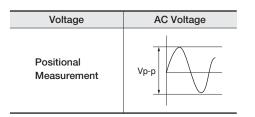


#### 2. Operating Temperature and Self-generated Heat Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself. When the capacitor is used in a highfrequency current, pulse current or similar current, it may self-generate heat due to dielectric loss. Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability. (Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

#### 3. Fail-Safe

When the capacitor is broken, failure may result in a short circuit. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function like a fuse on your product if failure could result in an electric shock, fire or fume. The temperature of the surface of the capacitor: below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range (including self-heating).

The capacitor can be applied at a maximum of 6.3kVp-p at 100kHz when the lamp is turned on.





#### ■ △Caution (Storage and Operating Condition)

Operating and Storage Environment The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. Also, avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40 degrees centigrade and 15 to 85%.

#### ■ ①Caution (Soldering and Mounting)

1. Vibration and Impact

Do not expose a capacitor or its lead wires to excessive shock or vibration during use. Excessive shock or vibration may cause fatigue destruction of lead wires mounted on the circuit board.

Please take measures to hold a capacitor on the circuit boards by adhesive, molding resin or another coating.

Please confirm there is no influence of holding measures on the product with the intended equipment.

2. Soldering

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

Soldering the capacitor with a soldering iron should be performed in following conditions.

Temperature of iron-tip: 400 degrees C. max. Soldering iron wattage: 50W max. Soldering time: 3.5 sec. max. Use capacitors within 6 months after delivery. Check the solderability after 6 months or more.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

3. Bonding, Resin Molding and Coating

For bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of the capacitor by testing the performance of the bonded, molded or coated product in the intended equipment. When the amount of applications, dryness/hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc). are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit. The variation in thickness of adhesive, molding resin or coating may cause outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

 Treatment after Bonding, Resin Molding and Coating When the outer coating is hot (over 100 degrees C.) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile. Therefore, please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

#### ■ ∴Caution (Handling)

Vibration and Impact

Do not expose a capacitor or its lead wires to excessive shock or vibration during use. Excessive shock or vibration may cause fatigue destruction of lead wires mounted on the circuit board.

Please take measures to hold a capacitor on the circuit boards by adhesive, molding resin or another coating.

Please confirm there is no influence of holding measures on the product with the intended equipment.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.



Mote • Please read rating and 
 CAUTION (for storage, operating, rating, soldering, mounting and handling) in this catalog to prevent smoking and/or burning, etc.
 • This catalog has only typical specifications. Therefore, please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering
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## High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors Notice

#### Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

Cleaning (ultrasonic cleaning)

To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity: Output of 20 watts per liter or less. Rinsing time: 5 min. maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

### ■ Notice (Rating)

Capacitance Change of Capacitors

- DEA/DEC/DEF Series (Temp. Char. CH, SL) Capacitance might change a little depending on the surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. Please contact us if you intend to use this product in a strict time constant circuit.
- 2. DEB/DEC Series (Temp. Char. B, E, F) Capacitors have an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor is left on for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on the surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. Therefore, it is not likely to be suitable for use in a time constant circuit. Please contact us if you need detailed information.

3. DEH/DES Series

Capacitance might change greatly depending on the surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. Therefore, it is not likely to be suitable for use in a time constant circuit. Please contact us if you need detailed information.



## Safety Standard Certified Ceramic Capacitors for Automotive



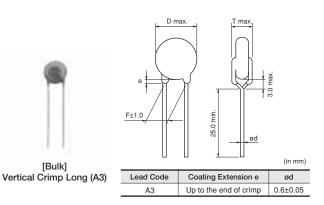
## Type KJ -Class X1, Y2- (For Automotive Use/AC Line Filter of PHEV/EV Charger)

#### Features

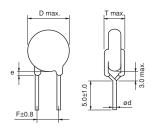
- 1. Capacitors designed for AC line filters for PHEV/EV.
- 2. Meet AEC-Q200
- 3. Heat cycle: 1000cycle (-55/+125 deg.)
- 4. Class X1/Y2 capacitors certified by UL/ENEC(VDE).
- 5. Rated Voltage: AC300V
- 6. Coated with flame-retardant epoxy resin (conforming to UL94V-0 standard).
- 7. Available product for RoHS Restriction (EU Directive 2002/95/EC).
- 8. Taping available for automatic insertion.

