

IGBT

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ 5 technology copacked with RAPID 1 fast and soft antiparallel diode

IKZ75N65EL5

650V DuoPack IGBT and diode
Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ series fifth generation

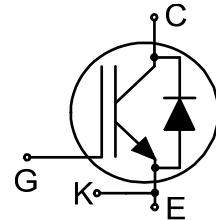
Data sheet

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ 5 technology copacked with RAPID 1 fast and soft antiparallel diode

Features and Benefits:

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ L5 technology offering

- Very low collector-emitter saturation voltage V_{CEsat}
- Best-in-Class tradeoff between conduction and switching losses
- 650V breakdown voltage
- Low gate charge Q_G
- Maximum junction temperature 175°C
- Qualified according to JEDEC for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating
- RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice models:
<http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



Applications:

- Uninterruptible power supplies
- Solar photovoltaic inverters
- Welding machines



Package pin definition:

- Pin C & backside - collector
- Pin E - emitter
- Pin K - Kelvin emitter
- Pin G - gate

Please note: The emitter and Kelvin emitter pins are not exchangeable. Their exchange might lead to malfunction.



Key Performance and Package Parameters

Type	V_{CE}	I_C	$V_{CEsat}, T_{vj}=25^\circ\text{C}$	T_{vjmax}	Marking	Package
IKZ75N65EL5	650V	75A	1.1V	175°C	K75EEL5	PG-T0247-4

Table of Contents

Description	2
Table of Contents	3
Maximum Ratings	4
Thermal Resistance	4
Electrical Characteristics	5
Electrical Characteristics Diagrams	7
Package Drawing	14
Testing Conditions	15
Revision History	16
Disclaimer	16

Maximum Ratings

For optimum lifetime and reliability, Infineon recommends operating conditions that do not exceed 80% of the maximum ratings stated in this datasheet.

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage, $T_{vj} \geq 25^\circ\text{C}$	V_{CE}	650	V
DC collector current, limited by T_{vjmax} ¹⁾ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_C	100.0 100.0	A
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{vjmax} ²⁾	I_{Cpuls}	300.0	A
Turn off safe operating area $V_{CE} \leq 650\text{V}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$, $t_p = 1\mu\text{s}$ ²⁾	-	300.0	A
Diode forward current, limited by T_{vjmax} $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ value limited by bondwire $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_F	90.0 89.0	A
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{vjmax} ²⁾	I_{Fpuls}	300.0	A
Gate-emitter voltage Transient Gate-emitter voltage ($t_p \leq 10\mu\text{s}$, D < 0.010)	V_{GE}	± 20 ± 30	V
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Power dissipation $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	536.0 268.0	W
Operating junction temperature	T_{vj}	-40...+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature, ³⁾ wave soldering 1.6mm (0.063in.) from case for 10s		260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Mounting torque, M3 screw Maximum of mounting processes: 3	M	0.6	Nm

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		0.28	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		0.46	K/W
Thermal resistance junction - ambient	$R_{th(j-a)}$		40	K/W

¹⁾ Both values limited by bondwires.

²⁾ Defined by design. Not subject to production test.

³⁾ Package not recommended for surface mount applications.

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_C = 0.20\text{mA}$	650	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}	$V_{GE} = 15.0\text{V}, I_C = 75.0\text{A}$ $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 100^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.10	1.35	V
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_F = 75.0\text{A}$ $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 100^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.40	1.70	V
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 1.00\text{mA}, V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	4.2	5.0	5.8	V
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 650\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 175^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	40.0	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0\text{V}, V_{GE} = 20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE} = 20\text{V}, I_C = 75.0\text{A}$	-	155.0	-	S

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Dynamic Characteristic						
Input capacitance	C_{ies}		-	12100	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$	-	150	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}		-	42	-	
Gate charge	Q_G	$V_{CC} = 520\text{V}, I_C = 75.0\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$	-	436.0	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance ¹⁾ measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E		-	13.0	-	nH

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}, V_{CC} = 400\text{V}, I_C = 75.0\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V}, R_{G(on)} = 23.0\Omega, R_{G(off)} = 4.0\Omega, L_\sigma = 30\text{nH}, C_\sigma = 30\text{pF}$	-	120	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	23	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	275	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	50	-	ns
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	1.57	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	3.20	-	mJ
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	4.77	-	mJ

¹⁾ The internal emitter inductance does not affect the gate control circuitry if bypassed by using the Kelvin emitter pin.

Diode Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_R = 400\text{V}$, $I_F = 75.0\text{A}$, $di_F/dt = 2000\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	59	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	1.30	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	37.0	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	-2400	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

IGBT Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$, $I_C = 75.0\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V}$, $R_{G(on)} = 23.0\Omega$, $R_{G(off)} = 4.0\Omega$, $L_\sigma = 30\text{nH}$, $C_\sigma = 30\text{pF}$ L_σ , C_σ from Fig. E Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	106	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	27	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	330	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	144	-	ns
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	2.12	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	5.10	-	mJ
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	7.22	-	mJ

Diode Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_R = 400\text{V}$, $I_F = 75.0\text{A}$, $di_F/dt = 2000\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	79	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	2.86	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	57.0	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	-1950	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

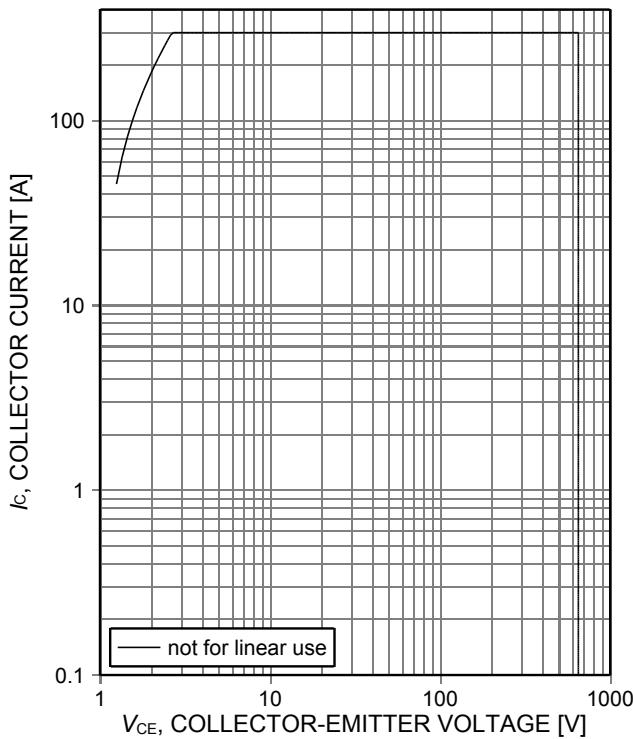


Figure 1. Forward bias safe operating area
 $(D=0, T_c=25^\circ\text{C}, T_v \leq 175^\circ\text{C}, V_{GE}=15\text{V}, t_p=1\mu\text{s}, I_{Cmax} \text{ defined by design - not subject to production test})$

