



Atmel CryptoMemory

SUMMARY DATASHEET

Features

- One of a family of devices with user memories from 1-Kbit to 8-Kbits
- 8-Kbit (1-Kbyte) EEPROM user memory
 - Eight 1-Kbit (128-byte) zones
 - Self-timed write cycle
 - Single byte or 16-byte page write mode
 - Programmable access rights for each zone
- 2-Kbit configuration zone
 - 37-byte OTP (One-Time Programmable) area for user-defined codes
 - 160-byte area for user-defined keys and passwords
- High security features
 - 64-bit mutual authentication protocol (under license of ELVA)
 - Cryptographic Message Authentication Codes (MAC)
 - Stream encryption
 - Four key sets for authentication and encryption
 - Eight sets of two 24-bit passwords
 - Anti-tearing function
 - · Voltage and frequency monitors
- Smart card features
 - ISO 7816 Class B (3V) operation
 - ISO 7816-3 asynchronous T=0 Protocol (Gemplus[®] Patent) *
 - Multiple zones, key sets and passwords for multi-application use
 - Synchronous 2-wire serial interface for faster device initialization *
 - Programmable 8-byte answer-to-reset register (ATR)
 - ISO 7816-2 compliant modules
- Embedded application features
 - Low voltage supply: 2.7V 3.6V
 - Secure nonvolatile storage for sensitive system or user information
 - 2-wire serial interface (TWI, 5V compatible)
 - 1.0MHz compatibility for fast operation
 - Standard 8-lead plastic packages, green compliant (exceeds RoHS)
 - Same pin configuration as Atmel[®] AT24CXXX Serial EEPROM in SOIC and PDIP packages
- High reliability

Endurance: 100,000 cyclesData retention: 10 yearsESD protection: 2,000V min

* Note: Modules available with either T=0 / 2-wire modes or 2-wire mode only

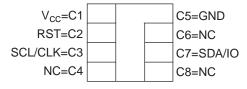
This is a summary document. The complete document is available on the Atmel website at www.atmel.com.

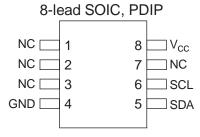
Table 1. Pin Assignments

Pad	Description	ISO Module	TWI Module	"SOIC, PDIP"	TSSOP	Mini-MAP
Vcc	Supply Voltage	C1	C1	8	8	4
GND	Ground	C5	C5	4	1	5
SCL/CLK	Serial Clock Input	СЗ	С3	6	6	2
SDA/IO	Serial Data Input/Output	C7	C7	5	3	7
RST	Reset Input	C2	NC	NC	NC	NC

Pin Configuration

ISO Smart Card Module

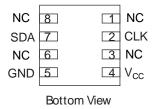




8-lead TSSOP



8-lead Ultra Thin Mini-MAP (MLP 2x3)



TWI Smart Card Module

V _{CC} =C1		C5=GND
NC=C2		C6=NC
SCL/CLK=C3		C7=SDA/IO
NC=C4		C8=NC

1. Description

The Atmel AT88SC0808CA member of the Atmel CryptoMemory[®] family is a high-performance secure memory providing 8-Kbit of user memory with advanced security and cryptographic features built in. The user memory is divided into eight 128-byte zones, each of which may be individually set with different security access rights or effectively combined together to provide space for one to eight data files. The AT88SC0808CA features an enhanced command set that allows direct communication with microcontroller hardware 2-wire interface thereby allowing for faster firmware development with reduced code space requirements.

1.1 Smart Card Applications

The AT88SC0808CA provides high security, low cost, and ease of implementation without the need for a microprocessor operating system. The embedded cryptographic engine provides for dynamic, symmetric-mutual authentication between the device and host, as well as performing stream encryption for all data and passwords exchanged between the device and host. Up to four unique key sets may be used for these operations. The AT88SC0808CA offers the ability to communicate with virtually any smart card reader using the asynchronous T = 0 protocol (Gemplus Patent) defined in ISO 7816-3.

1.2 Embedded Applications

Through dynamic, symmetric-mutual authentication, data encryption, and the use of cryptographic Message Authentication Codes (MAC), the AT88SC0808CA provides a secure place for storage of sensitive information within a system. With its tamper detection circuits, this information remains safe even under attack. A 2-wire serial interface running at speeds up to 1.0MHz provides fast and efficient communications with up to 15 individually addressable devices. The AT88SC0808CA is available in industry standard 8-lead packages with the same familiar pin configuration as Atmel AT24CXXX Serial EEPROM devices.