#### Applications

- Ideal for use as Y capacitors for AC line filters and primary-secondary coupling on battery chargers for PHEV/EV.
- 2. Ideal for use as a filter capacitor for DC-DC converters for PHEV/EV and HEV.







(in mm)

[Bulk] Vertical Crimp Short (B3)

Lead Code	Coating Extension e	ød
B3	Up to the end of crimp	0.6±0.05

#### Standard Certification

	Standard No.	Certified No.	Rated Voltage
UL	UL 60384-14	E37921	AC300V(r.m.s.)
ENEC (VDE)	EN 60384-14	40031217	AC300V(I.III.S.)

#### Marking

Example	Item
2 472M 3 1 KJ300~ X1 Y2 5 1D C15 4	① Type Designation KJ
	② Nominal Capacitance (Marked with 3 figures)
	③ Capacitance Tolerance
	④ Company Name Code
	(5) Manufactured Date Code
	Class Code X1Y2
	Rated Voltage Mark 300~

Part Number	AC Rated Voltage	Temp. Char.	Capacitance	Body Dia. D	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T	Lead Package Long Bulk	Lead Package Short Bulk	Lead Package Taping
DE6B3KJ101K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	100pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE6B3KJ151K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	150pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE6B3KJ221K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	220pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE6B3KJ331K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	330pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE6B3KJ471K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	470pF±10%	8.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE6B3KJ681K	300Vac(r.m.s.)	В	680pF±10%	9.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE6E3KJ102M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1000pF±20%	7.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE6E3KJ152M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	1500pF±20%	8.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE6E3KJ222M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	2200pF±20%	9.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE6E3KJ332M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	3300pF±20%	10.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A
DE6E3KJ472M	300Vac(r.m.s.)	E	4700pF±20%	12.0mm max.	7.5	7.0mm max.	A3B	B3B	N3A

Three blank columns are filled with the lead and packaging codes. Please refer to the 3 columns on the right for the appropriate code.

Murata part numbers might be changed depending on lead code or any other changes. Therefore, please specify only the type name (KJ) and capacitance of products in the parts list when it is required for applying safety standard of electric equipment.



#### Operating Temperature Range: -40 to +125°C

No.	lte	m	Specifications	Test Method	
1	1 Appearance and Dimensions		No visible defect, and dimensions are within specified range.	The capacitor should be visually inspected for evidence of defect. Dimensions should be measured with slide calipers.	
2	2 Marking		To be easily legible	The capacitor should be visually inspected.	
3	Capacitance		Within specified tolerance		
4	Dissipation Fac	tor (D.F.)	Char.SpecificationsB, ED.F.≦2.5%	The dissipation factor should be measured at $20^{\circ}$ C with 1±0.1kHz and AC5V(r.m.s.) max.	
5	5 Insulation Resistance (I.R.)		10000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC500 $\pm$ 50V within 60 $\pm$ 5 sec. of charging. The voltage should be applied to the capacitor through a resistor of 1M $\Omega$ .	
	Dielectric Strength	Between Lead Wires	No failure	The capacitor should not be damaged when the test voltages from Table 1 are applied between the lead wires for 60 sec. <table 1="">         Type       Test Voltage         KJ       AC2600V(r.m.s.)</table>	
6		Body Insulation	No failure	First, the terminals of the capacitor should be connected together. Then, as shown in the figure at right, a metal foil should be closely wrapped around the body of the capacitor to the distance of about 3 to 4mm from each terminal. Then, the capacitor should be inserted into a container filled with metal balls of about 1mm diameter. Finally, AC voltage from Table 2 is applied for 60 sec. between the capacitor lead wires and metal balls. <table 2=""> <u>Type Test Voltage</u> KJ AC2600V(r.m.s.)</table>	
7	7 Temperature Characteristics		Char.Capacitance ChangeBWithin ±10%EWithin ±2%(Temp. range: -25 to +85°C)	The capacitance measurement should be made at each step specified in Table 3. <pre></pre>	
8	8 Solderability		Lead wire should be soldered with uniform coating on the axial direction over 3/4 of the circumferential direction.	Should be placed into steam aging for 8 hrs.±15 min. After the steam aging, the lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped int an ethanol solution of 25% rosin and then into molten solder for 5+0/-0.5 sec. The depth of immersion is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires. Temp. of solder: Lead Free Solder (Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu) 245±5°C H63 Eutectic Solder 235±5°C	
		Appearance	No marked defect	As shown in the figure, the lead	
	Resistance to Soldering Heat	Capacitance Change I.R.	Within ±10% 1000MΩ min.	wires should be immersed in solder of 260±5°C up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal for 10±1 sec.	
		Dielectric Strength	Per Item 6	Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*	