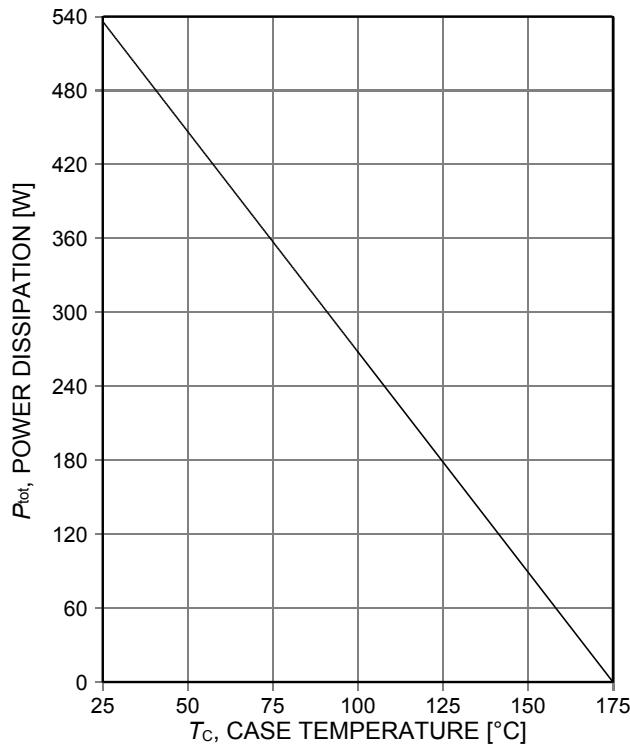


Figure 2. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature
 $(T_v \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$

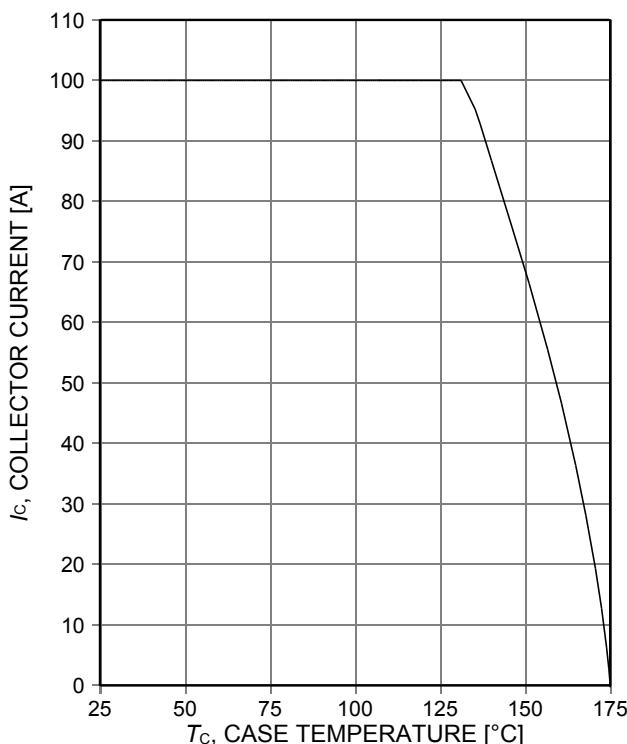


Figure 3. Collector current as a function of case temperature
 $(V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}, T_v \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$

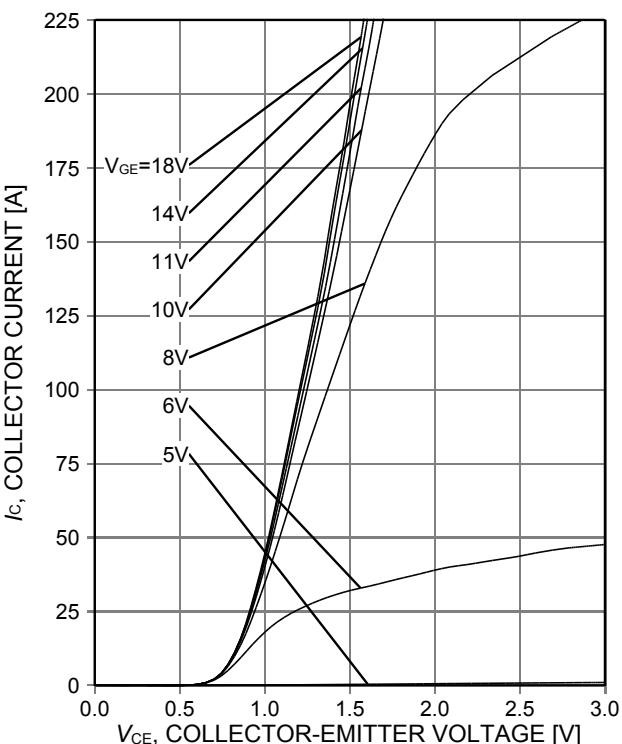


Figure 4. Typical output characteristic
 $(T_v=25^\circ\text{C})$

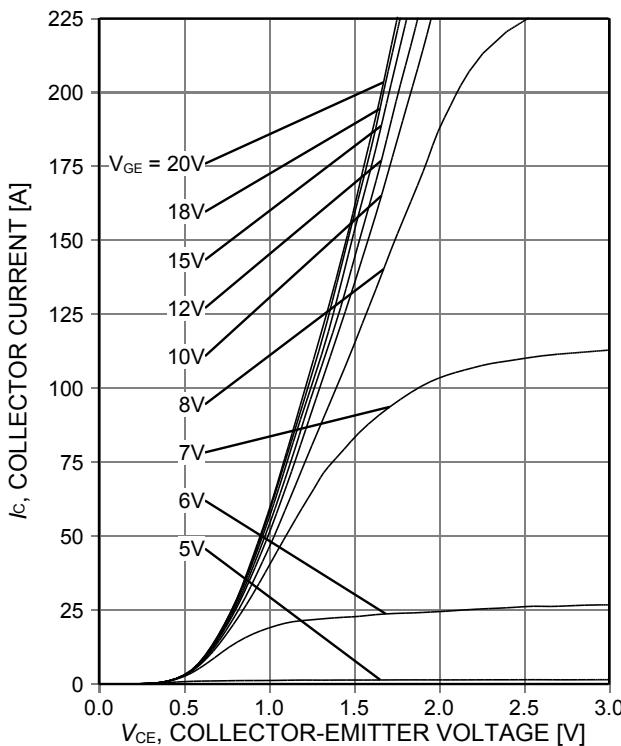


Figure 5. Typical output characteristic
($T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$)

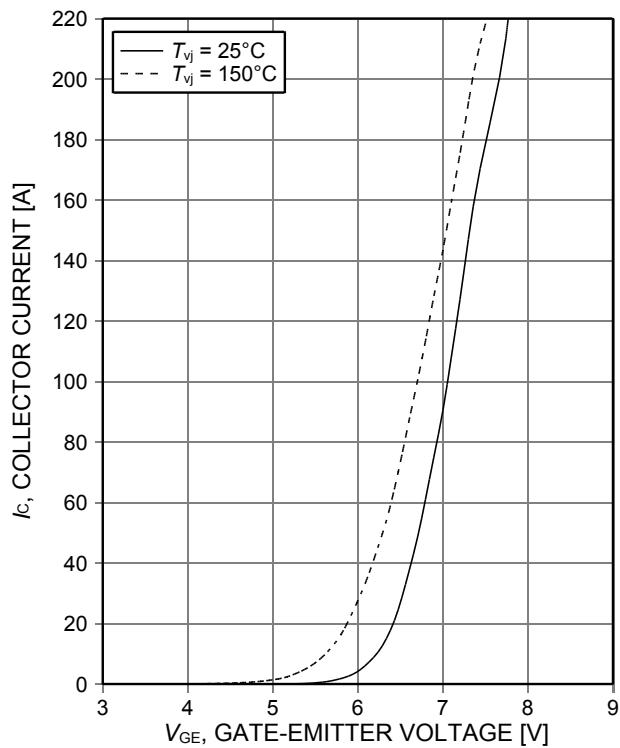


Figure 6. Typical transfer characteristic
($V_{CE}=20\text{V}$)

