

## IGBT

High speed 5 FAST IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ 5 technology copacked with RAPID 1 fast and soft antiparallel diode

## IKP30N65F5

650V DuoPack IGBT and diode  
High speed switching series fifth generation

Data sheet

High speed 5 FAST IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ 5 technology copacked with RAPID 1 fast and soft antiparallel diode

**Features and Benefits:**

High speed F5 technology offering

- Best-in-Class efficiency in hard switching and resonant topologies
- 650V breakdown voltage
- Low gate charge  $Q_G$
- IGBT copacked with RAPID 1 fast and soft antiparallel diode
- Maximum junction temperature 175°C
- Qualified according to JEDEC for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models:  
<http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>

**Applications:**

- Solar converters
- Uninterruptible power supplies
- Welding converters
- Mid to high range switching frequency converters



**Key Performance and Package Parameters**

Type	$V_{CE}$	$I_C$	$V_{CEsat}, T_{vj}=25^{\circ}C$	$T_{vjmax}$	Marking	Package
IKP30N65F5	650V	30A	1.6V	175°C	K30EF5	PG-TO220-3



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**Maximum Ratings**

For optimum lifetime and reliability, Infineon recommends operating conditions that do not exceed 80% of the maximum ratings stated in this datasheet.

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage, $T_{vj} \geq 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$V_{CE}$	650	V
DC collector current, limited by $T_{vjmax}$ $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	$I_C$	55.0 35.0	A
Pulsed collector current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{vjmax}$	$I_{Cpuls}$	90.0	A
Turn off safe operating area $V_{CE} \leq 650\text{V}$ , $T_{vj} \leq 175^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $t_p = 1\mu\text{s}$	-	90.0	A
Diode forward current, limited by $T_{vjmax}$ $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	$I_F$	36.0 21.0	A
Diode pulsed current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{vjmax}$	$I_{Fpuls}$	90.0	A
Gate-emitter voltage Transient Gate-emitter voltage ( $t_p \leq 10\mu\text{s}$ , $D < 0.010$ )	$V_{GE}$	$\pm 20$ $\pm 30$	V
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ Power dissipation $T_C = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	188.0 93.0	W
Operating junction temperature	$T_{vj}$	-40...+175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55...+150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Soldering temperature, wave soldering 1.6mm (0.063in.) from case for 10s		260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Mounting torque, M3 screw Maximum of mounting processes: 3	$M$	0.6	Nm

**Thermal Resistance**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
<b>Characteristic</b>				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		0.80	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		1.80	K/W
Thermal resistance junction - ambient	$R_{th(j-a)}$		62	K/W

**Electrical Characteristic, at  $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Static Characteristic</b>						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_C = 0.20\text{mA}$	650	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$	$V_{GE} = 15.0\text{V}, I_C = 30.0\text{A}$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$	- - -	1.60 1.80 1.90	2.10 - -	V
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_F = 15.0\text{A}$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$	- - -	1.35 1.30 1.30	1.80 - -	V
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 0.30\text{mA}, V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.2	4.0	4.8	V
Zero gate voltage collector current	$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE} = 650\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$	- -	- -	40.0 4000.0	$\mu\text{A}$
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$	$V_{CE} = 0\text{V}, V_{GE} = 20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{CE} = 20\text{V}, I_C = 30.0\text{A}$	-	38.0	-	S

**Electrical Characteristic, at  $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Dynamic Characteristic</b>						
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$	-	1800	-	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$		-	45	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$		-	9	-	
Gate charge	$Q_G$	$V_{CC} = 520\text{V}, I_C = 30.0\text{A},$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$	-	65.0	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	$L_E$		-	7.0	-	nH

**Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic, at <math>T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}</math></b>						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}, I_C = 15.0\text{A},$ $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V},$ $R_{G(on)} = 23.0\Omega, R_{G(off)} = 23.0\Omega,$ $L_{\sigma} = 30\text{nH}, C_{\sigma} = 30\text{pF}$ $L_{\sigma}, C_{\sigma}$ from Fig. E Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	19	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	9	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	170	-	ns
Fall time	$t_f$		-	10	-	ns
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$		-	0.28	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	0.07	-	mJ
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	0.35	-	mJ

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$ , $I_C = 5.0\text{A}$ , $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V}$ , $R_{G(on)} = 23.0\Omega$ , $R_{G(off)} = 23.0\Omega$ , $L\sigma = 30\text{nH}$ , $C\sigma = 30\text{pF}$ $L\sigma$ , $C\sigma$ from Fig. E Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	18	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	4	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	174	-	ns
Fall time	$t_f$		-	15	-	ns
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$		-	0.09	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	0.02	-	mJ
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	0.11	-	mJ

**Diode Characteristic, at  $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$** 

Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_R = 400\text{V}$ , $I_F = 15.0\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt = 1600\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	55	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	0.41	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	14.4	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$di_{rr}/dt$		-	-399	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_R = 400\text{V}$ , $I_F = 5.0\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt = 1300\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	29	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	0.22	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	12.6	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$di_{rr}/dt$		-	-820	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

**Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

**IGBT Characteristic, at  $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$** 

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$ , $I_C = 15.0\text{A}$ , $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V}$ , $R_{G(on)} = 23.0\Omega$ , $R_{G(off)} = 23.0\Omega$ , $L\sigma = 30\text{nH}$ , $C\sigma = 30\text{pF}$ $L\sigma$ , $C\sigma$ from Fig. E Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	18	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	10	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	203	-	ns
Fall time	$t_f$		-	3	-	ns
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$		-	0.38	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	0.12	-	mJ
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	0.50	-	mJ
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$ , $I_C = 5.0\text{A}$ , $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V}$ , $R_{G(on)} = 23.0\Omega$ , $R_{G(off)} = 23.0\Omega$ , $L\sigma = 30\text{nH}$ , $C\sigma = 30\text{pF}$ $L\sigma$ , $C\sigma$ from Fig. E Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	16	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	5	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	230	-	ns
Fall time	$t_f$		-	9	-	ns
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$		-	0.15	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	0.04	-	mJ
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	0.19	-	mJ

**Diode Characteristic, at  $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$** 

Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_R = 400\text{V},$ $I_F = 15.0\text{A},$ $di_F/dt = 1600\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	83	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	0.90	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	19.3	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$di_{rr}/dt$		-	-288	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_R = 400\text{V},$ $I_F = 5.0\text{A},$ $di_F/dt = 1300\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	51	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	0.49	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	17.7	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$di_{rr}/dt$		-	-538	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

