MICROCHIP 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025

2K I²C™ Serial EEPROM

Device Selection Table

Part Number	Vcc Range	Max Clock	Temp. Range	Write Protect
24AA024	1.7V-5.5V	400 kHz(1)	I	Yes
24AA025	1.7V-5.5V	400 kHz(1)	I	No
24LC024	2.5V-5.5V	400 kHz	I, E	Yes
24LC025	2.5V-5.5V	400 kHz	I, E	No

Note 1: 100 kHz for VCC < 2.5V

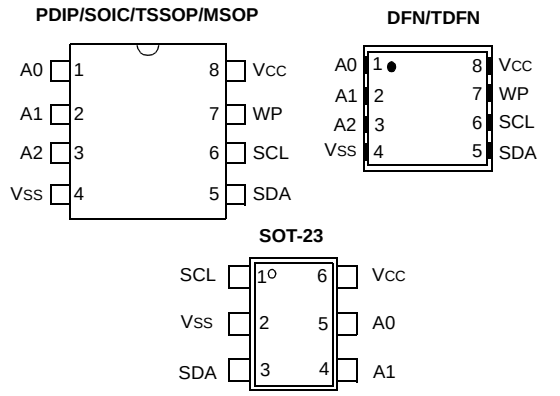
Features:

- Single Supply with Operation from 1.7V to 5.5V for 24AA024/24AA025 Devices, 2.5V for 24LC024/24LC025 Devices
- Low-Power CMOS Technology:
  - Read current 1 mA, typical
  - Standby current 1 μA, typical
- 2-Wire Serial Interface, I²C™ Compatible
- Cascadable up to Eight Devices
- Schmitt Trigger Inputs for Noise Suppression
- Output Slope Control to Eliminate Ground Bounce
- 100 kHz and 400 kHz Clock Compatibility
- Page Write Time 5 ms Maximum
- Self-timed Erase/Write Cycle
- 16-Byte Page Write Buffer
- Hardware Write-Protect on 24XX024 Devices
- ESD Protection >4,000V
- More than 1 Million Erase/Write Cycles
- Data Retention >200 years
- Factory Programming Available
- Packages include 8-lead PDIP, SOIC, TSSOP, DFN, TDFN and MSOP
- 6-Lead SOT-23 Package, 24XX025 only
- Pb-Free and RoHS Compliant
- Temperature Ranges:
  - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
  - Automotive (E): -40°C to +125°C

Description:

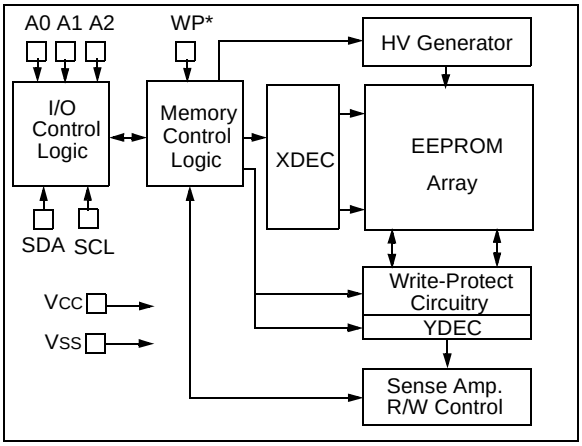
The Microchip Technology Inc. 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 is a 2 Kbit Serial Electrically Erasable PROM with a voltage range of 1.7V to 5.5V. The device is organized as a single block of 256 x 8-bit memory with a 2-wire serial interface. Low current design permits operation with typical standby and active currents of only 1 μA and 1 mA, respectively. The device has a page write capability for up to 16 bytes of data. Functional address lines allow the connection of up to eight 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 devices on the same bus for up to 16K bits of contiguous EEPROM memory. The device is available in the standard 8-pin PDIP, 8-pin SOIC (3.90 mm), TSSOP, 2x3 DFN and TDFN and MSOP packages. The 24AA025/24LC025 is also available in the 6-lead SOT-23 package.

Package Types



Note: WP pin is not internally connected on the 24XX025.

Block Diagram



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1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings(†)

V_{CC}.....6.5V

All inputs and outputs w.r.t. V_{SS} ..... -0.3V to V_{CC} +1.0V

Storage temperature .....-65°C to +150°C

Ambient temperature with power applied.....-40°C to +125°C

ESD protection on all pins .....≥ 4 kV

† **NOTICE:** Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

TABLE 1-1: DC SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): T_A = -40°C to +85°C, V_{CC} = +1.7V to +5.5V Automotive (E): T_A = -40°C to +125°C, V_{CC} = +2.5V to +5.5V				
Param. No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Conditions**
	—	**A0, A1, A2, SCL, SDA and WP pins**	—	—	—	—	—
D1	V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	0.7 V_{CC}	—	—	V	—
D2	V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	—	—	0.3 V_{CC}	V	0.2 V_{CC} for V_{CC} < 2.5V
D3	V_{HYS}	Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger inputs	0.05 V_{CC}	—	—	V	**(Note)**
D4	V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	—	—	0.40	V	I_{OL} = 3.0 mA, V_{CC} = 2.5V
D5	I_{LI}	Input leakage current	—	—	±1	µA	V_{IN} = V_{SS} or V_{CC}
D6	I_{LO}	Output leakage current	—	—	±1	µA	V_{OUT} = V_{SS} or V_{CC}
D7	C_{IN}, C_{OUT}	Pin capacitance (all inputs/outputs)	—	—	10	pF	V_{CC} = 5.5V **(Note)** T_A = 25°C, F_{CLK} = 1 MHz
D8	I_{CC} write	Operating current	—	0.1	3	mA	V_{CC} = 5.5V, SCL = 400 kHz
D9	I_{CC} read		—	0.05	1	mA	—
D10	I_{CCS}	Standby current	— —	0.01 —	1 5	µA µA	Industrial Automotive SDA = SCL = V_{CC} A0, A1, A2, WP = V_{SS}

Note: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

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TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): T_A = -40°C to +85°C, V_{CC} = +1.7V to +5.5V Automotive (E): T_A = -40°C to +125°C, V_{CC} = +2.5V to +5.5V			
Param. No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Conditions**
1	F_{CLK}	Clock frequency	— —	100 400	kHz	1.7V ≤ V_{CC} < 1.8V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V
2	T_{HIGH}	Clock high time	4000 600	— —	ns	1.7V ≤ V_{CC} < 1.8V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V
3	T_{LOW}	Clock low time	4700 1300	— —	ns	1.7V ≤ V_{CC} < 1.8V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V
4	T_R	SDA and SCL rise time **(Note 1)**	— —	1000 300	ns	1.7V ≤ V_{CC} < 1.8V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V
5	T_F	SDA and SCL fall time **(Note 1)**	— —	1000 300	ns	1.7V ≤ V_{CC} < 1.8V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V
6	$T_{HD:STA}$	Start condition hold time	4000 600	— —	ns	1.7V ≤ V_{CC} < 1.8V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V
7	$T_{SU:STA}$	Start condition setup time	4700 600	— —	ns	1.7V ≤ V_{CC} < 1.8V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V
8	$T_{HD:DAT}$	Data input hold time	0	—	ns	**(Note 2)**
9	$T_{SU:DAT}$	Data input setup time	250 100	— —	ns	1.7V ≤ V_{CC} < 1.8V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V
10	$T_{SU:STO}$	Stop condition setup time	4000 600	— —	ns	1.7V ≤ V_{CC} < 1.8V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V
11	$T_{SU:WP}$	WP setup time	4000 600	— —	ns	1.7V ≤ V_{CC} < 1.8V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V
12	$T_{HD:WP}$	WP hold time	4700 600	— —	ns	1.7V ≤ V_{CC} < 1.8V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V
13	T_{AA}	Output valid from clock **(Note 2)**	— —	3500 900	ns	1.7V ≤ V_{CC} < 1.8V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V
14	T_{BUF}	Bus free time: Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start	1300 4700	— —	ns	1.7V ≤ V_{CC} < 1.8V 1.8V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5V
16	T_{SP}	Input filter spike suppression (SDA and SCL pins)	—	50	ns	**(Note 1 and Note 3)**
17	T_{WC}	Write cycle time (byte or page)	—	5	ms	—
18	—	Endurance	1M	—	cycles	25°C, V_{CC} = 5.5V, Block mode **(Note 4)**