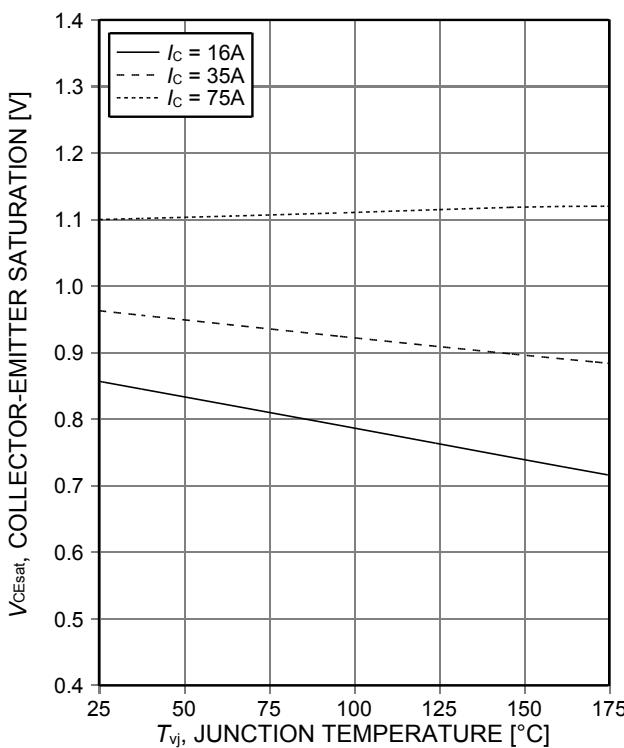


Figure 7. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE}=15\text{V}$)

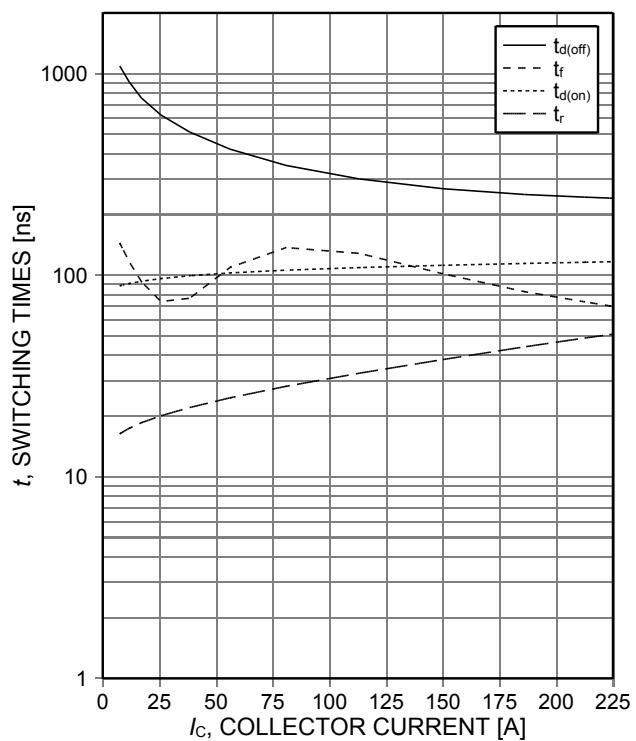


Figure 8. Typical switching times as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=4\Omega$, dynamic
test circuit in Figure E)

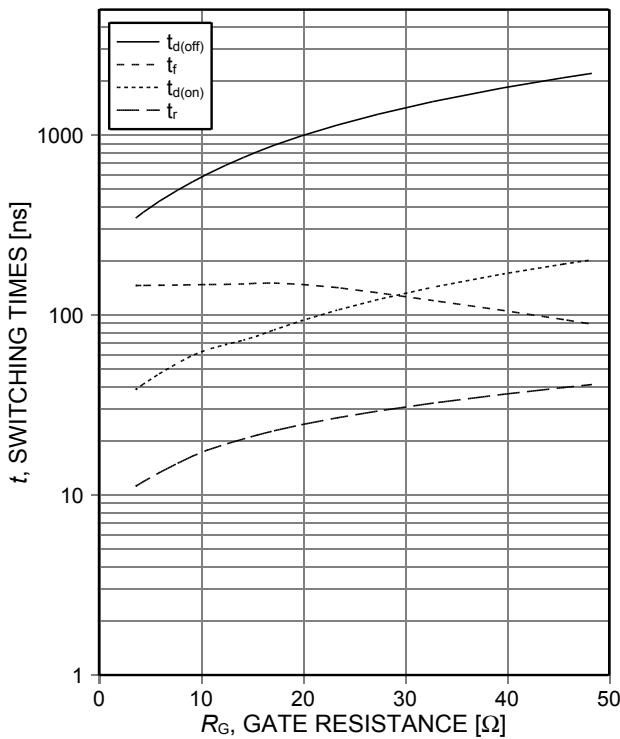


Figure 9. **Typical switching times as a function of gate resistance**

(inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_c=75\text{A}$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

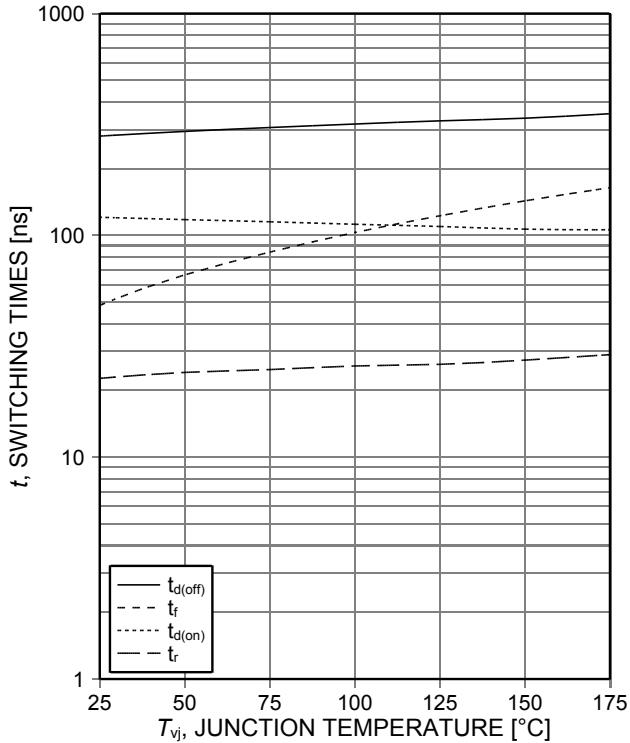


Figure 10. **Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature**

(inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_c=75\text{A}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=4\Omega$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

