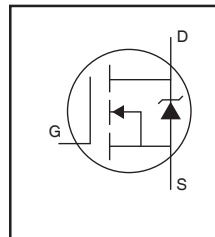


**Applications**

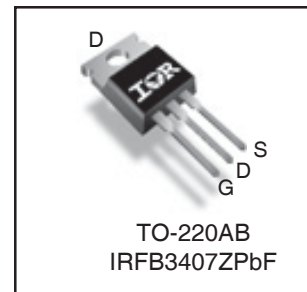
- Battery Management
- High Speed Power Switching
- Hard Switched and High Frequency Circuits

**Benefits**

- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic dv/dt Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode dV/dt and dI/dt Capability
- Lead-Free



$V_{DSS}$		<b>75V</b>
$R_{DS(on)}$	typ.	<b>5.0mΩ</b>
	max.	<b>6.4mΩ</b>
$I_D$ (Silicon Limited)		<b>122A</b> ①
$I_D$ (Package Limited)		<b>120A</b>



<b>G</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>S</b>
Gate	Drain	Source

**Ordering Information**

Base part number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Complete Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
IRFB3407ZPbF	TO-220	Tube	50	IRFB3407ZPbF

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ (Silicon Limited)	122①	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ (Silicon Limited)	86	
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ (Wire Bond Limited)	120	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ②	488	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Maximum Power Dissipation	230	W
	Linear Derating Factor	1.5	W/°C
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery ④	6.7	V/ns
$T_J$ $T_{STG}$	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 175	°C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	300	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10lbf·in (1.1N·m)	

**Avalanche Characteristics**

$E_{AS}$ (Thermally limited)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ③	140	mJ
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current ②	See Fig. 14, 15, 21a, 21b	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ②		mJ

**Thermal Resistance**

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ③	—	0.65	°C/W
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat Greased Surface, TO-220	0.50	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, TO-220	—	62	

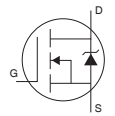
**Static @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	75	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.094	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 5mA$ ②
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	5.0	6.4	m $\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 75A$ ③
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 150\mu A$
$R_{G(int)}$	Internal Gate Resistance	—	0.70	—	$\Omega$	
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	$\mu A$	$V_{DS} = 75V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 75V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$

