

WARP2 SERIES IGBT WITH  
 ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE

**Applications**

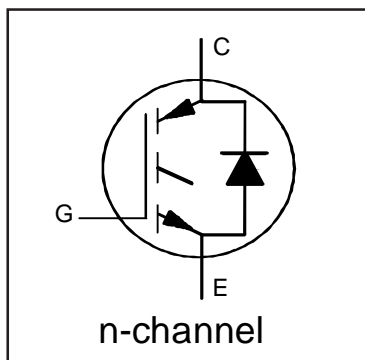
- Telecom and Server SMPS
- PFC and ZVS SMPS Circuits
- Uninterruptable Power Supplies
- Consumer Electronics Power Supplies
- Lead-Free

**Features**

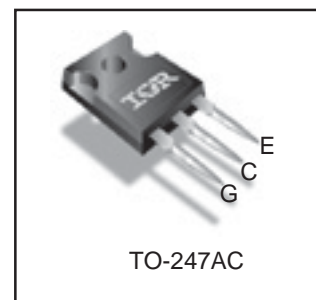
- NPT Technology, Positive Temperature Coefficient
- Lower  $V_{CE(SAT)}$
- Lower Parasitic Capacitances
- Minimal Tail Current
- HEXFRED Ultra Fast Soft-Recovery Co-Pack Diode
- Tighter Distribution of Parameters
- Higher Reliability

**Benefits**

- Parallel Operation for Higher Current Applications
- Lower Conduction Losses and Switching Losses
- Higher Switching Frequency up to 150kHz



$V_{CES} = 600V$
$V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 2.00V$ @ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 33A$
<b>Equivalent MOSFET Parameters</b> ①
$R_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 61m\Omega$
$I_D$ (FET equivalent) = 50A

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$V_{CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	75	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	42	
$I_{CM}$	Pulse Collector Current (Ref. Fig. C.T.4)	150	
$I_{LM}$	Clamped Inductive Load Current ②	150	
$I_F @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	50	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	25	
$I_{FRM}$	Maximum Repetitive Forward Current ③	100	
$V_{GE}$	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	370	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	150	
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to +150	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	10 lbf-in (1.1 N-m)	

**Thermal Resistance**

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$ (IGBT)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each IGBT)	—	—	0.34	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$ (Diode)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each Diode)	—	—	0.64	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Thermal Resistance, Case-to-Sink (flat, greased surface)	—	0.50	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (typical socket mount)	—	—	40	
	Weight	—	6.0 (0.21)	—	g (oz)

## Electrical Characteristics @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.Fig
V <sub>(BR)CES</sub>	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	600	—	—	V	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, I <sub>C</sub> = 500μA	
ΔV <sub>(BR)CES</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.61	—	V/°C	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, I <sub>C</sub> = 1mA (25°C-125°C)	
R <sub>G</sub>	Internal Gate Resistance	—	1.2	—	Ω	1MHz, Open Collector	
V <sub>CE(on)</sub>	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	2.0	2.2	V	I <sub>C</sub> = 33A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V	4, 5, 6, 8, 9
		—	2.4	2.6		I <sub>C</sub> = 50A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V	
		—	2.6	2.9		I <sub>C</sub> = 33A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V, T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C	
		—	3.2	3.6		I <sub>C</sub> = 50A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V, T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C	
V <sub>GE(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	4.0	5.0	V	I <sub>C</sub> = 250μA	7, 8, 9
ΔV <sub>GE(th)</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Threshold Voltage temp. coefficient	—	-7.07	—	mV/°C	V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>GE</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 1.0mA	
g <sub>fe</sub>	Forward Transconductance	—	42	—	S	V <sub>CE</sub> = 50V, I <sub>C</sub> = 33A, PW = 80μs	
I <sub>CES</sub>	Collector-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	5.0	500	μA	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 600V	
		—	1.0	—	mA	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 600V, T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C	
V <sub>FM</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	1.3	1.7	V	I <sub>F</sub> = 25A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V	10
		—	1.5	2.0		I <sub>F</sub> = 50A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V	
		—	1.3	1.7		I <sub>F</sub> = 25A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C	
I <sub>GES</sub>	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	±100	nA	V <sub>GE</sub> = ±20V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 0V	

## Switching Characteristics @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.Fig	
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	240	360	nC	I <sub>C</sub> = 33A	17	
Q <sub>gc</sub>	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	41	82		V <sub>CC</sub> = 400V	CT1	
Q <sub>ge</sub>	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	84	130		V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V		
E <sub>on</sub>	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	360	590	μJ	I <sub>C</sub> = 33A, V <sub>CC</sub> = 390V	CT3	
E <sub>off</sub>	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	380	420		V <sub>GE</sub> = +15V, R <sub>G</sub> = 3.3Ω, L = 210μH		
E <sub>total</sub>	Total Switching Loss	—	740	960		T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C ④		
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On delay time	—	34	44	ns	I <sub>C</sub> = 33A, V <sub>CC</sub> = 390V	CT3	
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time	—	26	36		V <sub>GE</sub> = +15V, R <sub>G</sub> = 3.3Ω, L = 210μH		
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off delay time	—	130	140		T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C ④		
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time	—	43	56	μJ	I <sub>C</sub> = 33A, V <sub>CC</sub> = 390V	CT3	
E <sub>on</sub>	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	610	880		V <sub>GE</sub> = +15V, R <sub>G</sub> = 3.3Ω, L = 210μH		
E <sub>off</sub>	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	460	530		T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C ④		
E <sub>total</sub>	Total Switching Loss	—	1070	1410	ns	I <sub>C</sub> = 33A, V <sub>CC</sub> = 390V	CT3	
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On delay time	—	33	43		V <sub>GE</sub> = +15V, R <sub>G</sub> = 3.3Ω, L = 200μH		
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time	—	26	36		T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C ④		
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off delay time	—	140	160	pF	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V	16	
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time	—	50	65		V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V		
C <sub>ies</sub>	Input Capacitance	—	4750	—		f = 1Mhz		
C <sub>oes</sub>	Output Capacitance	—	390	—	pF	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 0V to 480V	15	
C <sub>res</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	58	—				
C <sub>oes eff.</sub>	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related) ⑤	—	280	—				
C <sub>oes eff. (ER)</sub>	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related) ⑤	—	190	—	A	T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C, I <sub>C</sub> = 150A	3	
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE				V <sub>CC</sub> = 480V, V <sub>p</sub> = 600V		CT2
						R <sub>G</sub> = 22Ω, V <sub>GE</sub> = +15V to 0V		
t <sub>rr</sub>	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	50	75	ns	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C I <sub>F</sub> = 25A, V <sub>R</sub> = 200V,	19	
		—	105	160		T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C di/dt = 200A/μs		
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	—	112	375	nC	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C I <sub>F</sub> = 25A, V <sub>R</sub> = 200V,	21	
		—	420	4200		T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C di/dt = 200A/μs		
I <sub>rr</sub>	Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	4.5	10	A	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C I <sub>F</sub> = 25A, V <sub>R</sub> = 200V,	19, 20, 21, 22	
		—	8.0	15		T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C di/dt = 200A/μs		