\* "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

Continued on the following page.



12

### Continued from the preceding page.

No.	lo. Item		Specifications	Test Method	
10	Vibration	Appearance	No marked defect	Solder the capacitor and gum	
		Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance	up the body to the test jig (glass epoxy board) by resin (adhesive).	
		D.F.	Char.SpecificationsB, ED.F.≦2.5%	The capacitor should be firmly soldered to the supporting lead wire, 1.5mm in total amplitude, with about a 20 minutes rate of vibration change from 10Hz to 2000Hz and back to 10Hz. This motion should be applied 12 times in each of 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total of 36 times). The acceleration is 5g max.	
		Appearance	No marked defect	Solder the capacitor and gum	
		Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance	up the body to the test jig (glass epoxy board) by	
11	Mechanical Shock	D.F.	Char.SpecificationsB, ED.F.≦5.0%	resin (adhesive). Three shocks in each direction should be applied along 3 mutually perpendicular axes to and from of the test specimen (18 shocks).	
		I.R.	10000MΩ min.	The specified test pulse should be half-sine and should have a duration: 0.5ms, peak value: 100g and velocity change: 4.7m/s.	
		Appearance	No marked defect		
	Humidity	Capacitance Change	Char.Capacitance ChangeBWithin ±10%EWithin ±15%	Set the capacitor for 1000±12 hrs. at 85±3°C in 80 to 85% relative humidity.	
12	(Under Steady State)	D.F.	Char.SpecificationsB, ED.F.≦5.0%	<ul> <li>Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements.</li> <li>Post-treatment:</li> </ul>	
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.	Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*	
		Dielectric Strength	Per Item 6		
		Appearance	No marked defect	_	
	Humidity Loading	Capacitance Change	Char.Capacitance ChangeBWithin ±10%EWithin ±15%	Apply the rated voltage for 1000±12 hrs. at 85±3°C in 80 to 85% relative humidity. Pre-treatment:	
13		D.F.	Char.SpecificationsB, ED.F.≦5.0%	Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*	
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.		
		Appearance	No marked defect	Impulse Voltage	
	Life	Capacitance Change	Within ±20%	Each individual capacitor should be subjected to a 5kV impulses for three times. Then the capacitors are applied to life test.	
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.	$100_{(\%)}$ 90 Front time (T1) =1.2µs=1.67T	
14		Dielectric Strength	Per Item 6	Time to half-value $(T_2) = 50\mu s$ Time to half-value $(T_2) = 50\mu s$ Time to half-value $(T_2) = 50\mu s$ Time to half-value $(T_2) = 50\mu s$ Apply a voltage from Table 4 for 1000 hrs. at 125+2/-0°C, and relative humidity of 50% max.	
				Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. before initial measurements. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at room condition.*	