Note: Does not apply to either the TSSOP or the Ultra Thin Mini-Map pinouts

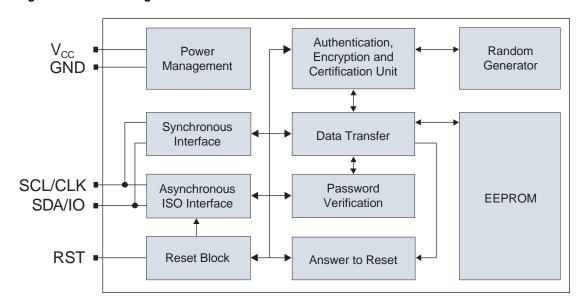
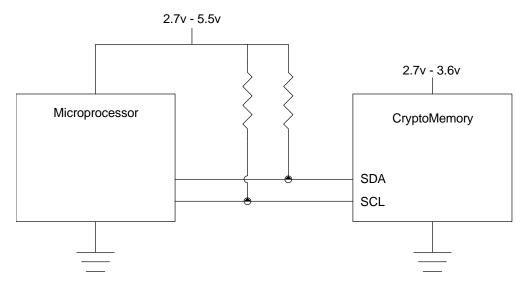


Figure 1-1. Block Diagram



2. Connection Diagram

Figure 2-1. Connection Diagram



3. Pin Descriptions

3.1 Supply Voltage (V_{cc})

The V_{CC} input is a 2.7V to 3.6V positive voltage supplied by the host.

3.2 Clock (SCL/CLK)

When using the asynchronous T = 0 protocol, the CLK (SCL) input provides the device with a carrier frequency f. The nominal length of one bit emitted on I/O is defined as an "elementary time unit" (ETU) and is equal to 372/f.

When using the synchronous protocol, data clocking is done on the positive edge of the clock when writing to the device and on the negative edge of the clock when reading from the device.

3.3 Reset (RST)

The AT88SC0808CA provides an ISO 7816-3 compliant asynchronous answer-to-reset (ATR) sequence. Upon activation of the reset sequence, the device outputs bytes contained in the 64-bit ATR register. An internal pull-up on the RST input pad allows the device to operate in synchronous mode without bonding RST. The AT88SC0808CA does not support an ATR sequence in the synchronous mode of operation.

3.4 Serial Data (SDA/IO)

The SDA/IO pin is bidirectional for serial data transfer. This pin is open-drain driven and may be wired with any number of other open-drain or open-collector devices. An external pull-up resistor should be connected between SDA/IO and V_{CC} . The value of this resistor and the system capacitance loading the SDA/IO bus will determine the rise time of SDA/IO. This rise time will determine the maximum frequency during read operations. Low value pull-up resistors will allow higher frequency operations while drawing higher average power supply current. SDA/IO information applies to both asynchronous and synchronous protocols.



4. Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Operating temperature40°C to +85°C
Storage temperature65°C to + 150°C
Voltage on any pin with respect to ground 0.7 to V _{CC} +0.7V
Maximum operating voltage 4.0V
DC output current 5.0mA

*Notice:

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect device reliability.

Table 4-1. DC Characteristics

Applicable over recommended operating range from $V_{CC} = +2.7$ to 3.6V, $T_{AC} = -40^{\circ}$ C to $+85^{\circ}$ C (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V _{CC} ⁽¹⁾	Supply Voltage		2.7		3.6	V
Icc	Supply Current	Async Read at 3.57MHz			5	mA
Icc	Supply Current	Async Write at 3.57MHz			5	mA
Icc	Supply Current	Synch Read at 1MHz			5	mA
I _{CC}	Supply Current	Synch Write at 1MHz			5	mA
I _{SB}	Standby Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND			100	μΑ
V _{IL}	SDA/IO Input Low Voltage		0		V _{CC} x 0.2	V
V _{IL}	CLK Input Low Voltage		0		V _{CC} x 0.2	V
V _{IL}	RST Input Low Voltage		0		V _{CC} x 0.2	V
V _{IH} ⁽¹⁾	SDA/IO Input High Voltage		V _{CC} x 0.7		5.5	V
V _{IH} ⁽¹⁾	SCL/CLK Input High Voltage		V _{CC} x 0.7		5.5	V
V _{IH} ⁽¹⁾	RST Input High Voltage		V _{CC} x 0.7		5.5	V
I _{IL}	SDA/IO Input Low Current	$0 < V_{IL} < V_{CC} \times 0.15$			15	μΑ
I _{IL}	SCL/CLK Input Low Current	$0 < V_{IL} < V_{CC} \times 0.15$			15	μΑ
I _{IL}	RST Input Low Current	$0 < V_{IL} < V_{CC} \times 0.15$			50	μΑ
I _{IH}	SDA/IO Input High Current	V _{CC} x 0.7 < V _{IH} < V _{CC}			20	μΑ
I _{IH}	SCL/CLK Input High Current	V _{CC} x 0.7 < V _{IH} < V _{CC}			100	μА
I _{IH}	RST Input High Current	$V_{CC} \times 0.7 < V_{IH} < V_{CC}$			150	μΑ
V _{OH}	SDA/IO Output High Voltage	20K ohm external pull-up	V _{CC} x 0.7		Vcc	V
V _{OL}	SDA/IO Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 1mA	0		V _{CC} x 0.15	V
I _{OH}	SDA/IO Output High Current	V _{OH}			20	μΑ
I _{OL}	SDA/IO Output Low Current	V _{OL}			10	mA

Note: 1. To prevent latch up conditions from occurring during power up of the AT88SC0808CA, V_{CC} must be turned on before applying V_{IH}. For powering down, V_{IH} must be removed before turning V_{CC} off.