**Dynamic @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

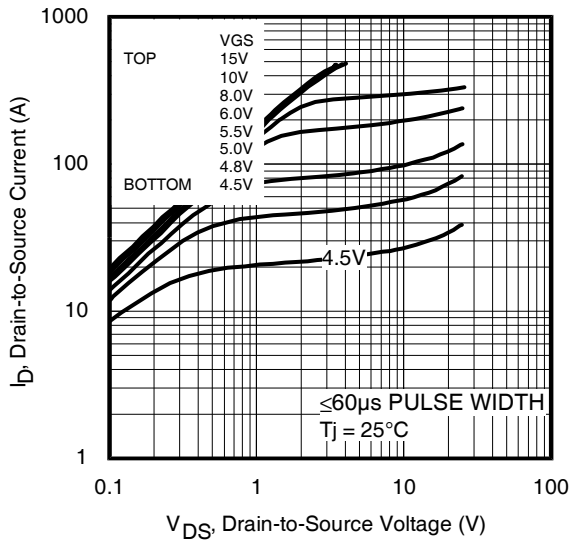
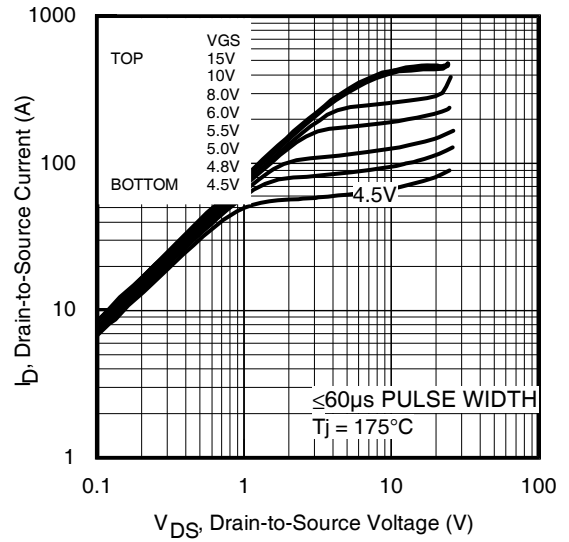
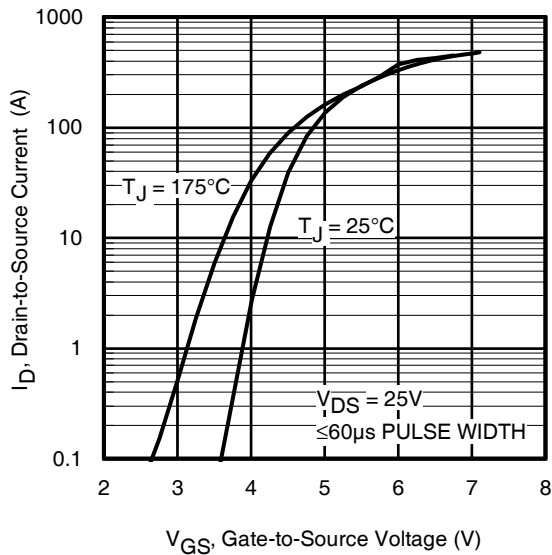
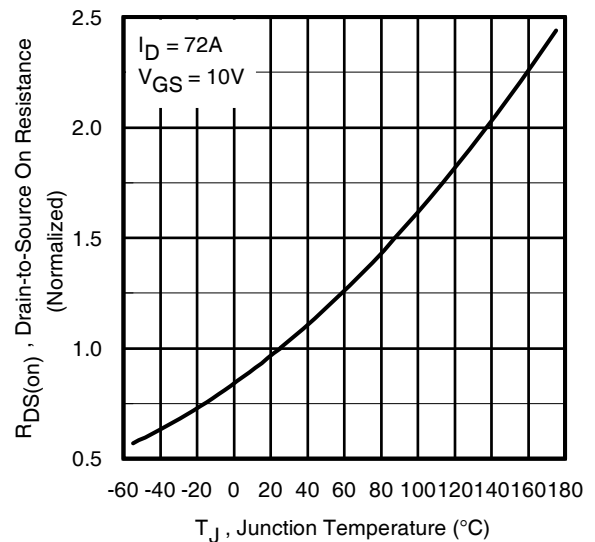
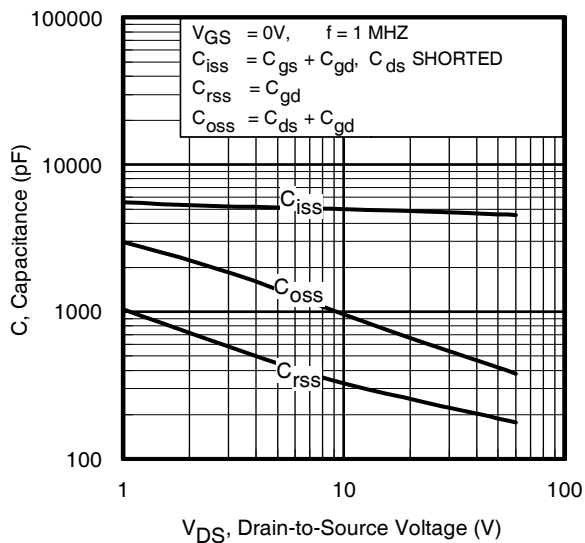
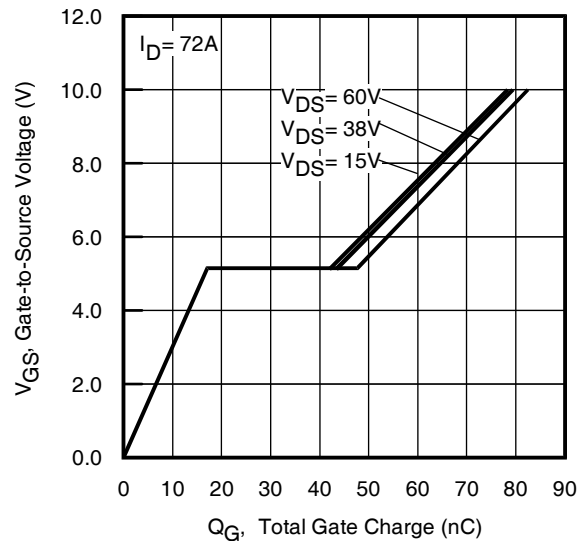
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
gfs	Forward Transconductance	320	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 50V, I_D = 75A$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	79	110	nC	$I_D = 75A$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	19	—		$V_{DS} = 38V$
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	24	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤
$Q_{sync}$	Total Gate Charge Sync. ( $Q_g - Q_{gd}$ )	—	55	—		$I_D = 75A, V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = 10V$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	15	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 49V$
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	64	—		$I_D = 75A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	38	—		$R_G = 2.6\Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	65	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	—	4750	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	420	—		$V_{DS} = 50V$
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	190	—		$f = 1.0MHz$
$C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)	—	440	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 60V$ ⑦
$C_{oss \text{ eff. (TR)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related)	—	410	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 60V$ ⑥