\* "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

Continued on the following page.  $\square$ 



No.	lte	m	Specifications	Test Method		
15	Robustness of Terminations	Tensile	Lead wire should not be cut off. Capacitor should not be broken.	As shown in the figure at right, fix the body of the capacitor and apply a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of the capacitor up to 10N and keep it for 10±1 sec.		
		Bending		Each lead wire should be subjected to 5N of weight and bent 90° at the point of egress, in one direction, then returend to its original position and bent 90° in the opposite direction at the rate of one bend in 2 to 3 sec.		
16	16 Active Flammability		The cheesecloth should not catch on fire.	The capacitor should be individually wrapped in at least one, but not more than two, complete layers of cheesecloth. The capacitor should be subjected to 20 discharges. The interval between successive discharges should be 5 sec. The UAc should be maintained for 2 min. after the last discharge. $\underbrace{I_{1}}_{Tr} \underbrace{I_{2}}_{C1} \underbrace{I_{2}}_{C2} \underbrace{I_{3}}_{C4} \underbrace{I_{4}}_{C1} \underbrace{I_{2}}_{C1} \underbrace{I_{4}}_{C1} \underbrace{I_{2}}_{C1} \underbrace{I_{4}}_{C1} \underbrace{I_{2}}_{C1} \underbrace{I_{4}}_{C1} \underbrace{I_{4}}_{C1}$		
17	7 Passive Flammability		The burning time should not exceed 30 sec. The tissue paper should not ignite.	The capacitor under test should be held in the flame in the position that best promotes burning. Each specimen should only be exposed once to the flame. Time of exposure to flame: 30 sec. Length of flame : 12±1mm Gas burner : Length 35mm min. Inside Dia. 0.5±0.1mm Outside Dia. 0.9mm max. Gas : Butane gas Purity 95% min.		
		Appearance	No marked defect	The capacitor should be subjected to 1000 temperature cycles.		
		ppourunoe				
	Temperature Cycle	Capacitance Change	Char.         Capacitance Change           B         Within ±10%           E         Within ±20%	Step Temperature (°C) Time (min)		
				1         -55+0/-3         30           2         Room temp.         3		
				<u>3</u> <u>125+3/-0</u> <u>30</u>		
18		D.F.	Char.SpecificationsB, ED.F.≦5.0%	4     Room temp.     3       Cycle time: 1000 cycles		
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.	Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed		
				at room condition* for 24±2 hrs.		
		Dielectric Strength	Per Item 6	Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at room condition.*		

\* "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

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12

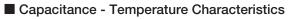
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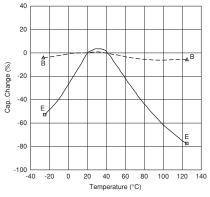
No.	o. Item		Specifications	Test Method		
	High	Capacitance Change	Within ±20%	Set the capacitor for 1000±12 hrs. at 150±3°C.		
19	Temperature Exposure (Storage)	D.F.	Char.SpecificationsB, ED.F.≦5.0%	<ul> <li>Pre-treatment:</li> <li>Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs.</li> <li>Post-treatment:</li> </ul>		
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at room condition.*		
20	Thermal Shock	Appearance	No marked defect except color change of outer coating.	The capacitor should be subjected to 300 cycles.		
		Capacitance Change	Char.Capacitance ChangeBWithin ±10%EWithin ±20%	Step         Temperature (°C)         Time (min)           1         -55+0/-3         30           2         125+3/-0         30		
		D.F.	Char.SpecificationsB, ED.F.≦5.0%	Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at room condition.*		
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.			
		Appearance	No marked defect	Por MIL STD 202 Mothod 215		
21	Resistance to Solvents	Capacitance Change	Char.Capacitance ChangeBWithin ±10%EWithin ±20%	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 215 Solvent 1: 1 part (by volume) of isopropyl alcohol 3 parts (by volume) of mineral spirits Solvent 2: Terpene defluxer Solvent 3: 42 parts (by volume) of water 1 part (by volume) of propylene glycol monomethyl ether 1 part (by volume) of monoethanolomine		
		D.F.	Char.SpecificationsB, ED.F.≦5.0%			
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.			
22	Biased Humidity	Appearance Capacitance Change D.F.	Char.       Capacitance Change         B       Within ±10%         E       Within ±15%         Char.       Specifications         B, E       D.F.≤5.0%	<ul> <li>Apply the rated voltage and DC1.3+0.2/-0V (add 6.8kΩ resistor) at 85±3°C and 80 to 85% humidity for 1000±12 hrs.</li> <li>Pre-treatment:         <ul> <li>Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs.</li> <li>Post-treatment:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
		I.R.	3000MΩ min.	Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at room condition.*		
		Appearance	No marked defect	Apply 24 hrs. of heat (25 to 65°C) and humidity (80 to 98%)		
	Moisture Resistance	Capacitance Change	Char.         Capacitance Change           B         Within ±10%           E         Within ±20%	treatment shown below, 10 consecutive times. Pre-treatment: Capacitor should be stored at 125±3°C for 1 hr., then placed at room condition* for 24±2 hrs.		
		D.F.	Char.SpecificationsB, ED.F.≦5.0%	Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at room condition.*		
23		I.R.	3000MΩ min.	Humidity Humidity Humidity Humidity Humidity 90-98% 80-98% 90-98%		

