



128K x 36, 256K x 18
3.3V Synchronous SRAMs
3.3V I/O, Pipelined Outputs
Burst Counter, Single Cycle Deselect

AS8C403600
AS8C401800

Features

- ◆ 128K x 36, 256K x 18 memory configurations
- ◆ Supports high system speed:
Commercial:
 - 150MHz 3.8ns clock access time
- ◆ $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ input selects interleaved or linear burst mode
- ◆ Self-timed write cycle with global write control ($\overline{\text{GW}}$), byte write enable ($\overline{\text{BWE}}$), and byte writes ($\overline{\text{BWx}}$)
- ◆ 3.3V core power supply
- ◆ Power down controlled by ZZ input
- ◆ 3.3V I/O
- ◆ Optional - Boundary Scan JTAG Interface (IEEE 1149.1 compliant)
- ◆ Packaged in a JEDEC Standard 100-pin plastic thin quad flatpack (TQFP).

Description

The AS8C403600/1800 are high-speed SRAMs organized as 128K x 36/256K x 18. The AS8C403600/401800 SRAMs contain write, data, address and control registers. Internal logic allows the SRAM to generate a self-timed write based upon a decision which can be left until the end of the write cycle.

The burst mode feature offers the highest level of performance to the system designer, as the AS8C403600/1800 can provide four cycles of data for a single address presented to the SRAM. An internal burst address counter accepts the first cycle address from the processor, initiating the access sequence. The first cycle of output data will be pipelined for one cycle before it is available on the next rising clock edge. If burst mode operation is selected ($\overline{\text{ADV}}=\text{LOW}$), the subsequent three cycles of output data will be available to the user on the next three rising clock edges. The order of these three addresses are defined by the internal burst counter and the $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ input pin.

The AS8C403600/1800 SRAMs utilize the latest high-performance CMOS process and are packaged in a JEDEC standard 14mm x 20mm 100-pin thin plastic quad flatpack (TQFP).

Pin Description Summary

A0-A17	Address Inputs	Input	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{CE}}$	Chip Enable	Input	Synchronous
CS0, $\overline{\text{CS}}_1$	Chip Selects	Input	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{OE}}$	Output Enable	Input	Asynchronous
$\overline{\text{GW}}$	Global Write Enable	Input	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{BWE}}$	Byte Write Enable	Input	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{BW}}_1, \overline{\text{BW}}_2, \overline{\text{BW}}_3, \overline{\text{BW}}_4^{(1)}$	Individual Byte Write Selects	Input	Synchronous
CLK	Clock	Input	N/A
$\overline{\text{ADV}}$	Burst Address Advance	Input	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{ADSC}}$	Address Status (Cache Controller)	Input	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{ADSP}}$	Address Status (Processor)	Input	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{LBO}}$	Linear / Interleaved Burst Order	Input	DC
TMS	Test Mode Select	Input	Synchronous
TDI	Test Data Input	Input	Synchronous
TCK	Test Clock	Input	N/A
TDO	Test Data Output	Output	Synchronous
ZZ	Sleep Mode	Input	Asynchronous
I/O0-I/O31, I/OP1-I/OP4	Data Input / Output	I/O	Synchronous
V _{DD} , V _{DDQ}	Core Power, I/O Power	Supply	N/A
V _{SS}	Ground	Supply	N/A

NOTE:

1. $\overline{\text{BW}}_3$ and $\overline{\text{BW}}_4$ are not applicable for the AS8C401800.