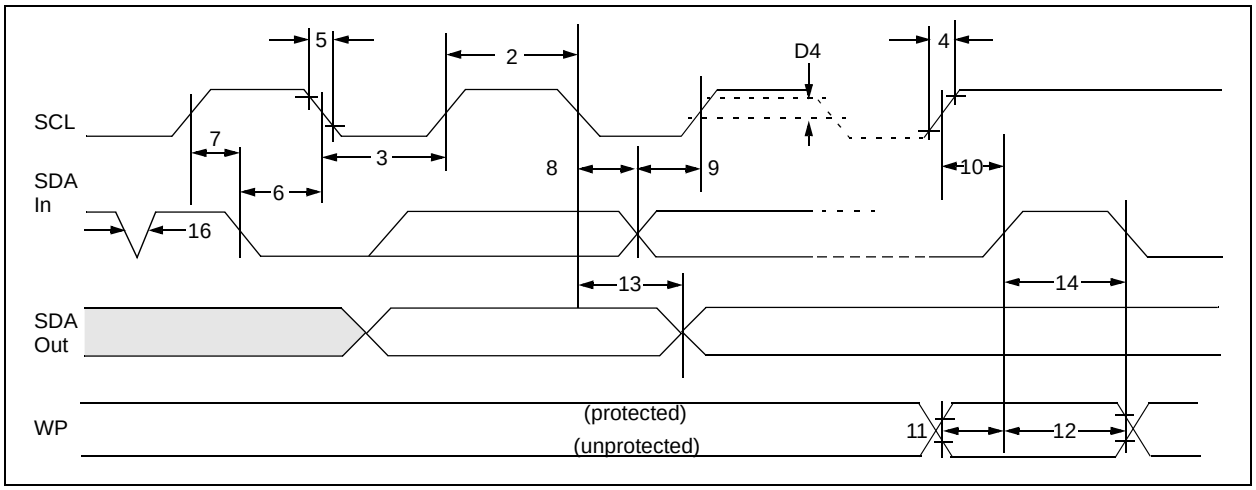
Note 1: Not 100% tested. C_B = total capacitance of one bus line in pF.

2: As a transmitter, the device must provide an internal minimum delay time to bridge the undefined region (minimum 300 ns) of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of Start or Stop conditions.

3: The combined T_{SP} and V_{HYS} specifications are due to new Schmitt Trigger inputs, which provide improved noise spike suppression. This eliminates the need for a T_I specification for standard operation.

4: This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance™ Model which can be obtained from Microchip's web site at www.microchip.com.

FIGURE 1-1: BUS TIMING DATA



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2.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Pin Function Table

Name	PDIP	SOIC	TSSOP	DFN/TDFN	MSOP	SOT-23	Description
A0	1	1	1	1	1	5	Address Pin AO
A1	2	2	2	2	2	4	Address Pin A1
A2	3	3	3	3	3	—	Address Pin A2
VSS	4	4	4	4	4	2	Ground
SDA	5	5	5	5	5	3	Serial Address/Data I/O
SCL	6	6	6	6	6	1	Serial Clock
WP	7	7	7	7	7	—	Write-Protect Input
VCC	8	8	8	8	8	6	+1.7 to 5.5V Power Supply

2.1 SDA Serial Data

SDA is a bidirectional pin used to transfer addresses and data into and out of the device. It is an open-drain terminal; therefore, the SDA bus requires a pull-up resistor to VCC (typical 10 kΩ for 100 kHz, 2 kΩ for 400 kHz).

For normal data transfer, SDA is allowed to change only during SCL low. Changes during SCL high are reserved for indicating the Start and Stop conditions.

2.2 SCL Serial Clock

The SCL input is used to synchronize the data transfer from and to the device.

2.3 A0, A1, A2

The levels on the A0, A1 and A2 inputs are compared with the corresponding bits in the slave address. The chip is selected if the compare is true. For the SOT-23 package only, pin A2 is not connected.

Up to eight 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 devices (four for the SOT-23 package) may be connected to the same bus by using different Chip Select bit combinations. These inputs must be connected to either VCC or VSS.

2.4 WP (24XX024 Only)

WP is the hardware write-protect pin. It must be tied to VCC or VSS. If tied to Vcc, hardware write protection is enabled. If WP is tied to Vss, the hardware write protection is disabled. Note that the WP pin is available only on the 24XX024. This pin is not internally connected on the 24LC025.

2.5 Noise Protection

The 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 employs a VCC threshold detector circuit which disables the internal erase/write logic if the VCC is below 1.5V at nominal conditions.

The SCL and SDA inputs have Schmitt Trigger and filter circuits which suppress noise spikes to assure proper device operation, even on a noisy bus.

3.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 supports a bidirectional, 2-wire bus and data transmission protocol. A device that sends data onto the bus is defined as transmitter, while a device receiving data is defined as receiver. The bus has to be controlled by a master device that generates the Serial Clock (SCL), controls the bus access and generates the Start and Stop conditions, while the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 works as slave. Both master and slave can operate as transmitter or receiver, but the master device determines which mode is activated.

4.0 BUS CHARACTERISTICS

The following **bus protocol** has been defined:

- Data transfer may be initiated only when the bus is not busy.
- During data transfer, the data line must remain stable whenever the clock line is high. Changes in the data line while the clock line is high will be interpreted as a Start or Stop condition.

Accordingly, the following bus conditions have been defined (Figure 4-1).

4.1 Bus Not Busy (A)

Both data and clock lines remain high.

4.2 Start Data Transfer (B)

A high-to-low transition of the SDA line while the clock (SCL) is high determines a Start condition. All commands must be preceded by a Start condition.

4.3 Stop Data Transfer (C)

A low-to-high transition of the SDA line while the clock (SCL) is high determines a Stop condition. All operations must be ended with a Stop condition.

4.4 Data Valid (D)

The state of the data line represents valid data when, after a Start condition, the data line is stable for the duration of the high period of the clock signal.

The data on the line must be changed during the low period of the clock signal. There is one bit of data per clock pulse.

Each data transfer is initiated with a Start condition and terminated with a Stop condition. The number of the data bytes transferred between the Start and Stop conditions is determined by the master device and is, theoretically, unlimited (though only the last sixteen will be stored when performing a write operation). When an overwrite does occur, it will replace data in a first-in first-out fashion.

4.5 Acknowledge

Each receiving device, when addressed, is required to generate an acknowledge after the reception of each byte. The master device must generate an extra clock pulse, which is associated with this Acknowledge bit.

Note:	The 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 does not generate any Acknowledge bits if an internal programming cycle is in progress.

The device that acknowledges has to pull down the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse in such a way that the SDA line is stable low during the high period of the acknowledge-related clock pulse. Of course, setup and hold times must be taken into account. A master must signal an end of data to the slave by not generating an Acknowledge bit on the last byte that has been clocked out of the slave. In this case, the slave must leave the data line high to enable the master to generate the Stop condition (Figure 4-2).