\* "Room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

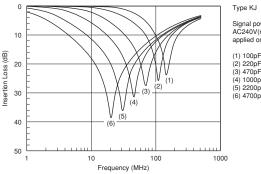
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# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors for Automotive Characteristics Data (Typical Example)





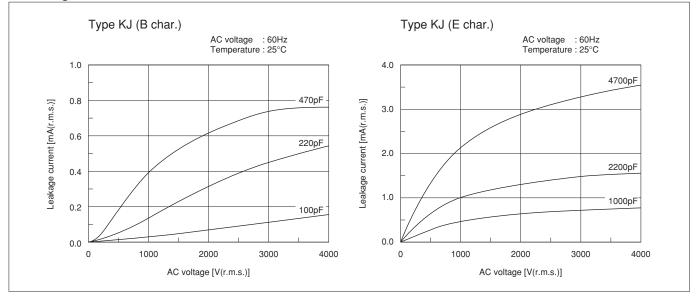
Insertion Loss - Frequency Characteristics



Signal power: 1mW AC240V(r.m.s.) / 60Hz is applied on the capacitor.



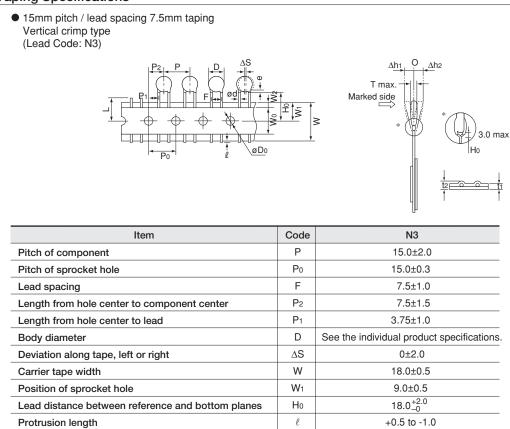
### Leakage Current Characteristics





### Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors for Automotive Packaging

#### Taping Specifications



$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Center	12	7.5±1.5
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		P1	3.75±1.0
W $18.0\pm0.5$ W1 $9.0\pm0.5$ bottom planes         H0 $18.0_{-0}^{\pm2.0}$ $\ell$ $\pm0.5$ to $-1.0$ ØD0 $4.0\pm0.1$ Ød $0.6\pm0.3$ t1 $0.6\pm0.3$ t2 $1.5$ max.           T $7.0$ max.           L $11.0_{-1.0}^{-0}$ W0 $11.5$ min.           W2 $1.5\pm1.5$ e         Up to the end of crimp $\Deltah1$ $2.0$ max.		D	See the individual product specifications
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		ΔS	0±2.0
bottom planes         H₀ $18.0^{+2.0}_{-0}$ ℓ         +0.5 to -1.0           øD₀         4.0±0.1           ød         0.6±0.05           t1         0.6±0.3           t2         1.5 max.           T         7.0 max.           L         11.0 <sup>+0</sup> _{-1.0}           W₀         11.5 min.           W₂         1.5±1.5           e         Up to the end of crimp           Δh₂         2.0 max.		W	18.0±0.5
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		W1	9.0±0.5
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	bottom planes	Ho	18.0 <sup>+2.0</sup>
		l	+0.5 to -1.0
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		øDo	4.0±0.1
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		ød	0.6±0.05
T         7.0 max.           L $11.0^{+0}_{-1.0}$ W0 $11.5 \text{ min.}$ W2 $1.5 \pm 1.5$ e         Up to the end of crimp $\Delta h1$ $2.0 \text{ max.}$		t1	0.6±0.3
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		t2	1.5 max.
W₀         11.5 min.           W₂         1.5±1.5           e         Up to the end of crimp           Δh1         2.0 max.		Т	7.0 max.
W2         1.5±1.5           e         Up to the end of crimp           Δh1         2.0 max.		L	11.0 <sup>+0</sup> 1.0
e         Up to the end of crimp           Δh1         2.0 max.		Wo	11.5 min.
Δh1 2.0 max.		W2	1.5±1.5
2.0 max.		е	Up to the end of crimp
Δh2		Δh1	0.0 may
(in r		Δh2	2.0 max.
			(in t