### Notes:

① R<sub>CE(on)</sub> typ. = equivalent on-resistance = V<sub>CE(on)</sub> typ. / I<sub>C</sub>, where V<sub>CE(on)</sub> typ. = 2.00V and I<sub>C</sub> = 33A. I<sub>D</sub> (FET Equivalent) is the equivalent MOSFET I<sub>D</sub> rating @ 25°C for applications up to 150kHz. These are provided for comparison purposes (only) with equivalent MOSFET solutions.

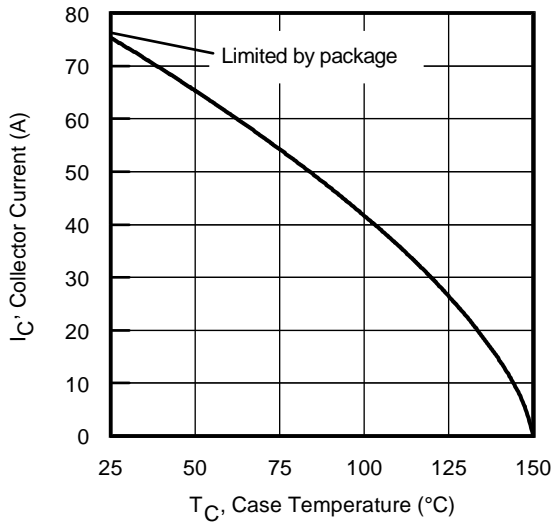
② V<sub>CC</sub> = 80% (V<sub>CES</sub>), V<sub>GE</sub> = 20V, L = 28 μH, R<sub>G</sub> = 22 Ω.

③ Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.

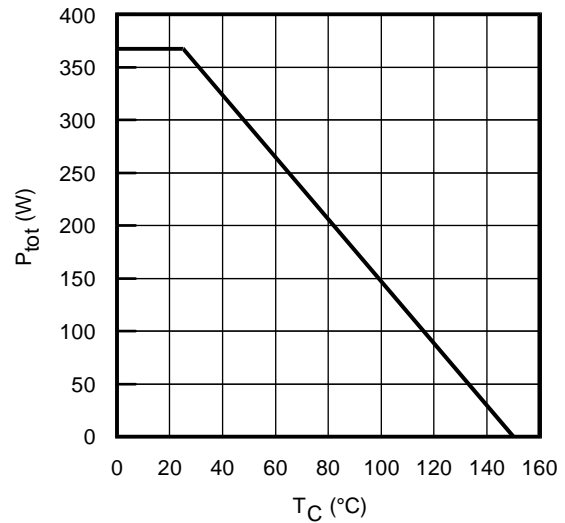
④ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery, Data generated with use of Diode 30ETH06.

⑤ C<sub>oes eff.</sub> is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C<sub>oes</sub> while V<sub>CE</sub> is rising from 0 to 80% V<sub>CES</sub>.

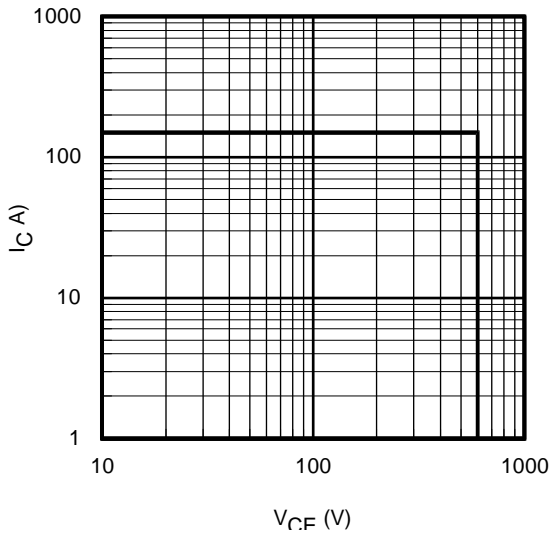
C<sub>oes eff. (ER)</sub> is a fixed capacitance that stores the same energy as C<sub>oes</sub> while V<sub>CE</sub> is rising from 0 to 80% V<sub>CES</sub>.



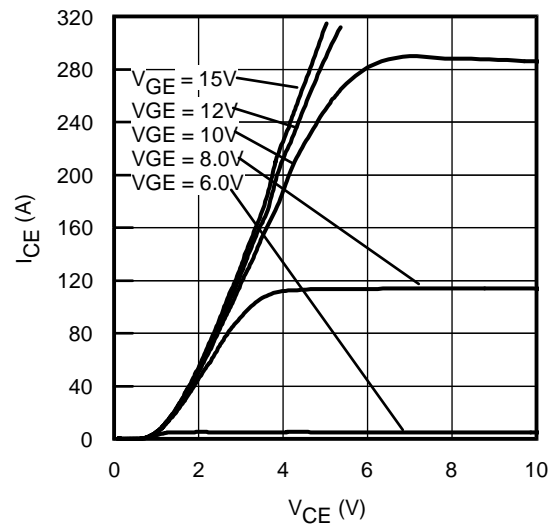
**Fig. 1** - Maximum DC Collector Current vs. Case Temperature