FIGURE 4-1: DATA TRANSFER SEQUENCE ON THE SERIAL BUS CHARACTERISTICS

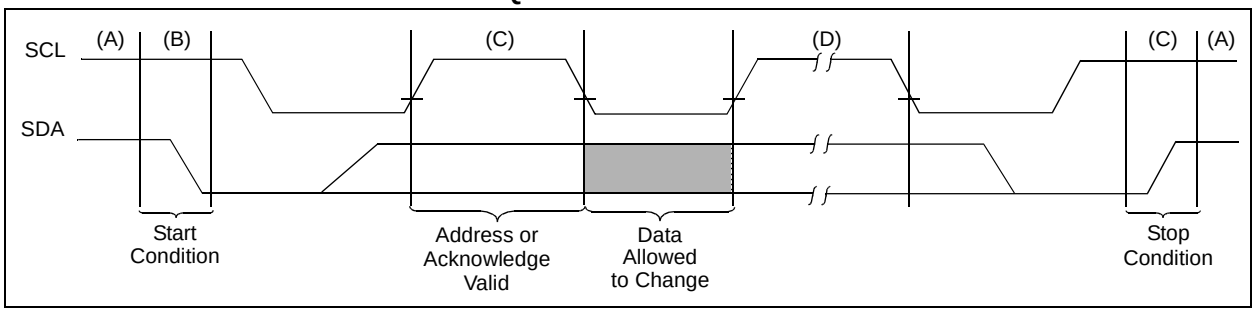
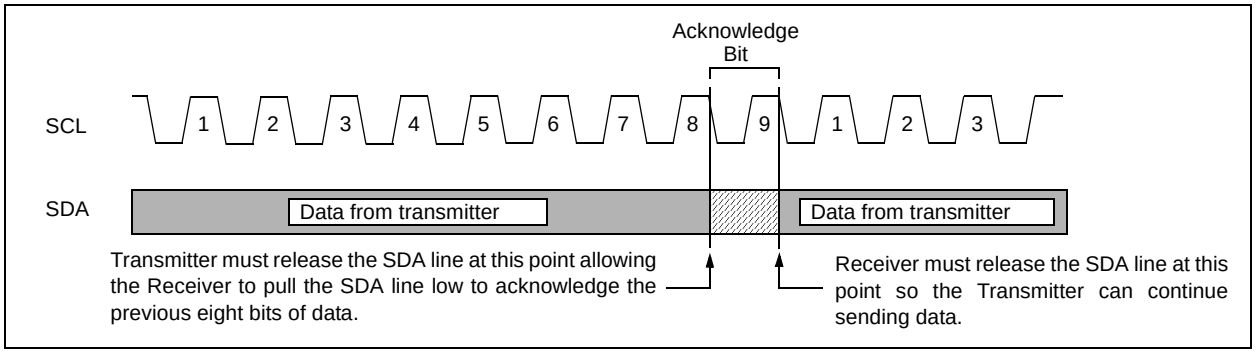


FIGURE 4-2: ACKNOWLEDGE TIMING



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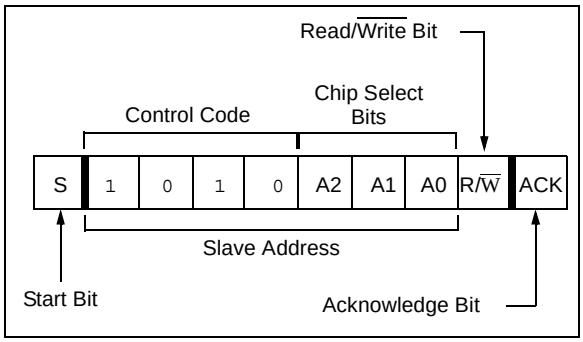
5.0 DEVICE ADDRESSING

A control byte is the first byte received following the Start condition from the master device (Figure 5-1). The control byte consists of a four-bit control code. For the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025, this is set as '1010' binary for read and write operations. The next three bits of the control byte are the Chip Select bits (A2, A1, A0). The Chip Select bits allow the use of up to eight 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 devices on the same bus and are used to select which device is accessed. The Chip Select bits in the control byte must correspond to the logic levels on the corresponding A2, A1 and A0 pins for the device to respond. These bits are in effect the three Most Significant bits of the word address.

For the SOT-23 package, the A2 address pin is not available. During device addressing, the A2 Chip Select bit should be set to '0'.

The last bit of the control byte defines the operation to be performed. When set to a one, a read operation is selected. When set to a zero, a write operation is selected. Following the Start condition, the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 monitors the SDA bus checking the control byte being transmitted. Upon receiving a '1010' code and appropriate Chip Select bits, the slave device outputs an Acknowledge signal on the SDA line. Depending on the state of the R/$\overline{W}$ bit, the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 will select a read or write operation.

FIGURE 5-1: CONTROL BYTE FORMAT



5.1 Contiguous Addressing Across Multiple Devices

The Chip Select bits A2, A1 and A0 can be used to expand the contiguous address space for up to 16K bits by adding up to eight 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 devices on the same bus. In this case, software can use A0 of the control byte as address bit A8, A1 as address bit A9 and A2 as address bit A10. It is not possible to sequentially read across device boundaries.

For the SOT-23 package, up to four 24AA025/24LC025 devices can be added for up to 8K bits of address space. In this case, software can use A0 of the control byte as address bit A8, and A1 as address bit A9. It is not possible to sequentially read across device boundaries.

6.0 WRITE OPERATIONS

6.1 Byte Write

Following the Start signal from the master, the device code (4 bits), the Chip Select bits (3 bits) and the R/$\overline{W}$ bit (which is a logic-low) is placed onto the bus by the master transmitter. The device will acknowledge this control byte during the ninth clock pulse. The next byte transmitted by the master is the word address and will be written into the Address Pointer of the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025. After receiving another Acknowledge signal from the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025, the master device will transmit the data word to be written into the addressed memory location. The 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 acknowledges again and the master generates a Stop condition. This initiates the internal write cycle and, during this time, the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 will not generate Acknowledge signals (Figure 6-1). If an attempt is made to write to the protected portion of the array when the hardware write protection (24XX024 only) has been enabled, the device will acknowledge the command, but no data will be written. The write cycle time must be observed even if write protection is enabled.

6.2 Page Write

The write control byte, word address and the first data byte are transmitted to the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 in the same way as in a byte write. However, instead of generating a Stop condition, the master transmits up to 15 additional data bytes to the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025, which are temporarily stored in the on-chip page buffer and will be written into the memory once the master has transmitted a Stop condition. Upon receipt of each word, the four lower-order Address Pointer bits are internally incremented by one.

The higher-order four bits of the word address remain constant. If the master should transmit more than 16 bytes prior to generating the Stop condition, the address counter will roll over and the previously received data will be overwritten. As with the byte-write operation, once the Stop condition is received, an internal write cycle will begin (Figure 6-2). If an attempt is made to write to the protected portion of the array when the hardware write protection has been enabled, the device will acknowledge the command, but no data will be written. The write cycle time must be observed even if write protection is enabled.

Note:	Page write operations are limited to writing bytes within a single physical page, **regardless** of the number of bytes actually being written. Physical page boundaries start at addresses that are integer multiples of the page buffer size (or 'page size') and end at addresses that are integer multiples of [page size – 1]. If a Page Write command attempts to write across a physical page boundary, the result is that the data wraps around to the beginning of the current page (overwriting data previously stored there), instead of being written to the next page, as might be expected. It is therefore necessary for the application software to prevent page write operations that would attempt to cross a page boundary.

6.3 Write Protection

The WP pin (available on 24XX024 only) must be tied to VCC or VSS. If tied to VCC, the entire array will be write-protected. If the WP pin is tied to VSS, write operations to all address locations are allowed.

The WP pin is not available on the SOT-23 package.