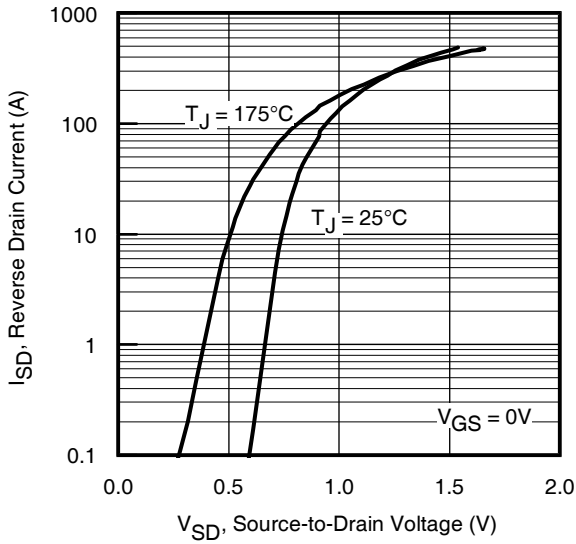
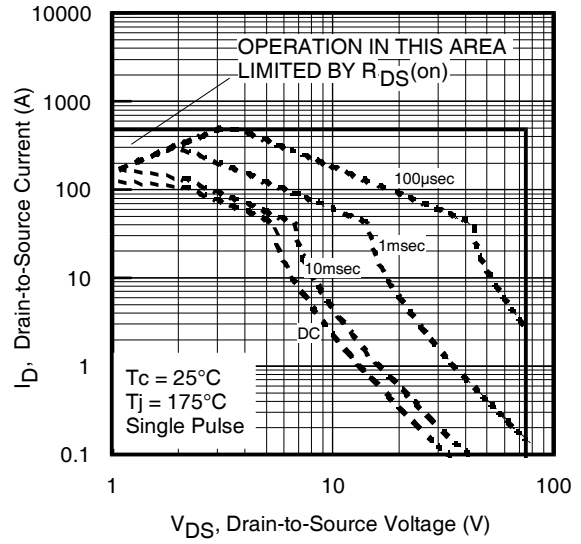
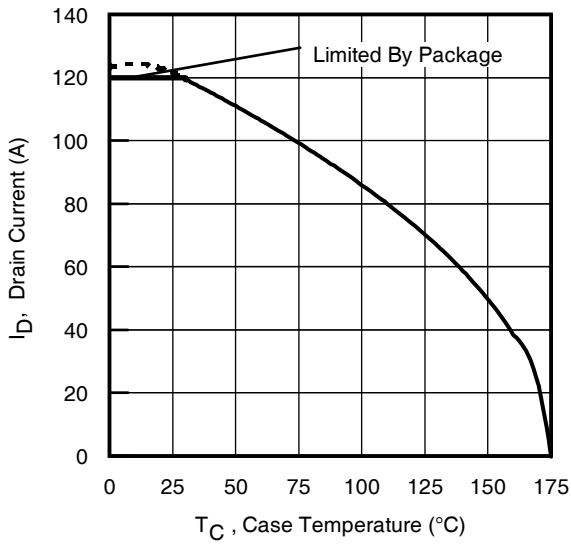
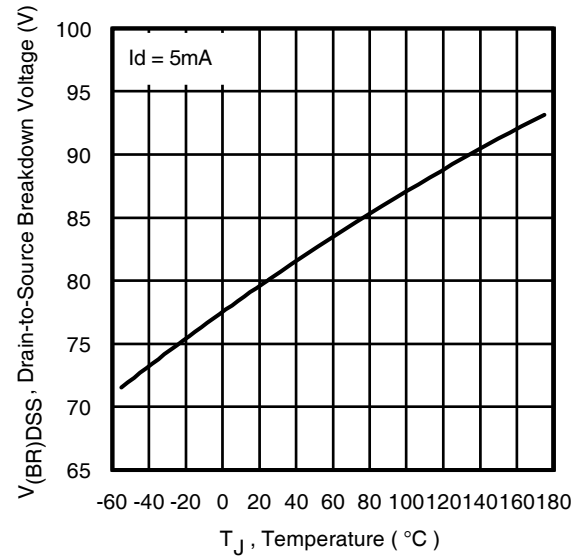
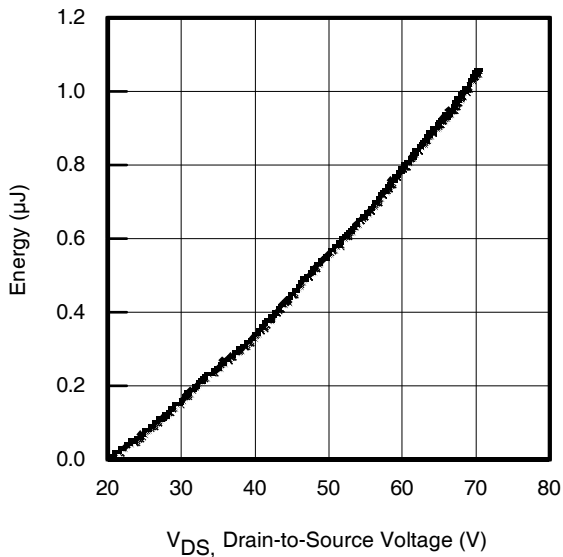
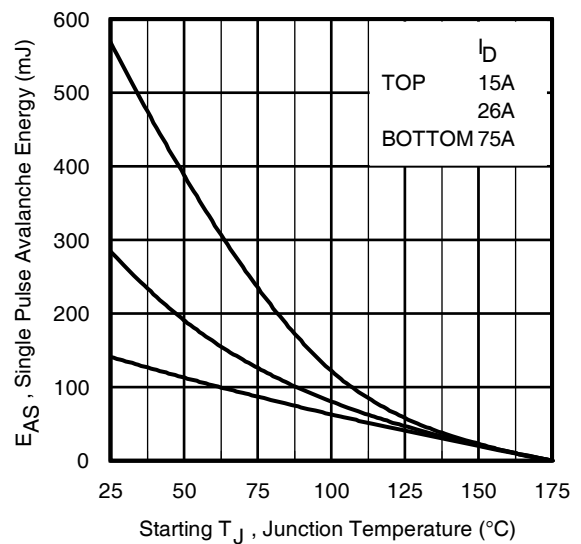
**Diode Characteristics**