Table 4-2. AC Characteristics

Applicable over recommended operating range from V_{CC} = +2.7 to 3.6V, T_{AC} = -40°C to +85°C, CL = 30pF (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
f _{CLK}	Async Clock Frequency	1	4	MHz
f _{CLK}	Synch Clock Frequency	0	1	MHz
	Clock Duty cycle	40	60	%
t _R	"Rise Time - SDA/IO, RST"		1	μS
t _F	"Fall Time - SDA/IO, RST"		1	μS
t _R	Rise Time - SCL/CLK		9% x period	μS
t _F	Fall Time - SCL/CLK		9% x period	μS
t _{AA}	Clock Low to Data Out Valid		250	nS
t _{HD.STA}	Start Hold Time	200		nS
t _{SU.STA}	Start Set-up Time	200		nS
t _{HD.DAT}	Data In Hold Time	10		nS
t _{SU.DAT}	Data In Set-up Time	100		nS
t _{SU.STO}	Stop Set-up Time	200		nS
t _{DH}	Data Out Hold Time	20		nS
t _{WR}	Write Cycle Time		5	mS

5. Device Operations for Synchronous Protocols

5.1 Clock and Data Transitions

The SDA pin is normally pulled high with an external device. Data on the SDA pin may change only during SCL low time periods (see Figure 5-3 on page 8). Data changes during SCL high periods will indicate a start or stop condition as defined below.

5.1.1 Start condition

A high-to-low transition of SDA with SCL high defines a start condition which must precede all commands (see Figure 5-4 on page 8).

5.1.2 Stop condition

A low-to-high transition of SDA with SCL high defines a stop condition. After a read sequence, the stop condition will place the EEPROM in a standby power mode (see Figure 5-4 on page 8).

5.1.3 Acknowledge

All addresses and data words are serially transmitted to and from the EEPROM in 8-bit words. The EEPROM sends a zero to acknowledge that it has received each word. This happens during the ninth clock cycle (see Figure 5-5 on page 8).



5.2 Memory Reset

After an interruption in communication due protocol errors, power loss or any reason, perform "Acknowledge Polling" to properly recover from the condition. Acknowledge polling consists of sending a start condition followed by a valid CryptoMemory command byte and determining if the device responded with an acknowledge.

Figure 5-1. Bus Time for 2-wire Serial Communications

SCL: Serial Clock, SDA: Serial Data I/O

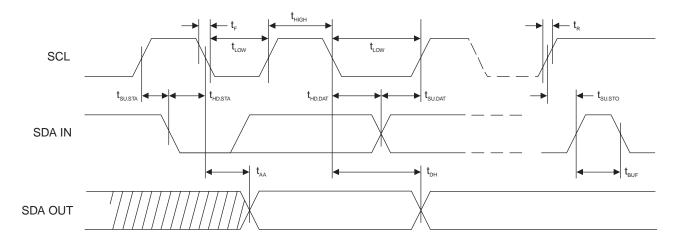
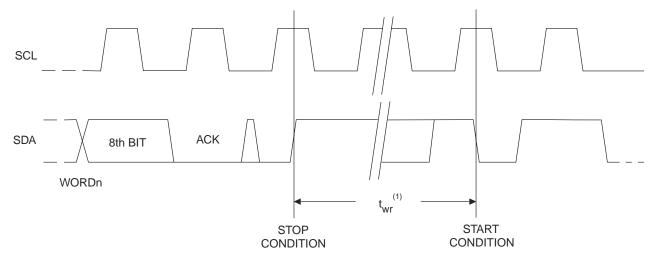


Figure 5-2. Write Cycle Timing

SCL: Serial Clock, SDA: Serial Data I/O



Note: The write cycle time t_{WR} is the time from a valid stop condition of a write sequence to the end of the internal clear/write cycle



Figure 5-3. Data Validity

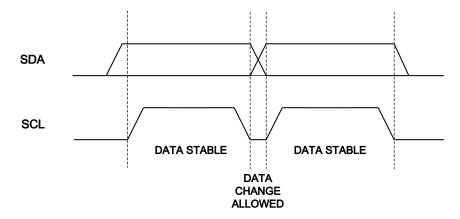


Figure 5-4. START and STOP Definitions

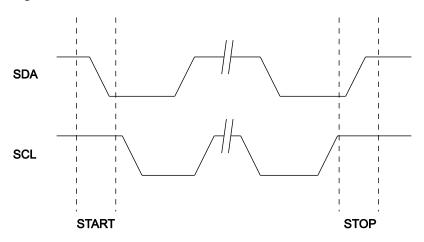
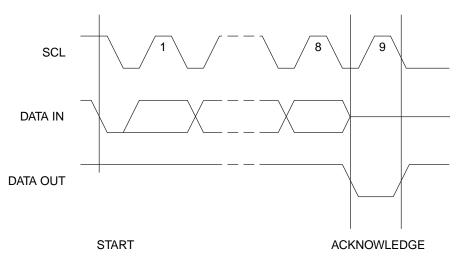


Figure 5-5. Output Acknowledge



6. Device Architecture

6.1 User Zones

The EEPROM user memory is divided into eight zones of 1-Kbit each. Multiple zones allow for storage of different types of data or files in different zones. Access to user zones is permitted only after meeting proper security requirements. These security requirements are user definable in the configuration memory during device personalization. If the same security requirements are selected for multiple zones, then these zones may effectively be accessed as one larger zone.

