



## IGBT

Low Loss DuoPack : IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ and Fieldstop technology  
with soft, fast recovery antiparallel Emitter Controlled diode

### IKQ120N60TA

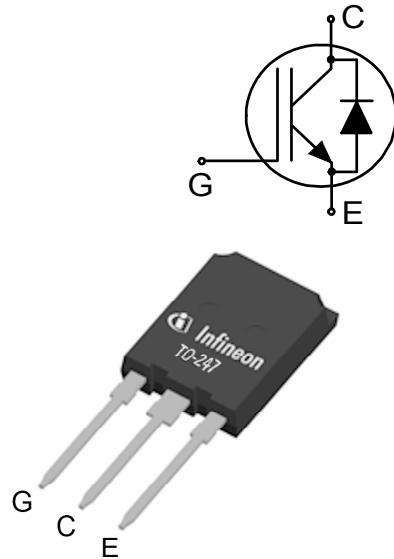
600V low loss switching series third generation

### Data sheet

**Low Loss DuoPack : IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ and Fieldstop technology with soft, fast recovery antiparallel Emitter Controlled diode**

#### Features:

- Automotive AEC-Q101 qualified
- Designed for DC/AC converters for Automotive Application
- Very low  $V_{CE(sat)}$  1.5 V (typ.)
- Maximum junction temperature 175°C
- Short circuit withstand time 5μs
- 100% short circuit tested
- 100% of the parts are dynamically tested
- TRENCHSTOP™ and Fieldstop technology for 600V applications offers:
  - very tight parameter distribution
  - high ruggedness, temperature stable behavior
  - very high switching speed
- Positive temperature coefficient in  $V_{CE(sat)}$
- Low EMI
- Low gate charge  $Q_G$
- Green package
- Very soft, fast recovery antiparallel Emitter Controlled HE diode



#### Applications:

- Main inverter
- Air-Con compressor
- PTC heater
- Motor drives



#### Key Performance and Package Parameters

Type	$V_{CE}$	$I_C$	$V_{CE(sat)}, T_{vj}=25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_{vjmax}$	Marking	Package
IKQ120N60TA	600V	120A	1.5V	175°C	K120T60A	PG-T0247-3

**Table of Contents**

Description .....	2
Table of Contents .....	3
Maximum Ratings .....	4
Thermal Resistance .....	4
Electrical Characteristics .....	5
Electrical Characteristics Diagrams .....	8
Package Drawing .....	15
Testing Conditions .....	16
Revision History .....	17
Disclaimer .....	17

### Maximum Ratings

For optimum lifetime and reliability, Infineon recommends operating conditions that do not exceed 80% of the maximum ratings stated in this datasheet.

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage, $T_{vj} \geq 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE}$	600	V
DC collector current, limited by $T_{vjmax}$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ value limited by bondwire $T_C = 135^\circ\text{C}$	$I_C$	160.0 120.0	A
Pulsed collector current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{vjmax}$	$I_{Cpuls}$	480.0	A
Turn off safe operating area $V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}$ , $T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ , $t_p = 1\mu\text{s}$	-	480.0	A
Diode forward current, limited by $T_{vjmax}$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ value limited by bondwire $T_C = 124^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F$	160.0 120.0	A
Diode pulsed current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{vjmax}$	$I_{Fpuls}$	480.0	A
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GE}$	$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit withstand time $V_{GE} = 15.0\text{V}$ , $V_{CC} \leq 400\text{V}$ Allowed number of short circuits < 1000 Time between short circuits: $\geq 1.0\text{s}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$t_{sc}$	5	$\mu\text{s}$
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	833.0	W
Operating junction temperature	$T_{vj}$	-40...+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature, <sup>1)</sup> wave soldering 1.6mm (0.063in.) from case for 10s		260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Mounting torque, M3 screw Maximum of mounting processes: 3	$M$	0.6	Nm

### Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
<b>Characteristic</b>				
IGBT thermal resistance, <sup>2)</sup> junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		0.18	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, <sup>2)</sup> junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		0.30	K/W
Thermal resistance junction - ambient	$R_{th(j-a)}$		40	K/W

<sup>1)</sup> Package not recommended for surface mount application

<sup>2)</sup> Thermal resistance of thermal grease  $R_{th(c-s)}$  (case to heat sink) of more than 0.1K/W not included.

**Electrical Characteristic, at  $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Static Characteristic</b>						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CES}}$	$V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{V}, I_{\text{C}} = 0.20\text{mA}$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{\text{CEsat}}$	$V_{\text{GE}} = 15.0\text{V}, I_{\text{C}} = 120.0\text{A}$ $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 175^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.50 1.90	2.00 -	V
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$	$V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{V}, I_F = 120.0\text{A}$ $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 175^\circ\text{C}$	- -	1.65 1.60	2.05 -	V
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{\text{GE}(\text{th})}$	$I_{\text{C}} = 1.90\text{mA}, V_{\text{CE}} = V_{\text{GE}}$	4.1	4.9	5.7	V
Zero gate voltage collector current	$I_{\text{CES}}$	$V_{\text{CE}} = 600\text{V}, V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{V}$ $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 175^\circ\text{C}$	- -	- 3000.0	40.0 -	$\mu\text{A}$
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{\text{GES}}$	$V_{\text{CE}} = 0\text{V}, V_{\text{GE}} = 20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	$g_{\text{fs}}$	$V_{\text{CE}} = 20\text{V}, I_{\text{C}} = 120.0\text{A}$	-	75.0	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	$r_G$			none		$\Omega$

**Electrical Characteristic, at  $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Dynamic Characteristic</b>						
Input capacitance	$C_{\text{ies}}$		-	7530	-	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{\text{oes}}$	$V_{\text{CE}} = 25\text{V}, V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$	-	446	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{\text{res}}$		-	206	-	
Gate charge	$Q_G$	$V_{\text{CC}} = 480\text{V}, I_{\text{C}} = 120.0\text{A}, V_{\text{GE}} = 15\text{V}$	-	772.0	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	$L_E$		-	13.0	-	nH
Short circuit collector current Max. 1000 short circuits Time between short circuits: $\geq 1.0\text{s}$	$I_{\text{C}(\text{SC})}$	$V_{\text{GE}} = 15.0\text{V}, V_{\text{CC}} \leq 400\text{V}, t_{\text{SC}} \leq 5\mu\text{s}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	846	-	A

**Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic, at <math>T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}</math></b>						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$ , $I_C = 120.0\text{A}$ , $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V}$ , $R_{G(on)} = 3.0\Omega$ , $R_{G(off)} = 3.0\Omega$ , $L\sigma = 63\text{nH}$ , $C\sigma = 31\text{pF}$ $L\sigma$ , $C\sigma$ from Fig. E	-	33	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$	Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	43	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	310	-	ns
Fall time	$t_f$		-	33	-	ns
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$		-	4.10	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	2.80	-	mJ
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	6.90	-	mJ

**Diode Characteristic, at  $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$** 

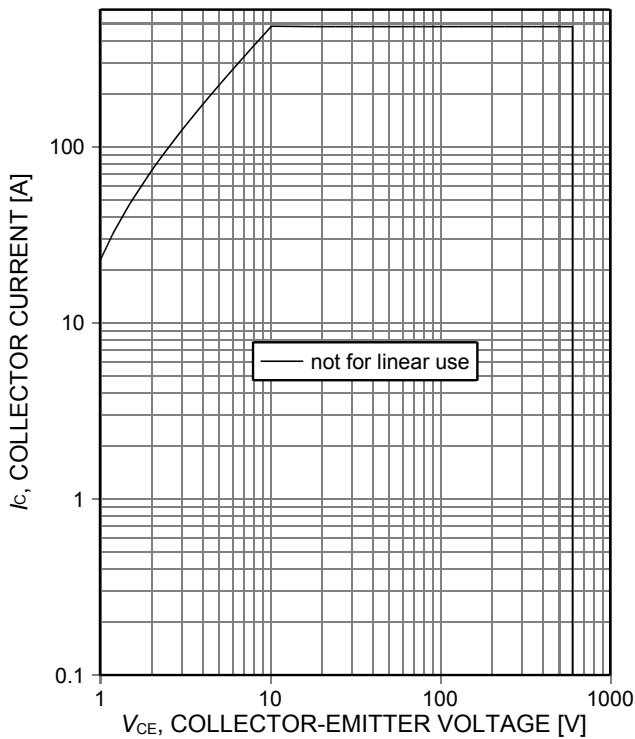
Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_R = 400\text{V}$ , $I_F = 120.0\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt = 1100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	280	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	3.50	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	25.0	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$di_{rr}/dt$		-	-500	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

**Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load**

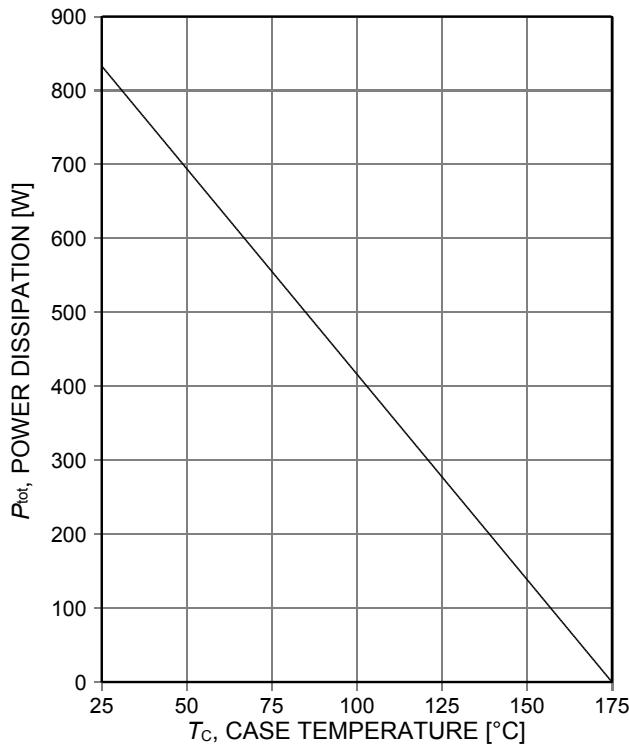
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic, at <math>T_{vj} = 175^\circ\text{C}</math></b>						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 175^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$ , $I_C = 120.0\text{A}$ , $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V}$ , $R_{G(on)} = 3.0\Omega$ , $R_{G(off)} = 3.0\Omega$ , $L\sigma = 63\text{nH}$ , $C\sigma = 31\text{pF}$ $L\sigma$ , $C\sigma$ from Fig. E	-	33	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$	Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	51	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	355	-	ns
Fall time	$t_f$		-	43	-	ns
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$		-	6.70	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	4.10	-	mJ
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	10.80	-	mJ

**Diode Characteristic, at  $T_{vj} = 175^\circ\text{C}$** 

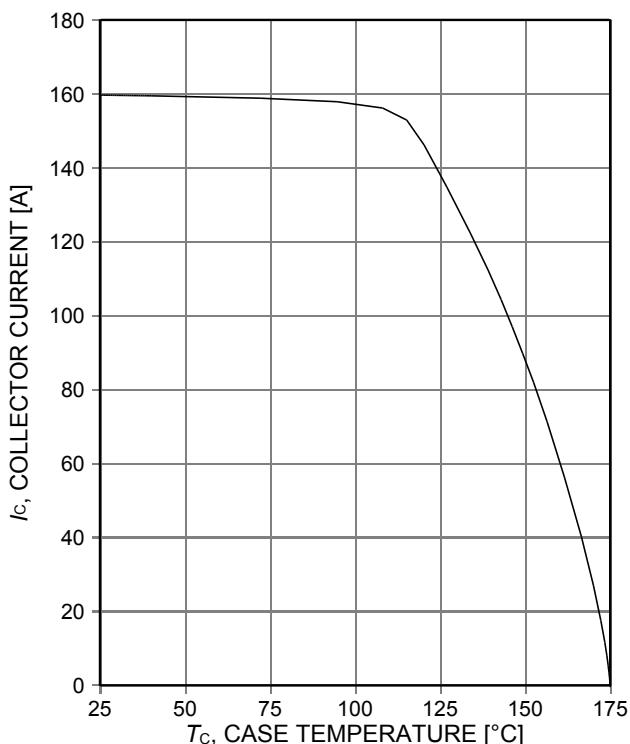
Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_{vj} = 175^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_R = 400\text{V}$ , $I_F = 120.0\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt = 1000\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	410	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	10.80	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	45.0	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$di_{rr}/dt$		-	-520	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$



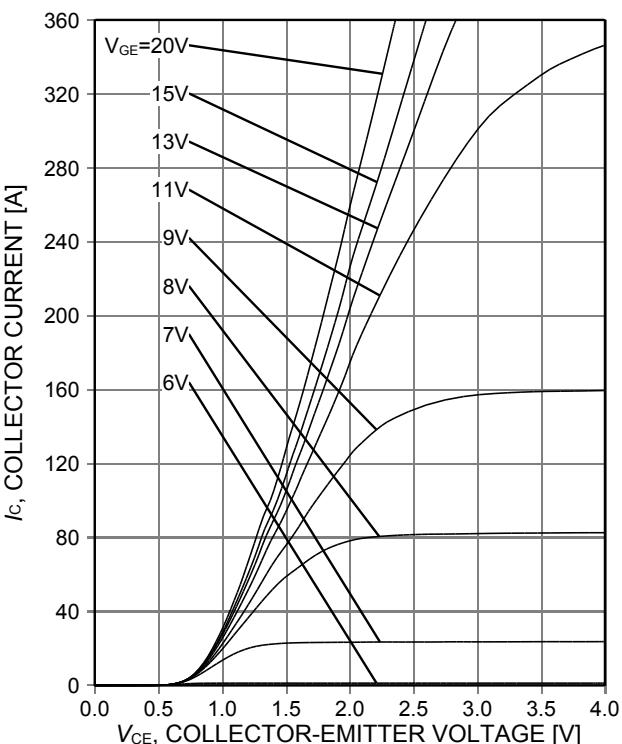
**Figure 1. Safe operating area**  
 $(D=0, T_c=25^\circ\text{C}, T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}, V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}, t_p=1\mu\text{s}.$  Proven by production test.)



**Figure 2. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**  
 $(T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$



**Figure 3. Collector current as a function of case temperature**  
 $(V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}, T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$



**Figure 4. Typical output characteristic**  
 $(T_j=25^\circ\text{C})$

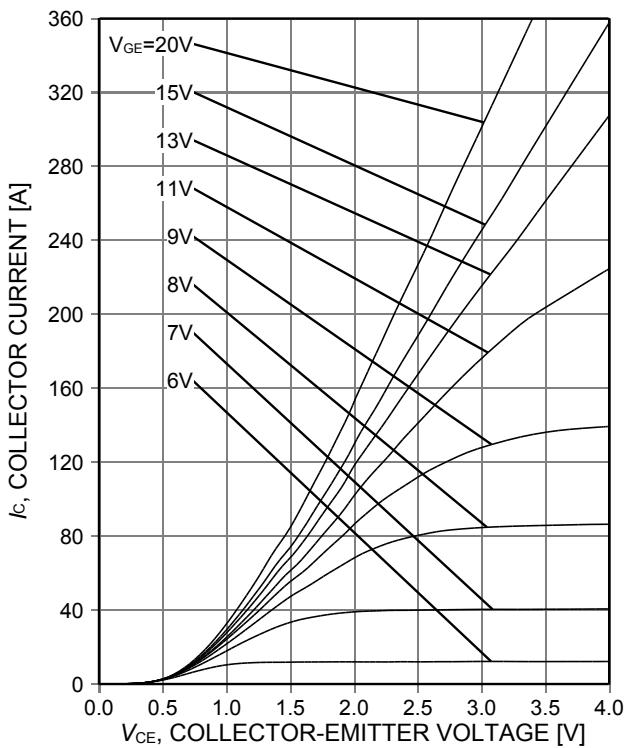


Figure 5. **Typical output characteristic**  
( $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ )

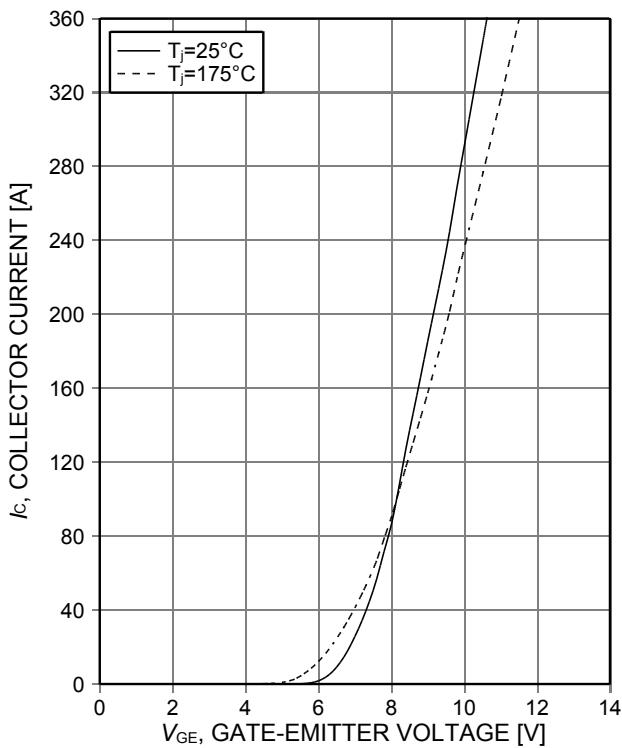


Figure 6. **Typical transfer characteristic**  
( $V_{CE}=20\text{V}$ )

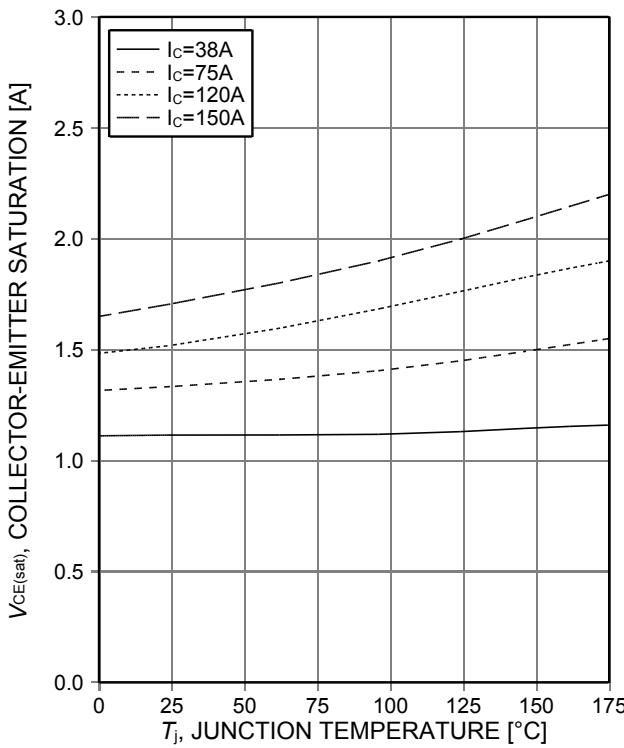


Figure 7. **Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature**  
( $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ )

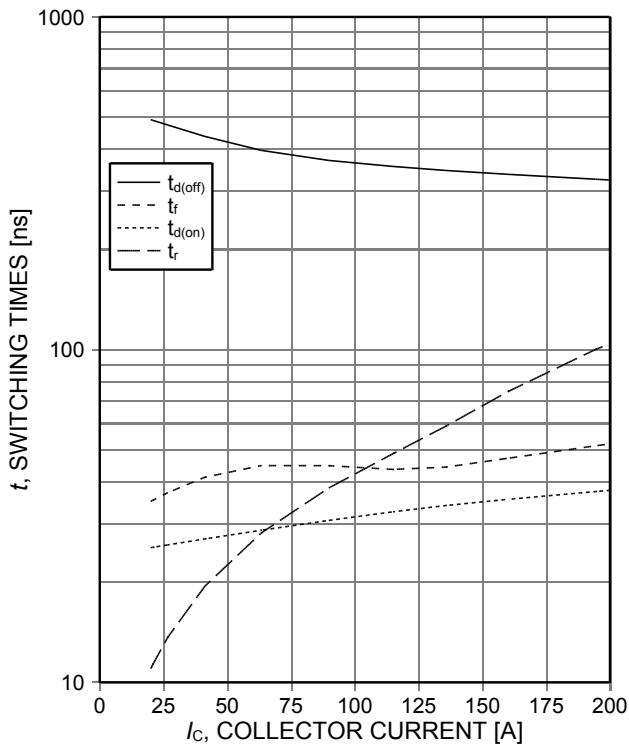


Figure 8. **Typical switching times as a function of collector current**  
(inductive load,  $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $r_G=3\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in  
Figure E)

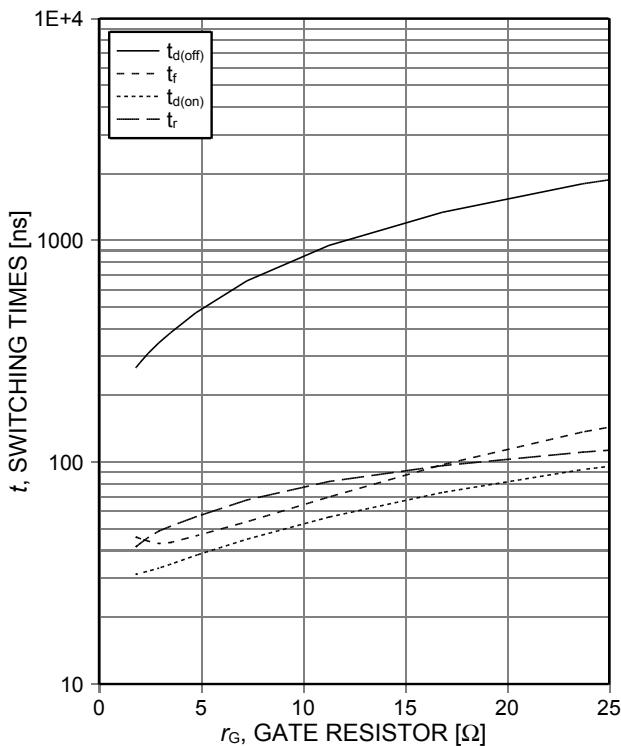


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

(inductive load,  $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $I_c=120\text{A}$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

