

**K-No.: 24616**
**50 A Current Sensor**
**Date: 28.01.2008**

For the electronic measurement of currents:  
DC, AC, pulsed, mixed ..., with a galvanic  
Isolation between the primary circuit  
(high power) and the secondary circuit  
(electronic circuit)

**Customer: Standard type**
**Customers Part no.:**
**Page 1 of 2**
**Description**

- Closed loop (compensation)  
Current Sensor with magnetic field probe
- Printed circuit board mounting
- Casing and materials UL-listed

**Characteristics**

- Excellent accuracy
- Very low offset current
- Very low temperature dependency and offset current drift
- Very low hysteresis of offset current
- Low response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- Compact design
- Reduced offset ripple

**Applications**

Mainly used for stationary operation in industrial applications:

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power Supplies for welding applications
- Uninterruptable Power Supplies (UPS)

**Electrical data – Ratings<sup>1)</sup>**

$I_{PN}$	Primary nominal r.m.s. current	50	A
$R_M$	Measuring resistance $V_C = \pm 12V$	10 ... 200	$\Omega$
	$V_C = \pm 15V$	22 ... 400	$\Omega$
$I_{SN}$	Secondary nominal r.m.s. current	50	mA
$K_N$	Turns ratio	1...3 : 1000	

**Accuracy – Dynamic performance data<sup>1)</sup>**

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{P,max}$	Max. measuring range				
	@ $V_C = \pm 12V$ , $R_M = 10 \Omega$ ( $t_{max} = 10sec$ )	$\pm 112$			A
	@ $V_C = \pm 15V$ , $R_M = 22 \Omega$ ( $t_{max} = 10sec$ )	$\pm 128$			A
X	Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ C$		0.1	0.5	%
$\epsilon_L$	Linearity			0.1	%
$I_0$	Offset current @ $I_P = 0$ , $T_A = 25^\circ C$		0.02	0.1	mA
$t_r$	Response time		500		ns
$\Delta t (I_{P,max})$	Delay time at $di/dt = 100 A/\mu s$		200		ns
f	Frequency bandwidth	DC...200			kHz

**General data<sup>1)</sup>**

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$T_A$	Ambient operating temperature	-40		+85	$^\circ C$
$T_S$	Ambient storage temperature	-40		+90	$^\circ C$
m	Mass		13.5		g
$V_C$	Supply voltage	$\pm 11.4$	$\pm 12$ or $\pm 15$	$\pm 15.75$	V
$I_C$	Current consumption		18,5		mA
	Constructed and manufactured and tested in accordance with EN 61800-5-1 (Pin 1 - 6 to Pin 7 - 9)				
	Reinforced insulation, Insulation material group 1, Pollution degree 2				
$S_{clear}$	clearance (component without solder pad)	10.2			mm
$S_{creep}$	creepage (component without solder pad)	10.2			mm
$V_{sys}$	System voltage overvoltage category 3	RMS		600	V
$V_{work}$	Working voltage (table 7 acc. to EN61800-5-1)	RMS		1020	V
$U_{PD}$	Rated discharge voltage	peak value		1400	V

Date	Name	Issue	Amendment
28.01.08	Le	81	Date changed. Insignificant

Hrsg.: KB-E editor	Bearb.: SA designer	KB-E: Le check	KB-PM: KRe. check	freig.: Heu. released
-----------------------	------------------------	-------------------	----------------------	--------------------------

K-No.: 24616

**50 A Current Sensor**

For the electronic measurement of currents:  
DC, AC, pulsed, mixed ..., with a galvanic  
Isolation between the primary circuit  
(high power) and the secondary circuit  
(electronic circuit)

Date: 28.01.2008

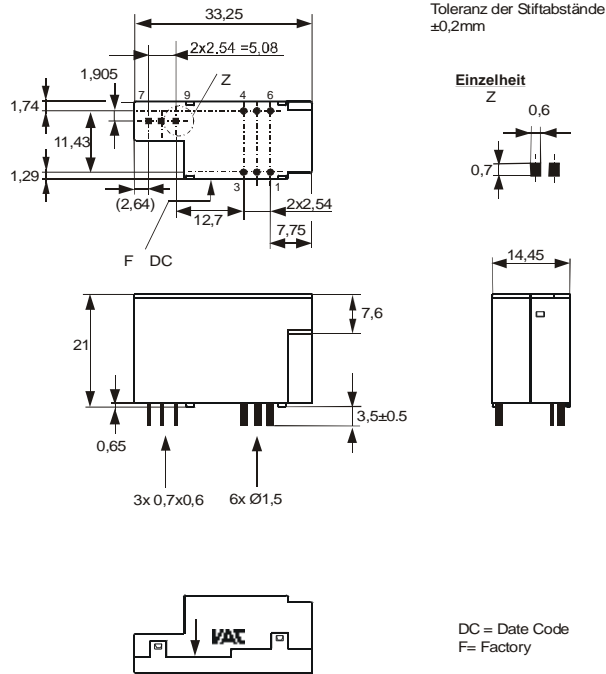
Customer: Standard type

Customers Part no.:

Page 2 of 2

**Mechanical outline (mm):**

General tolerances DIN ISO 2768-c

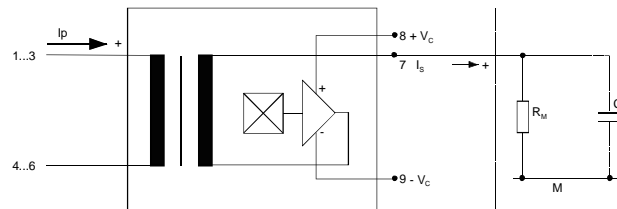


Connections:  
1...6: Ø 1,5 mm  
7...9: 0,6x0,7 mm

Marking:

**VAC**  
4646X410  
F DC

**Schematic diagram**



**Possibilities of wiring for  $V_c = \pm 15V$  (@  $T_A = 85^\circ C$ ,  $R_M = 22 \Omega$ )**

primary windings $N_P$	primary current RMS $I_P$ [A]	primary current maximal $\hat{I}_{P,max}$ [A]	output current RMS $I_S(I_P)$ [mA]	turns ratio $K_N$	primary resistance $R_P$ [mW]	wiring
1	50	128	50	1:1000	0,12	
2	20	64	40	2:1000	0,54	
3	15	43	45	3:1000	1,1	

Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100°C.  
Additional information is obtainable on request.  
This specification is no declaration of warranty acc. BGB §443 dar.

Hrsg.: KB-E editor	Bearb: SA designer	KB-E: Le check	KB-PM: KRe. check	freig.: Heu. released
-----------------------	-----------------------	-------------------	----------------------	--------------------------

K-No.: 24616

**50 A Current Sensor**

 For electronic current measurement:  
 DC, AC, pulsed, mixed ..., with a galvanic  
 isolation between primary circuit  
 (high power) and secondary circuit

Date: 28.01.2008

Customer:

Customers Part No.:

Page 1 of 3

**Electrical Data (investigate by a type checking)**

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{Ctot}$	Maximum supply voltage (without function) $\pm 15.75 \dots \pm 18$ V: for 1s per hour			$\pm 18$	V
$R_S$	Secondary coil resistance @ $T_A=85^\circ\text{C}$			88	$\Omega$
$R_p$	Primary coil resistance per turn @ $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$			0.36	m $\Omega$
$X_{Ti}$	Temperature drift of X @ $T_A = -40 \dots +85^\circ\text{C}$			0.1	%
$I_{0ges}$	Offset current (including $I_0, I_{0t}, I_{0T}$ )			0.15	mA
$I_{0t}$	Long term drift Offset current $I_0$		0.05		mA
$I_{0T}$	Offset current temperature drift $I_0$ @ $T_A = -40 \dots +85^\circ\text{C}$		0.05		mA
$I_{0H}$	Hysteresis current @ $I_p=0$ (caused by primary current $3 \times I_{PN}$ )		0.04	0.1	mA
$\Delta I_0/\Delta V_C$	Supply voltage rejection ratio			0.01	mA/V
$i_{loss}$	Offset ripple* (with 1 MHz- filter first order)			0.15	mA
$i_{loss}$	Offset ripple* (with 100 kHz- filter first order)		0.03	0.05	mA
$i_{loss}$	Offset ripple* (with 20 kHz- filter first order)		0.007	0.01	mA
$C_k$	Maximum possible coupling capacity (primary – secondary)		4		pF
	Mechanical Stress according to M3209/3 Settings: 10 – 2000 Hz, 1 min/Decade, 2 hours An exceptionally high rate of on/off – switching of the supply voltage accelerates the aging process of the sensor.			10g	