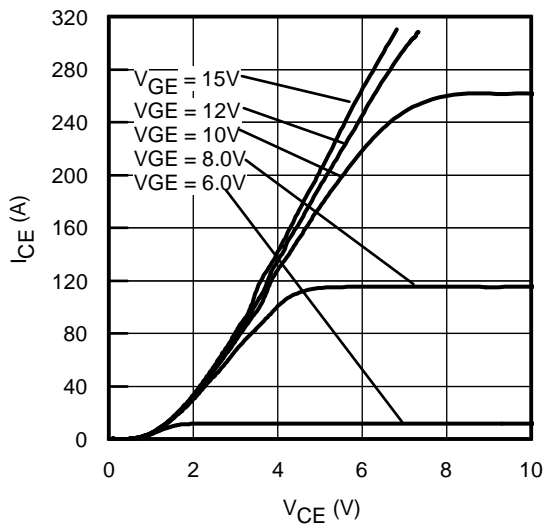
**Fig. 2** - Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature



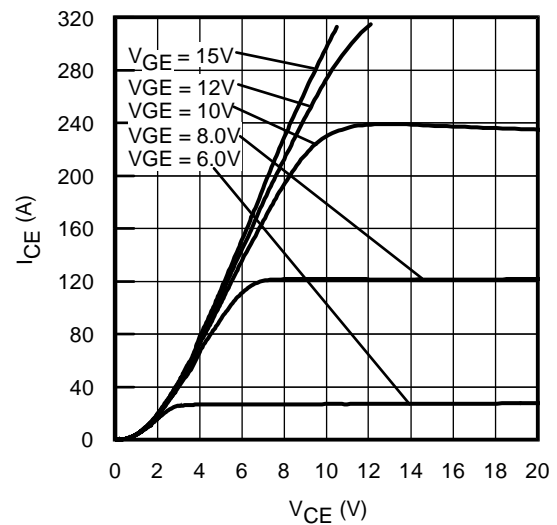
**Fig. 3** - Reverse Bias SOA  
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



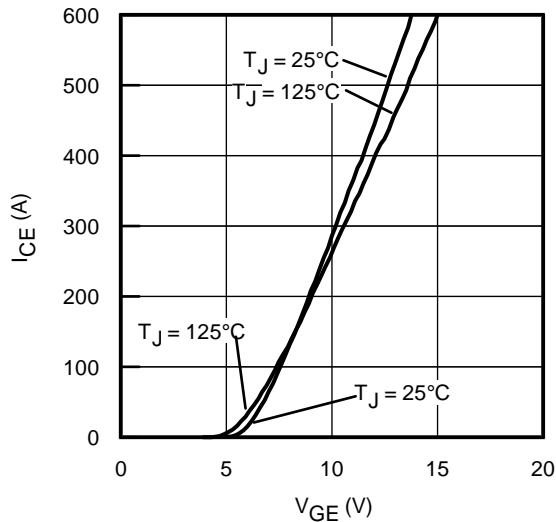
**Fig. 4** - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics  
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$



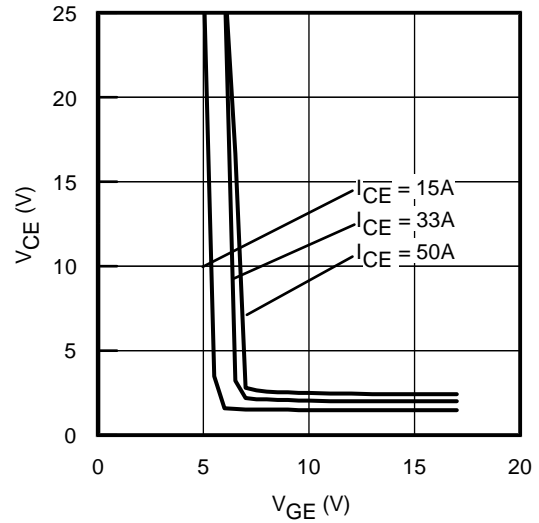
**Fig. 5** - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics  
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$



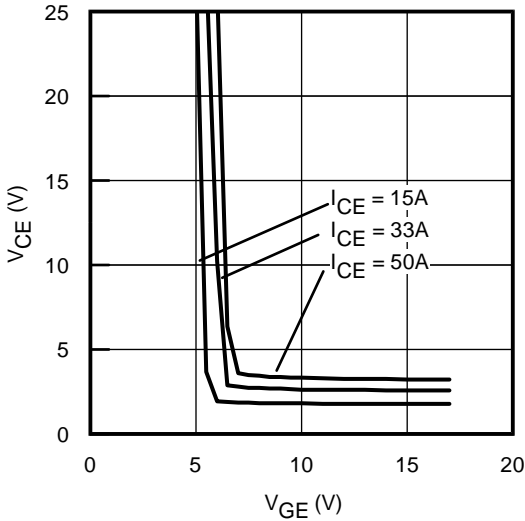
**Fig. 6** - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics  
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$



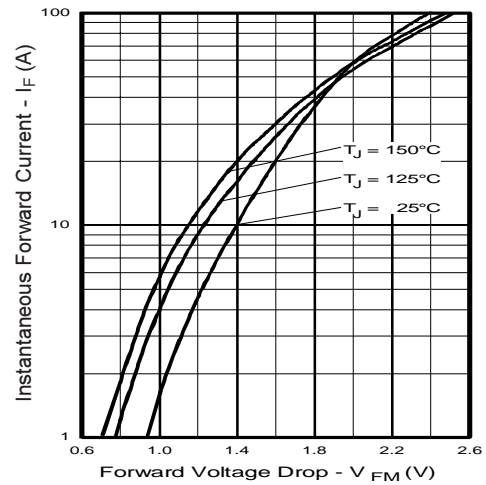
**Fig. 7 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics**  
 $V_{CE} = 50V$ ;  $t_p = 10\mu s$