FIGURE 6-1: BYTE WRITE

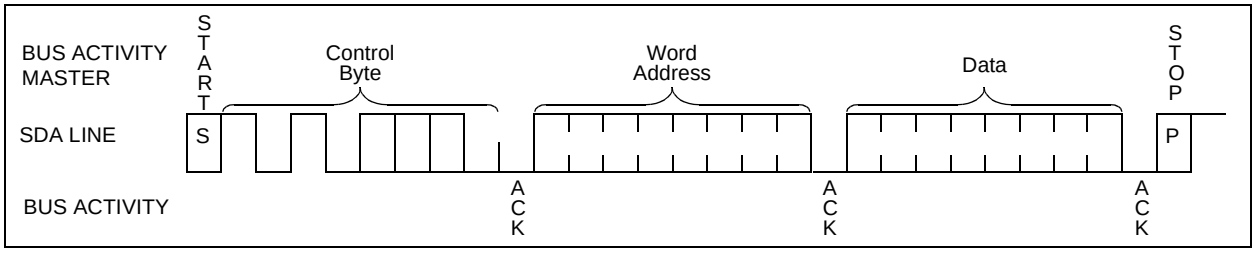
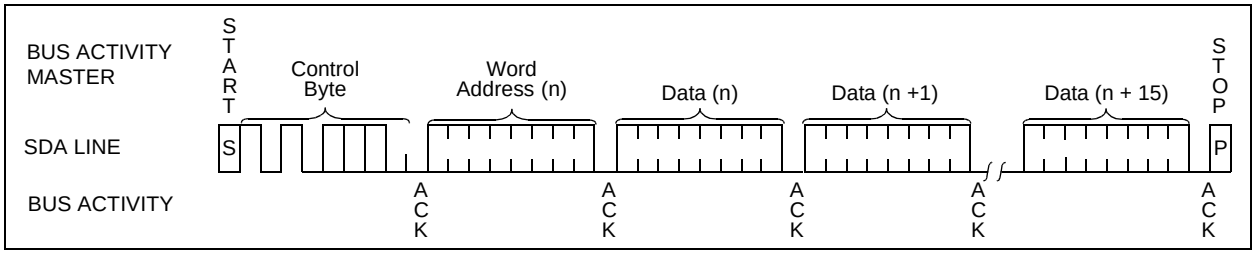


FIGURE 6-2: PAGE WRITE



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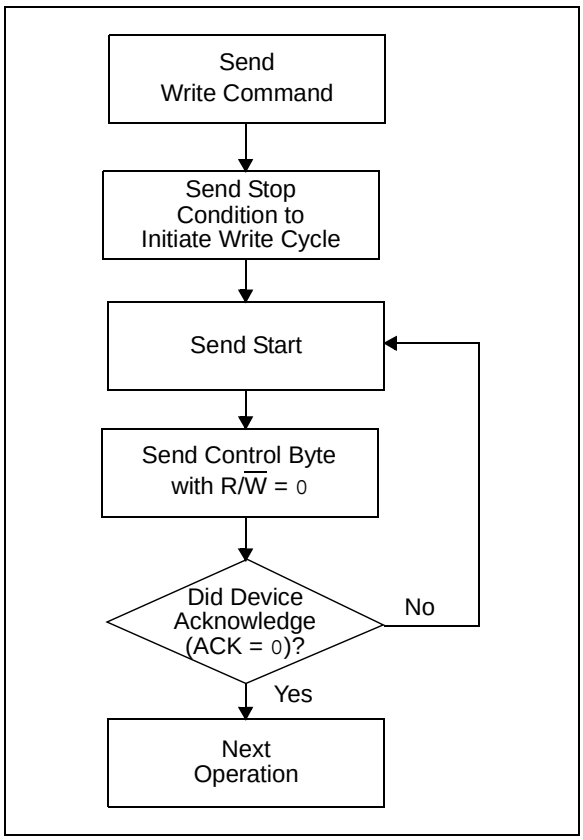
7.0 ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING

Since the device will not acknowledge during a write cycle, this can be used to determine when the cycle is complete (this feature can be used to maximize bus throughput). Once the Stop condition for a Write command has been issued from the master, the device initiates the internally-timed write cycle, with ACK polling being initiated immediately. This involves the master sending a Start condition followed by the control byte for a Write command (R/$\overline{W}$ = 0). If the device is still busy with the write cycle, no ACK will be returned. If no ACK is returned, the Start bit and control byte must be re-sent. If the cycle is complete, the device will return the ACK and the master can then proceed with the next Read or Write command. See Figure 7-1 for a flow diagram of this operation.

FIGURE 7-1: ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING FLOW



8.0 READ OPERATIONS

Read operations are initiated in the same way as write operations, with the exception that the R/$\overline{W}$ bit of the slave address is set to '1'. There are three basic types of read operations: current address read, random read and sequential read.

8.1 Current Address Read

The 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 contains an address counter that maintains the address of the last word accessed, internally incremented by one. Therefore, if the previous read access was to address n, the next current address read operation would access data from address n + 1. Upon receipt of the slave address with the R/$\overline{W}$ bit set to '1', the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 issues an acknowledge and transmits the 8-bit data word. The master will not acknowledge the transfer, but does generate a Stop condition and the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 discontinues transmission (Figure 8-1).

8.2 Random Read

Random read operations allow the master to access any memory location in a random manner. To perform this type of read operation, the word address must first be set. This is accomplished by sending the word address to the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 as part of a write operation. Once the word address is sent, the master generates a Start condition following the acknowledge. This terminates the write operation, but not before the internal Address Pointer is set. The master then issues the control byte again, but with the R/$\overline{W}$ bit set to a '1'. The 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 will then issue an acknowledge and transmits the eight bit data word. The master will not acknowledge the transfer but does generate a Stop condition and the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 discontinues transmission (Figure 8-2). After this command, the internal address counter will point to the address location following the one that was just read.

8.3 Sequential Read

Sequential reads are initiated in the same way as a random read except that after the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 transmits the first data byte, the master issues an acknowledge (as opposed to a Stop condition in a random read). This directs the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 to transmit the next sequentially-addressed 8-bit word (Figure 8-3).

To provide sequential reads, the 24AA024/24LC024/24AA025/24LC025 contains an internal Address Pointer that is incremented by one upon completion of each operation. This Address Pointer allows the entire memory contents to be serially read during one operation. The internal Address Pointer will automatically roll over from address 0FFh to address 000h.

FIGURE 8-1: CURRENT ADDRESS READ

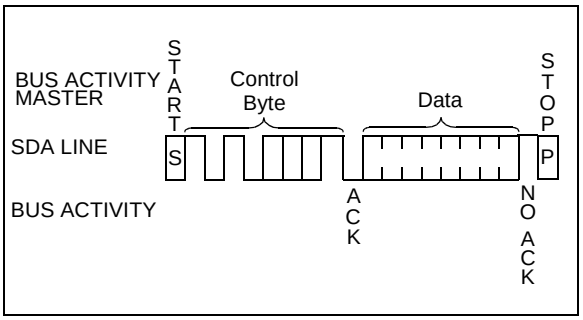


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FIGURE 8-2: RANDOM READ

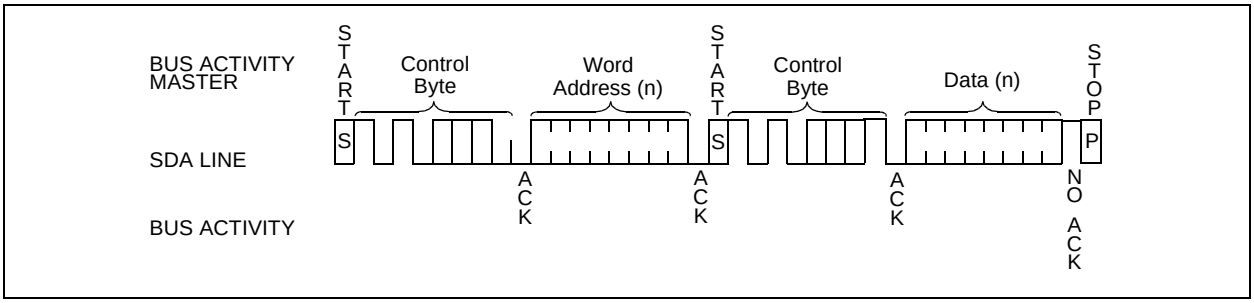
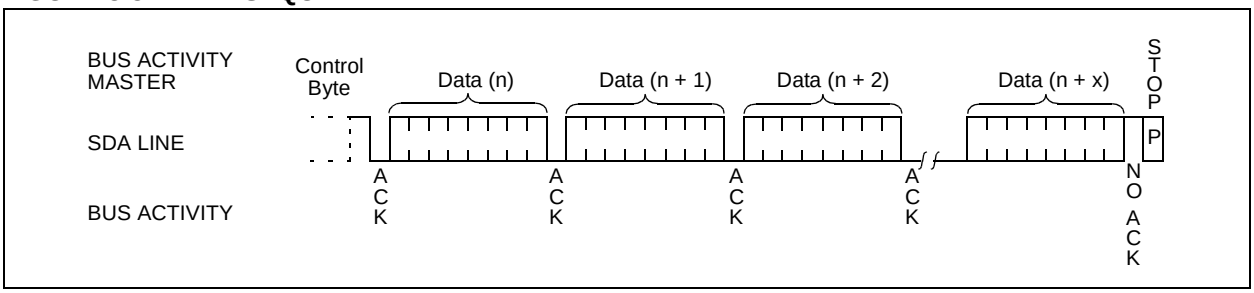