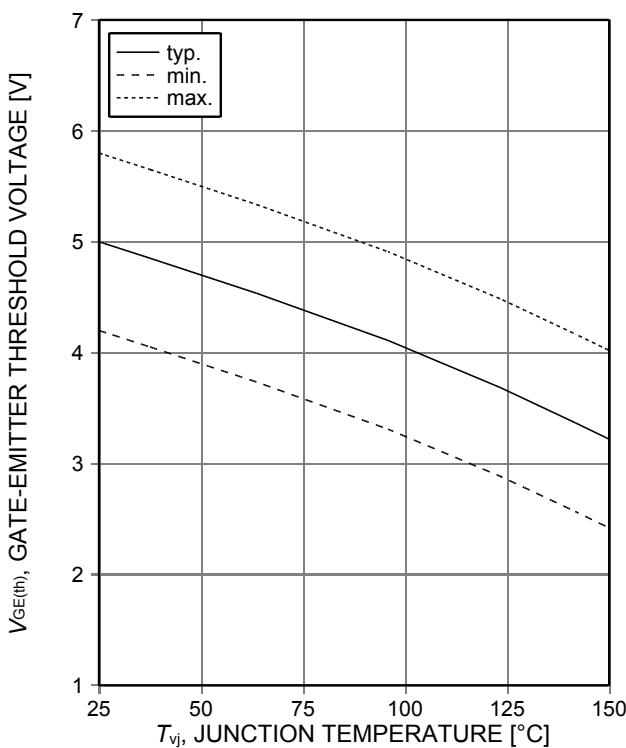


Figure 11. **Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature**
($I_c=1\text{mA}$)

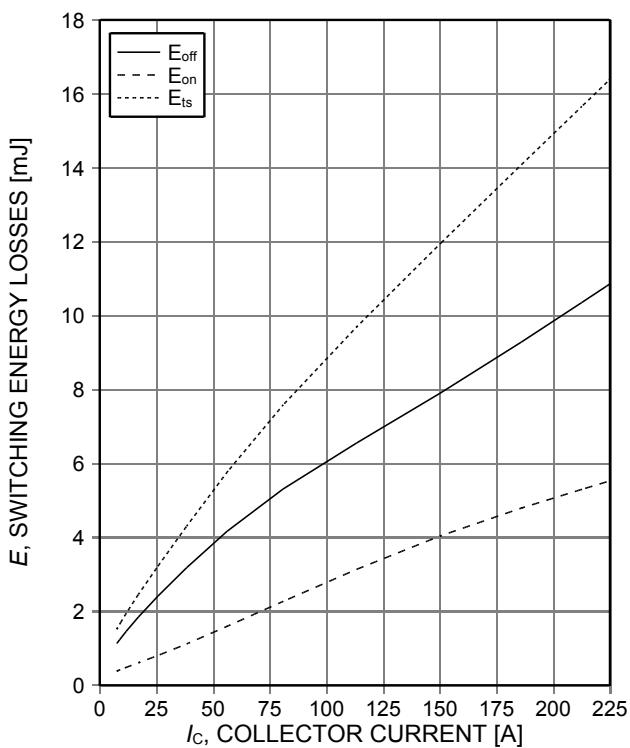


Figure 12. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=4\Omega$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

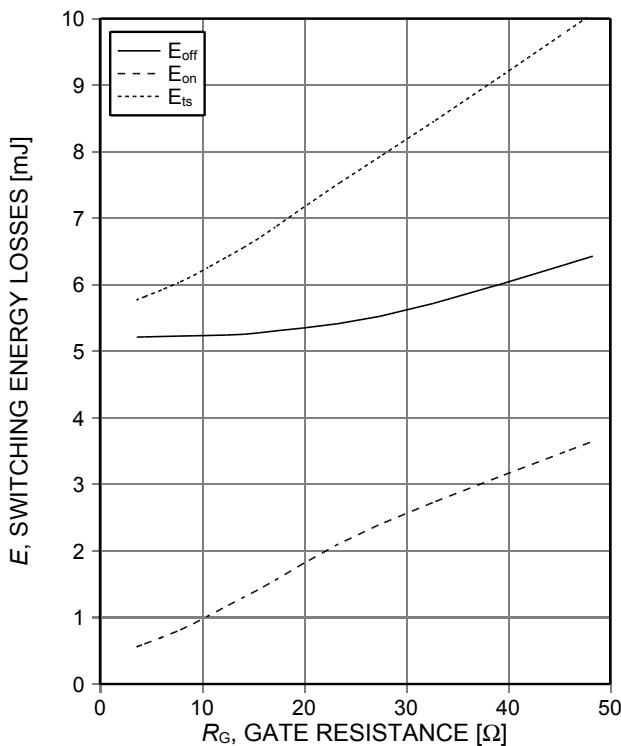


Figure 13. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistance**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=75\text{A}$, dynamic test circuit in
Figure E)

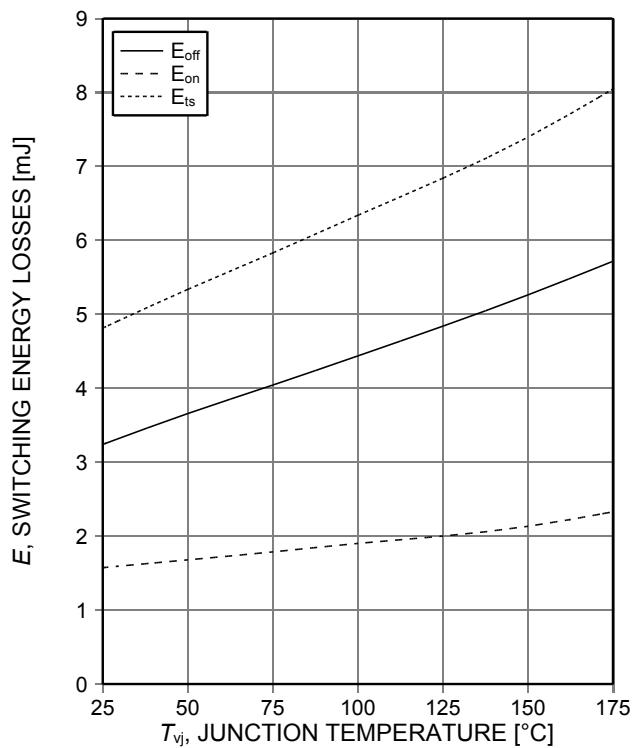


Figure 14. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**
(inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$,
 $I_C=75\text{A}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=4\Omega$, dynamic test
circuit in Figure E)