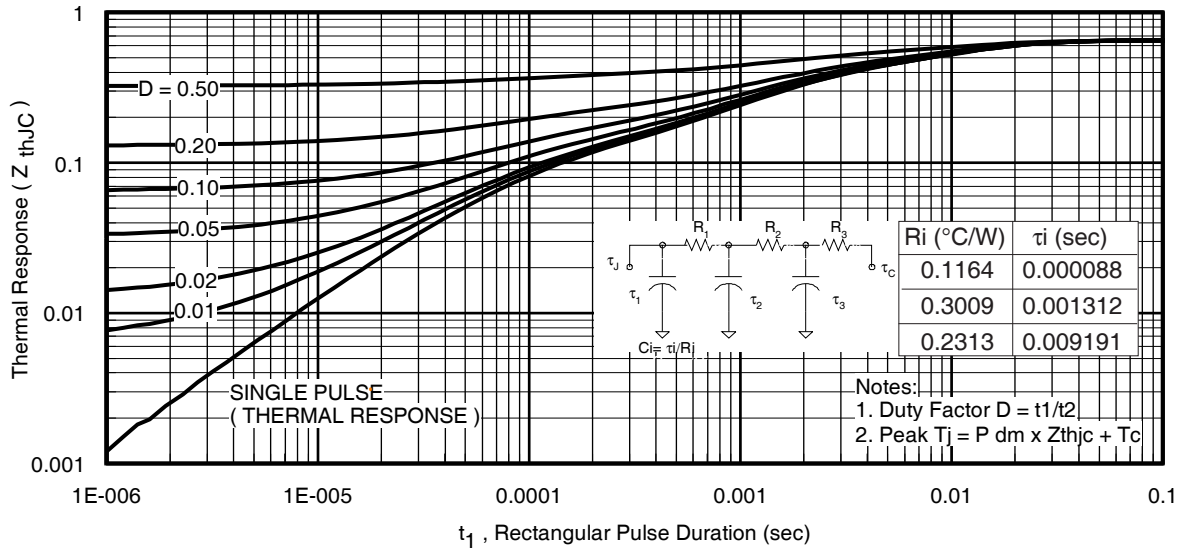
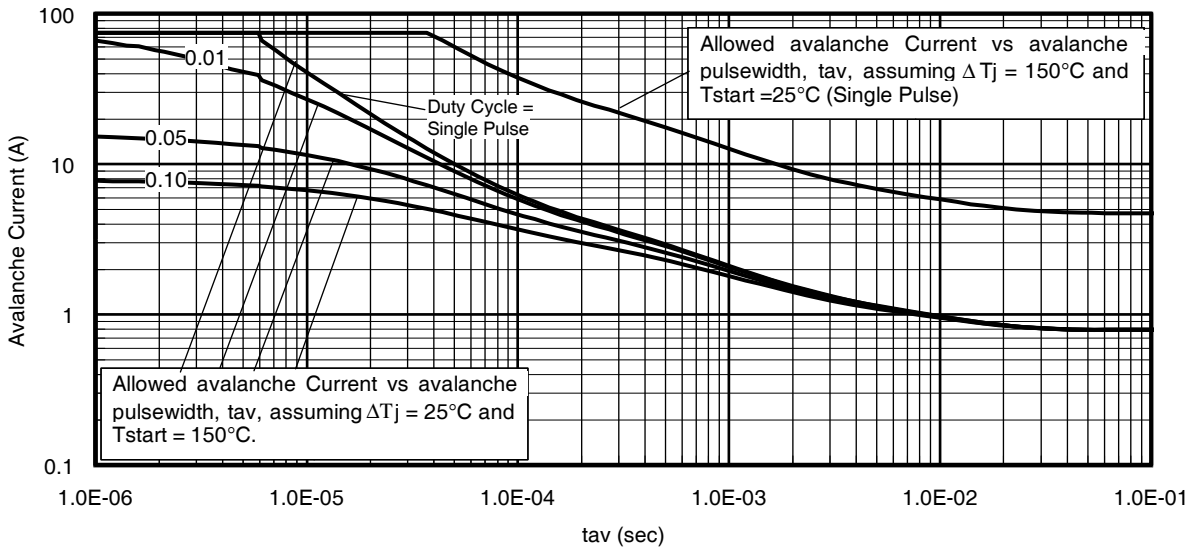
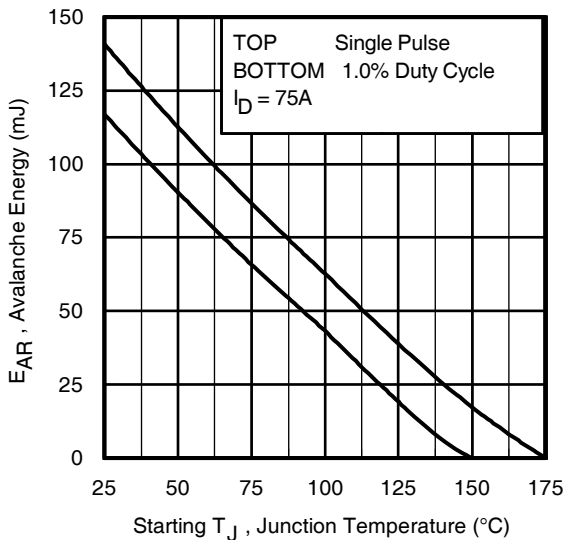
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	120 ①	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ② ③	—	—	488		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 75A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ⑤
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	33	50	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 64V,$
		—	39	59		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 75A$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	42	63	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ⑤
		—	56	84		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{RRM}$	Reverse Recovery Current	—	2.2	—	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
$t_{on}$	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				