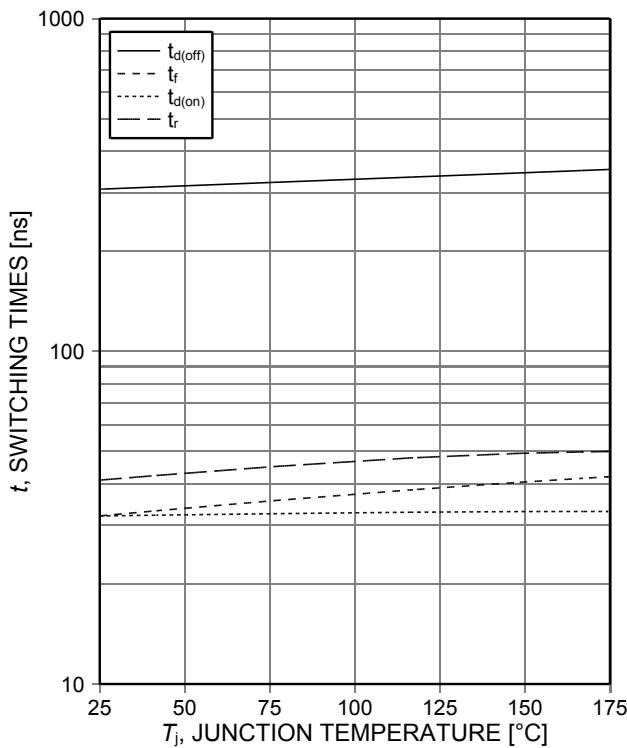


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature

(inductive load,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $I_c=120\text{A}$ ,  $r_G=3\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

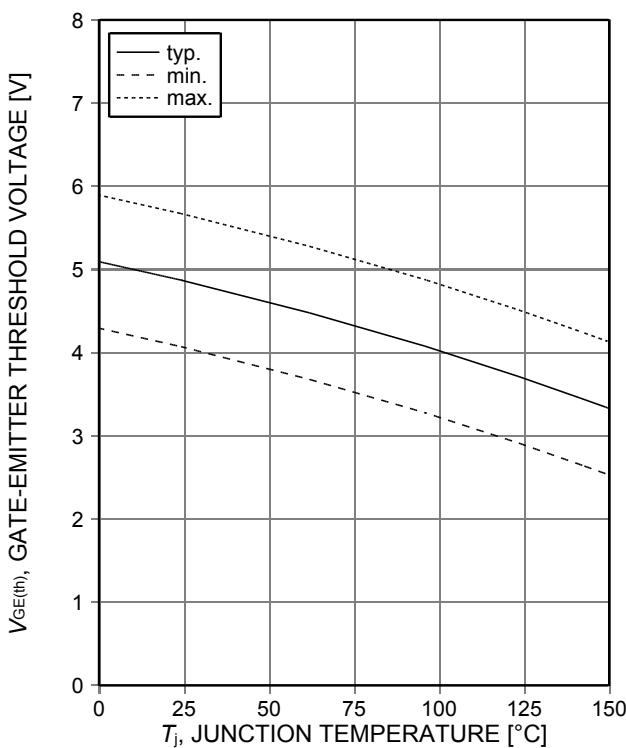


Figure 11. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature  
( $I_c=1,9\text{mA}$ )

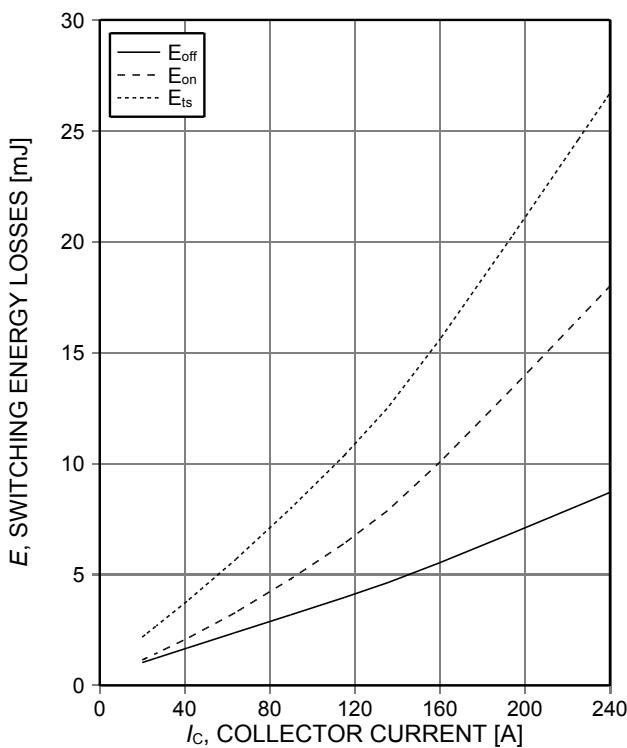


Figure 12. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current  
(inductive load,  $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $r_G=3\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

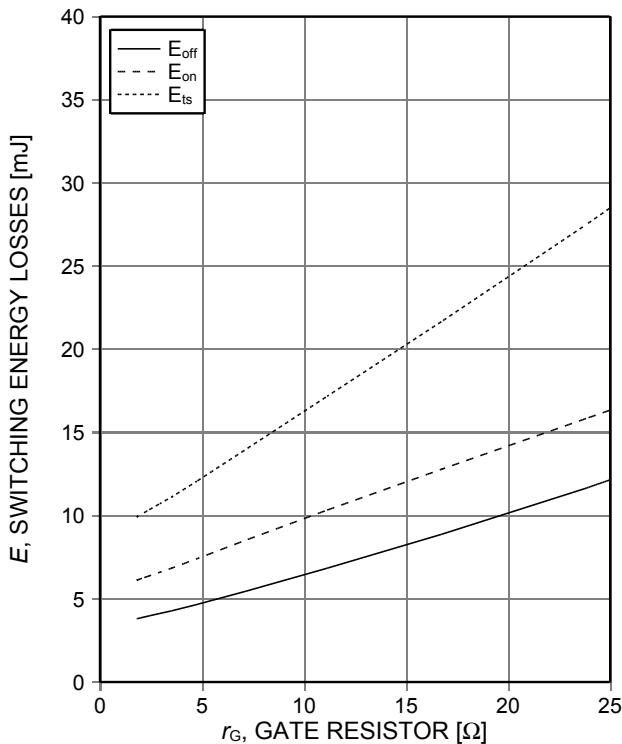


Figure 13. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**  
(inductive load,  $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $I_c=120\text{A}$ , Dynamic test circuit in  
Figure E)

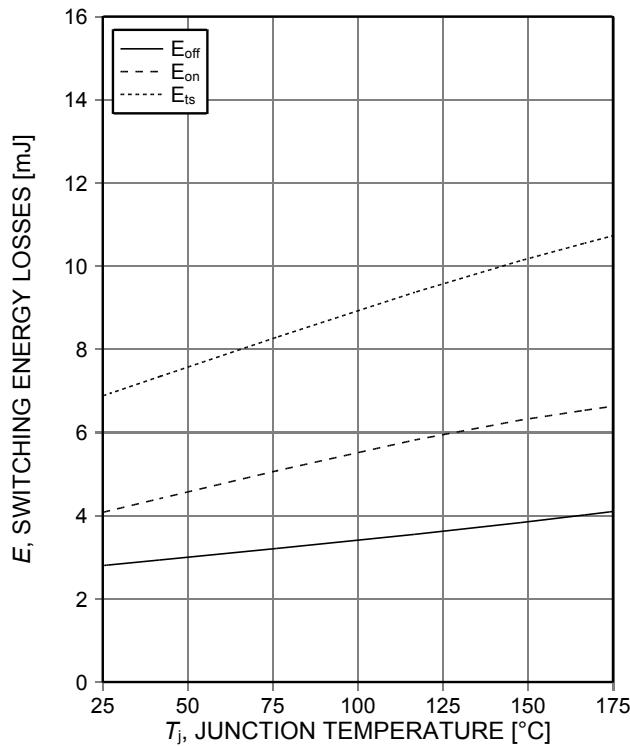


Figure 14. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**  
(inductive load,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  
 $I_c=120\text{A}$ ,  $r_G=3\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in  
Figure E)