Figure 6-1. User Zones

Zone		\$0	\$1	\$2	\$3	\$4	\$5	\$6	\$7			
	\$00											
Haan O	-		128 bytes									
User 0	-											
	\$78											
User 1	\$00											
-	-											
-												
-	-											
User 8	\$78											
	\$00											
	-				128	oytes						
User 2	-											
	\$78											

7. Control Logic

Access to the user zones occur only through the control logic built into the device. This logic is configurable through access registers, key registers and keys programmed into the configuration memory during device personalization. Also implemented in the control logic is a cryptographic engine for performing the various higher-level security functions of the device.



8. Configuration Memory

The configuration memory consists of 2048 bits of EEPROM memory used for storage of passwords, keys, codes, and also used for definition of security access rights for the user zones. Access rights to the configuration memory are defined in the control logic and are not alterable by the user after completion of personalization.

Figure 8-1. Configuration Memory

	\$0	\$1	\$2	\$3	\$4	\$ 5	\$6	\$7	
\$00			Identifitcation						
\$08	Fab	Code	de	identification					
\$10				Lot Histo	ory Code				Read Only
\$18	DCR			Identifi	cation Num	ber Nc			
\$20	AR0	PR0	AR1	PR1	AR2	PR2	AR3	PR3	
\$28	AR4	PR4	AR5	PR5	AR6	PR6	AR7	PR7	
\$30				Poor	erved				Access Control
\$38				Kese	erveu				
\$40				lecuor	· Code				
\$48				155061	Code				
\$50									
\$58									
\$60									
\$68			For Auth	entication	and Energy	ation use			Cryptography
\$70	For Authentication and Encryption use								Cryptography
\$78									
\$80									
\$88									
\$90									
\$98			For Auth	entication	and Encryp	ntion use			Secret
\$A0			I OI Add	ientication	and Energy	nion ase			George
\$A8					ı				
\$B0	PAC		Write 0		PAC		Read 0		
\$B8	PAC		Write 1		PAC		Read 1		
\$C0	PAC		Write 2		PAC		Read 2		
\$C8	PAC		Write 3		PAC		Read 3		Password
\$D0	PAC		Write 4		PAC		Read 4		i asswuiu
\$D8	PAC		Write 5		PAC		Read 5		
\$E0	PAC		Write 6		PAC		Read 6		
\$E8	PAC		Write 7		PAC		Read 7		
\$F0				Rese	erved				Forbidden
\$F8	Reserved						i orbidueri		

9. Security Fuses

There are three fuses on the device that must be blown during the device personalization process. Each fuse locks certain portions of the configuration zone as OTP (One-Time Programmable) memory. Fuses are designed for the module manufacturer, card manufacturer and card issuer and should be blown in sequence, although all programming of the device and blowing of the fuses may be performed at one final step.

10. Communication Security Modes

Communications between the device and host operate in three basic modes. Standard mode is the default mode for the device after power-up. Authentication mode is activated by a successful authentication sequence. Encryption mode is activated by a successful encryption activation following a successful authentication.

Table 10-1. Communication Security Modes⁽¹⁾

Mode	Configuration Data	User Data	Passwords	Data Integrity Check
Standard	Clear	Clear	Clear	MDC ⁽¹⁾
Authentication	Clear	Clear	Encrypted	MAC ⁽¹⁾
Encryption	Clear	Encrypted	Encrypted	MAC ⁽¹⁾

Note: 1. Configuration data include viewable areas of the configuration zone except the passwords:

MDC: Modification Detection CodeMAC: Message Authentication Code

11. Security Options

11.1 Anti-Tearing

In the event of a power loss during a write cycle, the integrity of the device's stored data is recoverable. This function is optional: the host may choose to activate the anti-tearing function, depending on application requirements. When anti-tearing is active, write commands take longer to execute, since more write cycles are required to complete them, and data is limited to a maximum of eight bytes for each write request.

Data is written first into a buffer zone in EEPROM instead of the intended destination address, but with the same access conditions. The data is then written in the required location. If this second write cycle is interrupted due to a power loss, the device will automatically recover the data from the system buffer zone at the next power-up. Non-volatile buffering of the data is done automatically by the device.

During power-up in applications using anti-tearing, the host is required to perform ACK polling in the event that the device needs to carry out the data recovery process.

11.2 Write Lock

If a user zone is configured in the write lock mode, the lowest address byte of an 8-byte page constitutes a write access byte for the bytes of that page.