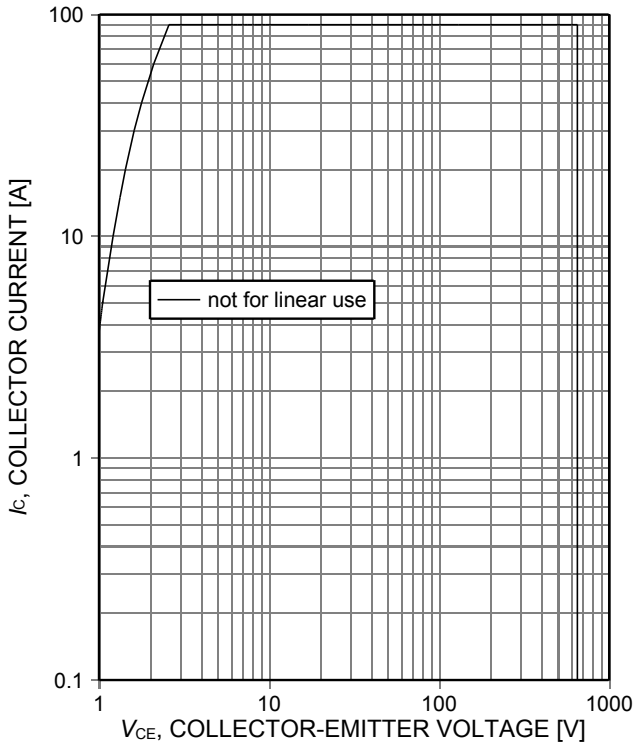


Figure 1. **Forward bias safe operating area**  
 ( $D=0$ ,  $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_{vj}\leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ ,  $t_p=1\mu\text{s}$ .  
 Recommended use at  $V_{GE}\geq 7.5\text{V}$ )

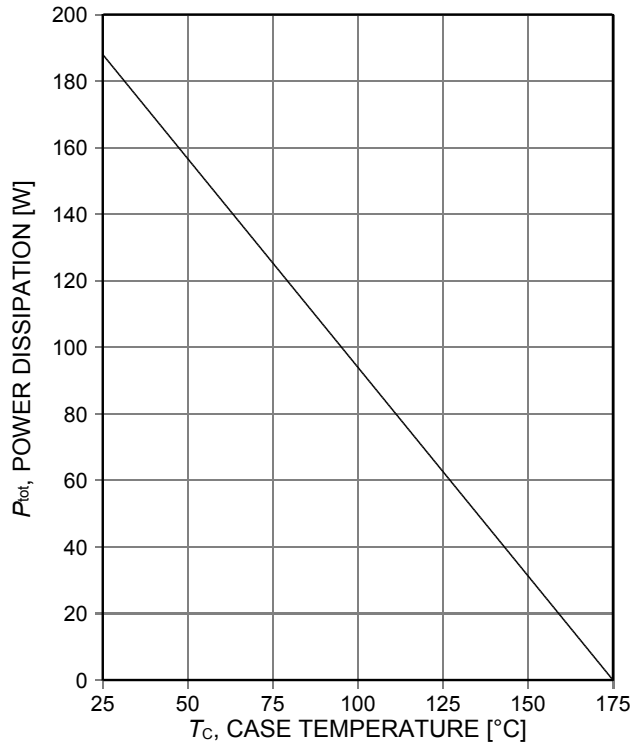


Figure 2. **Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**  
 ( $T_{vj}\leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ )

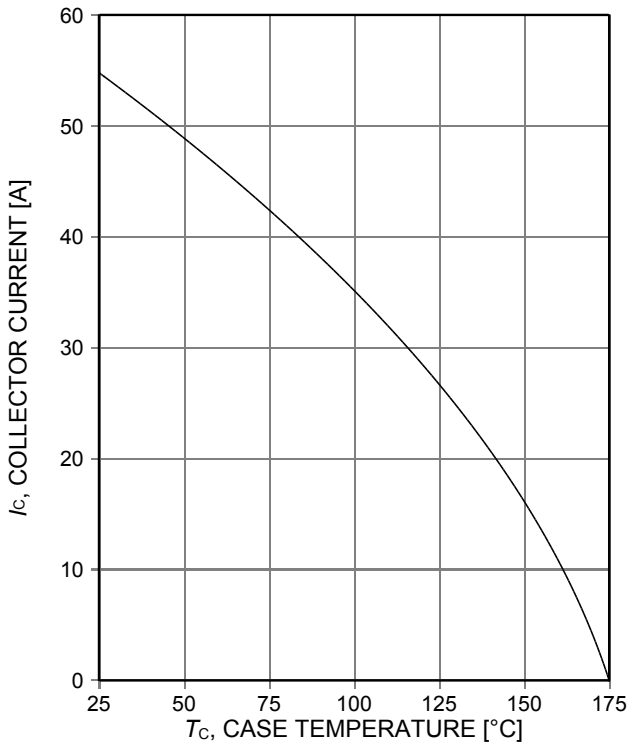


Figure 3. **Collector current as a function of case temperature**  
 ( $V_{GE}\geq 15\text{V}$ ,  $T_{vj}\leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ )

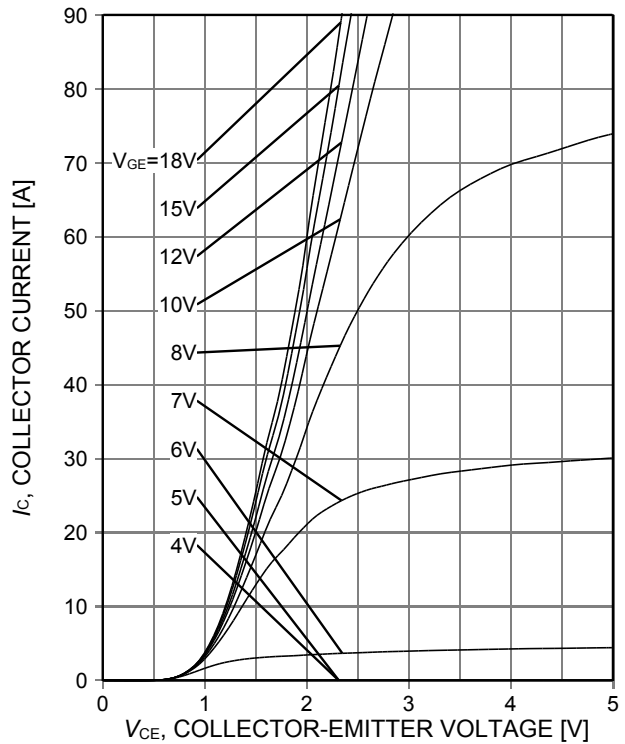


Figure 4. **Typical output characteristic**  
 ( $T_{vj}=25^\circ\text{C}$ )



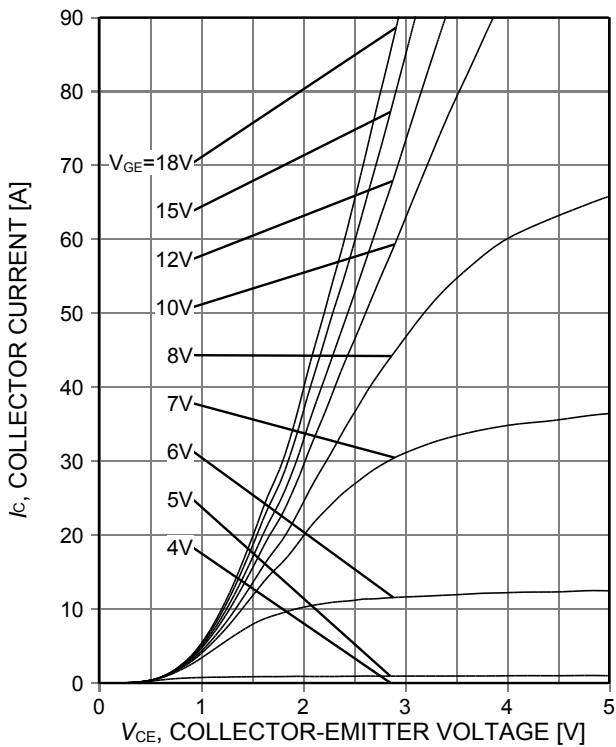


Figure 5. **Typical output characteristic**  
( $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