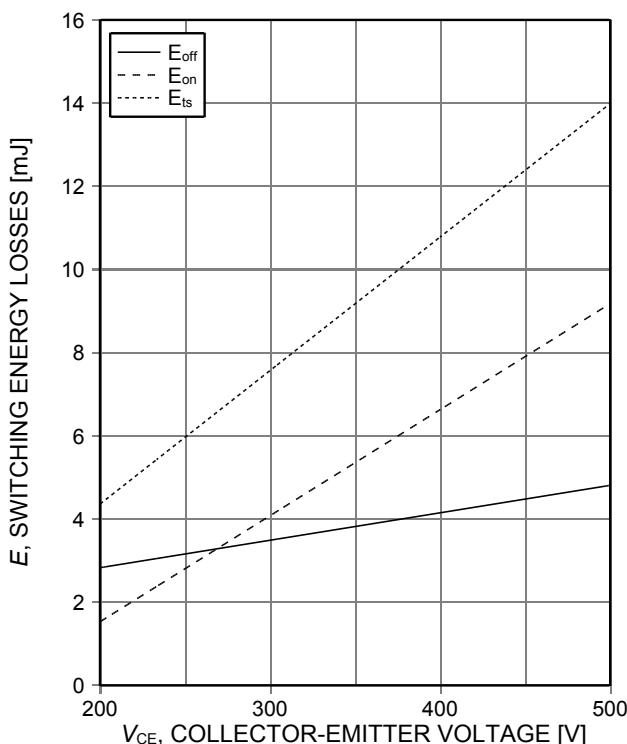


Figure 15. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector-emitter voltage**  
(inductive load,  $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  
 $I_c=120\text{A}$ ,  $R_G=3\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in  
Figure E)

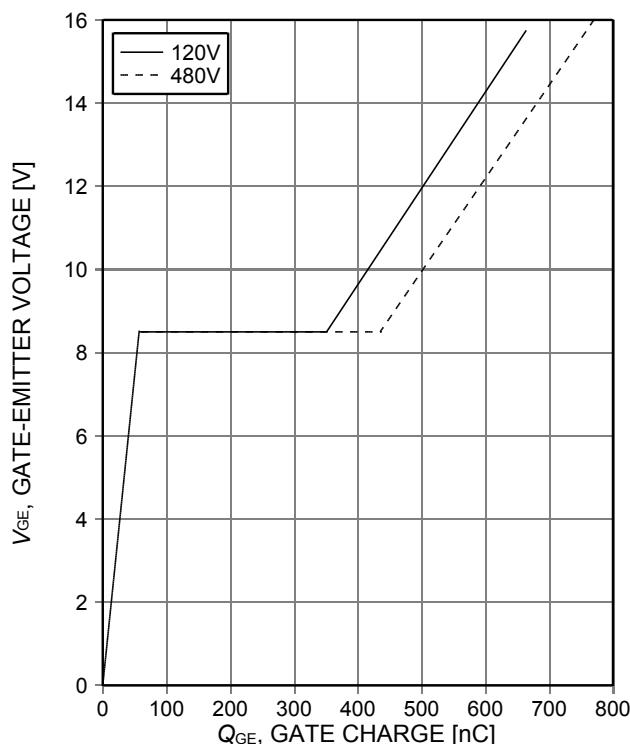
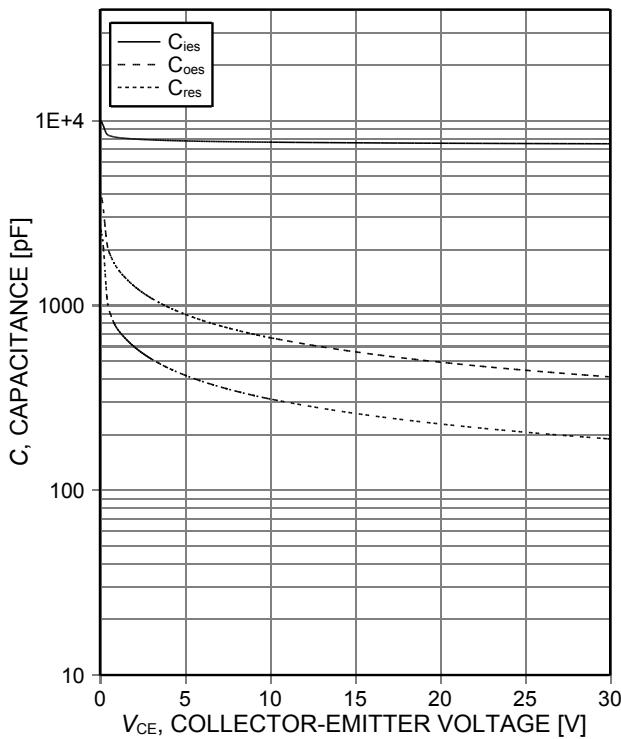
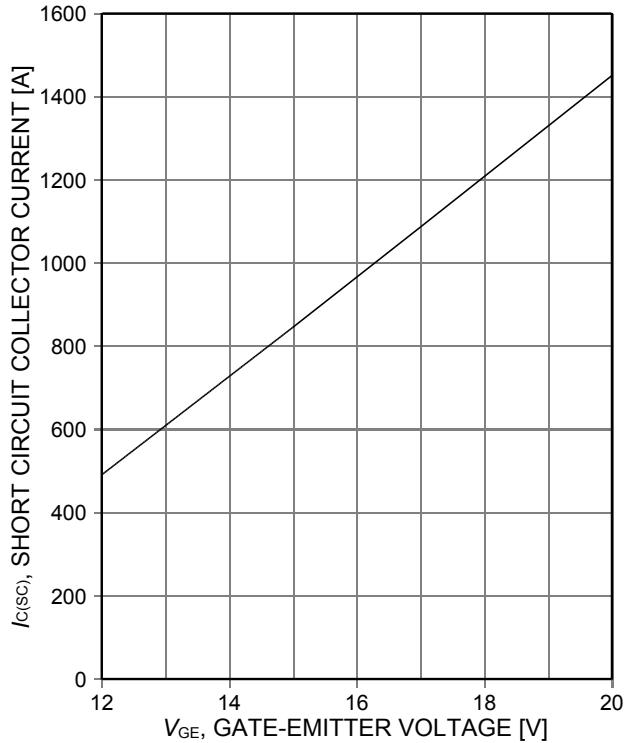


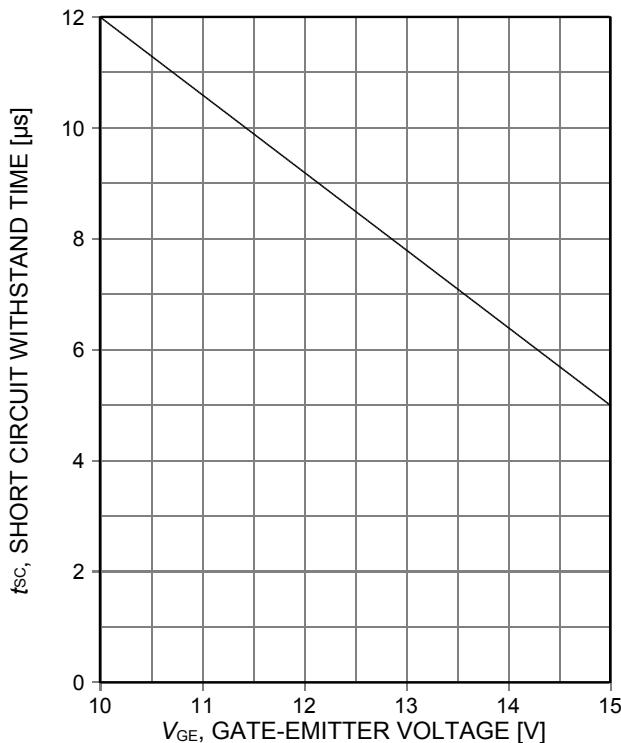
Figure 16. **Typical gate charge**  
( $I_c=120\text{A}$ )