Example: The write lock byte at \$080 controls the bytes from \$081 to \$087

Figure 11-1. Write Lock Example

Address	\$0	\$1	\$2	\$3	\$4	\$5	\$6	\$7
\$080	11011001	xxxx xxxx						
		locked	locked			locked		



The write lock byte itself may be locked by writing its least significant (rightmost) bit to "0". Moreover, when write lock mode is activated, the write lock byte can only be programmed – that is, bits written to "0" cannot return to "1".

In the write lock configuration, write operations are limited to writing only one byte at a time. Attempts to write more than one byte will result in writing of just the first byte into the device.

11.3 Password Verification

Passwords may be used to protect read and/or write access of any user zone. When a valid password is presented, it is memorized and active until power is turned off, unless a new password is presented or RST becomes active. There are eight password sets that may be used to protect any user zone. Only one password is active at a time.

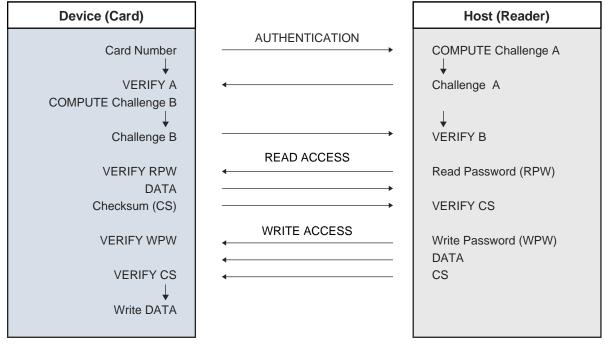
Presenting the correct write password also grants read access privileges.

11.4 Authentication Protocol

The access to a user zone may be protected by an authentication protocol. Any one of four keys may be selected to use with a user zone.

Authentication success is memorized and active as long as the chip is powered, unless a new authentication is initialized or RST becomes active. If the new authentication request is not validated, the card loses its previous authentication which must be presented again to gain access. Only the latest request is memorized.

Figure 11-2. Password and Authentication Operations



Note:

Authentication and password verification may be attempted at any time and in any order. Exceeding corresponding authentication or password attempts trial limit renders subsequent authentication or password verification attempts futile.



11.5 Cryptographic Message Authentication Codes

AT88SC0808CA implements a data validity check function in the standard, authentication or encryption modes of operation.

In the standard mode, data validity check is done through a Modification Detection Code (MDC), in which the host may read an MDC from the device in order to verify that the data sent was received correctly.

In authentication and encryption modes, the data validity check becomes more powerful since it provides a bidirectional data integrity check and data origin authentication capability in the form of a Message Authentication Codes (MAC). Only the host/device that carried out a valid authentication is capable of computing a valid MAC. While operating in the authentication or encryption modes, the use of MAC is required. For an ingoing command, if the device calculates a MAC different from the MAC transmitted by the host, not only is the command abandoned but the security privilege is revoked. A new authentication and/or encryption activation will be required to reactivate the MAC.

11.6 Encryption

The data exchanged between the device and the host during read, write and verify password commands may be encrypted to ensure data confidentiality.

The issuer may choose to require encryption for a user zone by settings made in the configuration memory. Any one of four keys may be selected for use with a user zone. In this case, activation of the encryption mode is required in order to read/write data in the zone and only encrypted data will be transmitted. Even if not required, the host may still elect to activate encryption provided the proper keys are known.

11.7 Supervisor Mode

Enabling this feature allows the holder of one specific password to gain full access to all eight password sets, including the ability to change passwords.

11.8 Modify Forbidden

No write access is allowed in a user zone protected with this feature at any time. The user zone must be written during device personalization prior to blowing the security fuses.

11.9 Program Only

For a user zones protected by this feature, data can only be programmed (bits change from a "1" to a "0"), but not erased (bits change from a "0" to a "1").



12. Protocol Selection

The AT88SC0808CA supports two different communication protocols.

Smartcard Applications:

Smartcard applications use ISO 7816-B protocol in asynchronous T = 0 mode for compatibility and interoperability with industry standard smartcard readers.

Embedded Applications:

A 2-wire serial interface provides fast and efficient connectivity with other logic devices or microcontrollers.

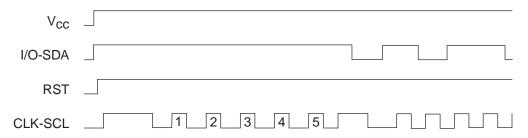
The power-up sequence determines establishes the communication protocol for use within that power cycle. Protocol selection is allowed only during power-up.

12.1 Synchronous 2-wire Serial Interface

The synchronous mode is the default mode after power up. This is due to the presence of an internal pull-up on RST. For embedded applications using CryptoMemory in standard plastic packages, this is the only available communication protocol.