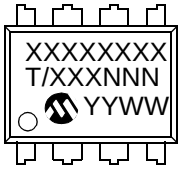
FIGURE 8-3: SEQUENTIAL READ



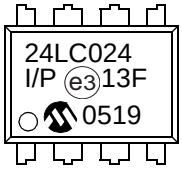
9.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

9.1 Package Marking Information

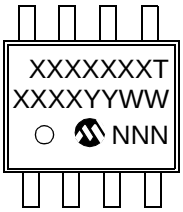
8-Lead PDIP (300 mil)



Example:

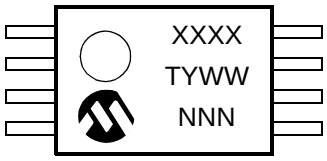


8-Lead SOIC (3.90 mm)



Example:

8-Lead TSSOP



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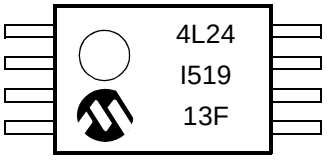
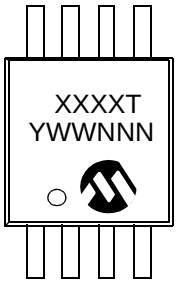


8-Lead MSOP



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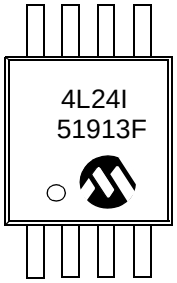
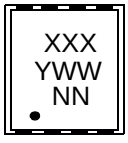


8-Lead 2x3 DFN



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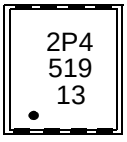

8-Lead 2x3 TDFN

Example:

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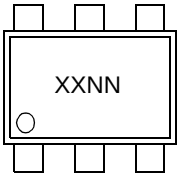
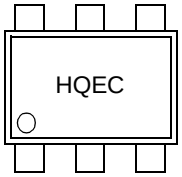
6-Lead SOT-23



Example:



Part Number	1st Line Marking Codes							
	TSSOP	MSOP	DFN		TDFN		SOT-23	
			I-TEMP	E-TEMP	I-TEMP	E-TEMP	I-TEMP	E-TEMP
24AA024	4A24	4A24T	2P1	—	AP1	—	—	—
24LC024	4L24	4L24T	2P4	AP5	AP4	2P5	—	—
24AA025	4A25	4A25T	2R1	—	AR1	—	HQNN	HRNN
24LC025	4L25	4L25T	2R4	AR5	AR4	2R5	HMNN	HPNN

Note: T = Temperature grade (I, E)

Legend:	XX...X	Part number or part number code
	T	Temperature (I, E)
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week ‘01’)
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code (2 characters for small packages)
	(e3)	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)

Note: For very small packages with no room for the Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3), the marking will only appear on the outer carton or reel label.

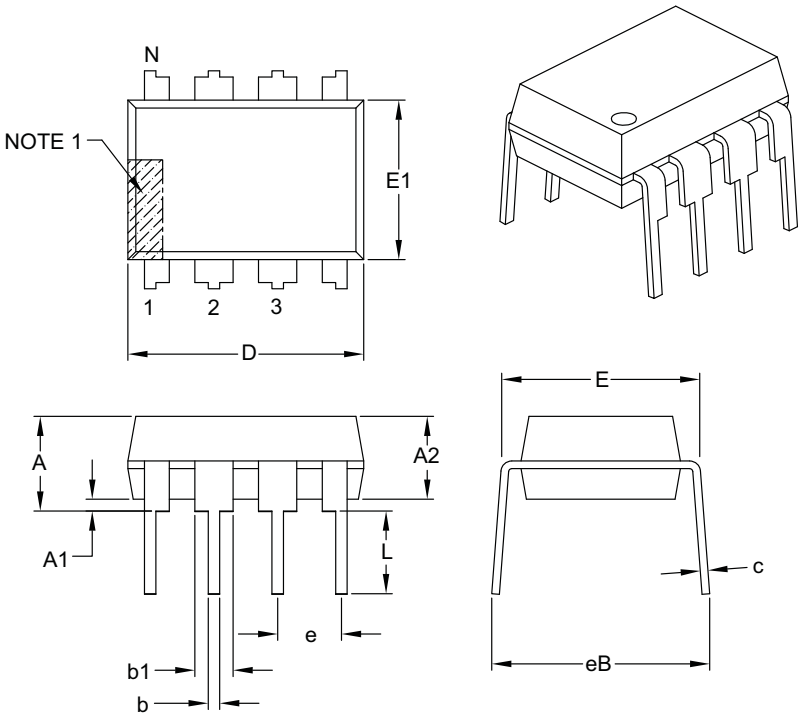
Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

Note: Please visit www.microchip.com/Pbfree for the latest information on Pb-free conversion.

***Standard OTP marking consists of Microchip part number, year code, week code, and traceability code.

8-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line (P) – 300 mil Body [PDIP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		INCHES		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		.100 BSC	
Top to Seating Plane	A	–	–	.210
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.195
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015	–	–
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.290	.310	.325
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.280
Overall Length	D	.348	.365	.400
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.115	.130	.150
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.010	.015
Upper Lead Width	b1	.040	.060	.070
Lower Lead Width	b	.014	.018	.022
Overall Row Spacing §	eB	–	–	.430

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located with the hatched area.
2. § Significant Characteristic.
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-018B

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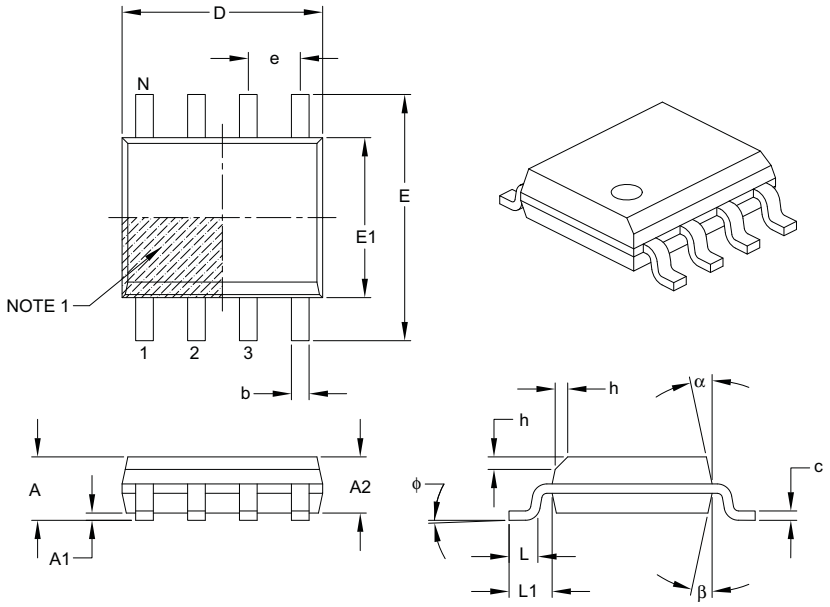
8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		1.27 BSC	
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	–	–
Standoff §	A1	0.10	–	0.25
Overall Width	E		6.00 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		3.90 BSC	
Overall Length	D		4.90 BSC	
Chamfer (optional)	h	0.25	–	0.50
Foot Length	L	0.40	–	1.27
Footprint	L1		1.04 REF	
Foot Angle	φ	0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.17	–	0.25
Lead Width	b	0.31	–	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	–	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	–	15°