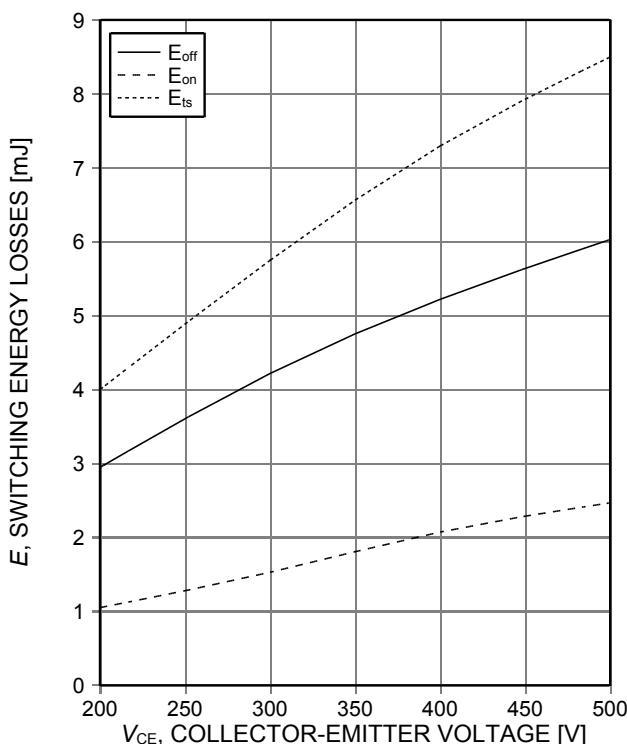


Figure 15. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector-emitter voltage**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$,
 $I_C=75\text{A}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=4\Omega$, dynamic test
circuit in Figure E)

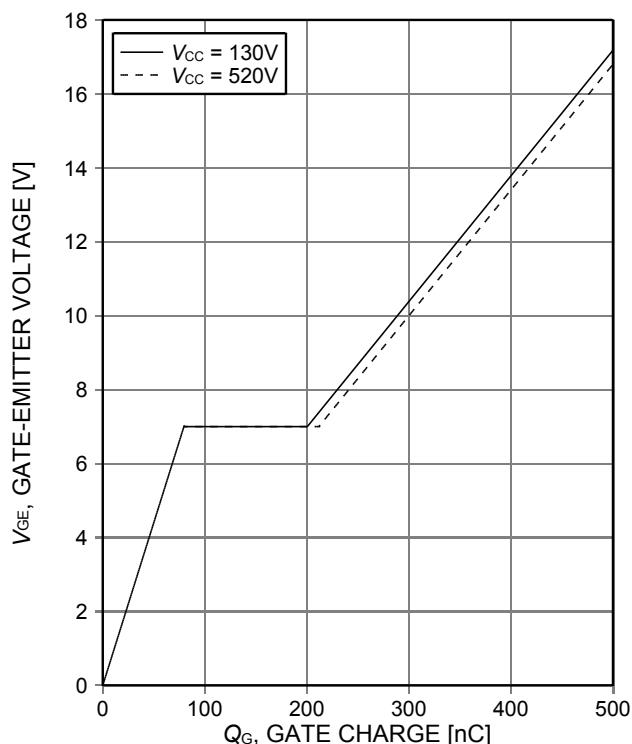


Figure 16. **Typical gate charge**
($I_C=75\text{A}$)

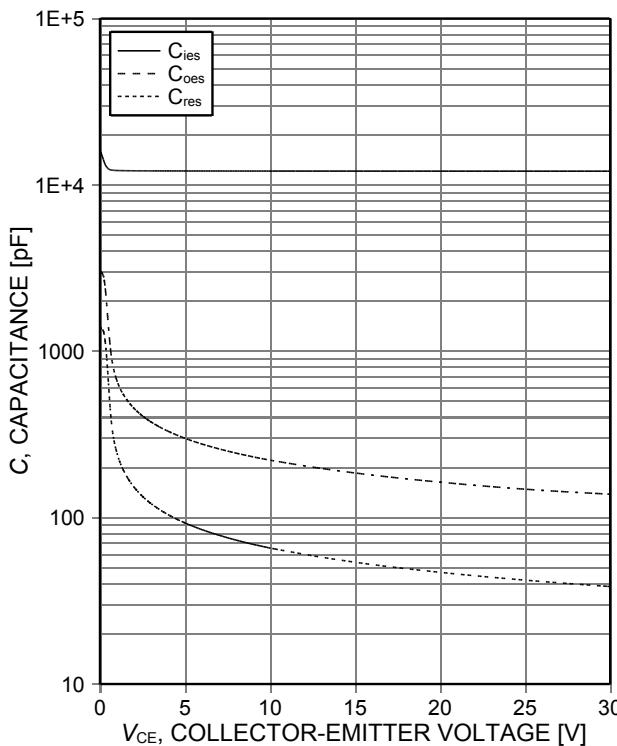


Figure 17. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage ($V_{GE}=0V$, $f=1MHz$)

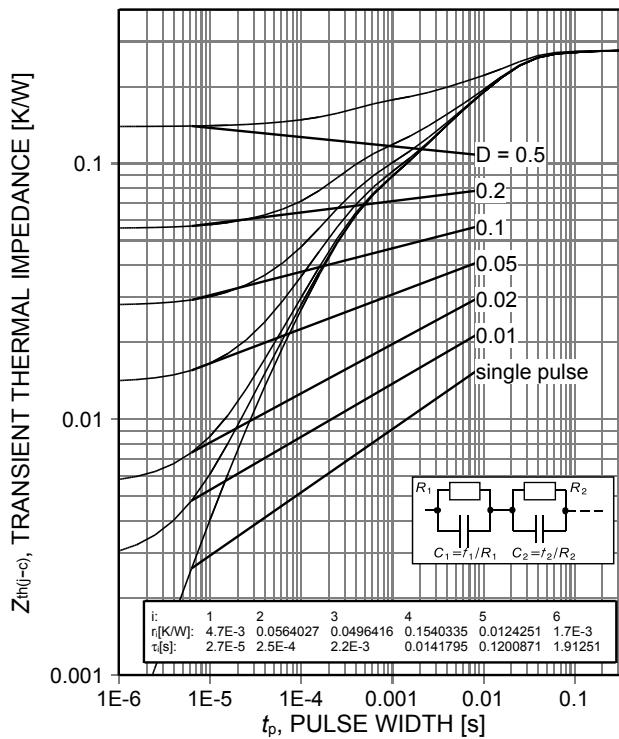


Figure 18. IGBT transient thermal impedance ($D=t_p/T$)

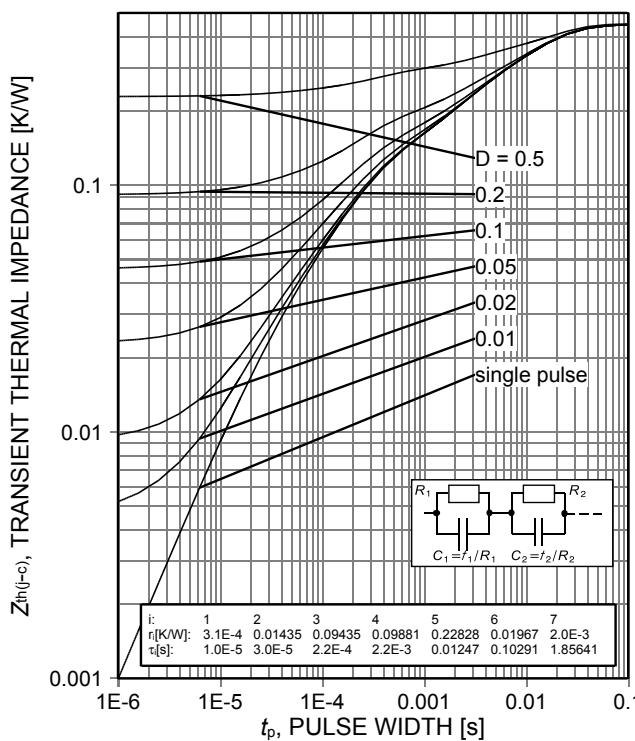


Figure 19. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width ($D=t_p/T$)