Pin Definitions⁽¹⁾

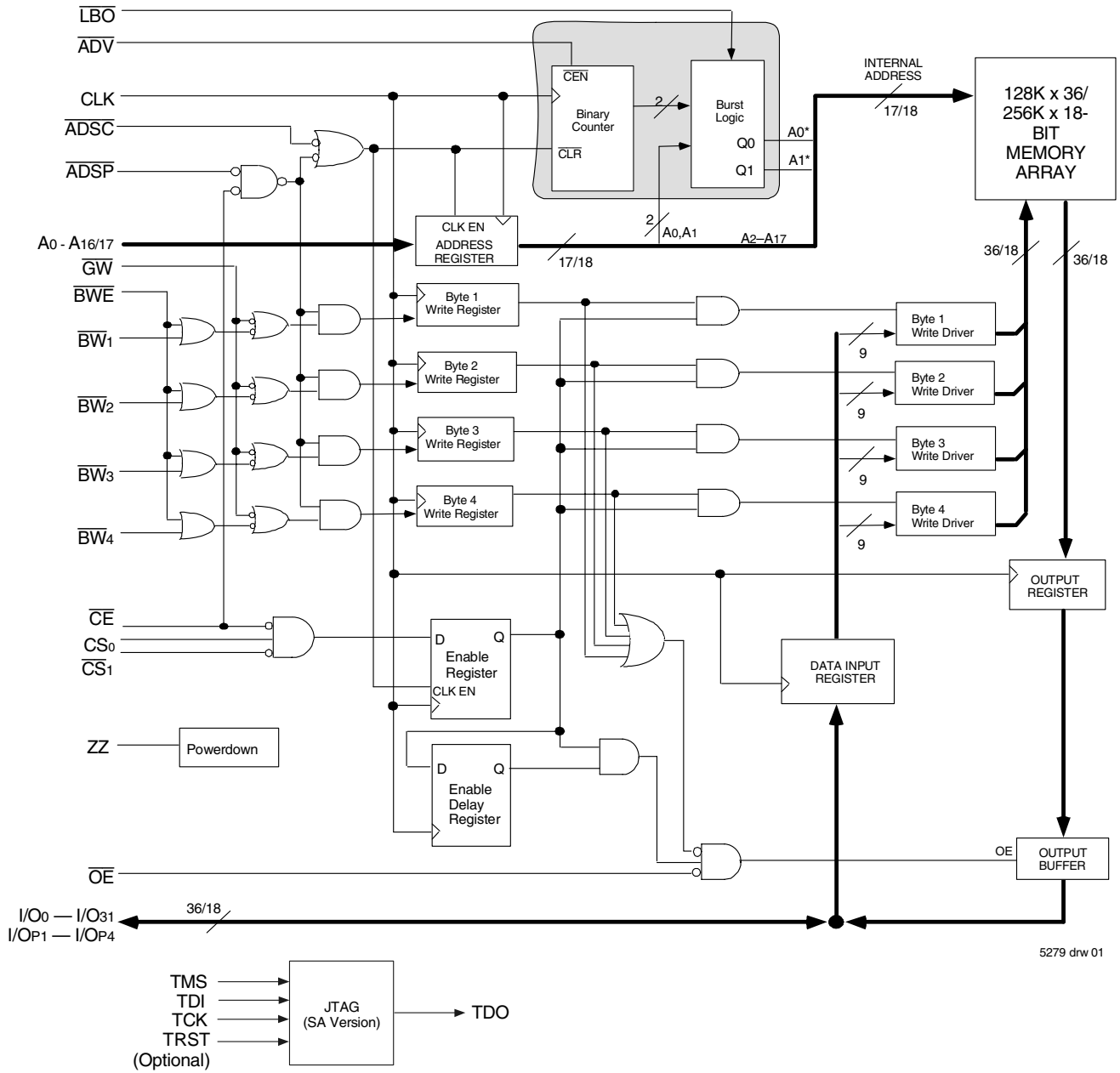
Symbol	Pin Function	I/O	Active	Description
A0-A17	Address Inputs	I	N/A	Synchronous Address inputs. The address register is triggered by a combination of the rising edge of CLK and $\overline{\text{ADSC}}$ Low or $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ Low and $\overline{\text{CE}}$ Low.
$\overline{\text{ADSC}}$	Address Status (Cache Controller)	I	LOW	Synchronous Address Status from Cache Controller. $\overline{\text{ADSC}}$ is an active LOW input that is used to load the address registers with new addresses.
$\overline{\text{ADSP}}$	Address Status (Processor)	I	LOW	Synchronous Address Status from Processor. $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ is an active LOW input that is used to load the address registers with new addresses. $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ is gated by $\overline{\text{CE}}$.
$\overline{\text{ADV}}$	Burst Address Advance	I	LOW	Synchronous Address Advance. $\overline{\text{ADV}}$ is an active LOW input that is used to advance the internal burst counter, controlling burst access after the initial address is loaded. When the input is HIGH the burst counter is not incremented; that is, there is no address advance.
$\overline{\text{BWE}}$	Byte Write Enable	I	LOW	Synchronous byte write enable gates the byte write inputs $\overline{\text{BW1-BW4}}$. If $\overline{\text{BWE}}$ is LOW at the rising edge of CLK then $\overline{\text{BWx}}$ inputs are passed to the next stage in the circuit. If $\overline{\text{BWE}}$ is HIGH then the byte write inputs are blocked and only $\overline{\text{GW}}$ can initiate a write cycle.
$\overline{\text{BW1-BW4}}$	Individual Byte Write Enables	I	LOW	Synchronous byte write enables. $\overline{\text{BW1}}$ controls I/O0-7, I/OP1, $\overline{\text{BW2}}$ controls I/O8-15, I/OP2, etc. Any active byte write causes all outputs to be disabled.
$\overline{\text{CE}}$	Chip Enable	I	LOW	Synchronous chip enable. $\overline{\text{CE}}$ is used with CS0 and $\overline{\text{CS1}}$ to enable the AS8C403600/1800. $\overline{\text{CE}}$ also gates $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$.
CLK	Clock	I	N/A	This is the clock input. All timing references for the device are made with respect to this input.
CS0	Chip Select 0	I	HIGH	Synchronous active HIGH chip select. CS0 is used with $\overline{\text{CE}}$ and $\overline{\text{CS1}}$ to enable the chip.
$\overline{\text{CS1}}$	Chip Select 1	I	LOW	Synchronous active LOW chip select. $\overline{\text{CS1}}$ is used with $\overline{\text{CE}}$ and CS0 to enable the chip.
$\overline{\text{GW}}$	Global Write Enable	I	LOW	Synchronous global write enable. This input will write all four 9-bit data bytes when LOW on the rising edge of CLK. $\overline{\text{GW}}$ supersedes individual byte write enables.
I/O0-I/O31 I/OP1-I/OP4	Data Input/Output	I/O	N/A	Synchronous data input/output (I/O) pins. Both the data input path and data output path are registered and triggered by the rising edge of CLK.
$\overline{\text{LBO}}$	Linear Burst Order	I	LOW	Asynchronous burst order selection input. When $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ is HIGH, the interleaved burst sequence is selected. When $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ is LOW the Linear burst sequence is selected. $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ is a static input and must not change state while the device is operating.
$\overline{\text{OE}}$	Output Enable	I	LOW	Asynchronous output enable. When $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is LOW the data output drivers are enabled on the I/O pins if the chip is also selected. When $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is HIGH the I/O pins are in a high-impedance state.
TMS	Test Mode Select	I	N/A	Gives input command for TAP controller. Sampled on rising edge of TDK. This pin has an internal pullup.
TDI	Test Data Input	I	N/A	Serial input of registers placed between TDI and TDO. Sampled on rising edge of TCK. This pin has an internal pullup.
TCK	Test Clock	I	N/A	Clock input of TAP controller. Each TAP event is clocked. Test inputs are captured on rising edge of TCK, while test outputs are driven from the falling edge of TCK. This pin has an internal pullup.
TDO	Test Data Output	O	N/A	Serial output of registers placed between TDI and TDO. This output is active depending on the state of the TAP controller.
ZZ	Sleep Mode	I	HIGH	Asynchronous sleep mode input. ZZ HIGH will gate the CLK internally and power down the AS8C403600/1800 to its lowest power consumption level. Data retention is guaranteed in Sleep Mode. This pin has an internal pull down.
VDD	Power Supply	N/A	N/A	3.3V core power supply.
VDDQ	Power Supply	N/A	N/A	3.3V I/O Supply.
VSS	Ground	N/A	N/A	Ground.
NC	No Connect	N/A	N/A	NC pins are not electrically connected to the device.

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NOTE:

1. All synchronous inputs must meet specified setup and hold times with respect to CLK.

Functional Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Rating	Commercial & Industrial	Unit
V _{TERM} ⁽²⁾	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to +4.6	V
V _{TERM} ^(3,6)	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to V _{DD}	V
V _{TERM} ^(4,6)	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to V _{DD} + 0.5	V
V _{TERM} ^(5,6)	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to V _{DDQ} + 0.5	V
T _A ⁽⁷⁾	Commercial Operating Temperature	-0 to +70	°C
	Industrial Operating Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
T _{BIAS}	Temperature Under Bias	-55 to +125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 to +125	°C
P _T	Power Dissipation	2.0	W
I _{OUT}	DC Output Current	50	mA

NOTES:

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- Stresses greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.
- V_{DD} terminals only.
- V_{DDQ} terminals only.
- Input terminals only.
- I/O terminals only.
- This is a steady-state DC parameter that applies after the power supplies have ramped up. Power supply sequencing is not necessary; however, the voltage on any input or I/O pin cannot exceed V_{DDQ} during power supply ramp up.
- T_A is the "instant on" case temperature.

Recommended Operating Temperature and Supply Voltage

Grade	Temperature ⁽¹⁾	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	0V	3.3V±5%	3.3V±5%
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	0V	3.3V±5%	3.3V±5%

NOTES:

5279 tbl 04

- T_A is the "instant on" case temperature.

Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _{DD}	Core Supply Voltage	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{DDQ}	I/O Supply Voltage	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{SS}	Supply Voltage	0	0	0	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage - Inputs	2.0	—	V _{DD} + 0.3	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage - I/O	2.0	—	V _{DDQ} + 0.3 ⁽¹⁾	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	-0.3 ⁽²⁾	—	0.8	V

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NOTES:

- V_{IH} (max) = V_{DDQ} + 1.0V for pulse width less than t_{cy}/2, once per cycle.
- V_{IL} (min) = -1.0V for pulse width less than t_{cy}/2, once per cycle.