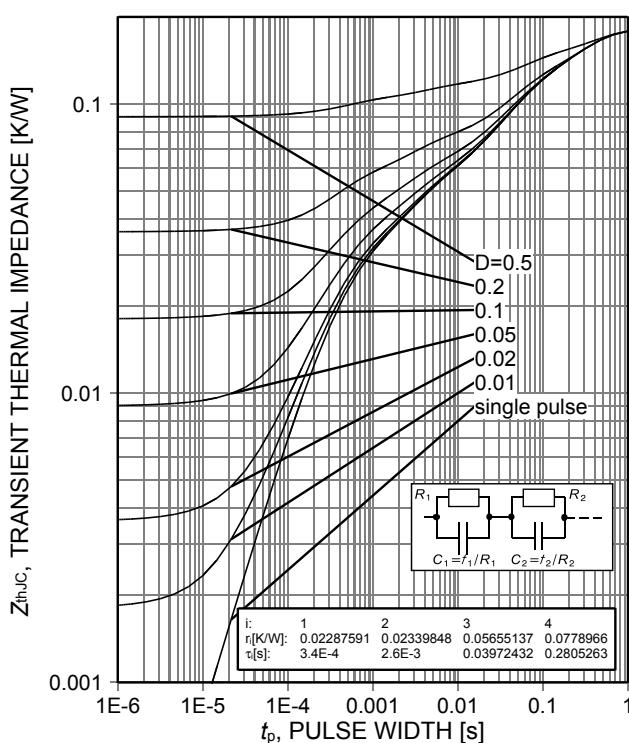
**Figure 17. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{GE}=0V$ ,  $f=1MHz$ )



**Figure 18. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{CE}\leq 400V$ , start at  $T_j\leq 150^{\circ}C$ )



**Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{CE}=400V$ , start at  $T_j=25^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_{jmax}\leq 150^{\circ}C$ )



**Figure 20. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width for different duty cycles  $D$**   
( $D=t_p/T$ )

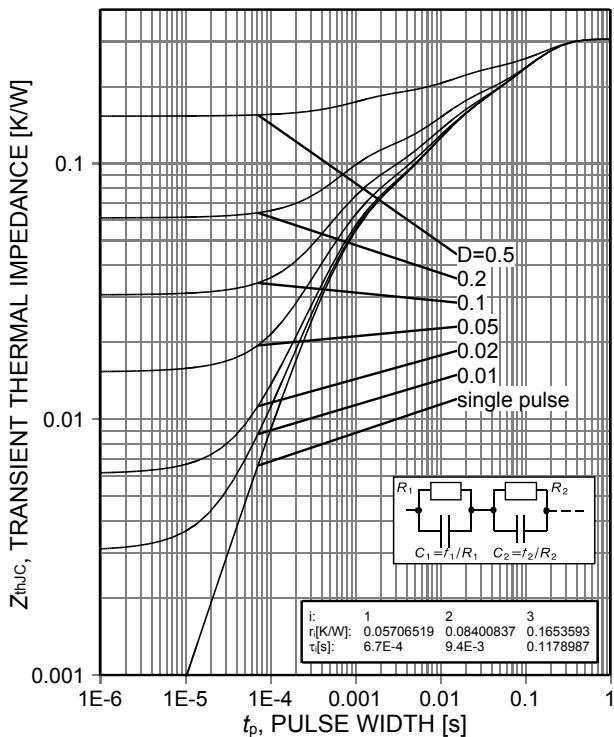


Figure 21. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width for different duty cycles  $D$   
( $D=t_p/T$ )

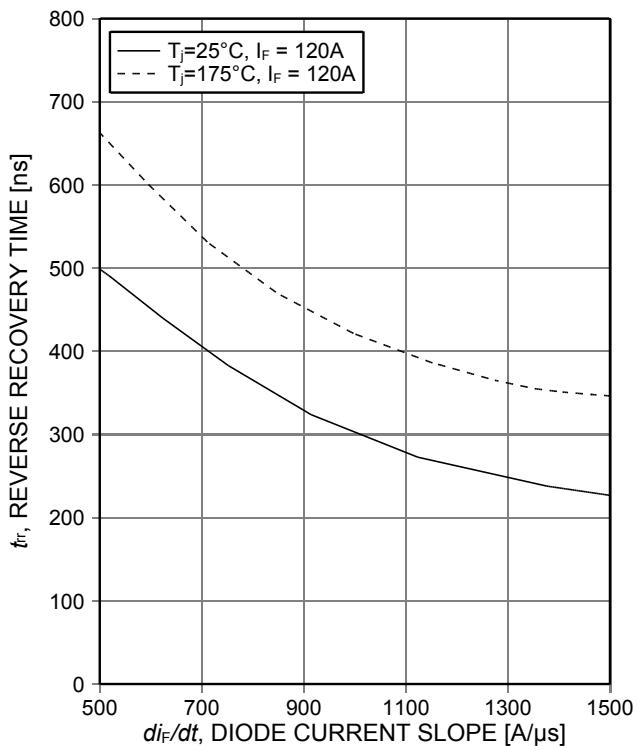


Figure 22. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope  
( $V_R=400\text{V}$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

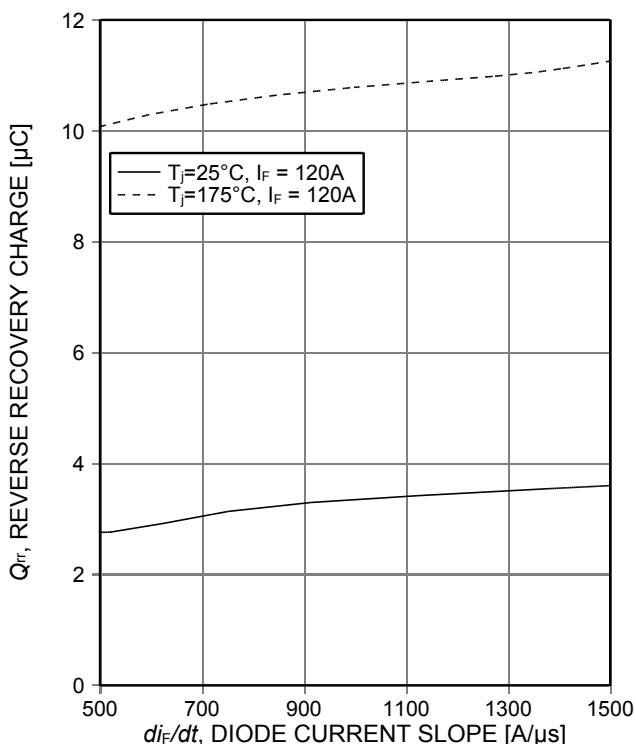


Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope  
( $V_R=400\text{V}$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

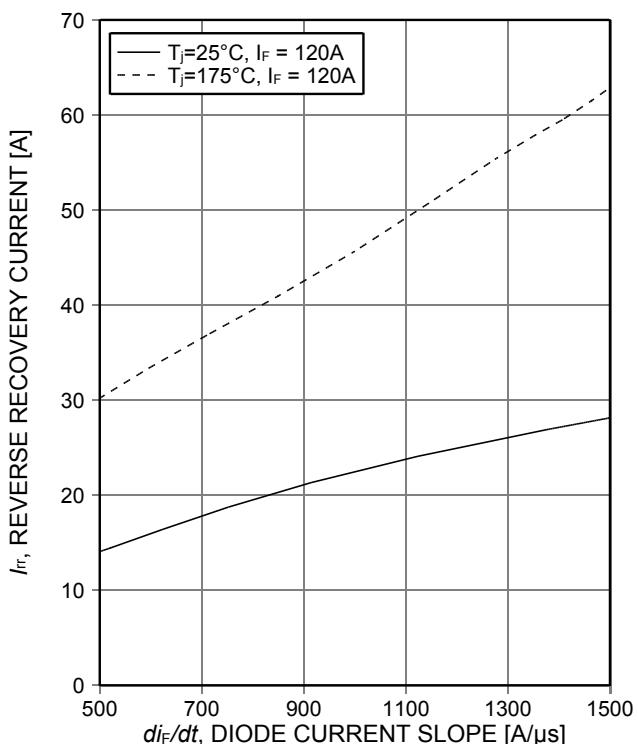


Figure 24. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope  
( $V_R=400\text{V}$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