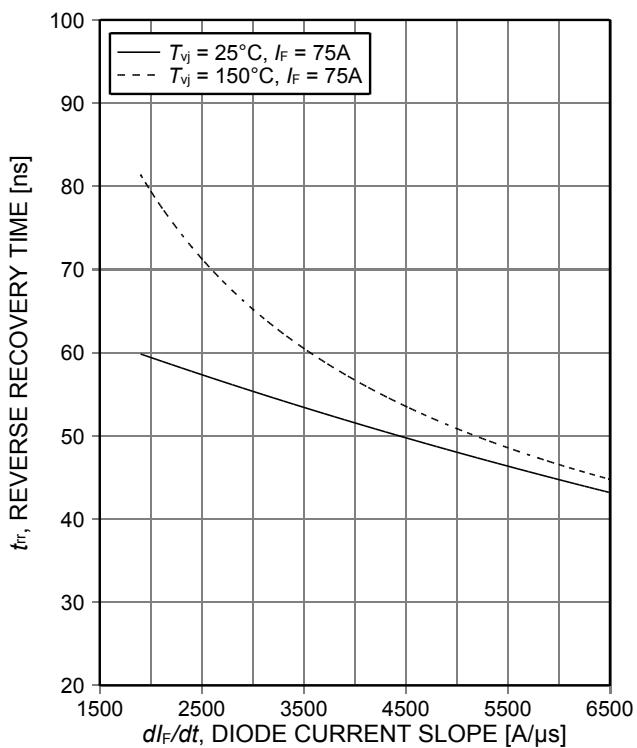


Figure 20. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope ($V_R=400V$)

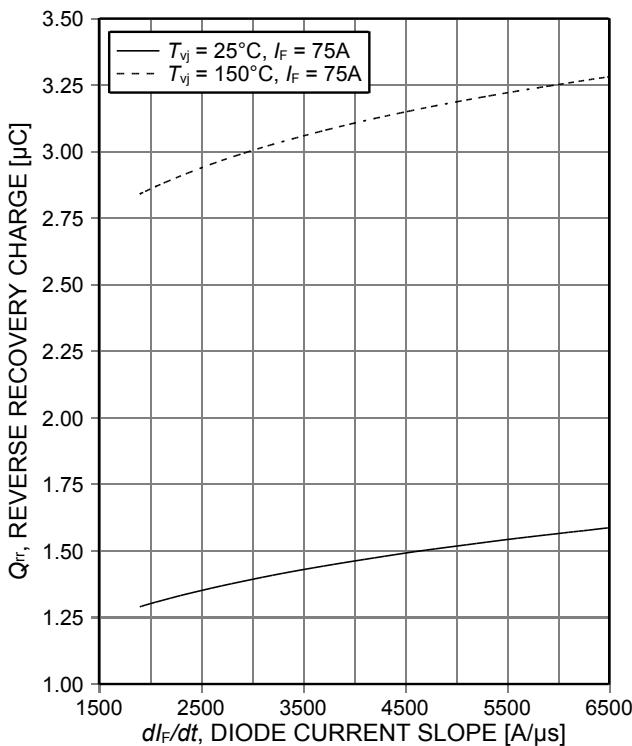


Figure 21. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope ($V_R=400\text{V}$)

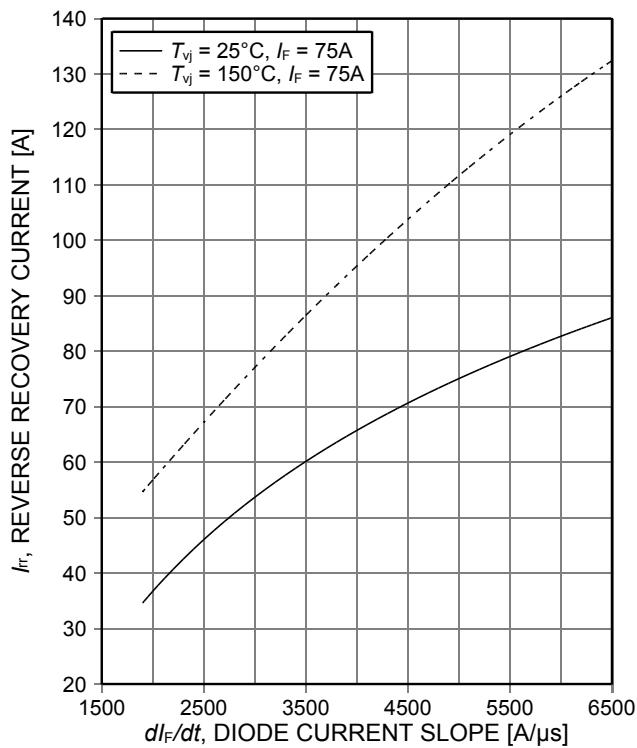


Figure 22. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope ($V_R=400\text{V}$)

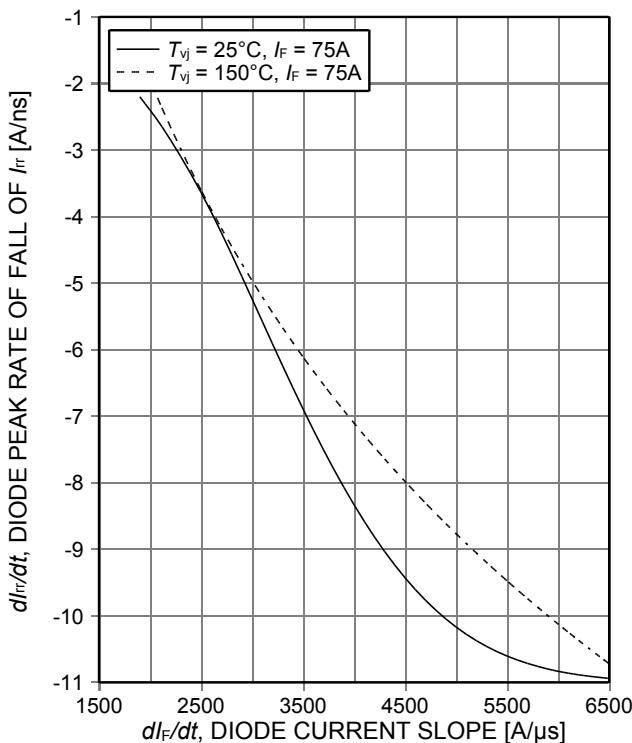


Figure 23. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope ($V_R=400\text{V}$)