**Notes:**

- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Bond wire current limit is 120A. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the device leads may occur with some lead mounting arrangements.
- ② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ③ Limited by  $T_{Jmax}$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, L = 0.050mH$   
 $R_G = 25\Omega, I_{AS} = 75A, V_{GS} = 10V$ . Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ④  $I_{SD} \leq 75A, di/dt \leq 1570A/\mu s, V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}, T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ⑤ Pulse width  $\leq 400\mu s$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ⑥  $C_{oss \text{ eff. (TR)}}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑦  $C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑧  $R_{\theta}$  is measured at  $T_J$  approximately  $90^\circ\text{C}$ .


**Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics**

**Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics**

**Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics**

**Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature**

**Fig 5. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage**

**Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage**


**Fig 7.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

**Fig 8.** Maximum Safe Operating Area

**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

**Fig 10.** Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

**Fig 11.** Typical  $C_{OSS}$  Stored Energy

**Fig 12.** Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current


**Fig 13. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case**

**Fig 14. Typical Avalanche Current vs. Pulsewidth**

**Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves, Figures 14, 15:**  
**(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)**

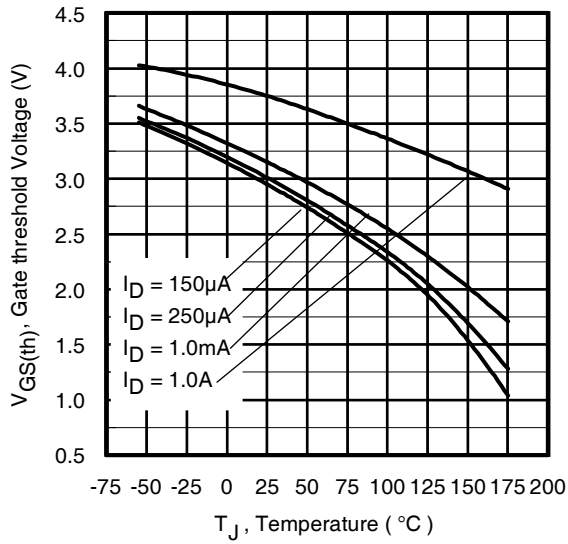
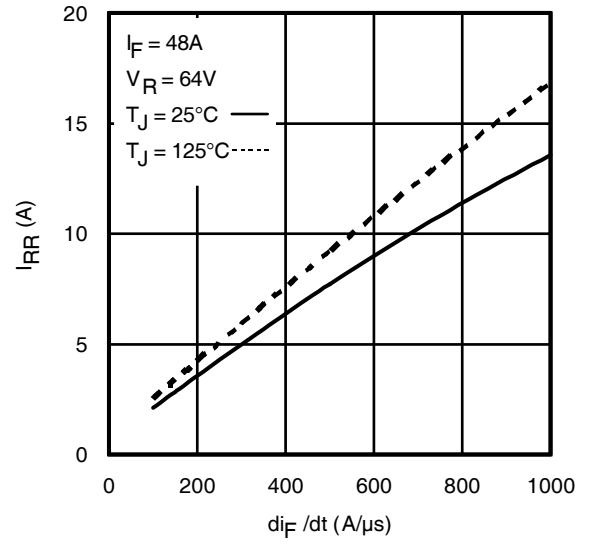
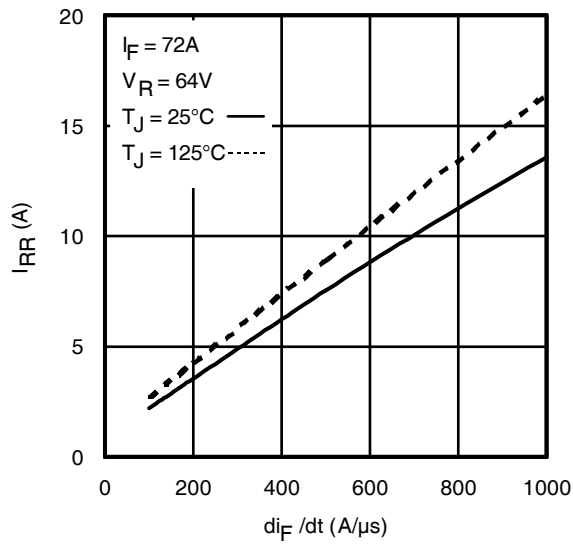
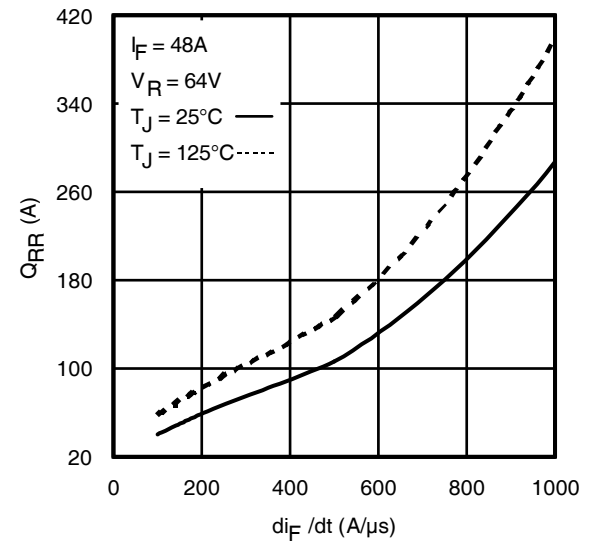
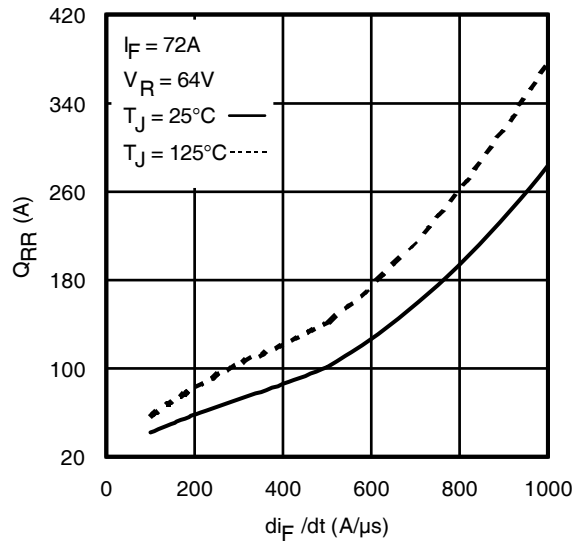
1. Avalanche failures assumption:  
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{jmax}$ . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as  $T_{jmax}$  is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 21a, 21b.
4.  $P_{D(ave)}$  = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5.  $BV$  = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6.  $I_{av}$  = Allowable avalanche current.
7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{jmax}$  (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).  
 $t_{av}$  = Average time in avalanche.  
 $D$  = Duty cycle in avalanche =  $t_{av} \cdot f$   
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$  = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)