100 Pin TQFP Capacitance (T_A = +25°C, f = 1.0MHz)

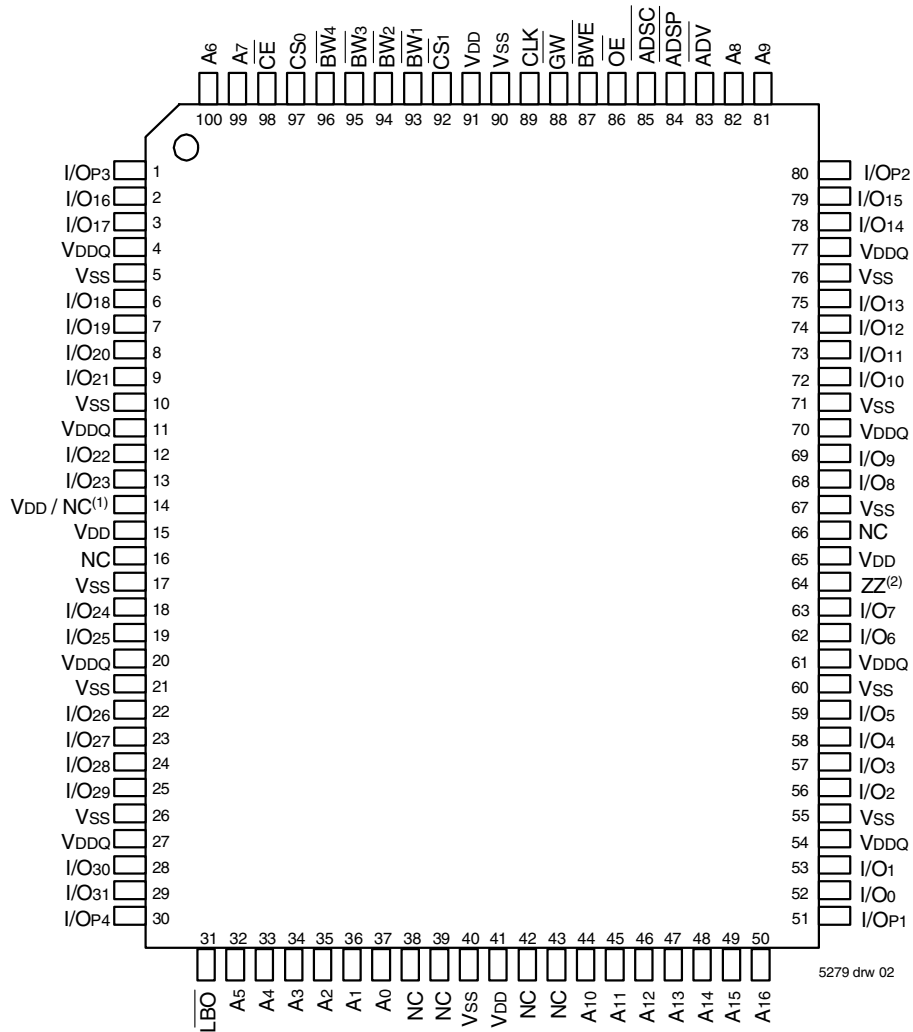
Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Conditions	Max.	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	V _{IN} = 3dV	5	pF
C _{I/O}	I/O Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 3dV	7	pF

NOTE:

5279tbl 07

- This parameter is guaranteed by device characterization, but not production tested.

Pin Configuration – 128K x 36

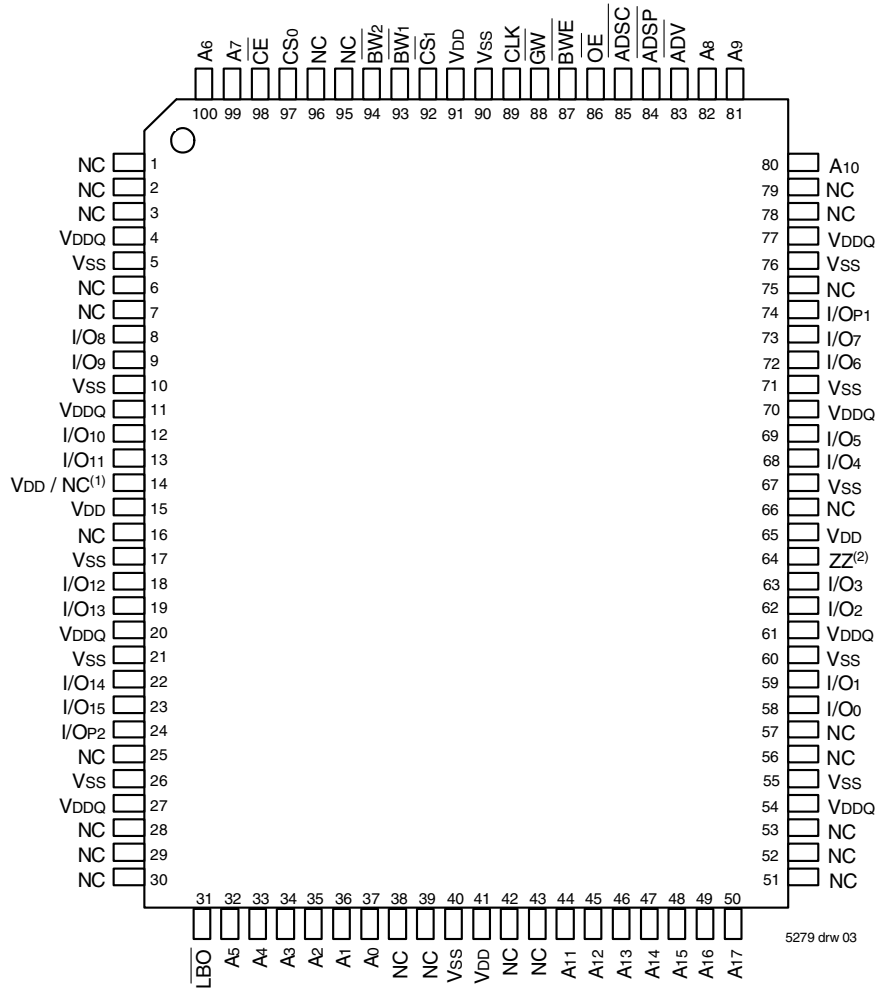


TQFP Top View

NOTES:

1. Pin 14 can either be directly connected to V_{DD}, or connected to an input voltage $\geq V_{IH}$, or left unconnected.
2. Pin 64 can be left unconnected and the device will always remain in active mode.

Pin Configuration – 256K x 18



TQFP Top View

NOTES:

1. Pin 14 can either be directly connected to V_{DD} , or connected to an input voltage $\geq V_{IH}$, or left unconnected.
2. Pin 64 can be left unconnected and the device will always remain in active mode.

DC Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Temperature and Supply Voltage Range (V_{DD} = 3.3V ± 5%)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
I _{LI}	Input Leakage Current	V _{DD} = Max., V _{IN} = 0V to V _{DD}	—	5	μA
I _{ZZ}	ZZ, $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ and JTAG Input Leakage Current ⁽¹⁾	V _{DD} = Max., V _{IN} = 0V to V _{DD}	—	30	μA
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current	V _{OUT} = 0V to V _{DDQ} , Device Deselected	—	5	μA
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = +8mA, V _{DD} = Min.	—	0.4	V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	I _{OH} = -8mA, V _{DD} = Min.	2.4	—	V

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NOTE:

1. The $\overline{\text{LBO}}$, TMS, TDI, TCK and $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ pins will be internally pulled to V_{DD} and the ZZ pin will be internally pulled to V_{SS} if they are not actively driven in the application.

DC Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Temperature and Supply Voltage Range⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	150MHz		133MHz		Unit
			Com'l	Ind	Com'l	Ind	
I _{DD}	Operating Power Supply Current	Device Selected, Outputs Open, V _{DD} = Max., V _{DDQ} = Max., V _{IN} ≥ V _{IH} or ≤ V _{IL} , f = f _{MAX} ⁽²⁾	295	305	250	260	mA
I _{SB1}	CMOS Standby Power Supply Current	Device Deselected, Outputs Open, V _{DD} = Max., V _{DDQ} = Max., V _{IN} ≥ V _{HD} or ≤ V _{LD} , f = 0 ^(2,3)	30	35	30	35	mA
I _{SB2}	Clock Running Power Supply Current	Device Deselected, Outputs Open, V _{DD} = Max., V _{DDQ} = Max., V _{IN} ≥ V _{HD} or ≤ V _{LD} , f = f _{MAX} ^(2,3)	105	115	100	110	mA
I _{ZZ}	Full Sleep Mode Supply Current	ZZ ≥ V _{HD} , V _{DD} = Max.	30	35	30	35	mA

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NOTES:

- All values are maximum guaranteed values.
- At f = f_{MAX}, inputs are cycling at the maximum frequency of read cycles of 1/ T_{cyc} while $\overline{\text{ADSC}}$ = LOW; f=0 means no input lines are changing.
- For I/Os V_{HD} = V_{DDQ} - 0.2V, V_{LD} = 0.2V. For other inputs V_{HD} = V_{DD} - 0.2V, V_{LD} = 0.2V.