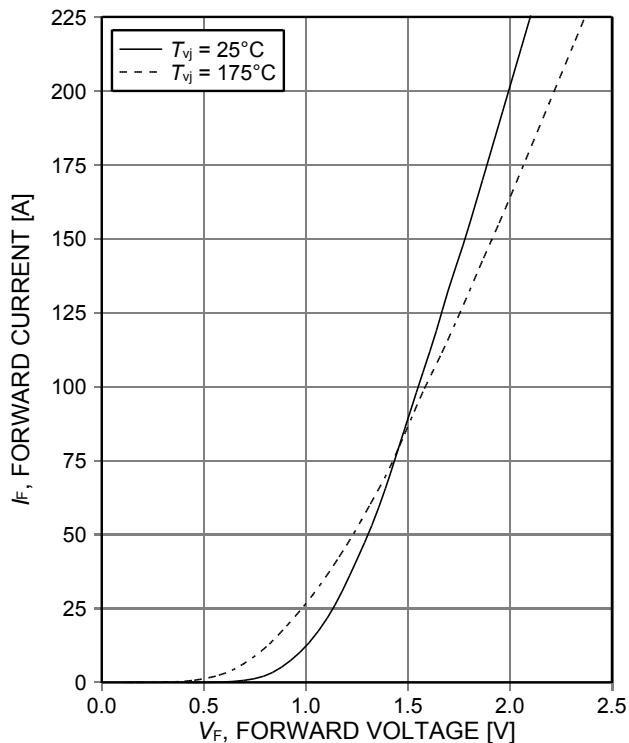


Figure 24. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

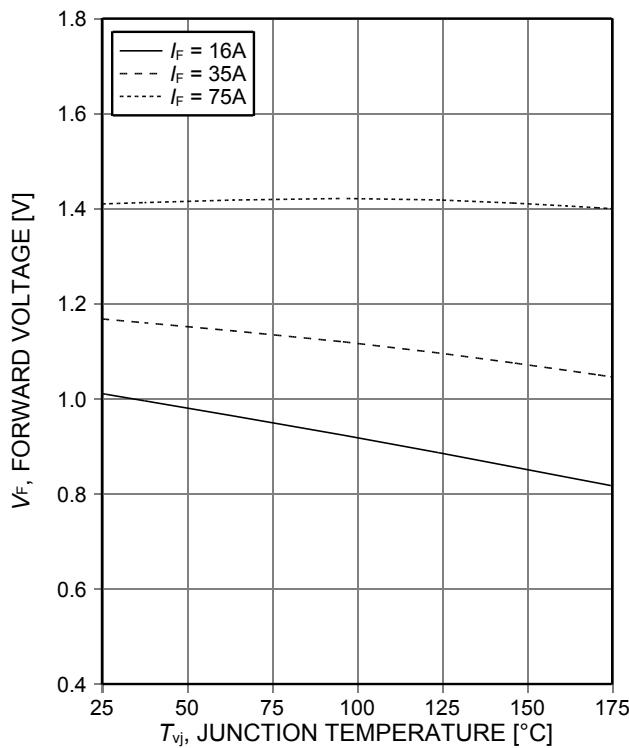
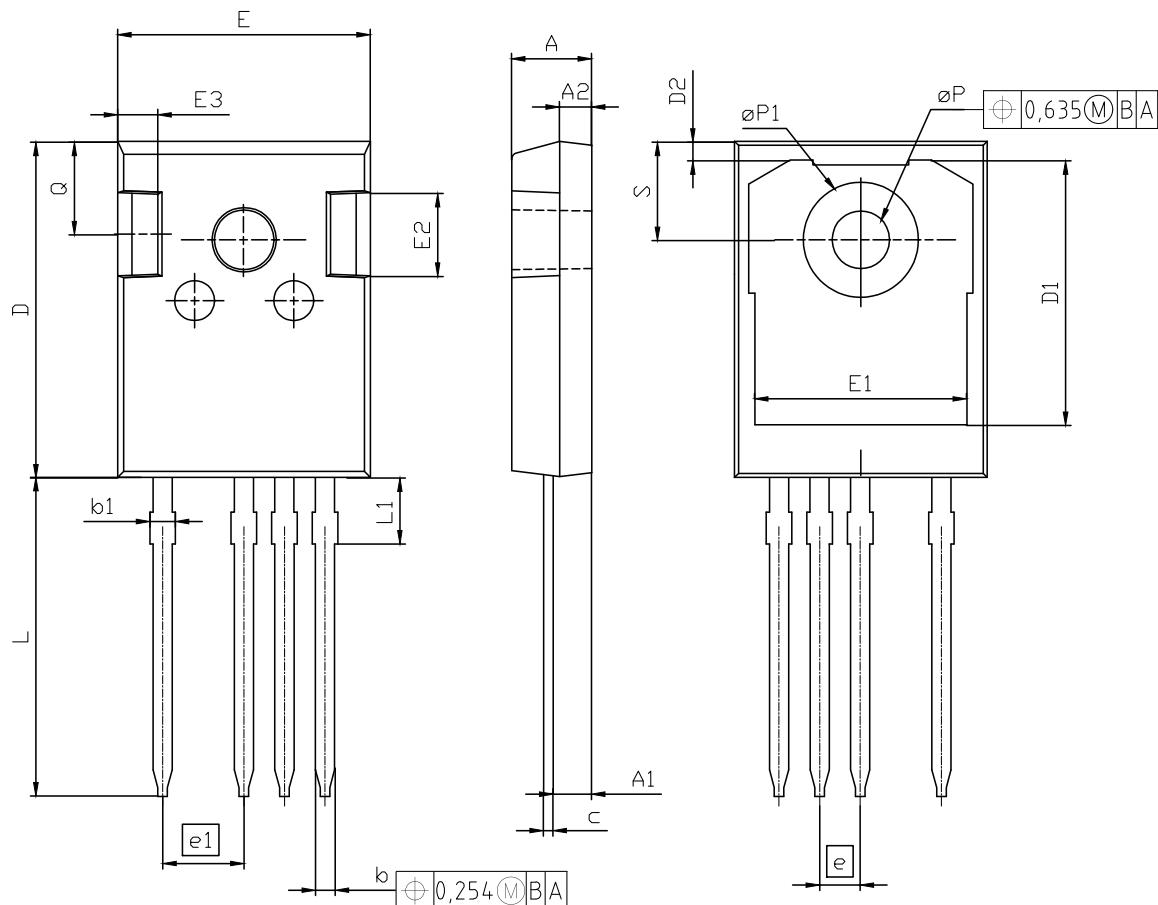


Figure 25. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

PG-T0247-4


DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.83	5.21	0.190	0.205
A1	2.29	2.54	0.090	0.100
A2	1.90	2.16	0.075	0.085
b	1.07	1.33	0.042	0.052
b1	1.10	1.70	0.043	0.067
c	0.50	0.70	0.020	0.028
D	20.80	21.10	0.819	0.831
D1	16.25	17.65	0.640	0.695
D2	0.95	1.35	0.037	0.053
E	15.70	16.13	0.618	0.635
E1	13.10	14.15	0.516	0.557
E2	3.68	5.10	0.145	0.201
E3	1.00	2.60	0.039	0.102
e	2.54 (BSC)		0.100 (BSC)	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	4		4	
L	19.72	20.32	0.776	0.800
L1	4.02	4.40	0.158	0.173
$\varnothing P$	3.50	3.70	0.138	0.146
$\varnothing P1$	7.00	7.40	0.276	0.291
Q	5.49	6.00	0.216	0.236
S	6.04	6.30	0.238	0.248