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. § Significant Characteristic.
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

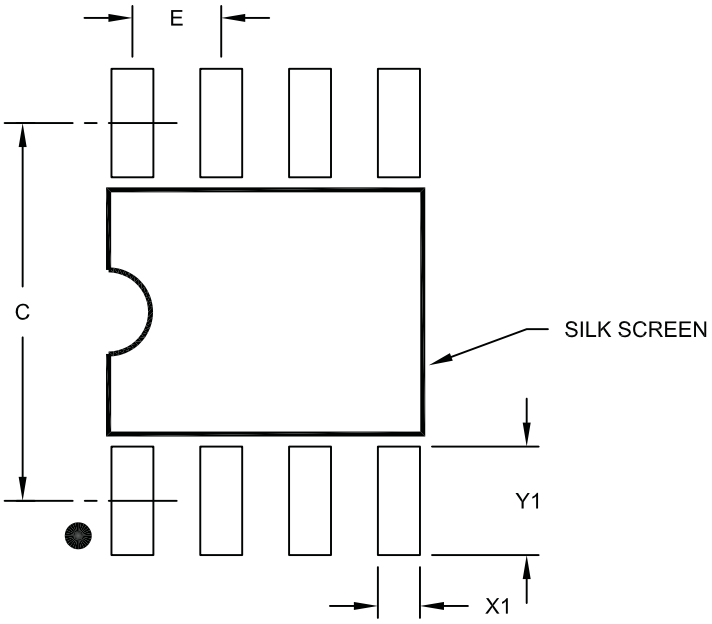
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-057B

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C		5.40	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.55

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2057A

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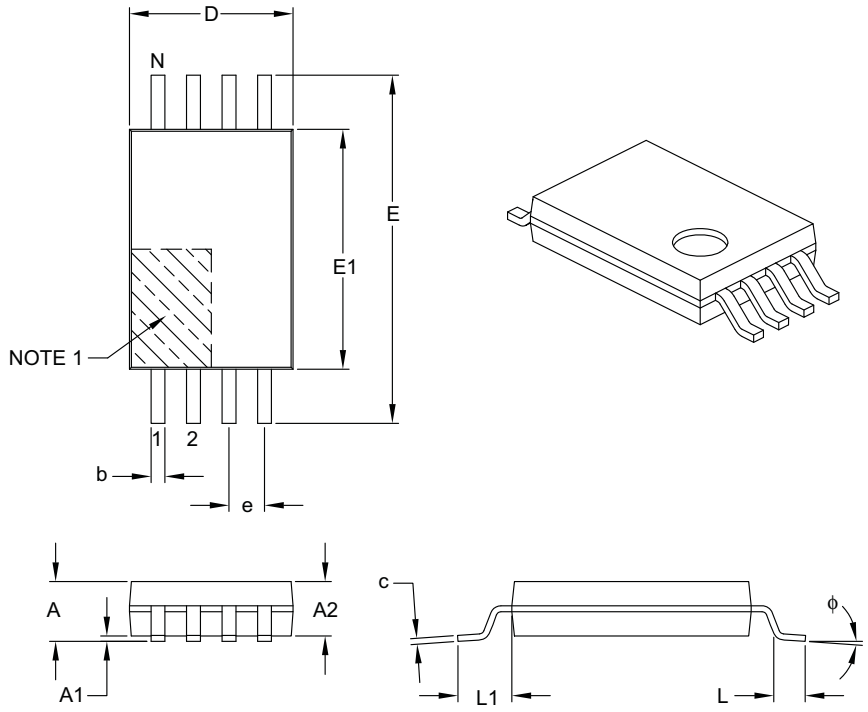
8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) – 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	–	0.15
Overall Width	E		6.40 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
Molded Package Length	D	2.90	3.00	3.10
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1		1.00 REF	
Foot Angle	ϕ	0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.19	–	0.30

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

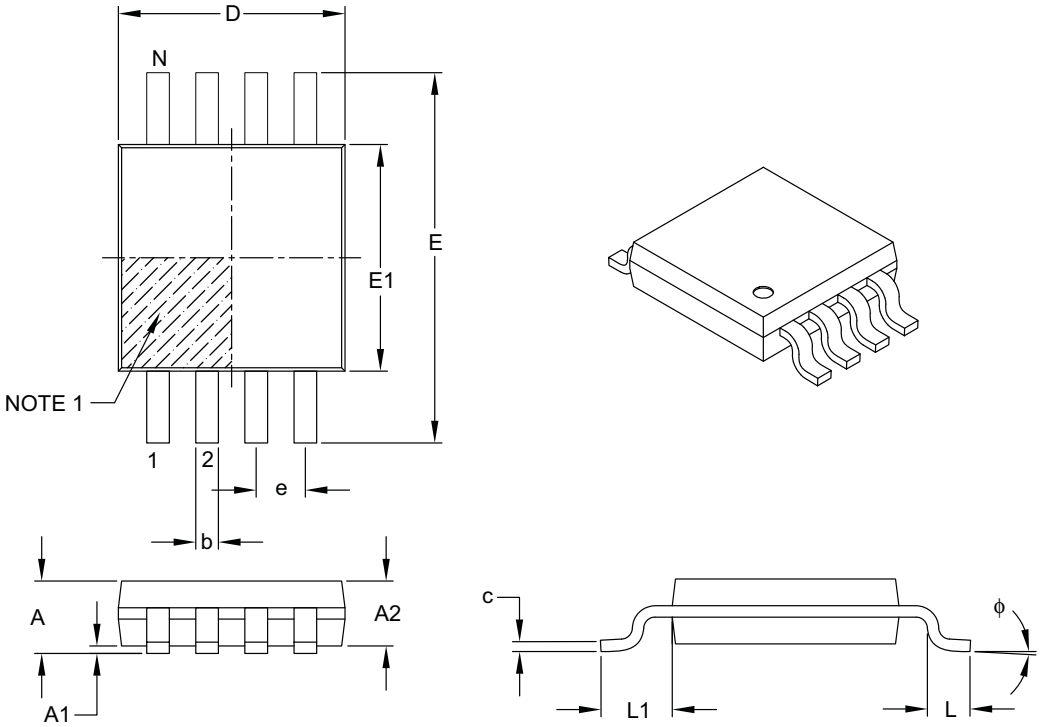
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-086B

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.75	0.85	0.95
Standoff	A1	0.00	–	0.15
Overall Width	E		4.90 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		3.00 BSC	
Overall Length	D		3.00 BSC	
Foot Length	L	0.40	0.60	0.80
Footprint	L1		0.95 REF	
Foot Angle	ϕ	0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.08	–	0.23
Lead Width	b	0.22	–	0.40