AC Test Conditions (V_{DDQ} = 3.3V)

Input Pulse Levels	0 to 3V
Input Rise/Fall Times	2ns
Input Timing Reference Levels	1.5V
Output Timing Reference Levels	1.5V
AC Test Load	See Figure 1

5279 tbl 10

AC Test Load

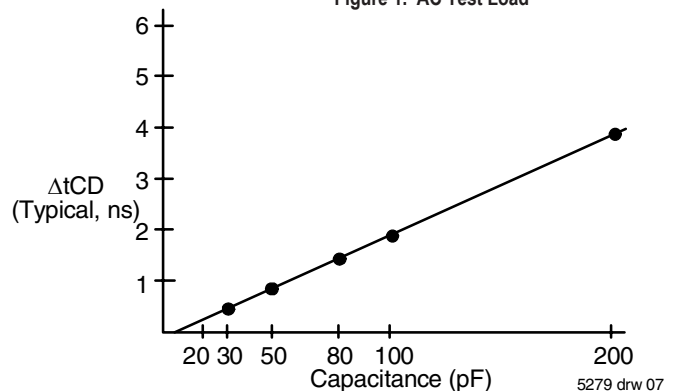
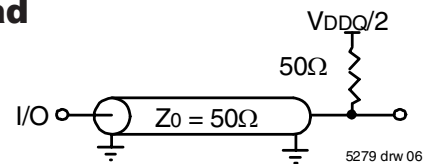


Figure 2. Lumped Capacitive Load, Typical Derating

Synchronous Truth Table^(1,3)

Operation	Address Used	\overline{CE}	CS_0	\overline{CS}_1	ADSP	ADSC	ADV	GW	BWE	BWx	\overline{OE} (2)	CLK	I/O
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	H	X	X	X	L	X	X	X	X	X	-	HI-Z
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	L	X	H	L	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	HI-Z
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	L	L	X	L	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	HI-Z
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	L	X	H	X	L	X	X	X	X	X	-	HI-Z
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	L	L	X	X	L	X	X	X	X	X	-	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	H	L	L	X	X	X	X	X	L	-	DOUT
Read Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	H	L	L	X	X	X	X	X	H	-	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	H	L	H	L	X	H	H	X	L	-	DOUT
Read Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	H	L	H	L	X	H	L	H	L	-	DOUT
Read Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	H	L	H	L	X	H	L	H	H	-	HI-Z
Write Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	H	L	H	L	X	H	L	L	X	-	DIN
Write Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	H	L	H	L	X	L	X	X	X	-	DIN
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	X	X	X	H	H	L	H	H	X	L	-	DOUT
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	X	X	X	H	H	L	H	H	X	H	-	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	X	X	X	H	H	L	H	X	H	L	-	DOUT
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	X	X	X	H	H	L	H	X	H	H	-	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	H	X	X	X	H	L	H	H	X	L	-	DOUT
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	H	X	X	X	H	L	H	H	X	H	-	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	H	X	X	X	H	L	H	X	H	L	-	DOUT
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	H	X	X	X	H	L	H	X	H	H	-	HI-Z
Write Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	X	X	X	H	H	L	H	L	L	X	-	DIN
Write Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	X	X	X	H	H	L	L	X	X	X	-	DIN
Write Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	H	X	X	X	H	L	H	L	L	X	-	DIN
Write Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	H	X	X	X	H	L	L	X	X	X	-	DIN
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	X	L	-	DOUT
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	X	H	-	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	X	H	L	-	DOUT
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	X	H	H	-	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	H	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	X	L	-	DOUT
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	H	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	X	H	-	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	H	X	X	X	H	H	H	X	H	L	-	DOUT
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	H	X	X	X	H	H	H	X	H	H	-	HI-Z
Write Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	L	L	X	-	DIN
Write Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	X	X	X	H	H	H	L	X	X	X	-	DIN
Write Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	H	X	X	X	H	H	H	L	L	X	-	DIN
Write Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	H	X	X	X	H	H	L	X	X	X	-	DIN

NOTES:

1. L = V_{IL}, H = V_{IH}, X = Don't Care.
2. \overline{OE} is an asynchronous input.
3. ZZ = low for this table.

Synchronous Write Function Truth Table^(1, 2)

Operation	$\overline{G\!W}$	BWE	BW ₁	BW ₂	BW ₃	BW ₄
Read	H	H	X	X	X	X
Read	H	L	H	H	H	H
Write all Bytes	L	X	X	X	X	X
Write all Bytes	H	L	L	L	L	L
Write Byte 1 ⁽³⁾	H	L	L	H	H	H
Write Byte 2 ⁽³⁾	H	L	H	L	H	H
Write Byte 3 ⁽³⁾	H	L	H	H	L	H
Write Byte 4 ⁽³⁾	H	L	H	H	H	L

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NOTES:

1. L = V_{IL}, H = V_{IH}, X = Don't Care.
2. BW₃ and BW₄ are not applicable for the AS8C401800.
3. Multiple bytes may be selected during the same cycle.

Asynchronous Truth Table⁽¹⁾

Operation ⁽²⁾	$\overline{O\!E}$	ZZ	I/O Status	Power
Read	L	L	Data Out	Active
Read	H	L	High-Z	Active
Write	X	L	High-Z – Data In	Active
Deselected	X	L	High-Z	Standby
Sleep Mode	X	H	High-Z	Sleep

5279 tbl 13

NOTES:

1. L = V_{IL}, H = V_{IH}, X = Don't Care.
2. Synchronous function pins must be biased appropriately to satisfy operation requirements.

Interleaved Burst Sequence Table ($\overline{L\!B\!O} = V_{DD}$)

	Sequence 1		Sequence 2		Sequence 3		Sequence 4	
	A1	A0	A1	A0	A1	A0	A1	A0
First Address	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
Second Address	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
Third Address	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Fourth Address ⁽¹⁾	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0

5279 tbl 14

NOTE:

1. Upon completion of the Burst sequence the counter wraps around to its initial state.

Linear Burst Sequence Table ($\overline{L\!B\!O} = V_{SS}$)

	Sequence 1		Sequence 2		Sequence 3		Sequence 4	
	A1	A0	A1	A0	A1	A0	A1	A0
First Address	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
Second Address	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
Third Address	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Fourth Address ⁽¹⁾	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0

5279 tbl 15

NOTE:

1. Upon completion of the Burst sequence the counter wraps around to its initial state.

AC Electrical Characteristics (VDD = 3.3V ±5%, Commercial and Industrial Temperature Ranges)