#### Packaging Styles

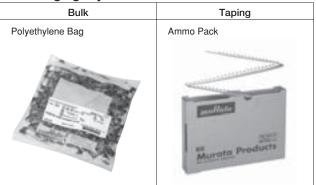
Diameter of sprocket hole

Total thickness, tape and lead wire

Portion to cut in case of defect Hold down tape width Hold down tape position Coating extension on lead Deviation across tape, front Deviation across tape, rear

Lead diameter Total tape thickness

Body thickness



### Minimum Quantity (Order in Sets Only)

[Bulk] (pcs./k				
Body Dia. D (mm)	Lead Code A3	Lead Code B3		
(1111)	Long	Short		
7 to 10	250	500		
12	200	250		

[Taping]

Lead Code: N3

700pcs./Ammo Pack



# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors for Automotive ACaution

### ■ ①Caution (Rating)

#### 1. Operating Voltage

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the Vp-p value of the applied voltage or the Vo-p that contains DC bias within the rated voltage range.

When the voltage is applied to the circuit, starting or stopping may generate irregular voltage for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor with a rated voltage range that includes these irregular voltages.

Voltage	DC Voltage	DC+AC Voltage	AC Voltage	Pulse Voltage (1)	Pulse Voltage (2)
Positional Measurement	Vo-p	Vo-p	Vp-p	Vp-p	Vp-p

2. Operating Temperature and Self-generated Heat Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself. When the capacitor is used in a highfrequency current, pulse current or similar current, it may have self-generated heat due to dielectric loss. Applied voltage load should be such that self-generated heat is within 20°C under the condition where the capacitor is subjected to an atmospheric temperature of 25°C. When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of ø0.1mm under conditions where the capacitor is not affected by radiant heat from other components or wind from surroundings. Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability. (Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

#### 3. Test Condition for Withstanding Voltage

(1) Test Equipment

Test equipment for AC withstanding voltage should be used with the performance of the wave similar to 50/60Hz sine wave.

If the distorted sine wave or overload exceeding the specified voltage value is applied, a defect may be caused.

Continued on the following page.  $\square$ 



# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors for Automotive ACaution

Continued from the preceding page.

#### (2) Voltage Applied Method

When the withstanding voltage is applied, the capacitor's lead or terminal should be firmly connected to the output of the withstanding voltage test equipment, and then the voltage should be raised from near zero to the test voltage.

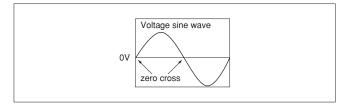
If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, test voltage should be applied with the zero cross.\* At the end of the test time, the test voltage should be reduced to near zero, and then capacitor's lead or terminal should be taken off the output of the withstanding voltage test equipment. If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, the surge voltage may rise, and therefore, a defect may be caused.

\*ZERO CROSS is the point where voltage sine wave passes 0V. See the figure at right.

#### 4. Fail-Safe

When the capacitor is broken, failure may result in a short circuit. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function like a fuse on your product if failure could result in an electric shock, fire or fuming.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.





# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors for Automotive ACaution

# ■ ①Caution (Storage and Operating Condition)

Operating and Storage Environment The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. Also, avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40 degrees centigrade and 15 to 85%.

### ■ ①Caution (Soldering and Mounting)

1. Vibration and Impact

Do not expose a capacitor or its lead wires to excessive shock or vibration during use. Excessive shock or vibration may cause fatigue destruction of lead wires mounted on the circuit board.

Please take measures to hold a capacitor on the circuit boards by adhesive, molding resin or another coating.

Please confirm there is no influence of holding measures on the product with the intended equipment.

2. Soldering

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specifications of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

Soldering the capacitor with a soldering iron should be performed in the following conditions.