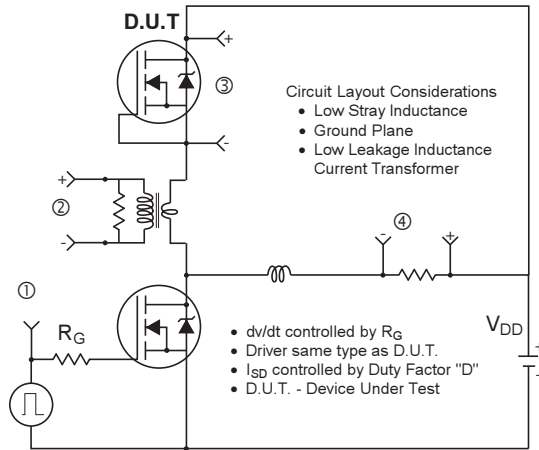
$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

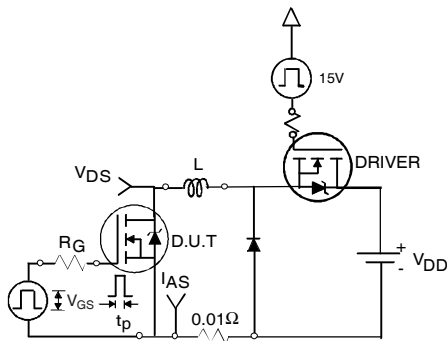
**Fig 15. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature**


**Fig 16. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature**

**Fig. 17 - Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_F/dt$** 

**Fig. 18 - Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_F/dt$** 

**Fig. 19 - Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_F/dt$** 

**Fig. 20 - Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_F/dt$**

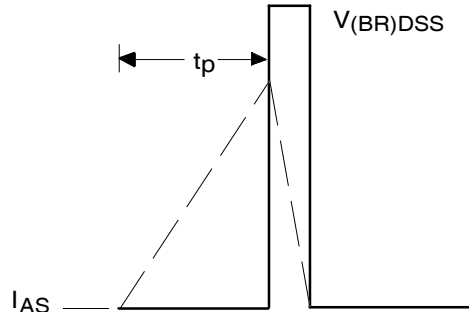


\*  $V_{GS} = 5V$  for Logic Level Devices

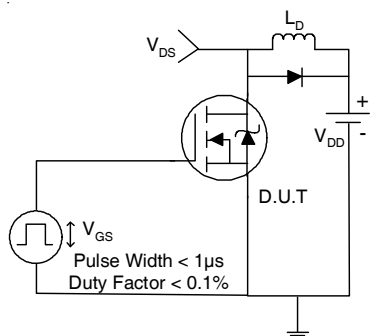
**Fig 20. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs**



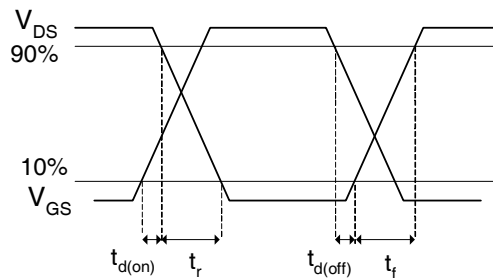
**Fig 21a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit**



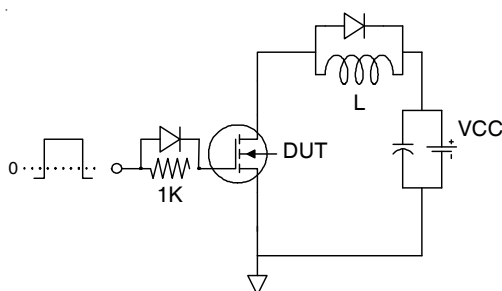
**Fig 21b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms**



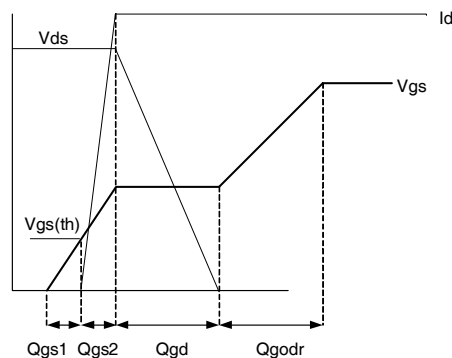
**Fig 22a. Switching Time Test Circuit**