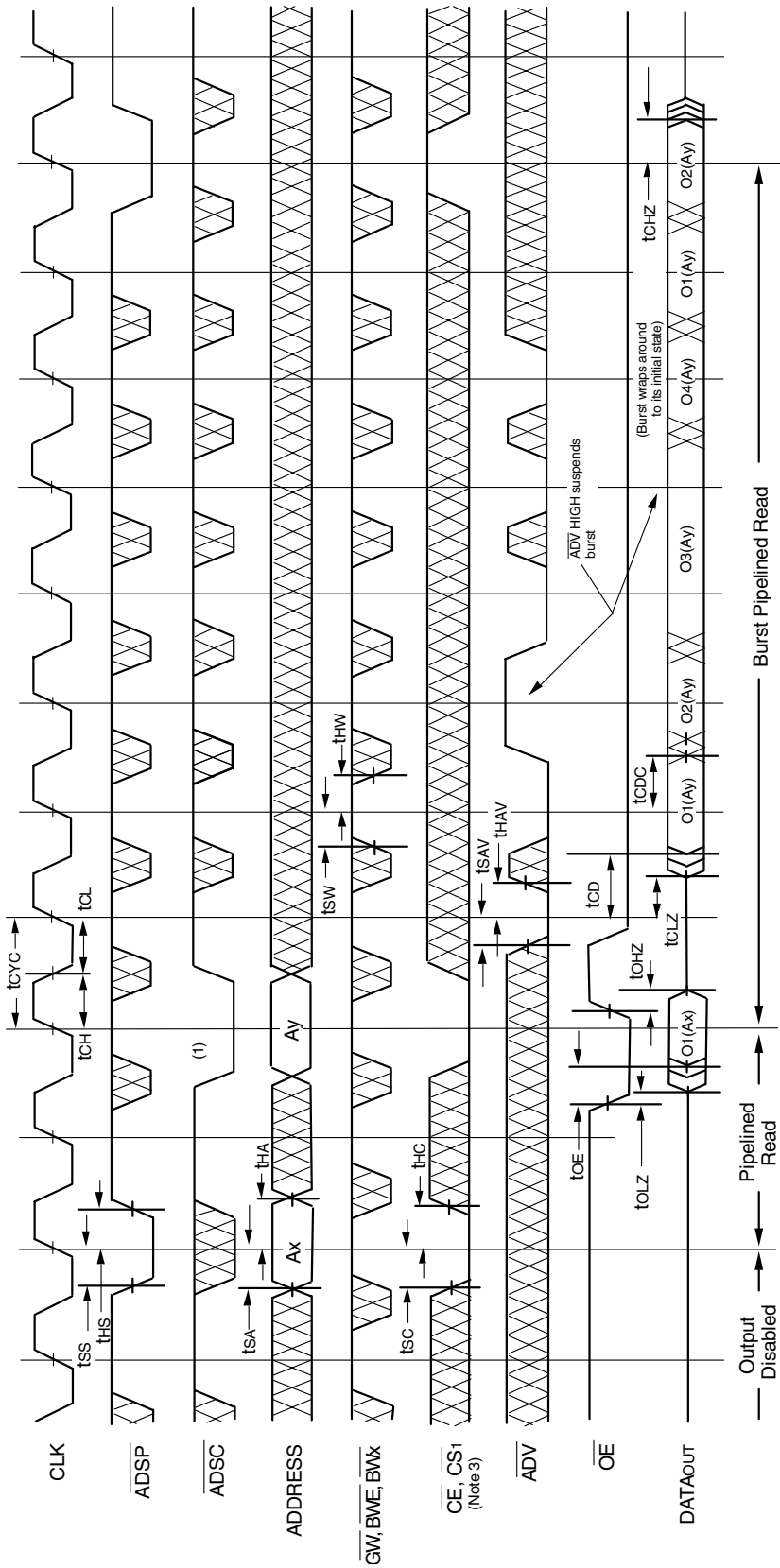
Symbol	Parameter	150MHz		133MHz		Unit
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	6.7	—	7.5	—	ns
t _{CH} ⁽¹⁾	Clock High Pulse Width	2.6	—	3	—	ns
t _{CL} ⁽¹⁾	Clock Low Pulse Width	2.6	—	3	—	ns
Output Parameters						
t _{CD}	Clock High to Valid Data	—	3.8	—	4.2	ns
t _{ODC}	Clock High to Data Change	1.5	—	1.5	—	ns
t _{OLZ} ⁽²⁾	Clock High to Output Active	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{CHZ} ⁽²⁾	Clock High to Data High-Z	1.5	3.8	1.5	4.2	ns
t _{OE}	Output Enable Access Time	—	3.8	—	4.2	ns
t _{OLZ} ⁽²⁾	Output Enable Low to Output Active	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{OHZ} ⁽²⁾	Output Enable High to Output High-Z	—	3.8	—	4.2	ns
Set Up Times						
t _{SA}	Address Setup Time	1.5	—	1.5	—	ns
t _{SS}	Address Status Setup Time	1.5	—	1.5	—	ns
t _{SD}	Data In Setup Time	1.5	—	1.5	—	ns
t _{SW}	Write Setup Time	1.5	—	1.5	—	ns
t _{SAV}	Address Advance Setup Time	1.5	—	1.5	—	ns
t _{SC}	Chip Enable/Select Setup Time	1.5	—	1.5	—	ns
Hold Times						
t _{HA}	Address Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HS}	Address Status Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HD}	Data In Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HW}	Write Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HAV}	Address Advance Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HC}	Chip Enable/Select Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
Sleep Mode and Configuration Parameters						
t _{ZZPW}	ZZ Pulse Width	100	—	100	—	ns
t _{ZZR} ⁽³⁾	ZZ Recovery Time	100	—	100	—	ns
t _{CFG} ⁽⁴⁾	Configuration Set-up Time	27	—	30	—	ns

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NOTES:

1. Measured as HIGH above V_{IH} and LOW below V_{IL}.
2. Transition is measured ±200mV from steady-state.
3. Device must be deselected when powered-up from sleep mode.
4. t_{CFG} is the minimum time required to configure the device based on the $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ input. $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ is a static input and must not change during normal operation.

Timing Waveform of Pipelined Read Cycle^(1,2)