- Power-up V_{CC}, RST goes high also
- After stable V_{CC}, SCL(CLK) and SDA(I/O) may be driven
- Once synchronous mode has been selected, it is not possible to switch to asynchronous mode without first powering
 off the device

Figure 12-1. Synchronous 2-wire Protocol



Note: Five clock pulses must be sent before the first command is issued.



12.2 Asynchronous T = 0 Protocol

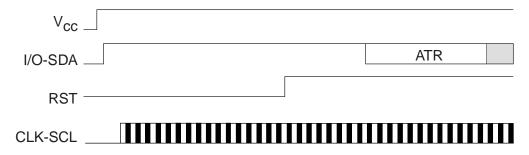
This power-up sequence complies to ISO 7816-3 for a cold reset in smart card applications.

- V_{CC} goes high; RST, I/O (SDA) and CLK (SCL) are low
- Set I/O (SDA) in receive mode
- Provide a clock signal to CLK (SCL)
- RST goes high after 400 clock cycles

The device will respond with a 64-bit ATR code, including historical bytes to indicate the memory density within the CryptoMemory family.

Once asynchronous mode has been selected, it is not possible to switch to synchronous mode without first powering off the device.

Figure 12-2. Asynchronous T = 0 Protocol (Gemplus Patent)



13. Initial Device Programming

Enabling the security features of CryptoMemory requires prior personalization. Personalization entails setting up of desired access rights by zones, passwords and key values, programming these values into the configuration memory with verification using simple write and read commands, and then blowing fuses to lock this information in place.

Gaining access to the configuration memory requires successful presentation of a secure (or transport) code. The initial signature of the secure (transport) code for the AT88SC0808CA device is \$22 E8 3F. This is the same as the Write 7 password. The user may elect to change the signature of the secure code anytime after successful presentation.

After writing and verifying data in the configuration memory, the security fuses *must* be blown to lock this information in the device. For additional information on personalizing CryptoMemory, please see the application notes *Programming CryptoMemory for Embedded Applications and Initializing CryptoMemory for Smart Card Applications* from the product page at www.atmel.com/products/securemem.



14. Ordering Information

Atom of Ordering Code	Bashama	Delivery Ir	nformation	Voltage	One and time Benera	
Atmel Ordering Code			Quantity	Range	Operating Range	
AT88SC0808CA-MJ	M2 – J Module - ISO					
AT88SC0808CA-MP	M2 – P Module - ISO	Tana and Daal	_		Commercial Temperature (0°C to 70°C)	
AT88SC0808CA-MJTG	M2 – J Module - TWI	Tape and Reel				
AT88SC0808CA-MPTG	M2 – P Module - TWI					
AT88SC0808CA-PU	8P3	Bulk (Tubes)	50 per Tube	2.7V to 5.5V	Green Compliant	
AT88SC0808CA-SH	8S1	Bulk (Tubes)	100 per Tube		(Exceeds RoHS) Industrial Temperature	
AT88SC0808CA-SH-T	851	Tape and Reel	4,000 per Reel		(-40°C to 85°C)	
AT88SC0808CA-TH	8X	Bulk (Tubes)	100 per Tube		Industrial Temperature	
AT88SC0808CA-TH-T	0.4	Tape and Reel	5,000 per Reel			
AT88SC0808CA-Y6H-T	8MA2	Tape and Reel	5,000 per Reel		(-40°C to 85°C)	
AT88SC0808CA-WI	7 mil Wafer	_	_			

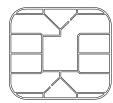
Package Type ^{(1) (2)}	Description
M2 – J Module : ISO or TWI	M2 ISO 7816 Smart Card Module
M2 - P Module : ISO or TWI	M2 ISO 7816 Smart Card Module with Atmel® Logo
8P3	8-lead, 0.300" wide, Plastic Dual Inline (PDIP)
8S1	8-lead, 0.150" wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline (JEDEC SOIC)
8X	8-lead, 4.4mm body, Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (TSSOP)
8MA2	8-lead, 2.0x3.0mm, 0.50mm pitch, Ultra Thin Mini-Map, Dual No Lead (DFN), (MLP 2x3)

Note:

- 1. Formal drawings may be obtained from an Atmel sales office.
- 2. Both the J and P module packages are used for either ISO (T=0 / 2-wire mode) or TWI (2-wire mode only).

15. Package Information

Ordering Code: MJ or MJTG



Module Size: M2

Dimension*: 12.6 x 11.4 [mm]
Glob Top: Round - Ø 8.5 [mm]

Thickness: 0.58 [mm] Pitch: 14.25mm

Ordering Code: MP or MPTG



Module Size: M2

Dimension*: 12.6 x 11.4 [mm]
Glob Top: Square - 8.8 x 8.8 [mm]

Thickness: 0.58 [mm] Pitch: 14.25mm

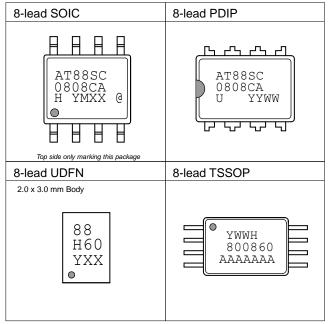
Note:

*The module dimensions listed refer to the dimensions of the exposed metal contact area. The actual dimensions of the module after excise or punching from the carrier tape are generally 0.4mm greater in both directions (i.e., a punched M2 module will yield 13.0 x 11.8mm).