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-111B

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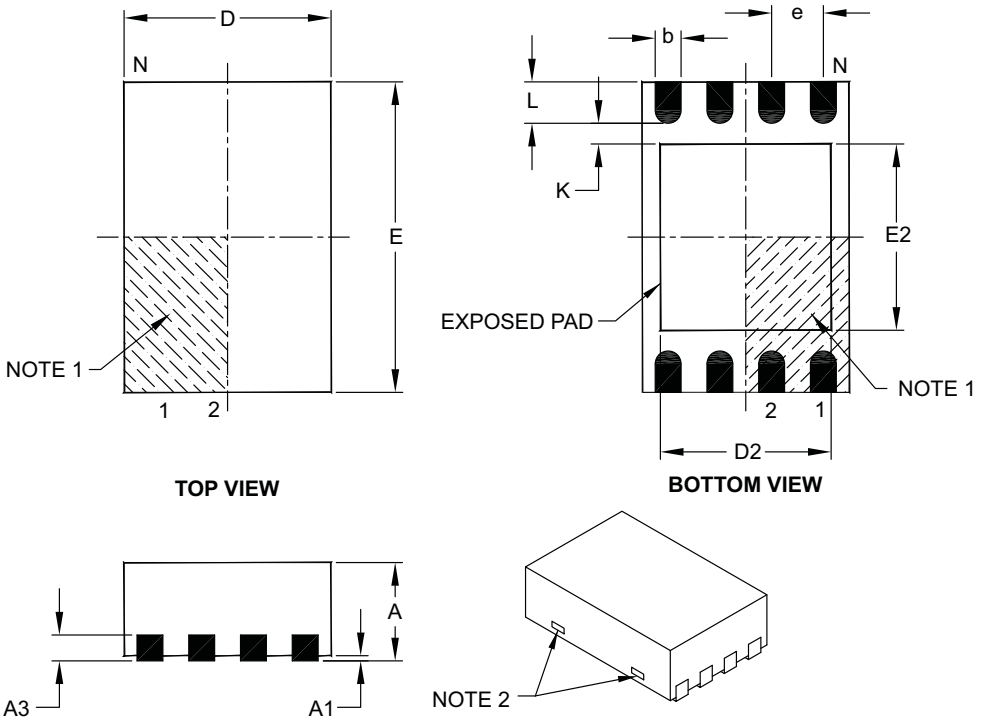
8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MC) – 2x3x0.9 mm Body [DFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		0.50 BSC	
Overall Height	A	0.80	0.90	1.00
Standoff	A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
Contact Thickness	A3		0.20 REF	
Overall Length	D		2.00 BSC	
Overall Width	E		3.00 BSC	
Exposed Pad Length	D2	1.30	–	1.55
Exposed Pad Width	E2	1.50	–	1.75
Contact Width	b	0.20	0.25	0.30
Contact Length	L	0.30	0.40	0.50
Contact-to-Exposed Pad	K	0.20	–	–

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Package may have one or more exposed tie bars at ends.
3. Package is saw singulated.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

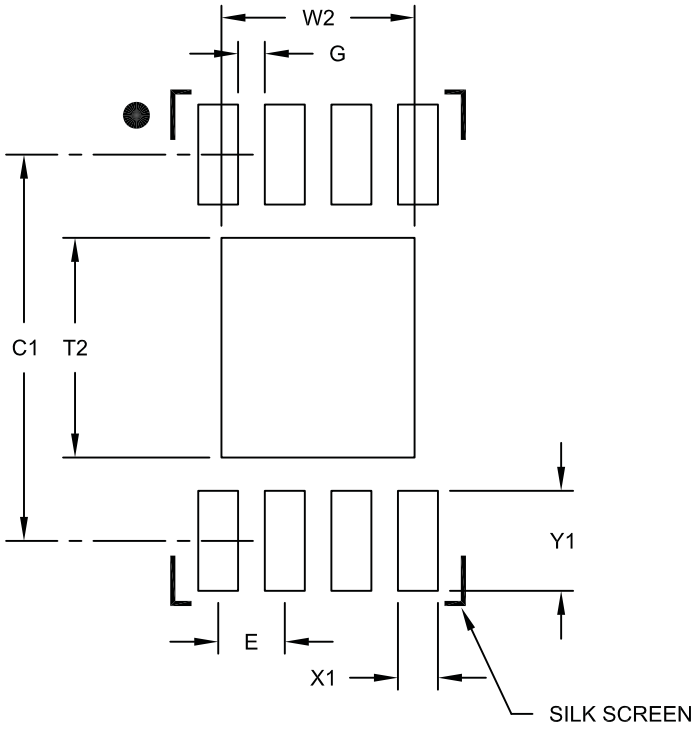
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-123C

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MC) – 2x3x0.9 mm Body [DFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.50 BSC	
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			1.45
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			1.75
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		2.90	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.30
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			0.75
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2123A

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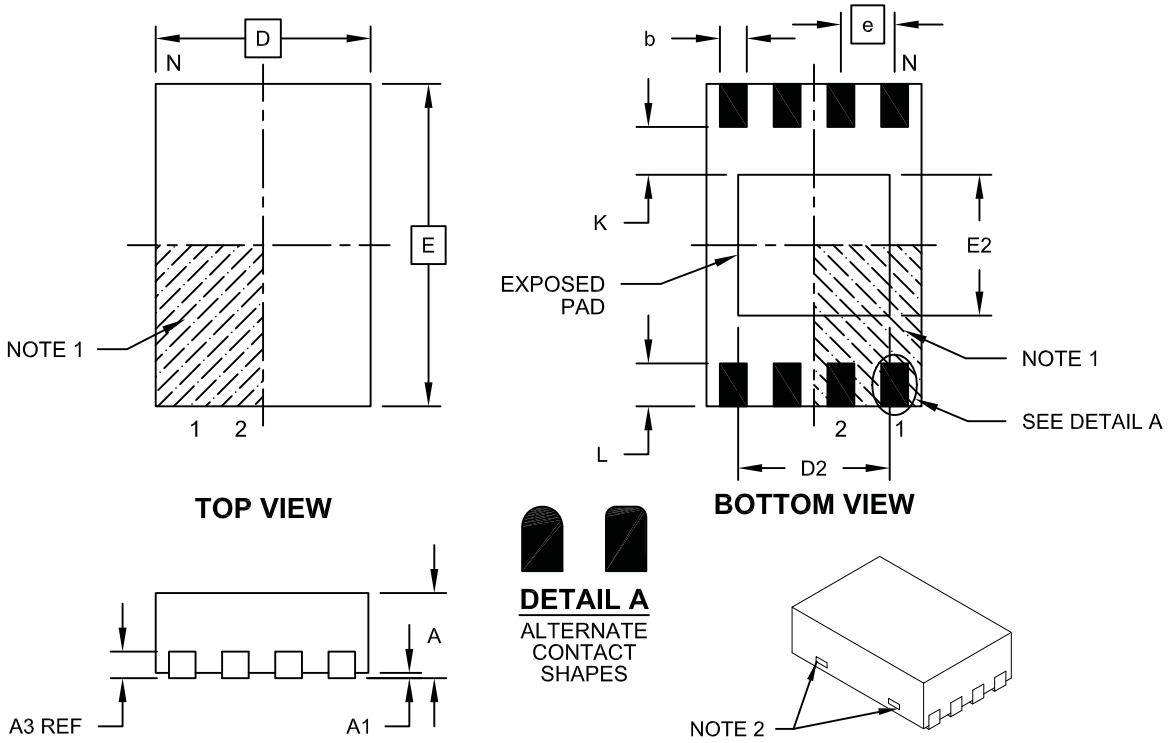
8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MN) – 2x3x0.75 mm Body [TDFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		0.50 BSC	
Overall Height	A	0.70	0.75	0.80
Standoff	A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
Contact Thickness	A3		0.20 REF	
Overall Length	D		2.00 BSC	
Overall Width	E		3.00 BSC	
Exposed Pad Length	D2	1.20	-	1.60
Exposed Pad Width	E2	1.20	-	1.60
Contact Width	b	0.20	0.25	0.30
Contact Length	L	0.25	0.30	0.45
Contact-to-Exposed Pad	K	0.20	-	-

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Package may have one or more exposed tie bars at ends.
3. Package is saw singulated
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