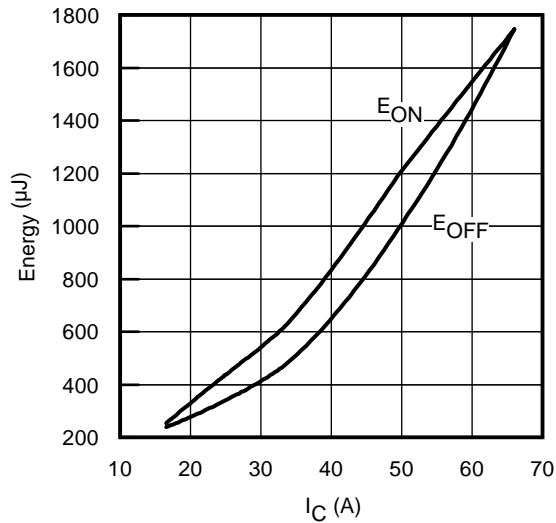
**Fig. 8 - Typical  $V_{CE}$  vs.  $V_{GE}$**   
 $T_J = 25^\circ C$



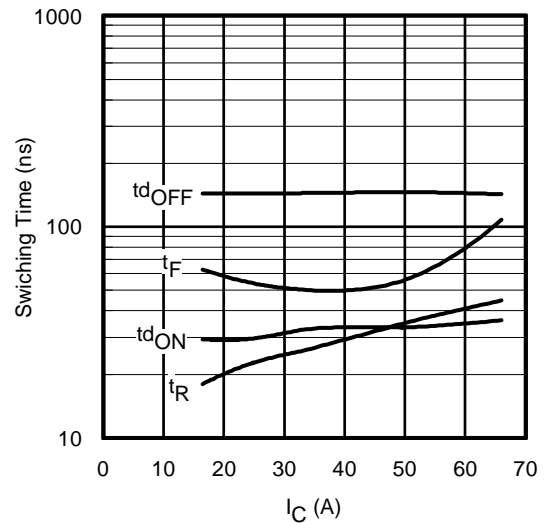
**Fig. 9 - Typical  $V_{CE}$  vs.  $V_{GE}$**   
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$



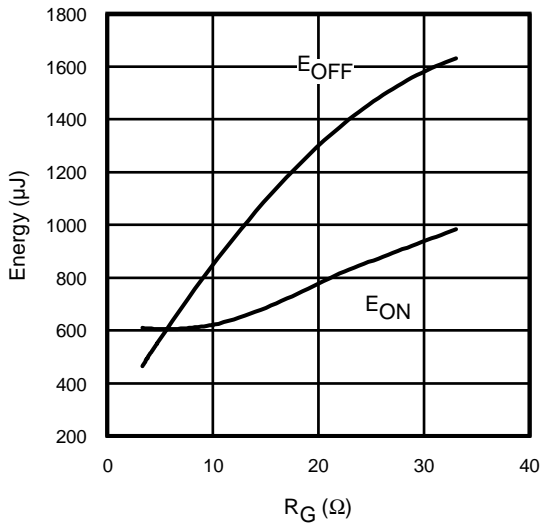
**Fig. 10 - Maximum Diode Forward Characteristics**  
 $t_p = 80\mu s$



**Fig. 11 - Typ. Energy Loss vs.  $I_C$**   
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$ ;  $L = 200\mu H$ ;  $V_{CE} = 390V$ ;  $R_G = 3.3\Omega$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15V$ .  
Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)

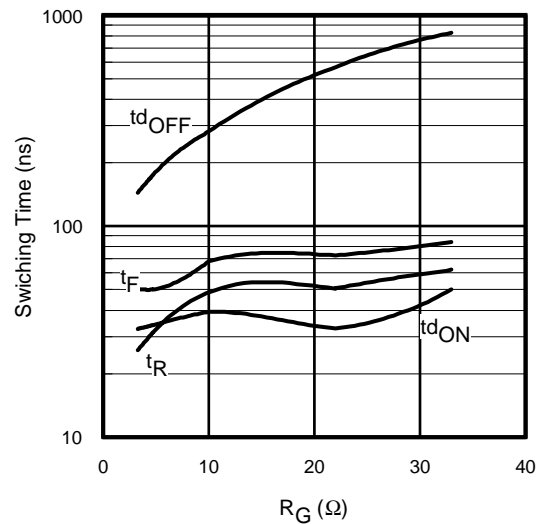


**Fig. 12 - Typ. Switching Time vs.  $I_C$**   
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$ ;  $L = 200\mu H$ ;  $V_{CE} = 390V$ ;  $R_G = 3.3\Omega$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15V$ .  
Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)



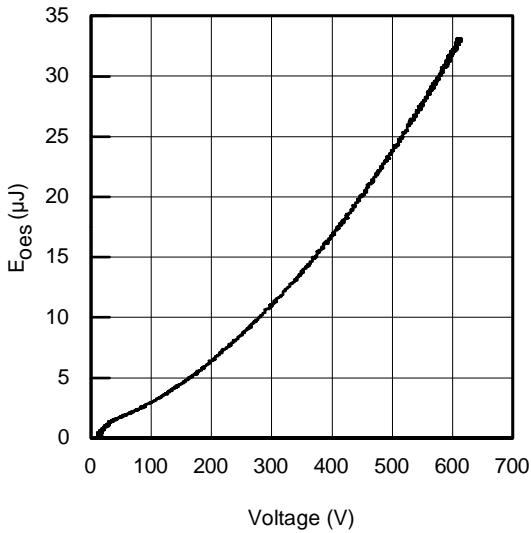
**Fig. 13** - Typ. Energy Loss vs.  $R_G$

$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $L = 200\mu\text{H}$ ;  $V_{CE} = 390\text{V}$ ;  $I_{CE} = 33\text{A}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$   
Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)