DOCUMENT NO.	Z8B00168124
SCALE	0
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EUROPEAN PROJECTION	
ISSUE DATE	29-01-2013
REVISION	1

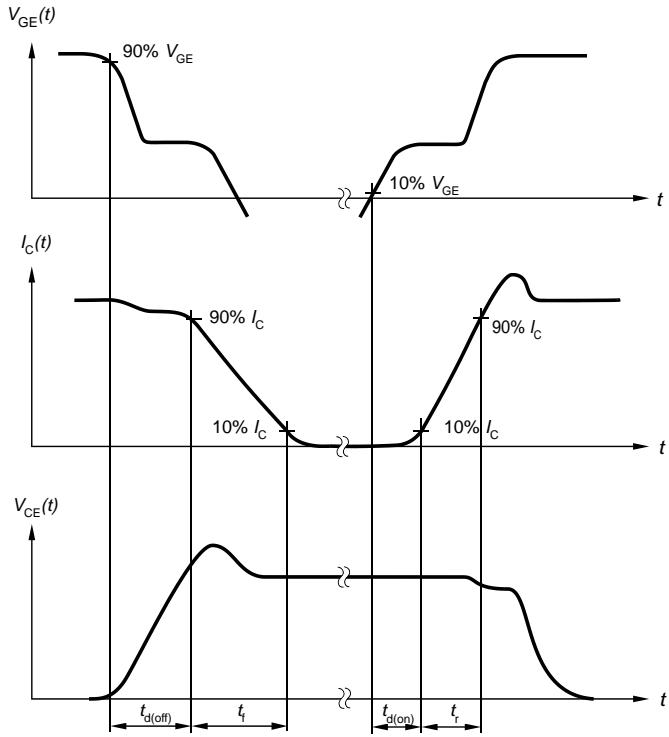


Figure A. Definition of switching times

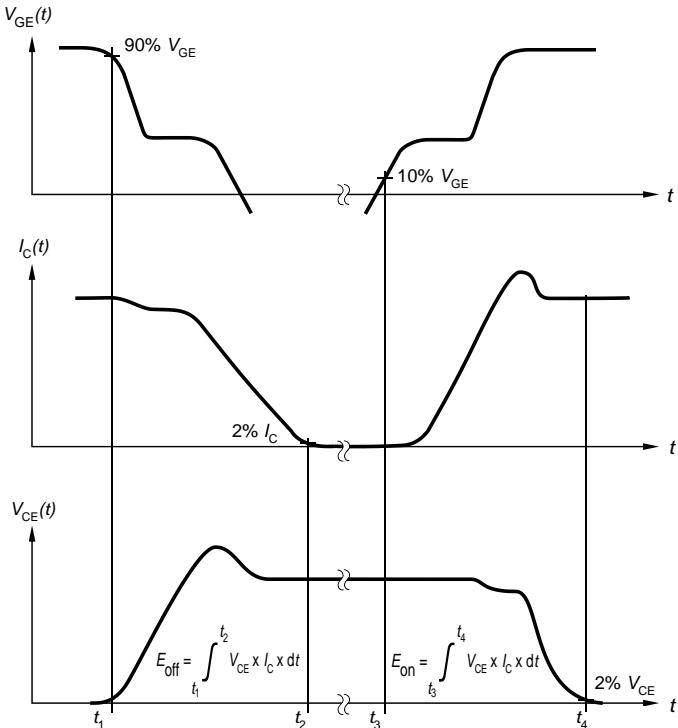


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

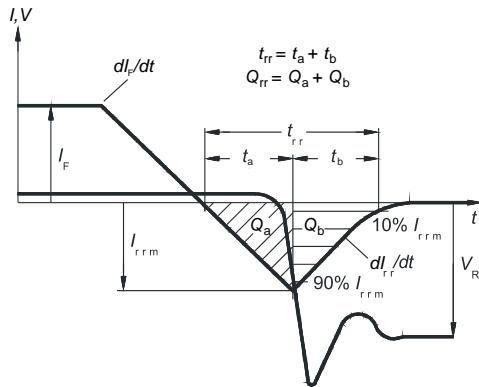


Figure C. Definition of diode switching characteristics

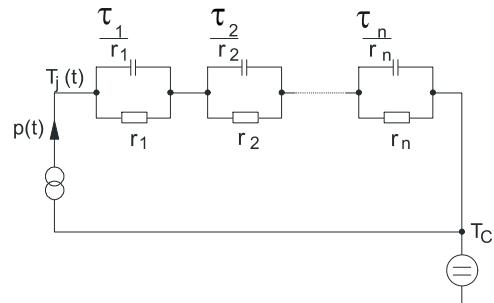


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

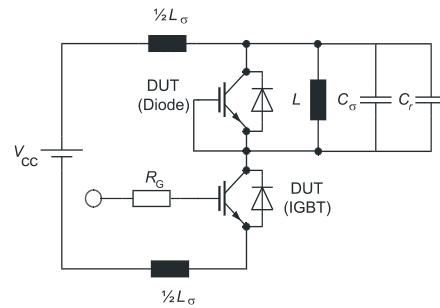


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
Parasitic inductance L_σ ,
parasitic capacitor C_σ ,
relief capacitor C_r ,
(only for ZVT switching)

Revision History

IKZ75N65EL5

Revision: 2014-12-10, Rev. 2.1

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.1	2014-12-10	Final data sheet

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**Стандарт
Электрон
Связь**

Мы молодая и активно развивающаяся компания в области поставок электронных компонентов. Мы поставляем электронные компоненты отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших складов мира.

Благодаря сотрудничеству с мировыми поставщиками мы осуществляем комплексные и плановые поставки широчайшего спектра электронных компонентов.

Собственная эффективная логистика и склад в обеспечивает надежную поставку продукции в точно указанные сроки по всей России.

Мы осуществляем техническую поддержку нашим клиентам и предпродажную проверку качества продукции. На все поставляемые продукты мы предоставляем гарантию .

Осуществляем поставки продукции под контролем ВП МО РФ на предприятия военно-промышленного комплекса России , а также работаем в рамках 275 ФЗ с открытием отдельных счетов в уполномоченном банке. Система менеджмента качества компании соответствует требованиям ГОСТ ISO 9001.

Минимальные сроки поставки, гибкие цены, неограниченный ассортимент и индивидуальный подход к клиентам являются основой для выстраивания долгосрочного и эффективного сотрудничества с предприятиями радиоэлектронной промышленности, предприятиями ВПК и научно-исследовательскими институтами России.

С нами вы становитесь еще успешнее!

Наши контакты:

Телефон: +7 812 627 14 35

Электронная почта: sales@st-electron.ru

Адрес: 198099, Санкт-Петербург,
Промышленная ул, дом № 19, литер Н,
помещение 100-Н Офис 331