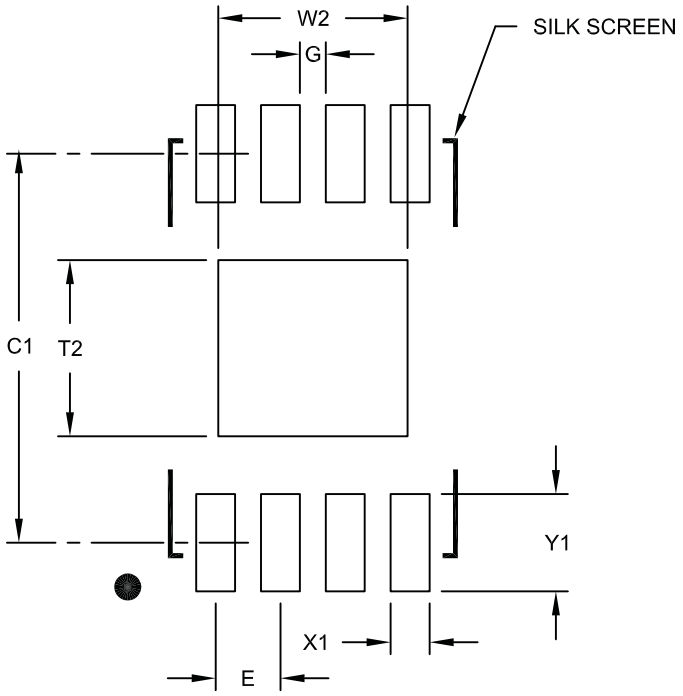
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-129B

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MN) – 2x3x0.75 mm Body [TDFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.50 BSC	
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			1.46
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			1.36
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		3.00	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.30
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			0.75
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2129A

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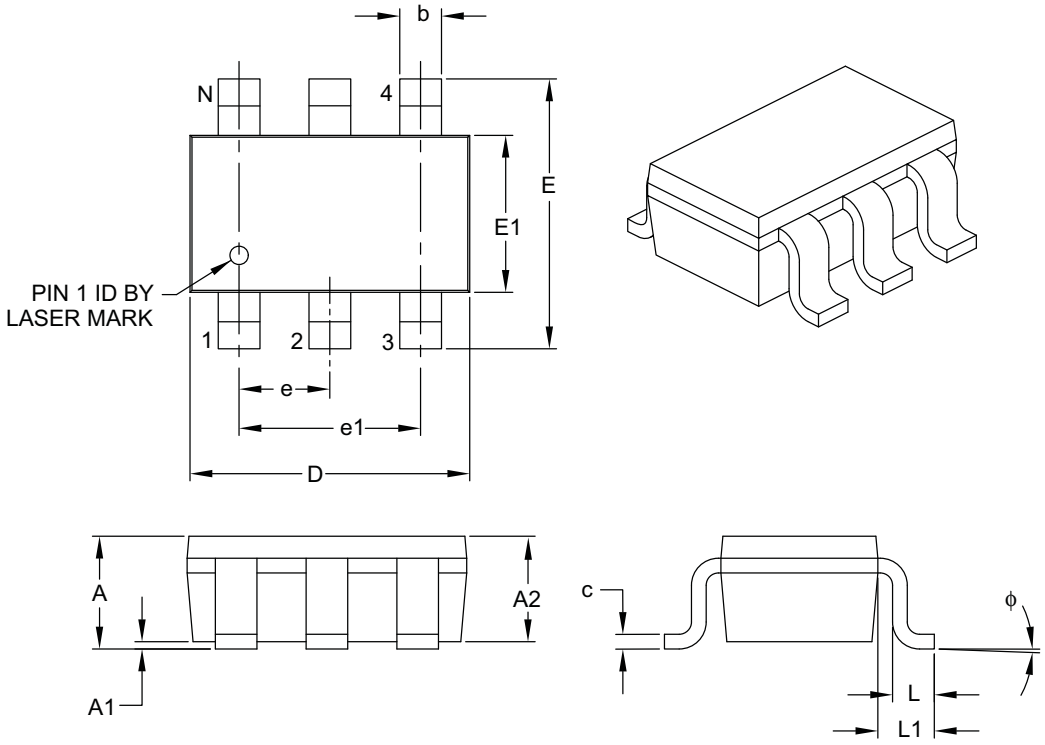
6-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (OT) [SOT-23]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		6	
Pitch	e		0.95 BSC	
Outside Lead Pitch	e1		1.90 BSC	
Overall Height	A	0.90	–	1.45
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.89	–	1.30
Standoff	A1	0.00	–	0.15
Overall Width	E	2.20	–	3.20
Molded Package Width	E1	1.30	–	1.80
Overall Length	D	2.70	–	3.10
Foot Length	L	0.10	–	0.60
Footprint	L1	0.35	–	0.80
Foot Angle	ϕ	0°	–	30°
Lead Thickness	c	0.08	–	0.26
Lead Width	b	0.20	–	0.51

Notes:

1. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.127 mm per side.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-028B

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision F

Corrections to Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics.

Revision G

Added part number 24AA025 to document.
Correction to Section 1.0, Ambient Temperature.

Revision H

Added DFN package.

Revision J (02/2007)

Revised Features section; Revised Pin Function Table; Changed 1.8V to 1.7V, Table 1-1 and Table 1-2; Replaced Package Drawings; Replaced On-line Support page; Revised Product ID section.

Revision K (03/2007)

Replaced Package Drawings (Rev. AM).

Revision L (04/2008)

Replaced Package Drawings; Added TDFN package; Revised Product ID section.

Revision M (10/2009)

Added E-temp; Revised Section 1.0; Table 1-2; Figure 1-1; 1st Line Marking Codes table in Section 9.1; Product ID section.

Revision N (10/2009)

Added 6-lead SOT-23 Package. Revised Sections 5.0, 5.1 and 6.3.

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6. Is there any incorrect or misleading information (what and where)?

7. How would you improve this document?

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PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

PART NO.	X	/XX
Device	Temperature Range	Package

Device:	24AA024:	1.7V, 2 Kbit Addressable Serial EEPROM with WP pin.
	24AA024T:	1.7V, 2 Kbit Addressable Serial EEPROM (Tape and Reel) with WP pin.
	24LC024:	2.5V, 2 Kbit Addressable Serial EEPROM with WP pin.
	24LC024T:	2.5V, 2 Kbit Addressable Serial EEPROM (Tape and Reel) with WP pin.
	24AA025:	1.7V, 2 Kbit Addressable Serial EEPROM with no WP pin.
	24AA025T:	1.7V, 2 Kbit Addressable Serial EEPROM (Tape and Reel) with no WP pin.
	24LC025:	2.5V, 2 Kbit Addressable Serial EEPROM (Tape and Reel) with no WP pin.
	24LC025T:	2.5V, 2 Kbit Addressable Serial EEPROM (Tape and Reel) with no WP pin.
Temperature Range:	I =	-40°C to +85°C
	E =	-40°C to +125°C
Package:	OT =	Plastic Small Outline (SOT-23), (Tape and Reel only), (24XX025 only), 6-lead
	P =	Plastic DIP, (300 mil Body), 8-lead
	SN =	Plastic SOIC, (3.90 mm Body)
	ST =	TSSOP, 8-lead
	MS =	MSOP, 8-lead
	MC =	2x3 DFN, 8-lead
	MNY(1) =	Plastic Dual Flat (TDFN), No lead package, 2x3 mm body, 8-lead

Note 1: "Y" indicates a Nickel, Palladium, Gold (NiPdAu) finish.

Examples:

a) 24AA024-I/P: Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, PDIP Package

b) 24AA024-I/SN: Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, SOIC Package

c) 24AA025T-I/ST: Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, TSSOP Package, Tape and Reel

d) 24LC024-I/P: Industrial Temperature, 2.5V, PDIP Package

e) 24LC024-E/MS: Automotive Temperature, 2.5V, MSOP Package, Tape and Reel

f) 24LC025T-I/OT: Industrial Temperature, 2.5V, SOT-23 Package, Tape and Reel

NOTES:

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Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
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