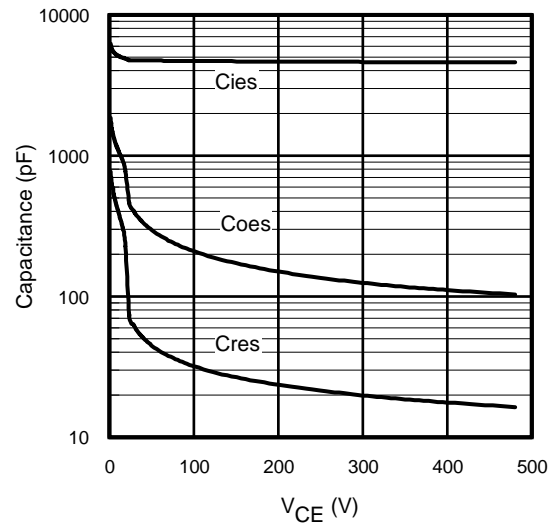


**Fig. 14** - Typ. Switching Time vs.  $R_G$

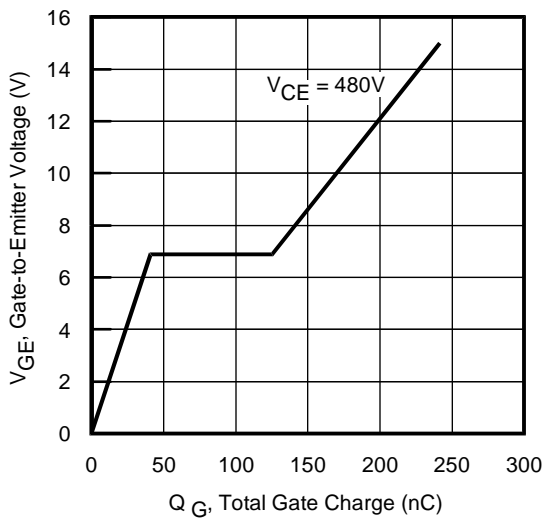
$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $L = 200\mu\text{H}$ ;  $V_{CE} = 390\text{V}$ ;  $I_{CE} = 33\text{A}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$   
Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)



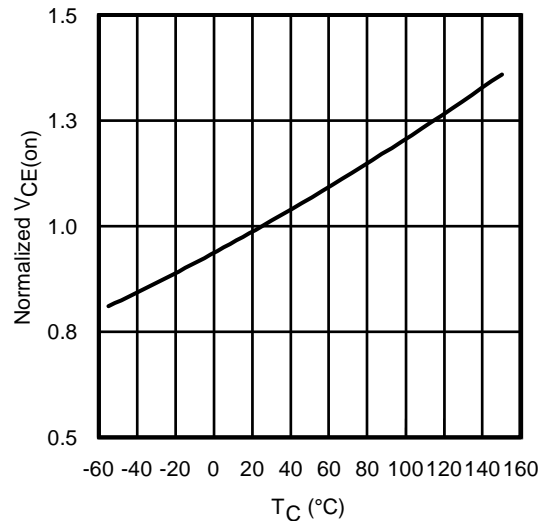
**Fig. 15** - Typ. Output Capacitance  
Stored Energy vs.  $V_{CE}$



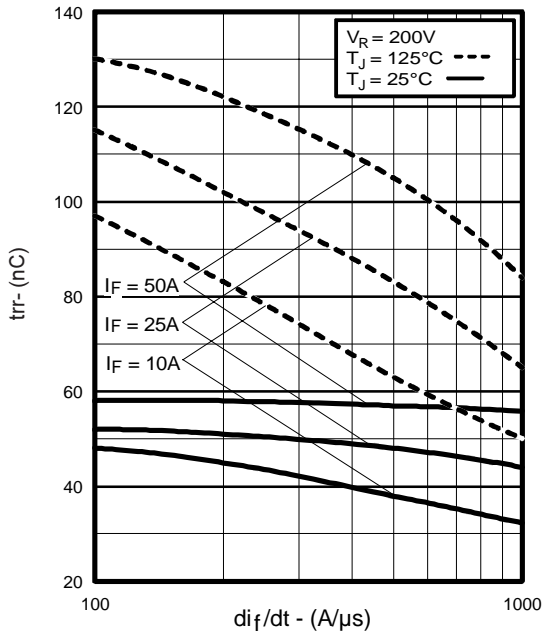
**Fig. 16** - Typ. Capacitance vs.  $V_{CE}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ ;  $f = 1\text{MHz}$



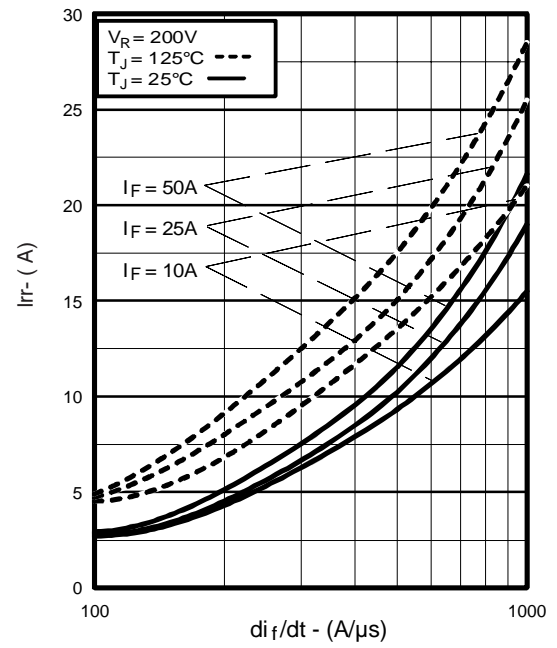
**Fig. 17** - Typical Gate Charge vs.  $V_{GE}$   
 $I_{CE} = 33\text{A}$



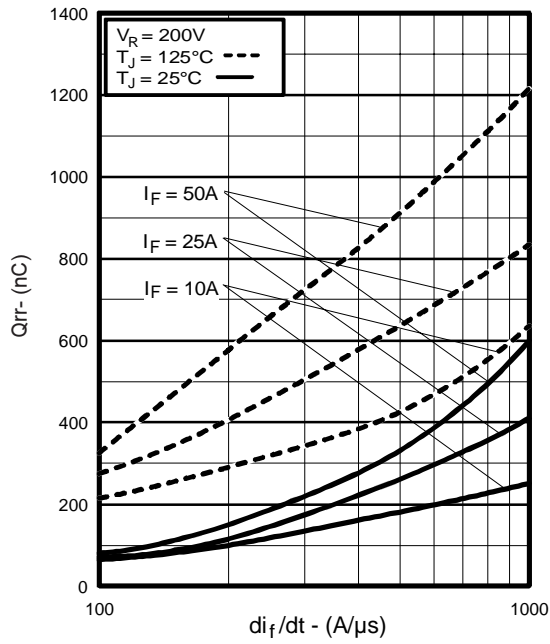
**Fig. 18** - Normalized Typ.  $V_{CE(on)}$   
vs. Junction Temperature  
 $I_C = 33\text{A}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