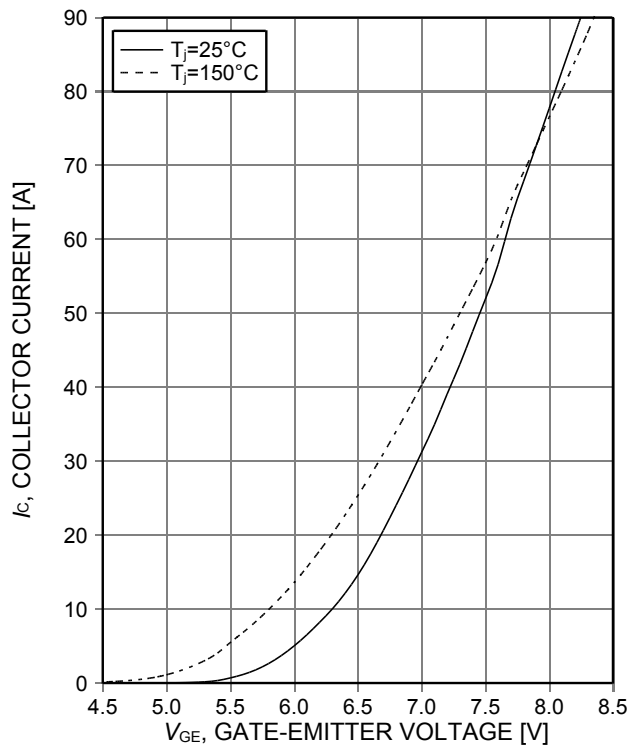


Figure 6. **Typical transfer characteristic**  
( $V_{CE}=20\text{V}$ )

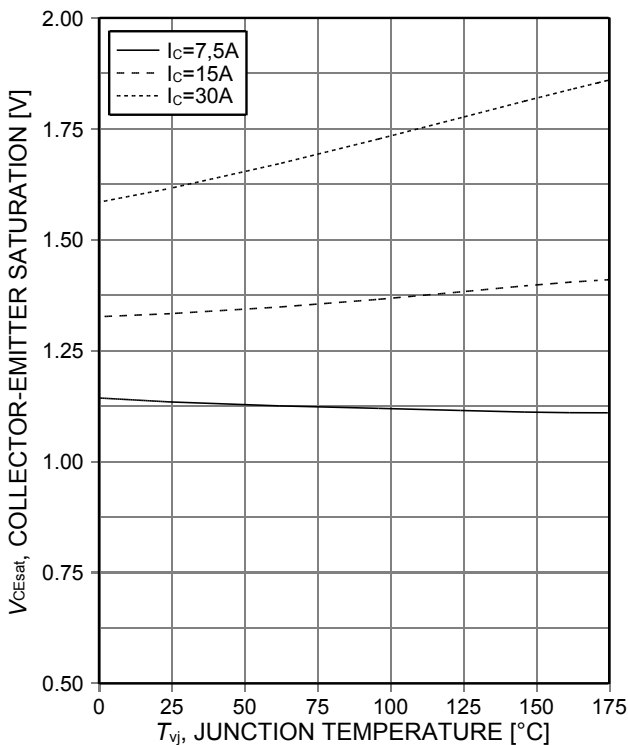


Figure 7. **Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature**  
( $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ )

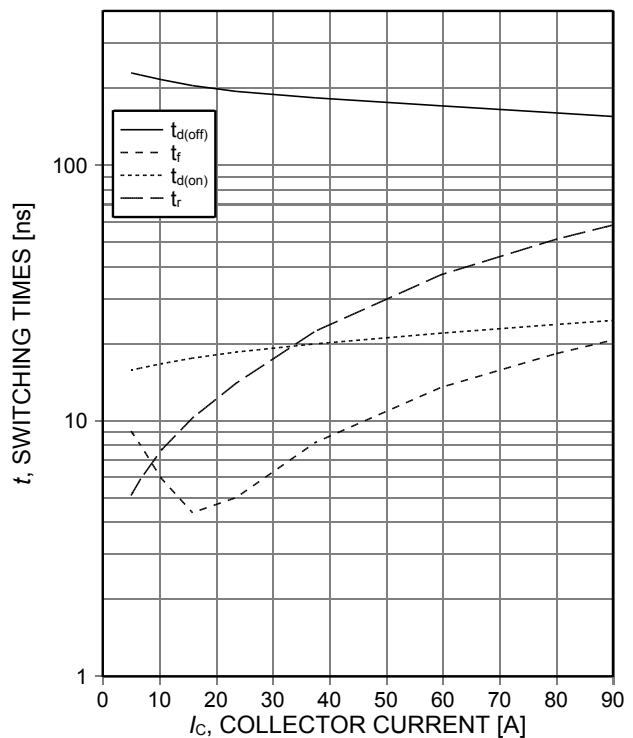


Figure 8. **Typical switching times as a function of collector current**  
(inductive load,  $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $r_G=23\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

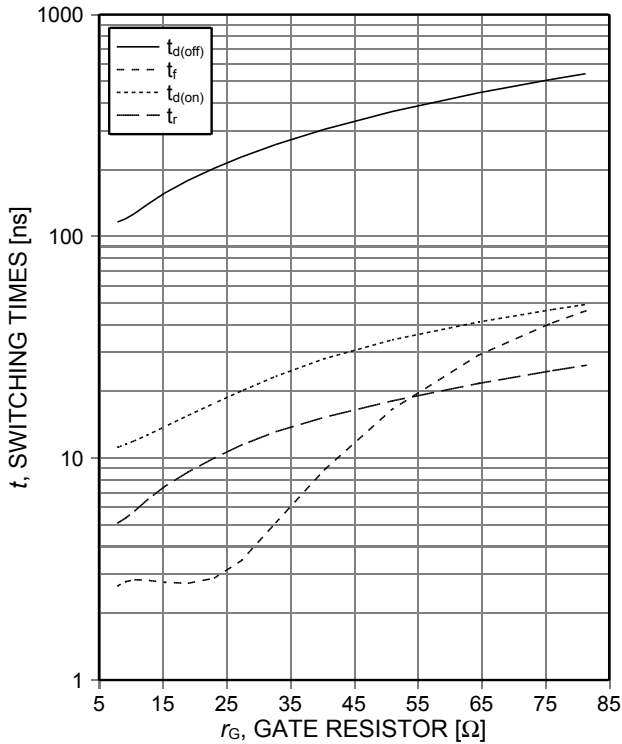


Figure 9. **Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**  
 (inductive load,  $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=15\text{A}$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