**Inspection** (Measurement after temperature balance of the samples at room temperature)

$K_N(N_1/N_2)$	(V)	M3011/6	Transformation ratio ( $I_p=3*10A, 40-80$ Hz)	$1 \dots 3 : 1000 \pm 0.5$ %
$I_0$	(V)	M3226	Offset current	< 0.1 mA
$V_{P,eff}$	(V)	M3014	Test voltage, rms, 1s Pin 1 - 6 to Pin 7 - 9	2.5 kV
$V_e$	(AQL 1/S4)		Partial discharge voltage acc. M3024 (RMS) with $V_{vor}$ (RMS)	1500 V 1875 V

**Type Testing** (Pin 1 - 6 to Pin 7 – 9)

Designed according standard EN 61800 with insulation material group 1

$V_W$	HV transient test according (to M3064) (1,2 $\mu\text{s}$ / 50 $\mu\text{s}$ -wave form)			8	kV
$V_d$	Testing voltage acc. M3014 (RMS)		(5 s)	5	kV
$V_e$	Partial discharge voltage acc. M3024 (RMS) with $V_{vor}$ (RMS)			1500 1875	V V

Datum	Name	Index	Änderung
28.01.08	Le	81	Page 3: write error in $X_{ges}$ ( $I_{PN}$ ). changed. Insignificant

 Hrsg.: KB-E  
 editor

 Bearb.: SA  
 designer

 KB-E: Le  
 check

 KB-PM: KRe.  
 check

 freig.: Heu.  
 released

K-No.: 24616

**50 A Current Sensor**

For electronic current measurement:  
DC, AC, pulsed, mixed ..., with a galvanic  
isolation between primary circuit  
(high power) and secondary circuit

Date: 28.01.2008

Customer:

Customers Part No.:

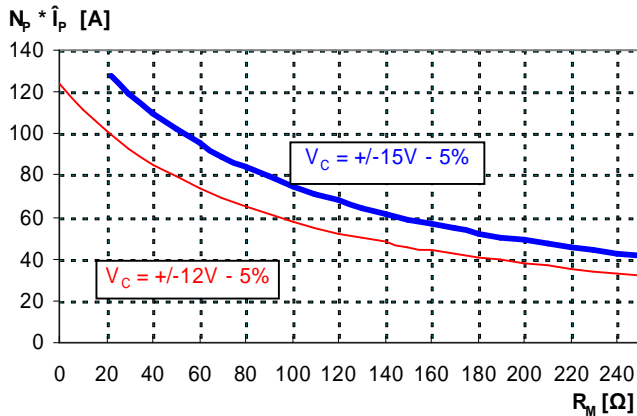
Page 2 of 3

ME

- A=km
- 1=St
- 2=kg
- 3=g
- 4=l
- 5=m
- 6=m<sup>2</sup>
- 7=m<sup>3</sup>
- 3=mm
- 3:Paar

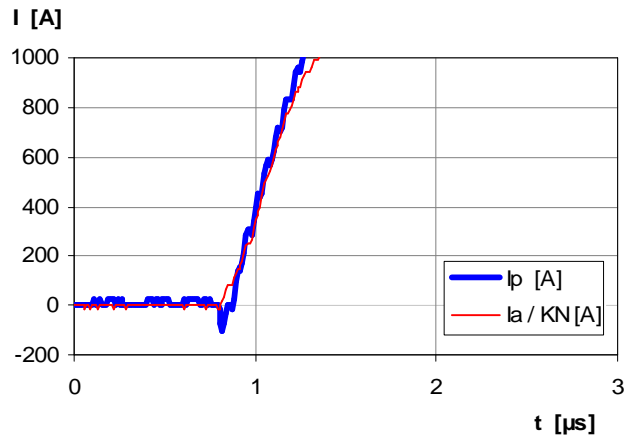
**Limit curve of measurable current  $\hat{I}_p(R_M)$**

@ ambient temperature  $T_A \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$



**Maximum measuring range (μs-range)**

Output current behaviour of a 3kA current pulse  
@  $V_C = \pm 15\text{V}$  und  $R_M = 25\Omega$



Fast increasing currents (higher than the specified  $I_{p,max}$ ), e.g. in case of a short circuit, can be transmitted because the currents are transformed directly.

**Offsetripple reduction**

The offset ripple can be reduced by an external low pass. Simplest solution is a passive low pass filter of 1st order with

$$f_g = \frac{1}{2p \cdot R_M \cdot C_a}$$

In this case the response time is enlarged.

It is calculated from:

$$t'_r \leq t_r + 2,5R_M C_a$$

**Applicable documents**

Current direction: A positive output current appears at point  $I_s$ , by primary current in direction of the arrow.  
Constructed and manufactured and tested in accordance with EN 61800.  
Housing and bobbin material UL-listed: Flammability class 94V-0.