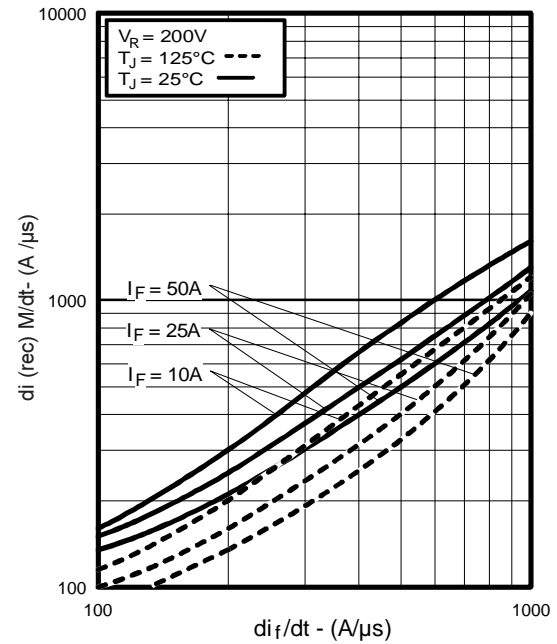
**Fig. 19** - Typical Reverse Recovery vs.  $di_f/dt$



**Fig. 20** - Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_f/dt$



**Fig. 21** - Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_f/dt$



**Fig. 22** - Typical  $di_{(rec)M}/dt$  vs.  $di_f/dt$

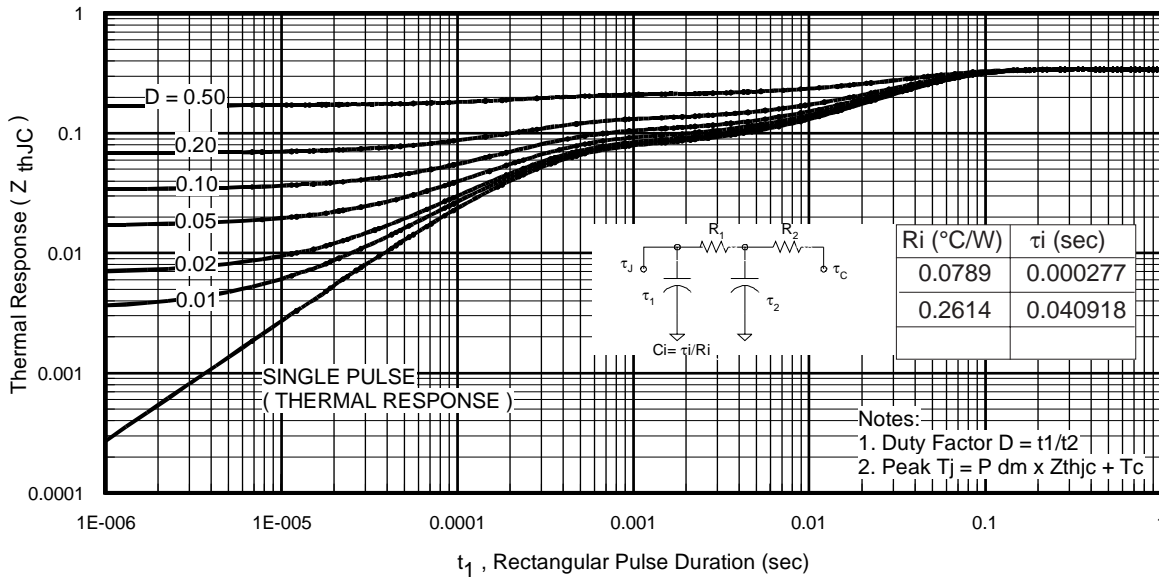


Fig 23. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (IGBT)

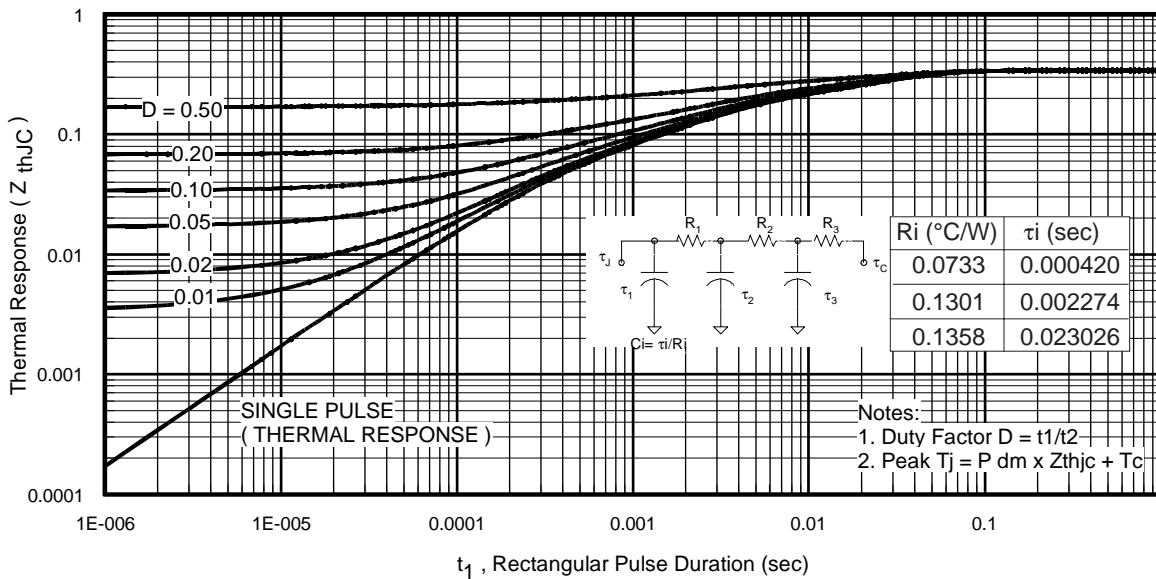


Fig. 24. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (DIODE)