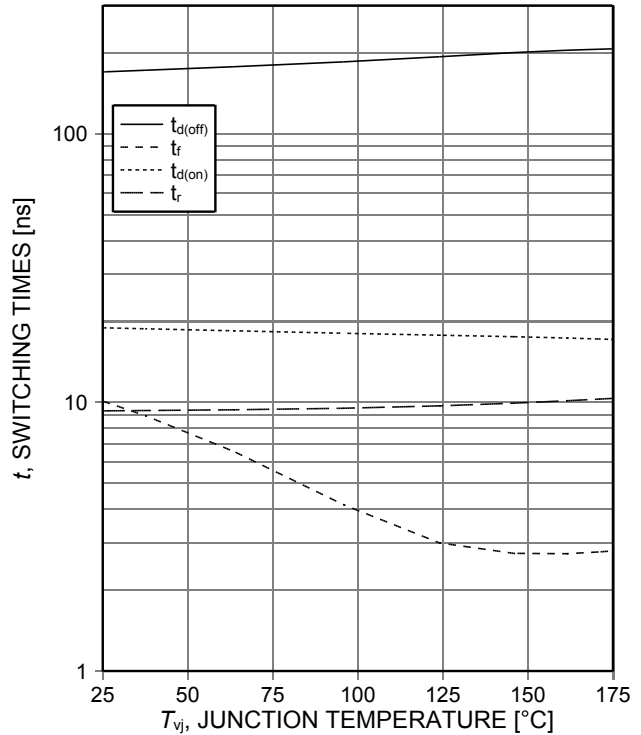


Figure 10. **Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature**  
 (inductive load,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=15\text{A}$ ,  $r_G=23\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

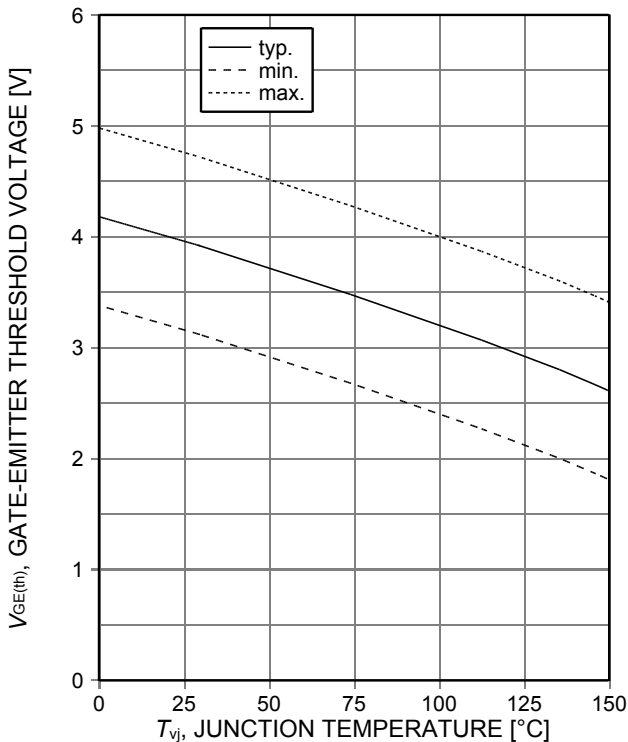


Figure 11. **Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature**  
 ( $I_C=0.3\text{mA}$ )

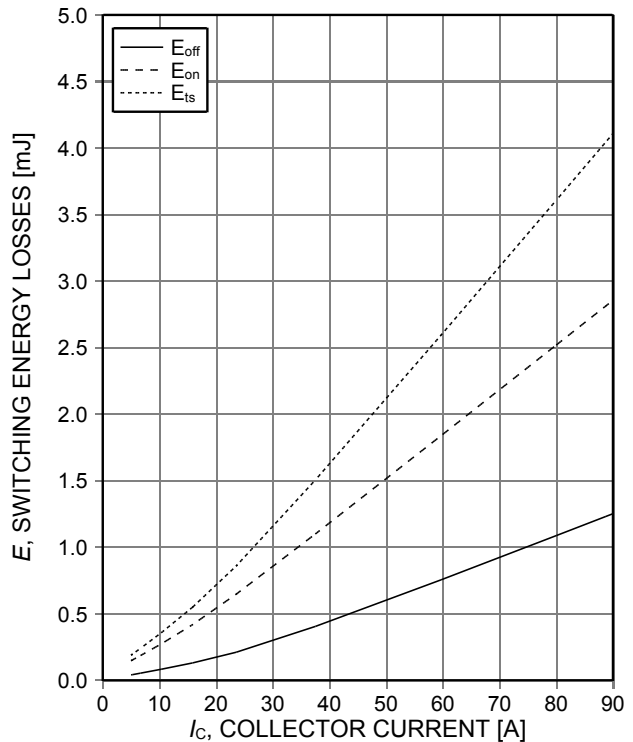


Figure 12. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**  
 (inductive load,  $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $r_G=23\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

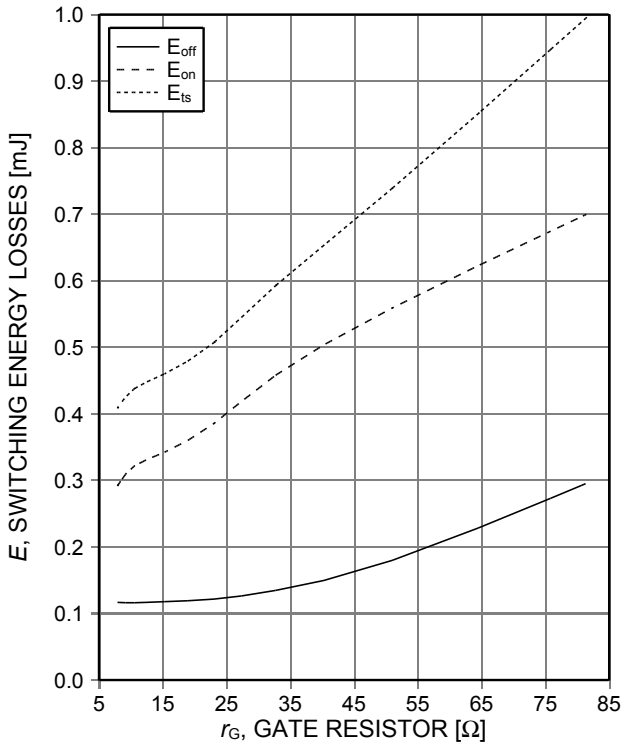


Figure 13. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**  
 (inductive load,  $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=15\text{A}$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