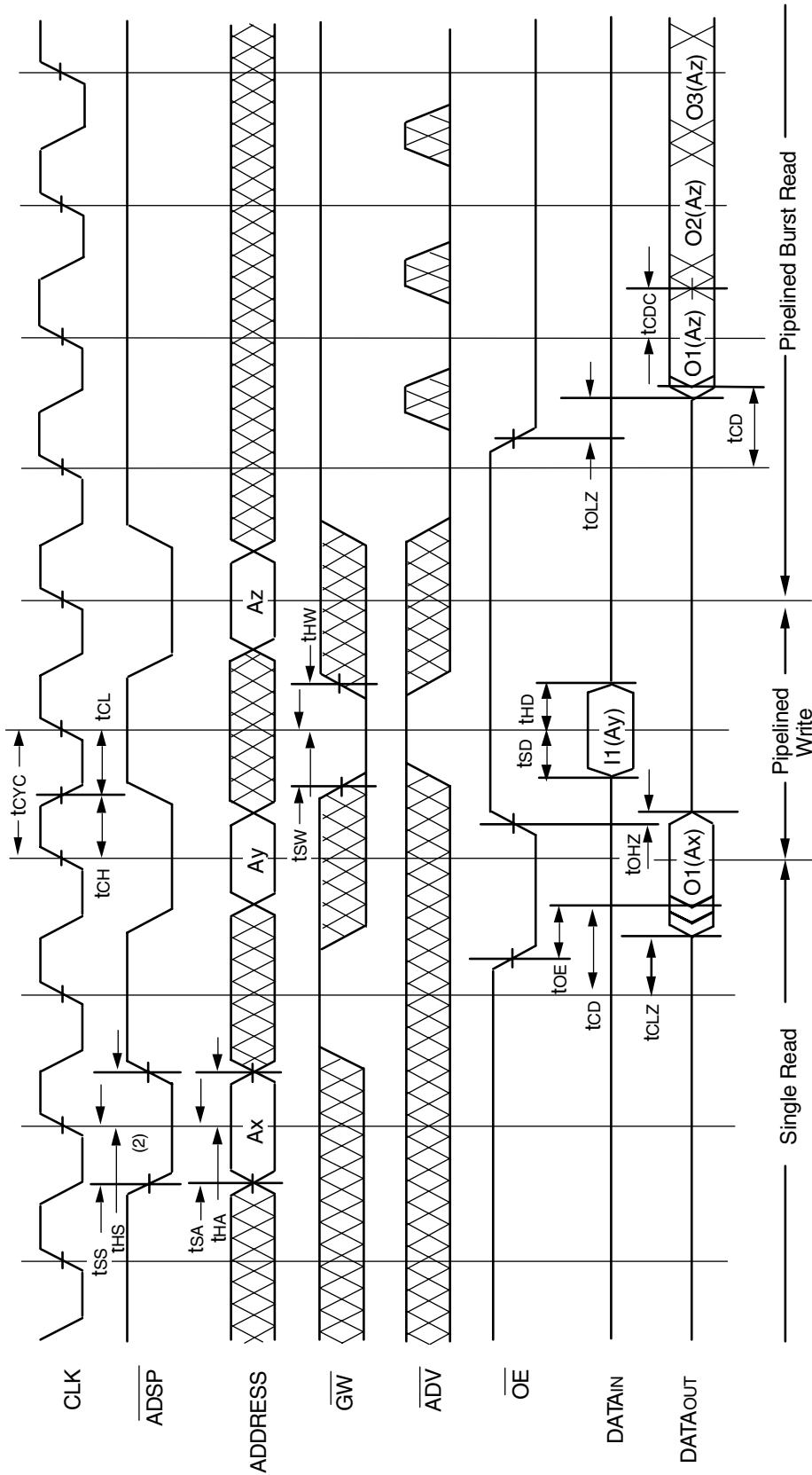


5279 drw 08

NOTES:

1. $O1(Ax)$ represents the first output from the external address Ax. $O1(Ay)$ represents the first output from the external address Ay, etc. where A0 and A1 are advancing for the four word burst in the sequence defined by the state of the LBO input.
2. ZZ input is LOW and LBO is Don't Care for this cycle.
3. CS0 timing transitions are identical but inverted to the \overline{CE} and $\overline{CS1}$ signals. For example, when \overline{CE} and $\overline{CS1}$ are LOW on this waveform, CS 0 is HIGH.

Timing Waveform of Combined Pipelined Read and Write Cycles^(1,2,3)

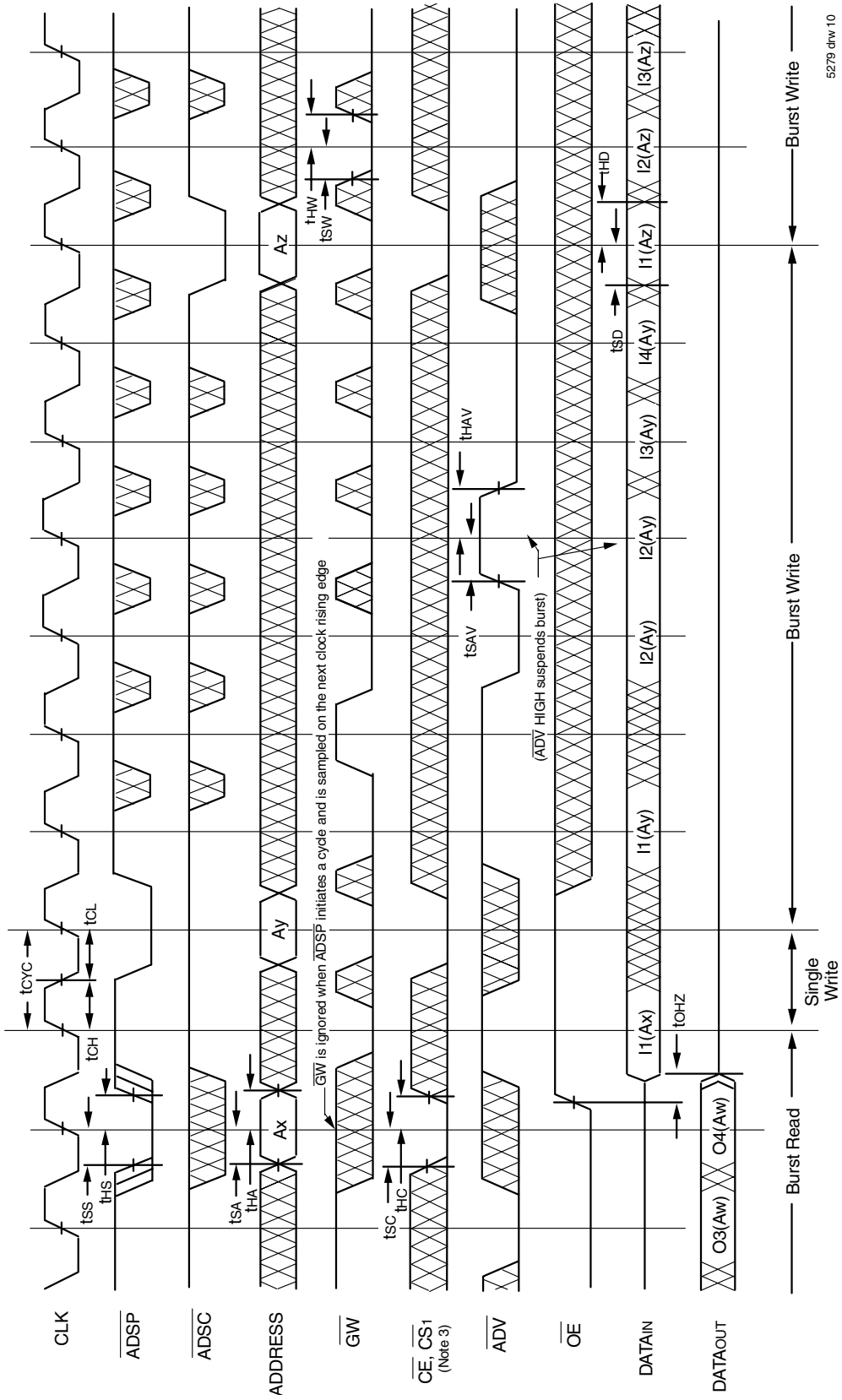


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NOTES:

1. Device is selected through entire cycle; \overline{CE} and $\overline{CS}1$ are LOW, $CS\ 0$ is HIGH.
2. ZZ input is LOW and \overline{LBO} is Don't Care for this cycle.
3. O1 (Ax) represents the first output from the external address Ax. I1 (Ay) represents the first input from the external address Ay. O1 (Az) represents the first output from the external address Az; O2 (Az) represents the next output data in the burst sequence of the base address Az, etc. where A0 and A1 are advancing for the four word burst i on the sequence defined by the state of the \overline{LBO} input.

Timing Waveform of Write Cycle No. 1 - \overline{GW} Controlled^(1,2,3)