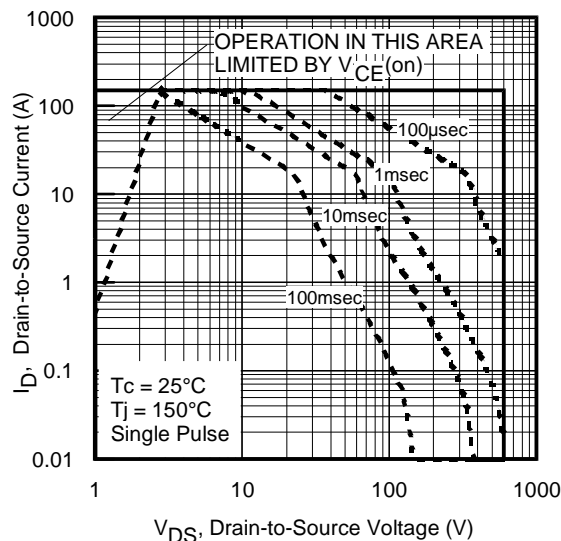
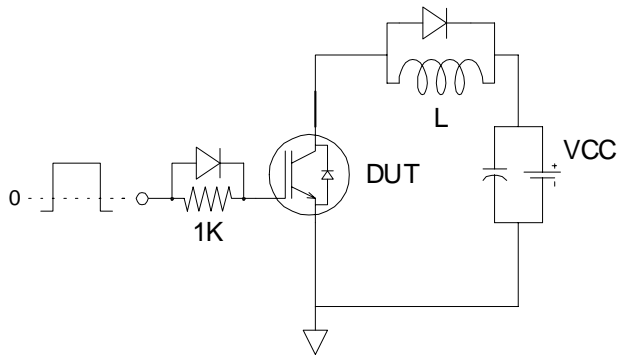
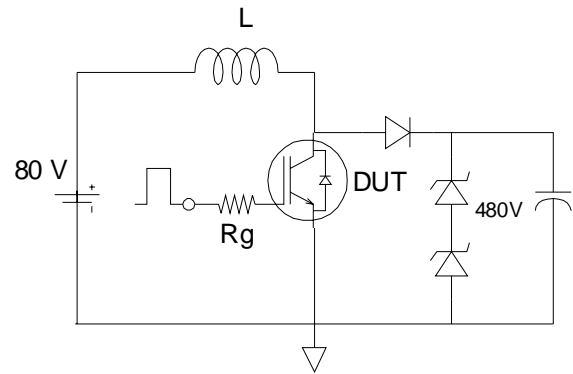


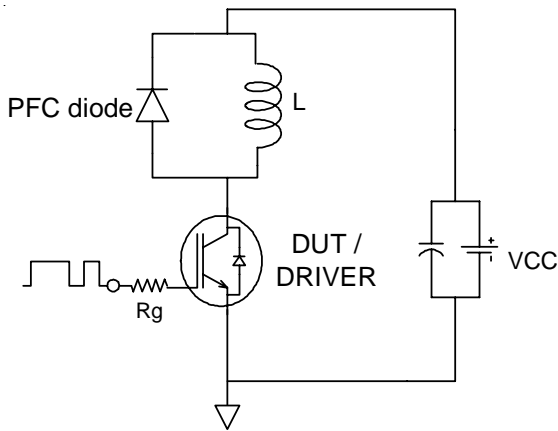
Fig. 25 - Forward SOA,  $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$



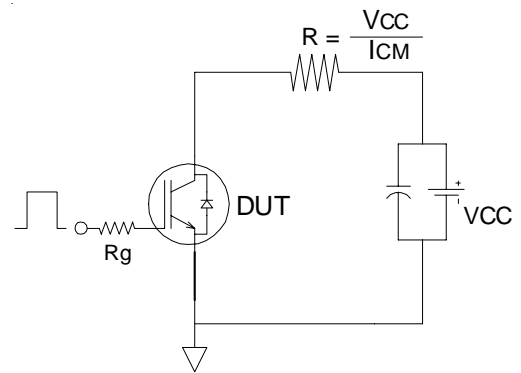
**Fig.C.T.1** - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)