Temperature of iron-tip: 400 degrees C. max. Soldering iron wattage: 50W max. Soldering time: 3.5 sec. max. Use capacitors within 6 months after delivery. Check the solderability after 6 months or more.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

3. Bonding, Resin Molding and Coating

For bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of the capacitor by testing the performance of the bonded, molded or coated product in the intended equipment. When the amount of applications, dryness/hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc). are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit. The variation in thickness of adhesive, molding resin or coating may cause outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

 Treatment after Bonding, Resin Molding and Coating When the outer coating is hot (over 100 degrees C.) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile. Therefore, please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

### ■ ①Caution (Handling)

Vibration and Impact

Do not expose a capacitor or its lead wires to excessive shock or vibration during use. Excessive shock or vibration may cause fatigue destruction of lead wires mounted on the circuit board.

Please take measures to hold a capacitor on the circuit boards by adhesive, molding resin or another coating.

Please confirm there is no influence of holding measures on the product with the intended equipment.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.



# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors for Automotive Notice

### Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

Cleaning (ultrasonic cleaning) To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions. Rinse bath capacity: Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time: 5 min. maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

### ■ Notice (Rating)

1. Capacitance Change of Capacitors Capacitors have an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor is left on for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on the surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. Therefore, it is not likely to be suitable for use in a constant time circuit.

Please contact us if you need detailed information.

2. Performance Check by Equipment Before using a capacitor, check that there is no problem in the equipment's performance and the specifications. Generally speaking, CLASS 2 ceramic capacitors have voltage dependence characteristics and temperature dependence characteristics in capacitance. Therefore, the capacitance value may change depending on the operating condition in the equipment. Therefore, be sure to confirm the apparatus performance of receiving influence in the capacitance value change of a capacitor, such as leakage current and noise suppression characteristic.

Moreover, check the surge-proof ability of a capacitor in the equipment, if needed, because the surge voltage may exceed specific value by the inductance of the circuit.



# Safety Certified Ceramic Capacitors/High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors ISO9000 Certifications

Manufacturing plants that produce the products in this catalog have obtained the ISO9000 quality system certificate.

Plant	Applied Standard
Izumo Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	ISO9001
Murata Electronics (Thailand), Ltd.	ISO9001
Taiwan Murata Electronics Co., Ltd.	ISO9001



#### **∆Note:** 1. Export Control

<For customers outside Japan>

No Murata products should be used or sold, through any channels, for use in the design, development, production, utilization, maintenance or operation of, or otherwise contribution to (1) any weapons (Weapons of Mass Destruction [nuclear, chemical or biological weapons or missiles] or conventional weapons) or (2) goods or systems specially designed or intended for military end-use or utilization by military end-users. <For customers in Japan>

For products which are controlled items subject to the "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law" of Japan, the export license specified by the law is required for export. 2. Please contact our sales representatives or product engineers before using the products in this catalog for the applications listed below, which require especially high reliability

for the prevention of defects which might directly damage a third party's life, body or property, or when one of our products is intended for use in applications other than those specified in this catalog. ② Aerospace equipment

- Aircraft equipment
- ③ Undersea equipment
- (5) Medical equipment
- (4) Power plant equipment (6) Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- 7 Traffic signal equipment
- ③ Data-processing equipment

- (8) Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment 1 Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed above
- 3. Product specifications in this catalog are as of December 2013. They are subject to change or our products in it may be discontinued without advance notice.
- Please check with our sales representatives or product engineers before ordering. If there are any questions, please contact our sales representatives or product engineers. 4. Please read rating and ACAUTION (for storage, operating, rating, soldering, mounting and handling) in this catalog to prevent smoking and/or burning, etc.
- 5. This catalog has only typical specifications. Therefore, please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.
- 6. Please note that unless otherwise specified, we shall assume no responsibility whatsoever for any conflict or dispute that may occur in connection with the effect of our and/or a third party's intellectual property rights and other related rights in consideration of your use of our products and/or information described or contained in our catalogs. In this connection, no representation shall be made to the effect that any third parties are authorized to use the rights mentioned above under licenses without our consent.
- 7. No ozone depleting substances (ODS) under the Montreal Protocol are used in our manufacturing process.

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