15.1 Atmel AT88SC0808CA Package Marking Information

AT88SC0808CA: Package Marking Information



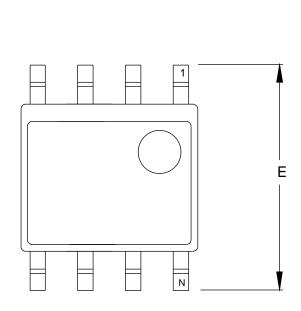
Date Code	s							
Y = Year	Y = Year M = Month			YY = Year			WW = V	Vork Week of Assembly
4: 2014	2014 8: 2018 A = January		14: 2014	18: 2018		02:	Week 2	
5: 2015	9: 2019	B = Februar	y	15: 2015	19: 2019		04:	Week 4
6: 2016	0: 2020			16: 2016	20: 2020			•••
7: 2017	1: 2021	L = Decemb	er	17: 2017	21: 2021		52:	Week 52
Country of	Assembly	•	Lot Nu	ot Number			Grade/L	ead Finish Material
Marked on	@ = Country of Assembly Marked on bottom side for PDI P only unless in injector mold		AAA <i>i</i>		er Lot Number Bottom side fo		U: H:	Industrial/Matte Tin Industrial/NiPdAu
Trace Cod	е						Atmel T	runcation
I	XX = Trace Code (Atmel Lot Numbers to Correspond to Code) Example: AA, AB YZ, ZZ					AT:	Atmel	

11/10/14

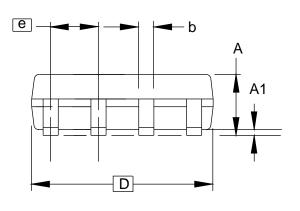
∕Itmel	TITLE	DRAWING NO.	REV.
Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com	88SC0808CASM, AT88SC0808CA Package Marking Information	88SC0808CASM	В



15.2 Ordering Code: SH 8S1 – 8-lead JEDEC SOIC



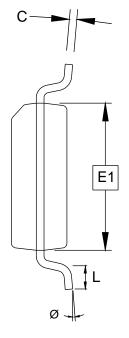
TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW

Notes: This drawing is for general information only.

Refer to JEDEC Drawing MS-012, Variation AA for proper dimensions, tolerances, datums, etc.



END VIEW

COMMON DIMENSIONS (Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α	-	_	1.75	
A1	0.10	_	0.25	
b	0.31	_	0.51	
С	0.17	_	0.25	
D	4.90 BSC			
Е	6.00 BSC			
E1	3.90 BSC			
е	1.27 BSC			
L	0.40	_	1.27	
Ø	0°	_	8°	

3/6/2015

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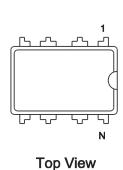
Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com

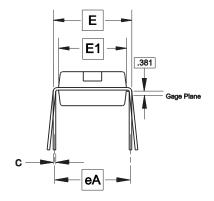
IIILE
8S1, 8-lead (0.150" Wide Body), Plastic Gull Wing
Small Outline (JEDEC SOIC)

GPC	DRAWING NO.	REV.
SWB	8S1	Н

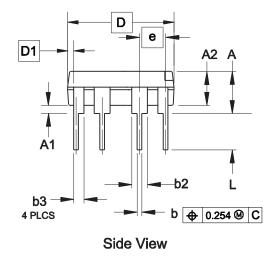


15.3 **Ordering Code: PU** 8P3 - 8-lead PDIP





End View



COMMON DIMENSIONS (Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α	-	-	5.334	2
A1	0.381		-	
A2	2.921	3.302	4.953	
b	0.356	0.457	0.559	5
b2	1.143	1.524	1.778	6
b3	0.762	0.991	1.143	6
С	0.203	0.254	0.356	
D	9.017	9.271	10.160	3
D1	0.127	0.000	0.000	3
E	7.620	7.874	8.255	4
E1	6.096	6.350	7.112	3
е	:	2.540 BSC	;	
eA		7.620 BSC	;	4
L	2.921	3.302	3.810	2

- 1. This drawing is for general information only; refer to JEDEC Drawing MS-001, Variation BA for additional information.
- Dimensions A and L are measured with the package seated in JEDEC seating plane Gauge GS-3.
 D, D1 and E1 dimensions do not include mold Flash or protrusions. Mold Flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch.

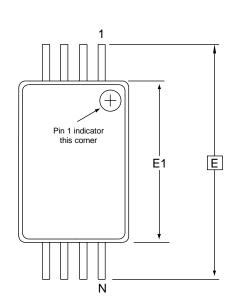
- 5. b, b) and eA measured with the leads constrained to be perpendicular to datum.
 5. Pointed or rounded lead tips are preferred to ease insertion.
 6. b2 and b3 maximum dimensions do not include Dambar protrusions. Dambar protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 (0.25 mm).