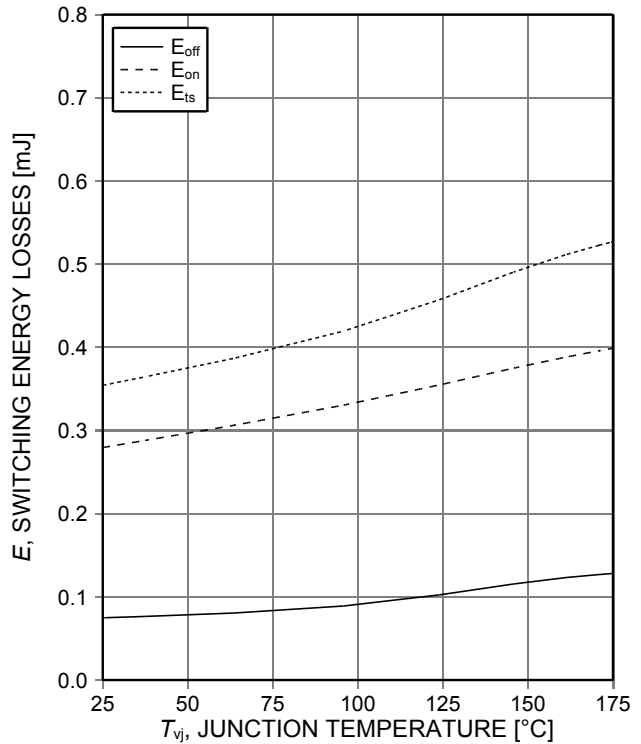


Figure 14. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**  
 (inductive load,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=15\text{A}$ ,  $r_G=23\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

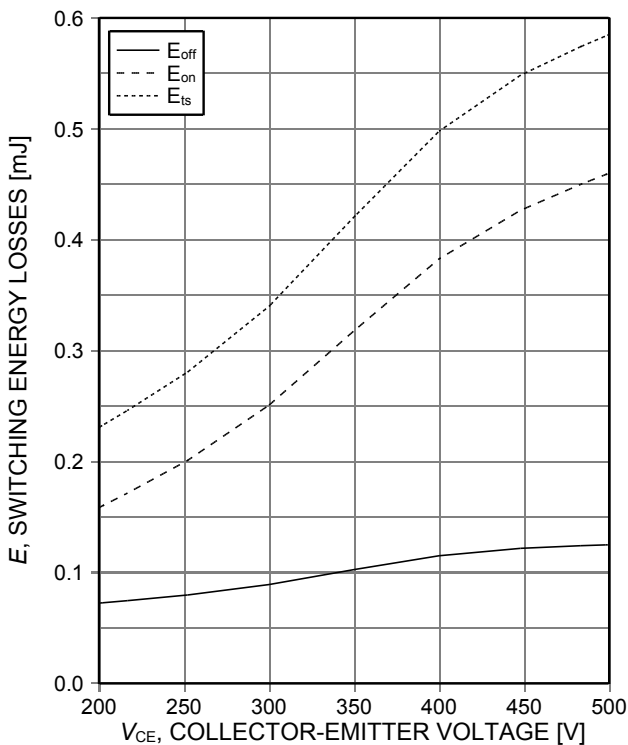


Figure 15. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage**  
 (inductive load,  $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=15\text{A}$ ,  $r_G=23\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

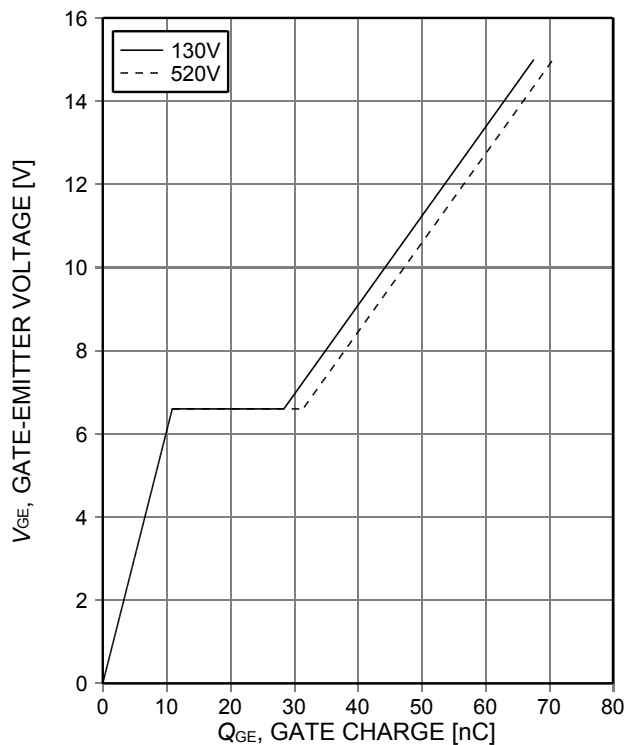


Figure 16. **Typical gate charge**  
 ( $I_C=30\text{A}$ )

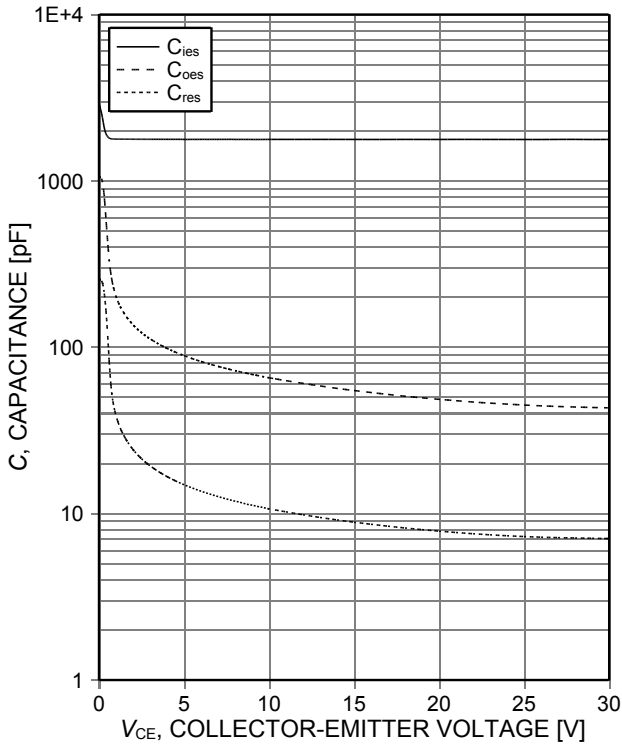


Figure 17. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{GE}=0V$ ,  $f=1MHz$ )

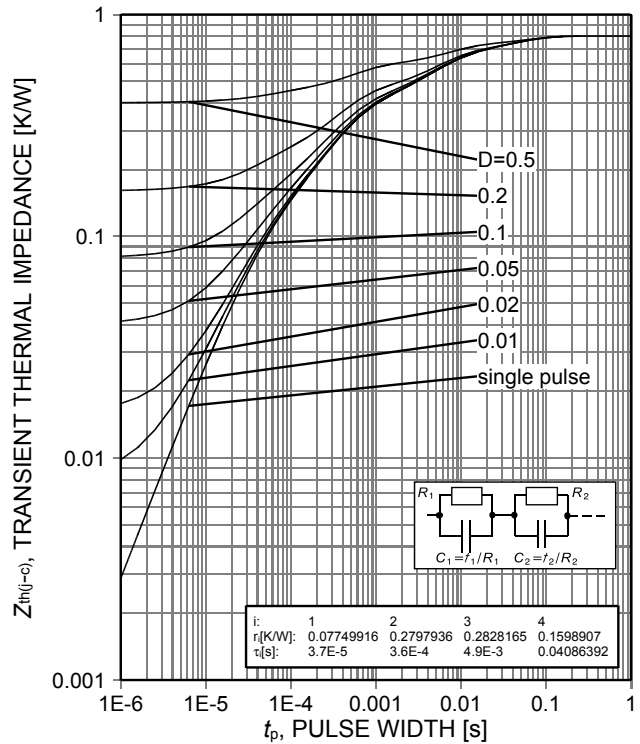


Figure 18. IGBT transient thermal impedance ( $D=t_p/T$ )