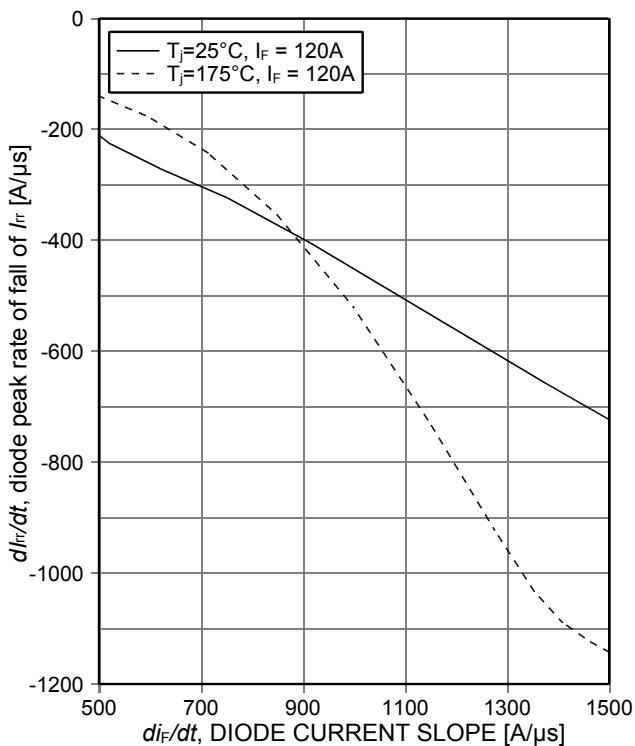


Figure 25. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope  
( $V_R=400\text{V}$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

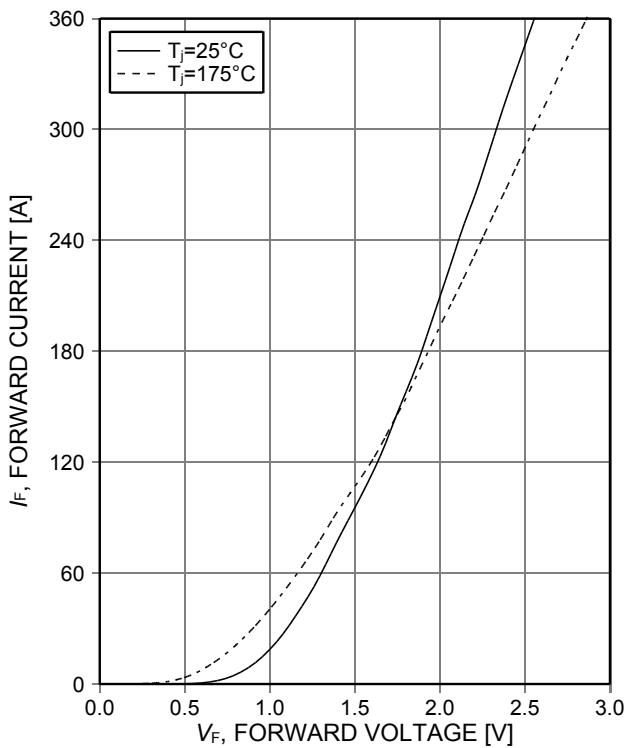


Figure 26. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

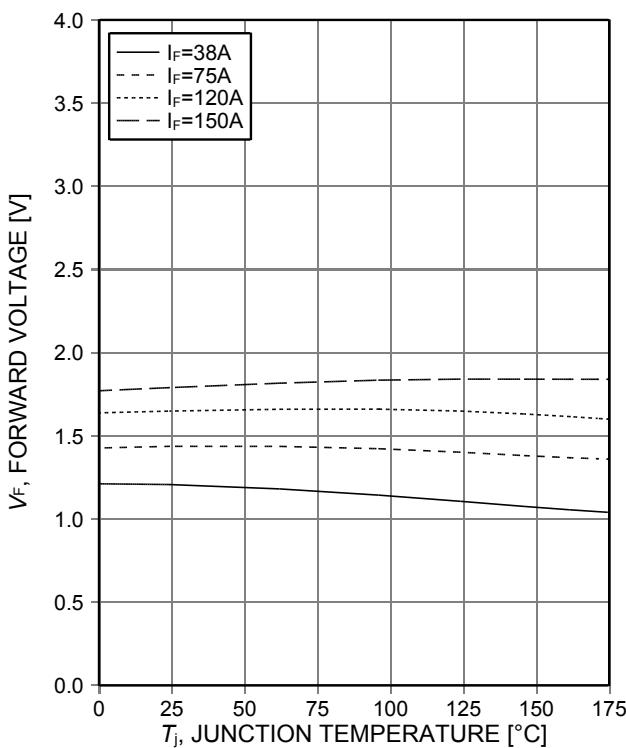
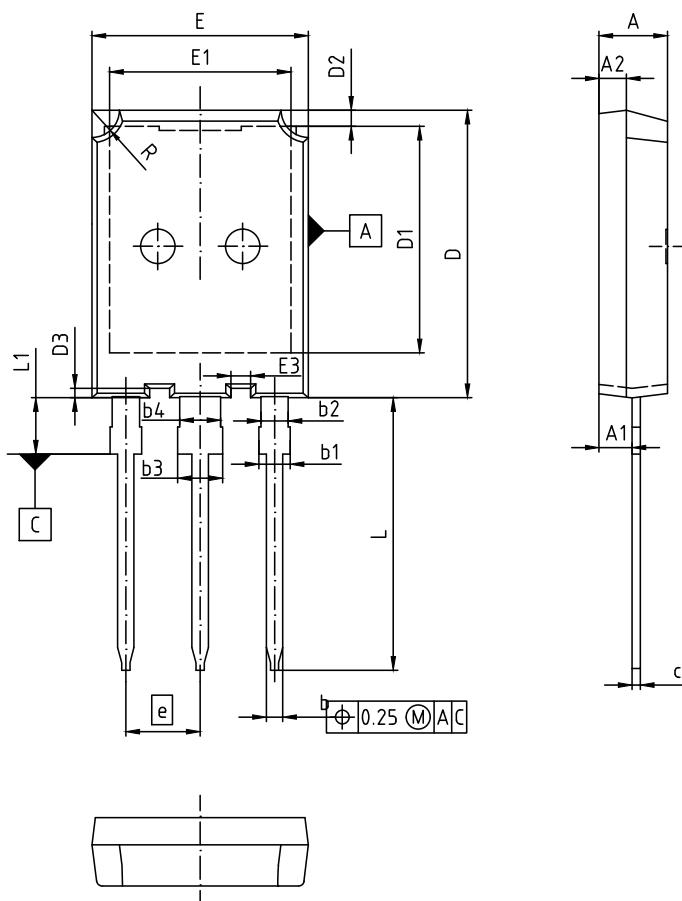


Figure 27. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

## PG-T0247-3-46



Mold Flash or Protrusions not included

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.90	5.10	0.193	0.201
A1	2.31	2.51	0.091	0.099
A2	1.90	2.10	0.075	0.083
b	1.16	1.26	0.046	0.050
b1	1.96	2.25	0.077	0.089
b2	1.96	2.06	0.077	0.081
b3	2.96	3.25	0.117	0.128
b4	2.96	3.06	0.117	0.120
c	0.59	0.66	0.023	0.026
D	20.90	21.10	0.823	0.831
D1	16.25	16.85	0.640	0.663
D2	1.05	1.35	0.041	0.053
D3	0.58	0.78	0.023	0.031
E	15.70	15.90	0.618	0.626
E1	13.10	13.50	0.516	0.531
E3	1.35	1.55	0.053	0.061
e	5.44 (BSC)		0.214 (BSC)	
N	3		3	
L	19.80	20.10	0.780	0.791
L1	-	4.30	-	0.169
R	1.90	2.10	0.075	0.083