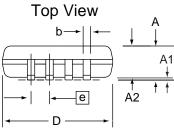
07/31/14

Atmel	TITLE	GPC	DRAWING NO.	REV.	l
Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com	8P3, 8-lead, 0.300" Wide Body, Plastic Dual In-line Package (PDIP)	PTC	8P3	E	



15.4 **Ordering Code: TH** 8X - 8-lead TSSOP

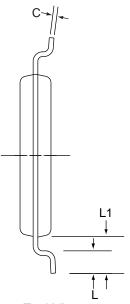




Side View

- Notes: 1. This drawing is for general information only.

 Refer to JEDEC Drawing MO-153, Variation AA, for proper dimensions, tolerances, datums, etc.
 - 2. Dimension D does not include mold Flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold Flash, protrusions and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006in) per side.
 - 3. Dimension E1 does not include inter-lead Flash or protrusions. Inter-lead Flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010in) per side.
 - 4. Dimension b does not include Dambar protrusion. Allowable Dambar protrusion shall be 0.08mm total in excess of the b dimension at maximum material condition. Dambar cannot be located on the lower radius of the foot. Minimum space between protrusion and adjacent lead is 0.07mm.
 - 5. Dimension D and E1 to be determined at Datum Plane H.



End View

COMMON DIMENSIONS (Unit of Measure = mm)

			•	
SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α	-	-	1.20	
A1	0.05	-	0.15	
A2	0.80	1.00	1.05	
D	2.90	3.00	3.10	2, 5
Е		6.40 BSC		
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50	3, 5
b	0.19	0.25	0.30	4
е		0.65 BSC		
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	
L1		1.00 REF		
С	0.09	-	0.20	

2/27/14

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Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com

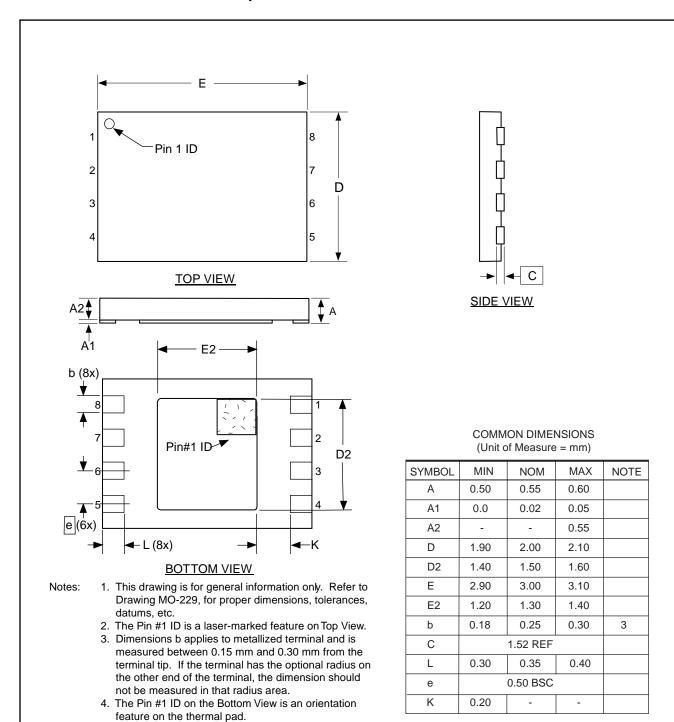
TITLE
8X, 8-lead 4.4mm Body, Plastic Thin
Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP)

GPC	DRAWING NO.	REV.
TNR	8X	Е



15.5 Ordering Code: Y6H-T

8MA2 - 8-lead Ultra Thin Mini-Map



∕ltmel	TITLE	GPC	DRAWING NO.	REV.
Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com	8MA2, 8-pad 2 x 3 x 0.6mm Body, Thermally Enhanced Plastic Ultra Thin Dual Flat No-Lead Package (UDFN)	YNZ	8MA2	G

16. Revision History

Doc. Rev.	Date	Comments
5204IS	07/2015	Add the AT88SC0808CA-TH-T tape and reel option.
5204HS	03/2015	Update 8P3, 8S1, 8X, and 8MA2 package drawings and the part marking page. Add JEDEC SOIC tape and reel package option and update the ordering information table.
5204GS	06/2012	Add package marking information. Update Atmel logos and disclaimer page.
5204FS	12/2011	Update template and package drawings. Replace 8A2 with 8X and 8Y6 with 8MA2. Change AT88SC0808CA-SU to AT88SC0808CA-SH.
5204ES	07/2009	Minor edits and TWI module update.
5204DS	07/2009	Minor updates to package drawing information and ordering information.
5204CS	05/2009	Added Mini-MAP column to Table 1-1 and Mini-MAP pin-out drawing.
5204BS	02/2009	Connection Diagram inserted; DC Characteristics table updated.
5204AS	07/2008	Initial document release.







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