**Fig 22b. Switching Time Waveforms**



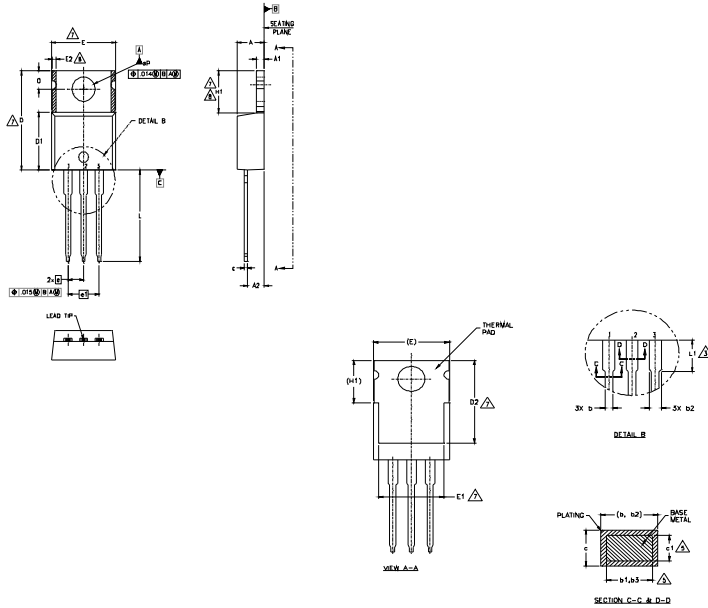
**Fig 23a. Gate Charge Test Circuit**



**Fig 23b. Gate Charge Waveform**

## TO-220AB Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



**NOTES:**

- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5 M- 1994.
- 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS]
- 3.- LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
- 4.- DIMENSION D, D1 & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 5.- DIMENSION b1, b3 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 6.- CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.
- 7.- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS E,H1,D2 & E1
- 8.- DIMENSION E2 X H1 DEFINE A ZONE WHERE STAMPING AND SINGULATION IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.
- 9.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC TO-220, EXCEPT A2 (max.) AND D2 (min.) WHERE DIMENSIONS ARE DERIVED FROM THE ACTUAL PACKAGE OUTLINE.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	3.56	4.83	.140	.190	
A1	0.51	1.40	.020	.055	
A2	2.03	2.92	.080	.115	
b	0.38	1.01	.015	.040	
b1	0.38	0.97	.015	.038	5
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070	
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068	5
c	0.36	0.61	.014	.024	
c1	0.36	0.56	.014	.022	5
D	14.22	16.51	.560	.650	4
D1	8.38	9.02	.330	.355	
D2	11.68	12.88	.460	.507	7
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	4,7
E1	6.86	8.89	.270	.350	7
E2	-	0.76	-	.030	8
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		
e1	5.08 BSC		.200 BSC		
H1	5.84	6.86	.230	.270	7,8
L	12.70	14.73	.500	.580	
L1	3.56	4.06	.140	.160	3
øP	3.54	4.08	.139	.161	
Q	2.54	3.42	.100	.135	

**LEAD ASSIGNMENTS**

- HEXFET  
 1.- GATE  
 2.- DRAIN  
 3.- SOURCE

**IGBTs, CoPACK**

- 1.- GATE  
 2.- COLLECTOR  
 3.- EMITTER

**DIODES**

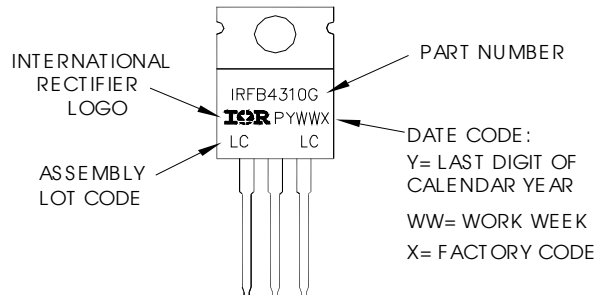
- 1.- ANODE  
 2.- CATHODE  
 3.- ANODE

## TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFB4310GPBF

Note: "G" s suffix in part number indicates "Halogen - Free"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead - Free"



TO-220AB packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

### Qualification information†

Qualification level	Industrial††	
	(per JEDEC JESD47F††† guidelines)	
Moisture Sensitivity Level	TO-220AB	N/A (per JEDEC J-STD-020D†††)
RoHS compliant	Yes	

† Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site: <http://www.irf.com/product-info/reliability/>

†† Higher qualification ratings may be available should the user have such requirements. Please contact your International Rectifier sales representative for further information: <http://www.irf.com/whoto-call/salesrep/>

††† Applicable version of JEDEC standard at the time of product release.





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### Наши контакты:

**Телефон:** +7 812 627 14 35

**Электронная почта:** [sales@st-electron.ru](mailto:sales@st-electron.ru)

**Адрес:** 198099, Санкт-Петербург,  
Промышленная ул, дом № 19, литера Н,  
помещение 100-Н Офис 331