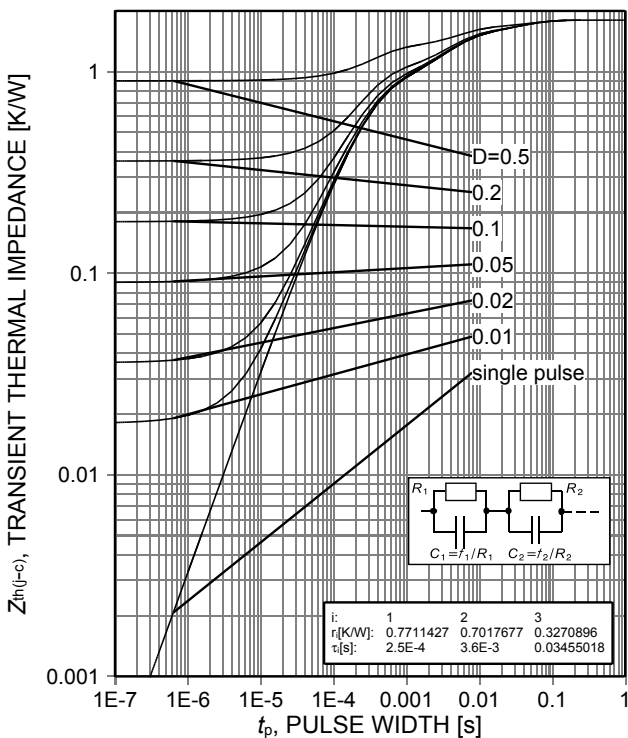


Figure 19. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width ( $D=t_p/T$ )

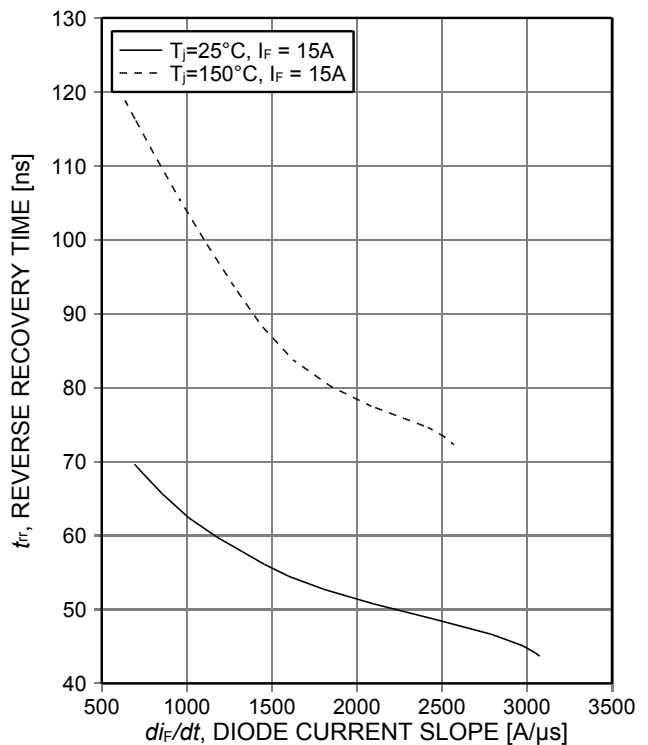


Figure 20. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope ( $V_R=400V$ )

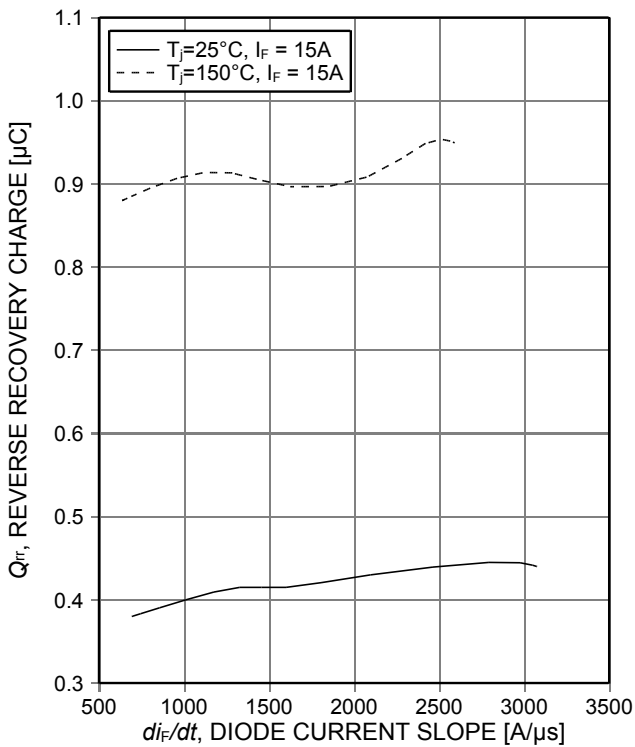


Figure 21. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope ( $V_R=400V$ )

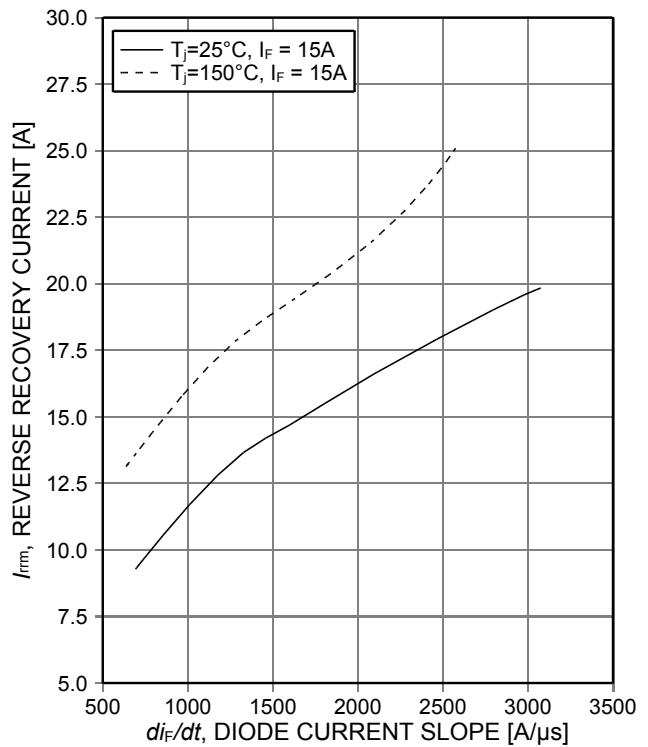


Figure 22. Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope ( $V_R=400V$ )