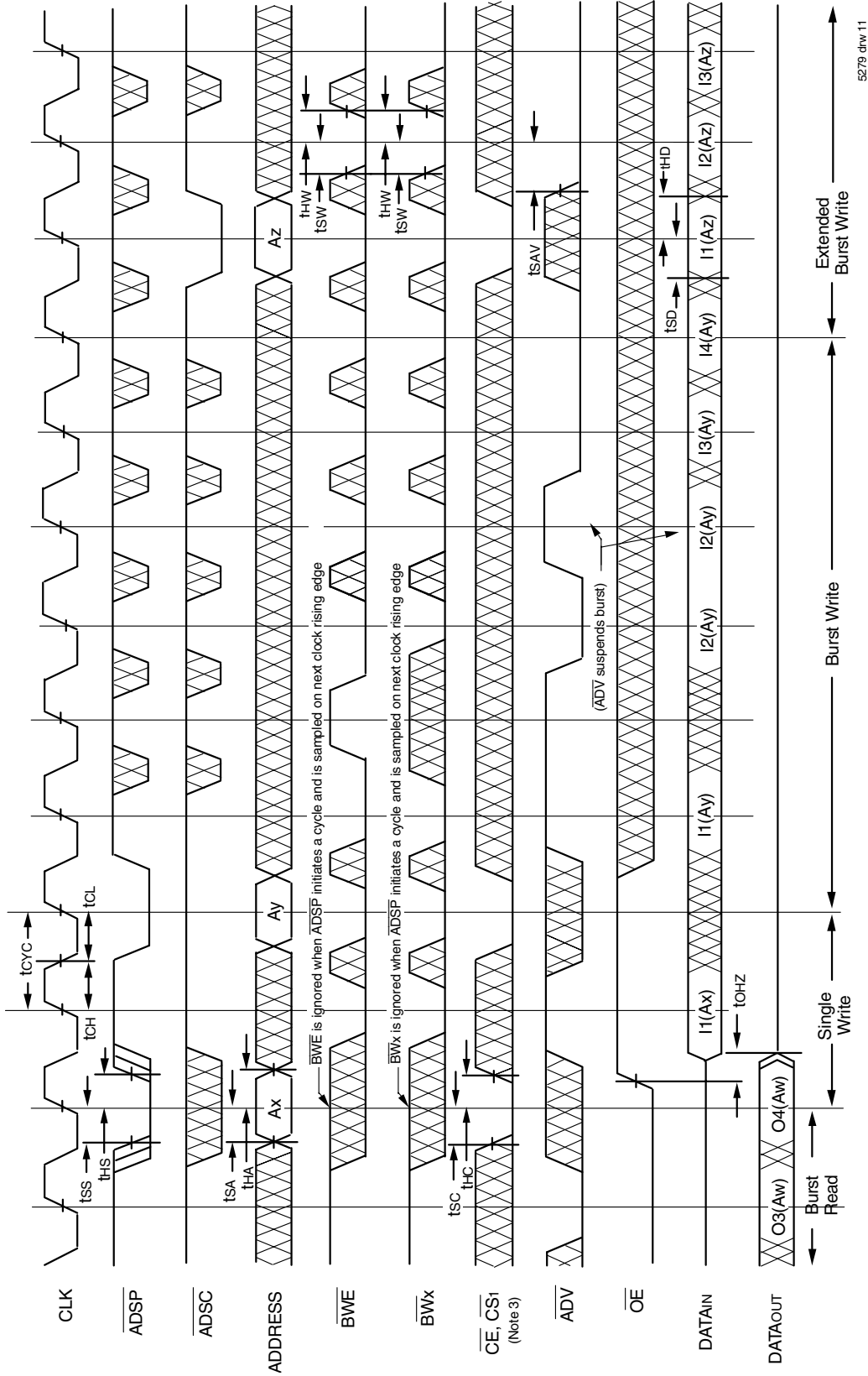


5279 drw 10

NOTES:

1. Z_Z input is LOW, \overline{BWE} is HIGH and \overline{LBO} is Don't Care for this cycle.
2. O₄ (Aw) represents the final output data in the burst sequence of the base address Aw. I₁ (Ay) represents the first input to the external address Ay. I₂ (Ay) represents the next input data in the burst sequence of the base address Ay, etc. where A₀ and A₁ are advancing for the four word burst in the sequence defined by the state of the \overline{LBO} input. In the case of input I₂ (Ay) this data is valid for two cycles because \overline{ADV} is high and has suspended the burst.
3. CS₀ timing transitions are identical but inverted to the \overline{CE} and $\overline{CS1}$ signals. For example, when \overline{CE} and $\overline{CS1}$ are LOW on this waveform, CS₀ is HIGH.

Timing Waveform of Write Cycle No. 2 - Byte Controlled^(1,2,3)

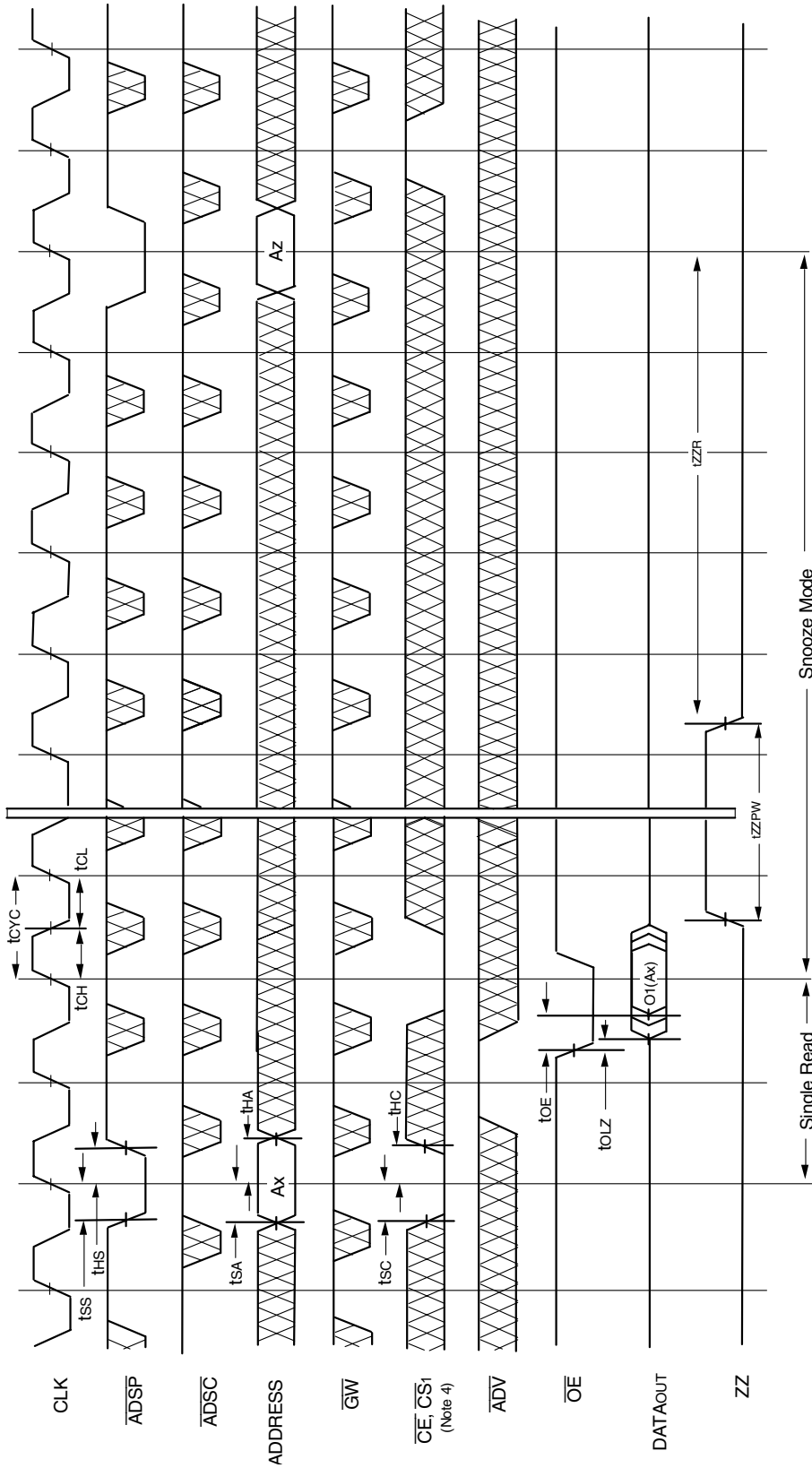


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NOTES:

1. Z_Z input is LOW, \overline{GW} is HIGH and \overline{LBO} is Don't Care for this cycle.
2. O₄(Aw) represents the final output data in the burst sequence of the base address Aw. I₁(Ax) represents the first input external address Ax. I₁(Ay) represents the first input from the external address Ay; I₂(Ay) represents the next input data in the burst sequence of the base address Ay, etc. where A₀ and A₁ are advancing for the four word burst in the sequence defined by the state of the \overline{LBO} input. In the case of input I₂(Ay) this data is valid for two cycles because \overline{ADV} is high and has suspended the burst.
3. CS₀ timing transitions are identical but inverted to the \overline{CE} and $\overline{CS1}$ signals. For example, when \overline{CE} and $\overline{CS1}$ are LOW on this waveform, CS₀ is HIGH.