DOCUMENT NO.
Z8B00174295
SCALE
0
0 5 5
7.5mm
EUROPEAN PROJECTION
ISSUE DATE
13-08-2014
REVISION
01

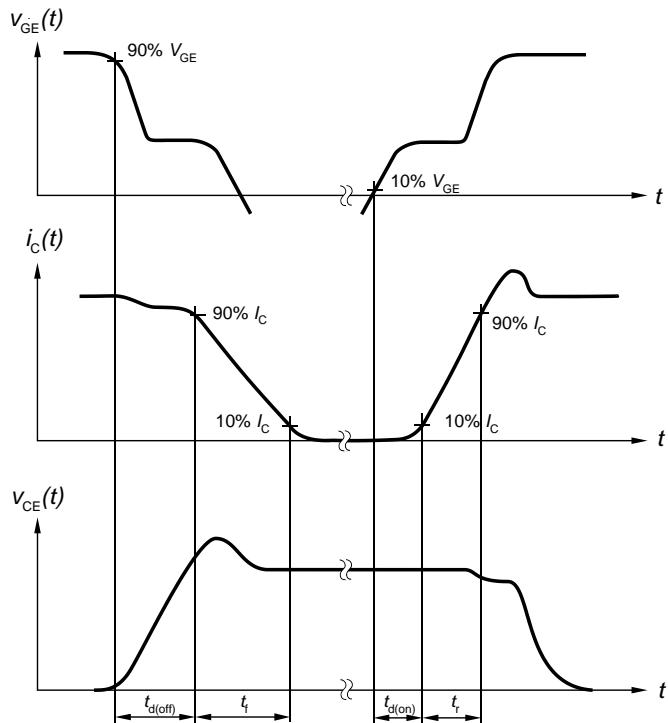


Figure A. Definition of switching times

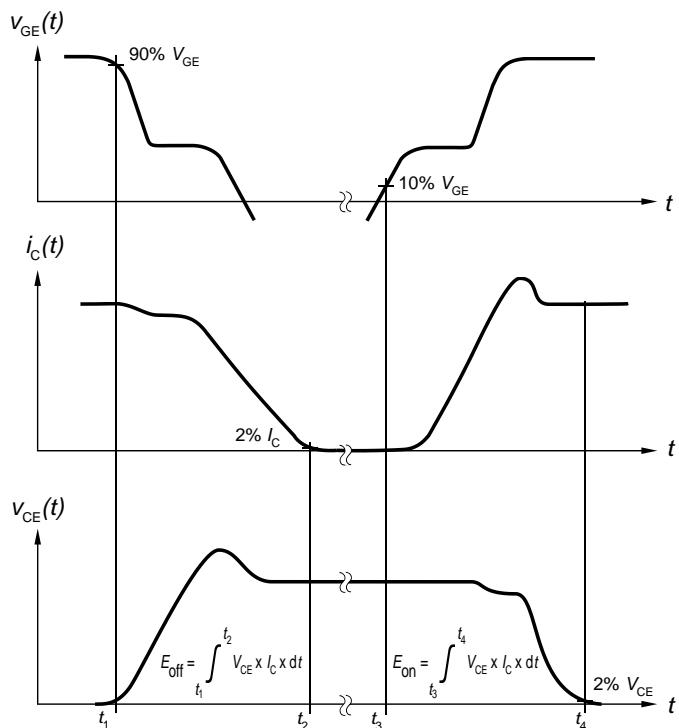


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

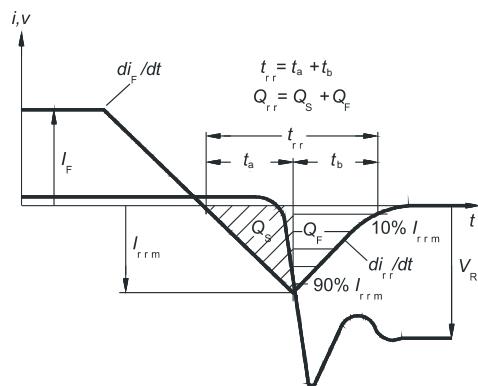


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

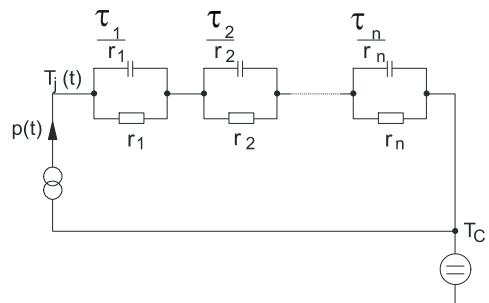


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

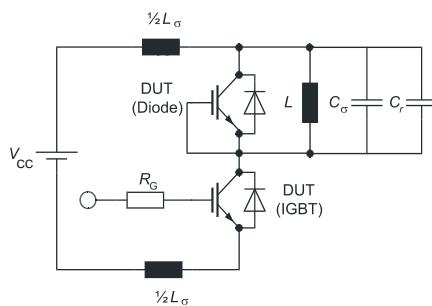


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit

Parasitic inductance  $L_\sigma$ ,  
parasitic capacitor  $C_\sigma$ ,  
relief capacitor  $C_r$   
(only for ZVT switching)

## Revision History

IKQ120N60TA

Revision: 2014-11-21, Rev. 2.2

## Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
1.1	2014-07-31	Preliminary data sheet
2.1	2014-10-17	Final data sheet
2.2	2014-11-21	Update of Transconductance gfs

## We Listen to Your Comments

Any information within this document that you feel is wrong, unclear or missing at all ?

Your feedback will help us to continuously improve the quality of this document.

Please send your proposal (including a reference to this document) to: erratum@infineon.com

## Published by

Infineon Technologies AG

81726 Munich, Germany

81726 München, Germany

© 2014 Infineon Technologies AG

All Rights Reserved.

## Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics.

With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

## Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office ([www.infineon.com](http://www.infineon.com)).

## Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.



**Стандарт  
Электрон  
Связь**

Мы молодая и активно развивающаяся компания в области поставок электронных компонентов. Мы поставляем электронные компоненты отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших складов мира.

Благодаря сотрудничеству с мировыми поставщиками мы осуществляем комплексные и плановые поставки широчайшего спектра электронных компонентов.

Собственная эффективная логистика и склад в обеспечивает надежную поставку продукции в точно указанные сроки по всей России.

Мы осуществляем техническую поддержку нашим клиентам и предпродажную проверку качества продукции. На все поставляемые продукты мы предоставляем гарантию .

Осуществляем поставки продукции под контролем ВП МО РФ на предприятия военно-промышленного комплекса России , а также работаем в рамках 275 ФЗ с открытием отдельных счетов в уполномоченном банке. Система менеджмента качества компании соответствует требованиям ГОСТ ISO 9001.

Минимальные сроки поставки, гибкие цены, неограниченный ассортимент и индивидуальный подход к клиентам являются основой для выстраивания долгосрочного и эффективного сотрудничества с предприятиями радиоэлектронной промышленности, предприятиями ВПК и научно-исследовательскими институтами России.

С нами вы становитесь еще успешнее!

**Наши контакты:**

**Телефон:** +7 812 627 14 35

**Электронная почта:** [sales@st-electron.ru](mailto:sales@st-electron.ru)

**Адрес:** 198099, Санкт-Петербург,  
Промышленная ул, дом № 19, литер Н,  
помещение 100-Н Офис 331