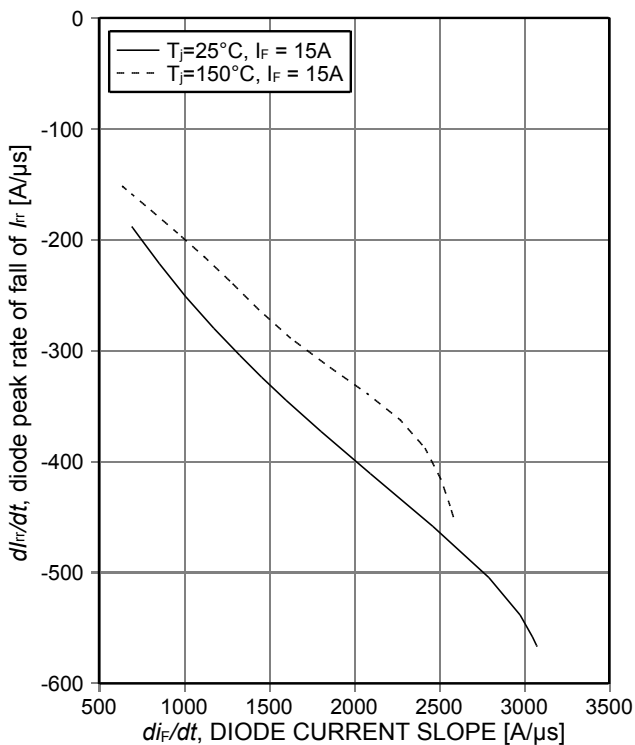


Figure 23. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope ( $V_R=400V$ )

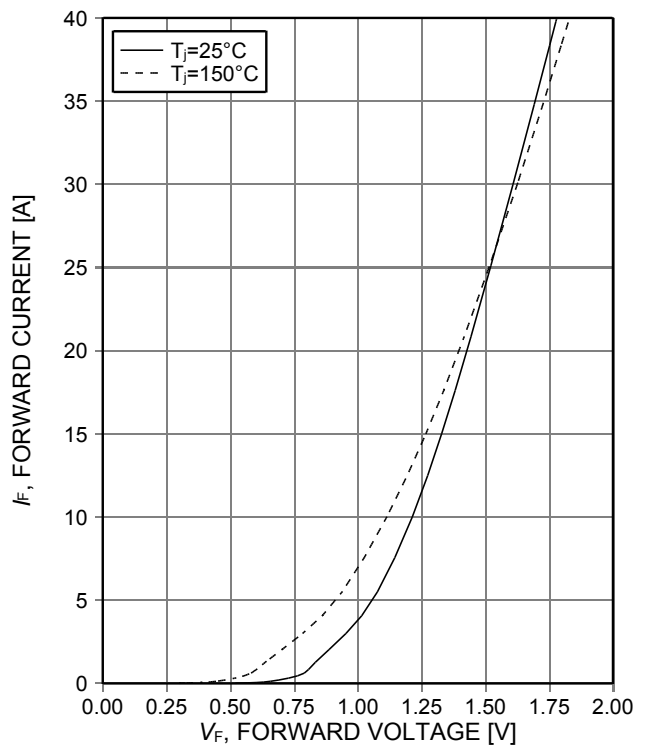


Figure 24. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

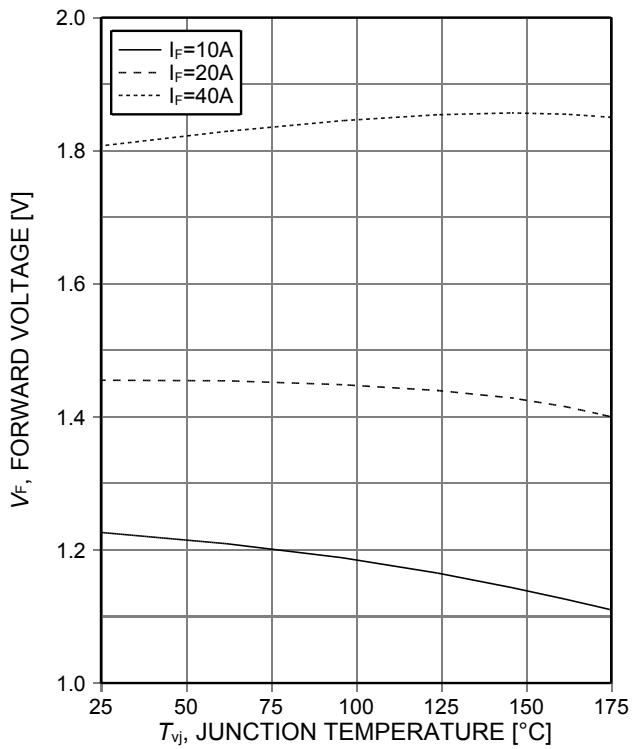
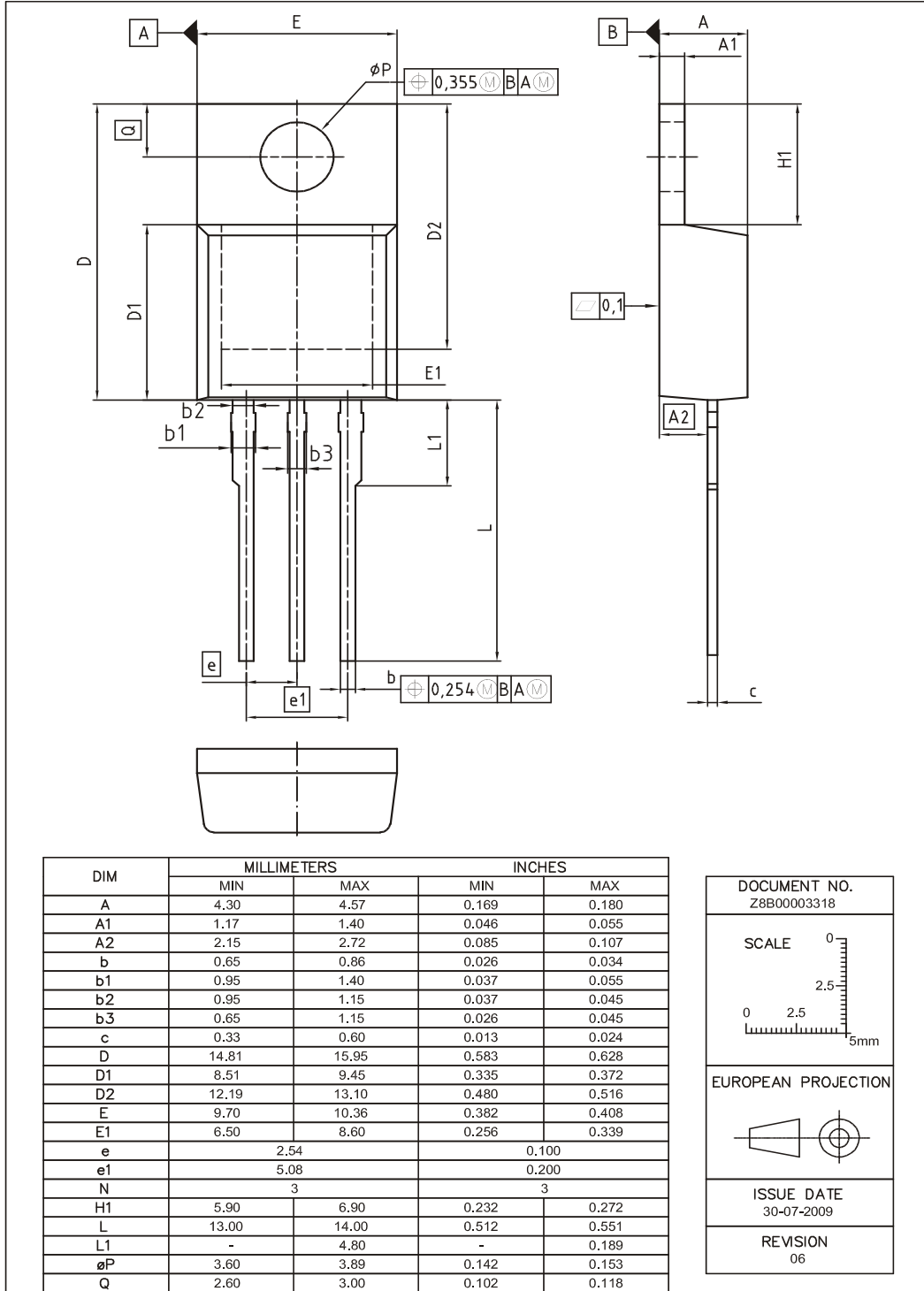