Timing Waveform of Sleep (ZZ) and Power-Down Modes^(1,2,3)

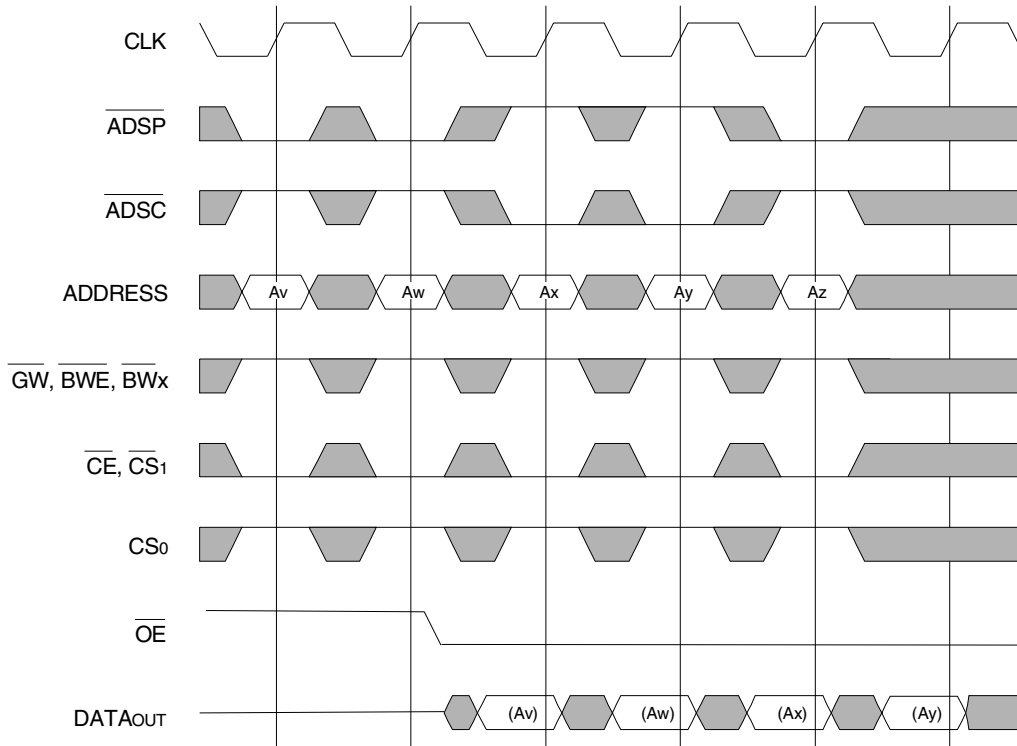


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NOTES:

1. Device must power up in deselected Mode
2. LBO is Don't Care for this cycle.
3. It is not necessary to retain the state of the input registers throughout the Power-down cycle.
4. CS_n timing transitions are identical but inverted to the $\overline{\text{OE}}$ and $\overline{\text{CS}}_n$ signals. For example, when CE and CS1 are LOW on this waveform, CS₀ is HIGH.

Non-Burst Read Cycle Timing Waveform

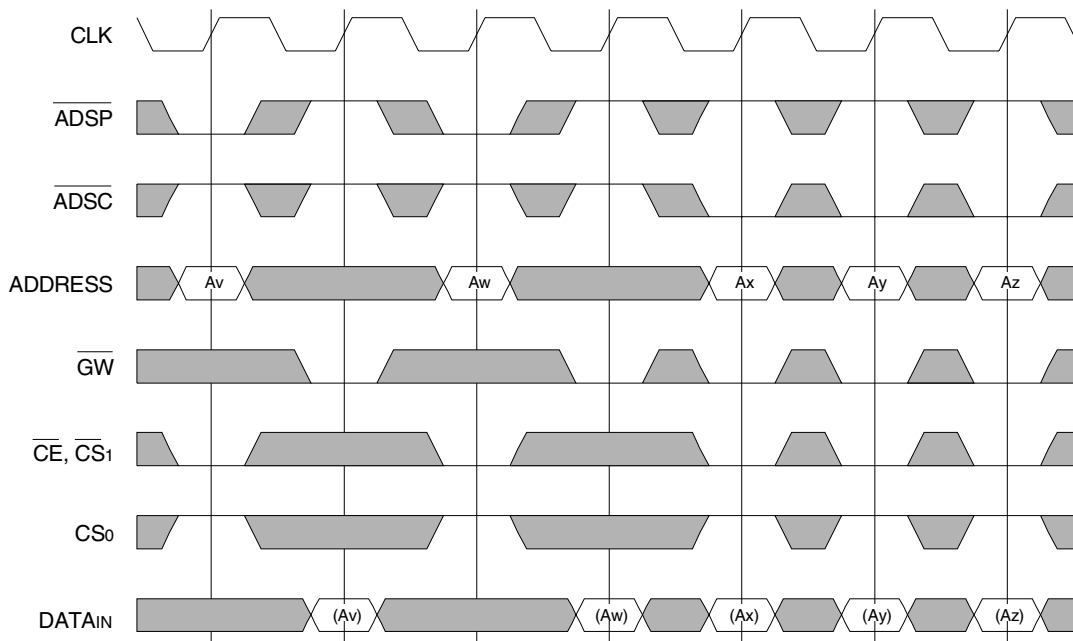


NOTES:

1. ZZ input is LOW, \overline{ADV} is HIGH and \overline{LBO} is Don't Care for this cycle.
2. (Ax) represents the data for address Ax, etc.
3. For read cycles, \overline{ADSP} and \overline{ADSC} function identically and are therefore interchangeable.

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Non-Burst Write Cycle Timing Waveform



NOTES:

1. ZZ input is LOW, \overline{ADV} and \overline{OE} are HIGH, and \overline{LBO} is Don't Care for this cycle.
2. (Ax) represents the data for address Ax, etc.
3. Although only \overline{GW} writes are shown, the functionality of \overline{BWE} and \overline{BWx} together is the same as \overline{GW} .
4. For write cycles, \overline{ADSP} and \overline{ADSC} have different limitations.

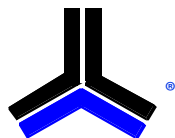
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ORDERING INFORMATION

Alliance	Organization	VCC Range	Package	Operating Temp	Speed Mhz
AS8C403600-QC150N	128K x 36	3.1 - 3.4V	100 pin TQFP	Commercial: 0 C - 70C	150
AS8C401800-QC150N	256K x 18	3.1 - 3.4V	100 pin TQFP	Commercial: 0 C - 70C	150

PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

AS8C	Device	Conf.	Mode	Package	Operating Temp	Speed	N
Sync. SRAM prefix	40 = (M	18= x18 36 = x36	01= ZBT 00 = Pipelined 25 = Flow- Thru	Q = 100 Pin TQFP	0 ~ 70C	150MHz	N= Leadfree



Alliance Memory, Inc.
551 Taylor way, Suite#1,
San Carlos, CA 94070
Tel: 650-610-6800
Fax: 650-620-9211
www.alliancememory.com

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Наши контакты:

Телефон: +7 812 627 14 35

Электронная почта: sales@st-electron.ru

Адрес: 198099, Санкт-Петербург,
Промышленная ул, дом № 19, литера Н,
помещение 100-Н Офис 331