Hrsg.: KB-E  
editor

Bearb.: SA  
designer

KB-E: Le  
check

KB-PM: KRe.  
check

freig.:  
released

K-No.: 24616

**50 A Current Sensor**

For electronic current measurement:  
DC, AC, pulsed, mixed ..., with a galvanic  
isolation between primary circuit  
(high power) and secondary circuit

Date: 28.01.2008

Customer:

Customers Part No.:

Page 3 of 3

**Explanation of several of the terms used in the tablets (in alphabetical order)**

ME

A=km  
1=St  
2=kg  
3=g  
4=l  
5=m  
6=m<sup>2</sup>  
7=m<sup>3</sup>  
3=mm  
3:Paar

$I_{0H}$ : Zero variation of  $I_o$  after overloading with a DC of tenfold the rated value ( $R_M = R_{MN}$ )

$I_{0t}$ : Long term drift of  $I_o$  after 100 temperature cycles in the range -40 bis 85 °C.

$t_r$ : Response time (describe the dynamic performance for the specified measurement range), measured as delay time at  $I_P = 0,9 \cdot I_{Pmax}$  between a rectangular current and the output current.

$\Delta t (I_{Pmax})$ : Delay time (describe the dynamic performance for the rapid current pulse rate e.g short circuit current) measured between  $I_{Pmax}$  and the output current  $i_a$  with a primary current rise of  $di_1/dt = 100 A/\mu s$ .

$X_{ges}(I_{PN})$ : The sum of all possible errors over the temperature range by measuring a current  $I_{PN}$ :

$$X_{ges} = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{I_S(I_{PN})}{K_N \cdot I_{PN}} - 1 \right| \%$$

X: Permissible measurement error in the final inspection at RT, defined by

$$X = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{I_{SB}}{I_{SN}} - 1 \right| \%$$

where  $I_{SB}$  is the output DC value of an input DC current of the same magnitude as the (positive) rated current ( $I_o = 0$ )

$X_{Ti}$ : Temperature drift of the rated value orientated output term.  $I_{SN}$  (cf. Notes on  $F_i$ ) in a specified temperature range, obtained by:

$$X_{Ti} = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{I_{SB}(T_{A2}) - I_{SB}(T_{A1})}{I_{SN}} \right| \%$$

$\epsilon_L$ : Linearity fault defined by  $e_L = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{I_P}{I_{PN}} - \frac{I_{Sx}}{I_{SN}} \right| \%$

Where  $I_P$  is any input DC and  $I_{Sx}$  the corresponding output term.  $I_{SN}$ : see notes of  $F_i$  ( $I_o = 0$ ).

This "Additional information" is no declaration of warranty according BGB §443.

Hrsg.: KB-E  
editor

Bearb.: SA  
designer

KB-E: Le  
check

KB-PM: KRe.  
check

freig.:  
released



## Стандарт Электрон Связь

Мы молодая и активно развивающаяся компания в области поставок электронных компонентов. Мы поставляем электронные компоненты отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших складов мира.

Благодаря сотрудничеству с мировыми поставщиками мы осуществляем комплексные и плановые поставки широчайшего спектра электронных компонентов.

Собственная эффективная логистика и склад в обеспечивает надежную поставку продукции в точно указанные сроки по всей России.

Мы осуществляем техническую поддержку нашим клиентам и предпродажную проверку качества продукции. На все поставляемые продукты мы предоставляем гарантию .

Осуществляем поставки продукции под контролем ВП МО РФ на предприятия военно-промышленного комплекса России , а также работаем в рамках 275 ФЗ с открытием отдельных счетов в уполномоченном банке. Система менеджмента качества компании соответствует требованиям ГОСТ ISO 9001.

Минимальные сроки поставки, гибкие цены, неограниченный ассортимент и индивидуальный подход к клиентам являются основой для выстраивания долгосрочного и эффективного сотрудничества с предприятиями радиоэлектронной промышленности, предприятиями ВПК и научно-исследовательскими институтами России.

С нами вы становитесь еще успешнее!

### Наши контакты:

**Телефон:** +7 812 627 14 35

**Электронная почта:** [sales@st-electron.ru](mailto:sales@st-electron.ru)

**Адрес:** 198099, Санкт-Петербург,  
Промышленная ул, дом № 19, литера Н,  
помещение 100-Н Офис 331