Figure 25. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

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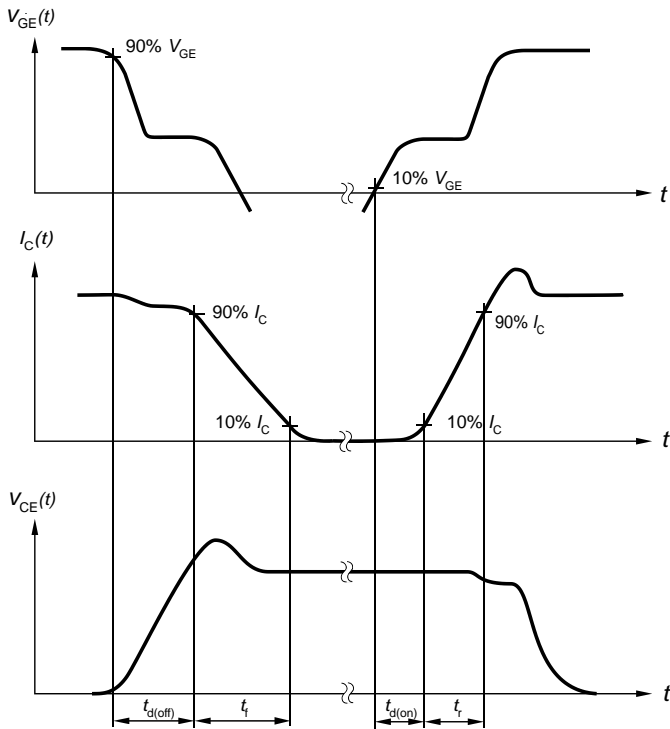


Figure A. Definition of switching times

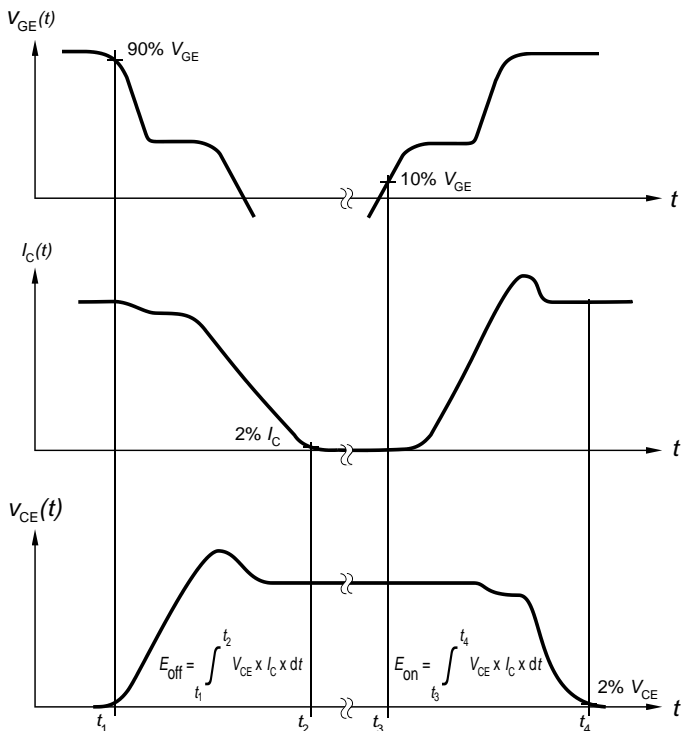


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

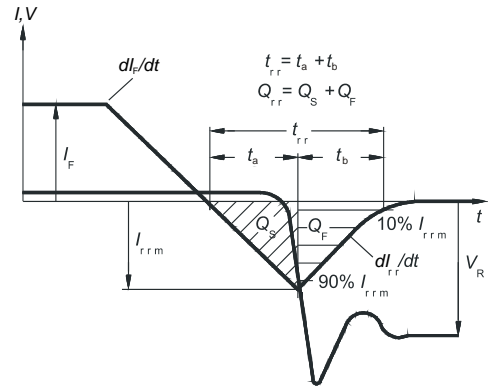


Figure C. Definition of diode switching characteristics

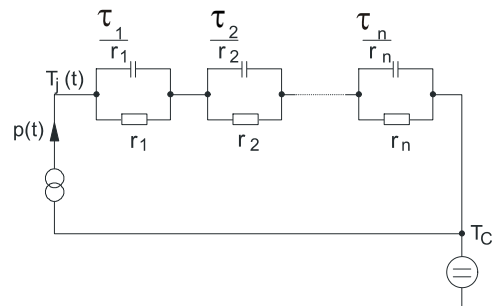


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

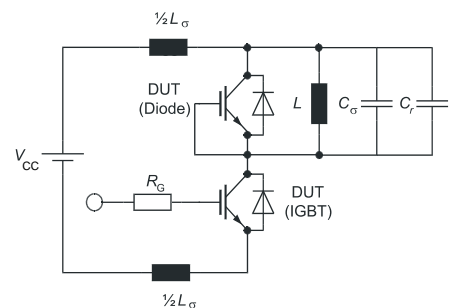


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit  
Parasitic inductance  $L_\sigma$ ,  
parasitic capacitor  $L_\sigma$ ,  
relief capacitor  $C_r$ ,  
(only for ZVT switching)



## Revision History

IKP30N65F5

Revision: 2014-12-04, Rev. 2.2

## Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.1	2014-06-11	Final data sheet
2.2	2014-12-04	Minor changes Fig.1 and Fig.14

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## Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office ([www.infineon.com](http://www.infineon.com)).

## Warnings

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The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.



## Стандарт Электрон Связь

Мы молодая и активно развивающаяся компания в области поставок электронных компонентов. Мы поставляем электронные компоненты отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших складов мира.

Благодаря сотрудничеству с мировыми поставщиками мы осуществляем комплексные и плановые поставки широчайшего спектра электронных компонентов.

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