**Fig.C.T.2** - RBSOA Circuit

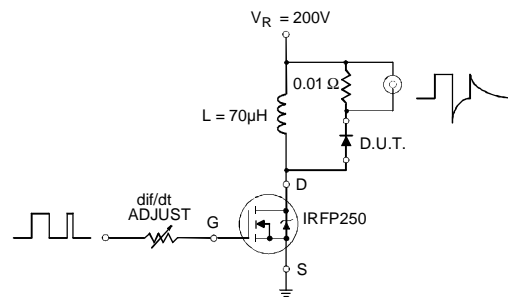


**Fig.C.T.3** - Switching Loss Circuit



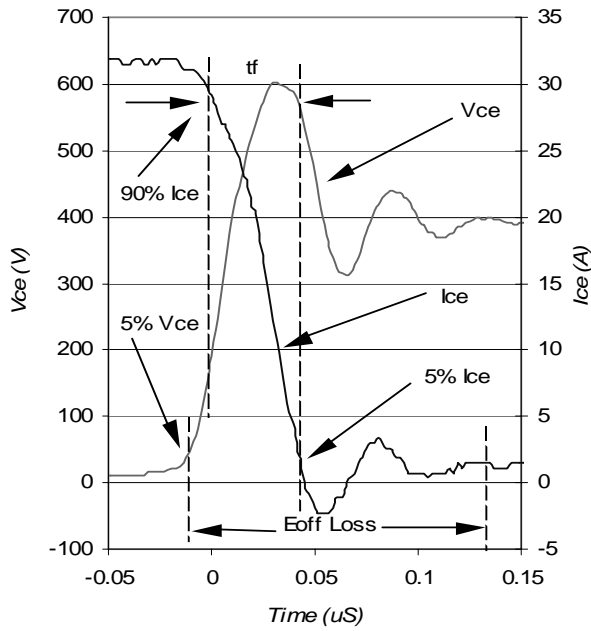
**Fig.C.T.4** - Resistive Load Circuit

### REVERSE RECOVERY CIRCUIT

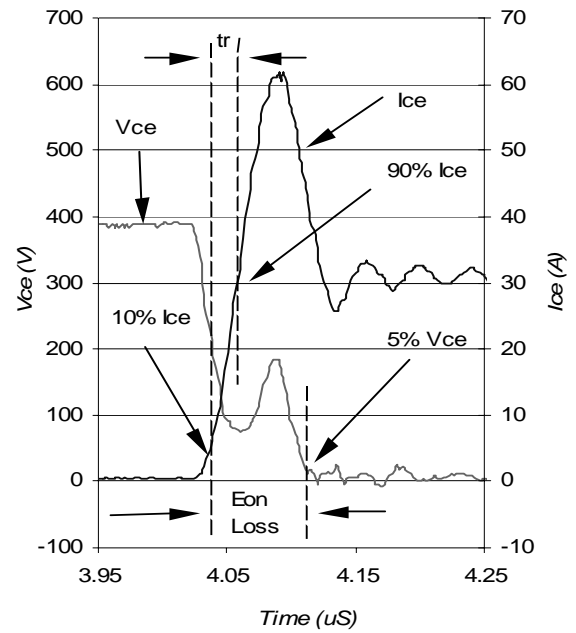


**Fig. C.T.5** - Reverse Recovery Parameter Test Circuit

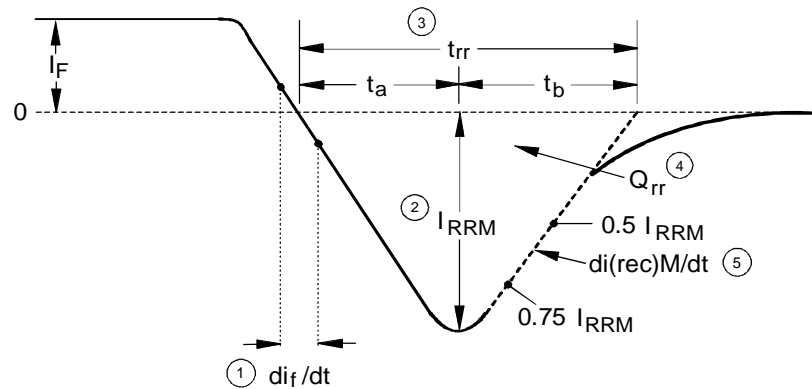




**Fig. WF1** - Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform  
@  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using Fig. CT.3



**Fig. WF2** - Typ. Turn-on Loss Waveform  
@  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using Fig. CT.3



1.  $di_f/dt$  - Rate of change of current through zero crossing
2.  $I_{RRM}$  - Peak reverse recovery current
3.  $t_{rr}$  - Reverse recovery time measured from zero crossing point of negative going  $I_F$  to point where a line passing through  $0.75 I_{RRM}$  and  $0.50 I_{RRM}$  extrapolated to zero current
4.  $Q_{rr}$  - Area under curve defined by  $t_{rr}$  and  $I_{RRM}$   

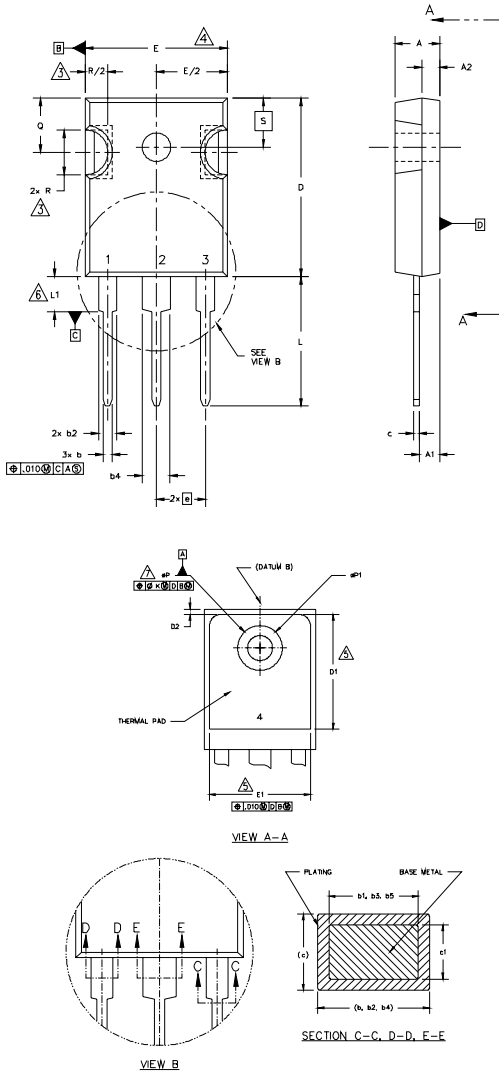
$$Q_{rr} = \frac{t_{rr} \times I_{RRM}}{2}$$
5.  $di_{(rec)M}/dt$  - Peak rate of change of current during  $t_b$  portion of  $t_{rr}$

**Fig. WF3** - Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions

# IRGP50B60PDPbF

## TO-247AC Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M 1994.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS]
3. CONTOUR OF SLOT OPTIONAL.
4. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
5. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS D1 & E1.
6. LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
7.  $\phi P$  TO HAVE A MAXIMUM DRAFT ANGLE OF 1.5° TO THE TOP OF THE PART WITH A MAXIMUM HOLE DIAMETER OF .154" [3.91].
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247 WITH THE EXCEPTION OF DIMENSION c.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES	
	INCHES		MILLIMETERS			
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
A	.183	.209	4.65	5.31		
A1	.087	.102	2.21	2.59		
A2	.059	.098	1.50	2.49		
b	.039	.055	0.99	1.40		
b1	.039	.053	0.99	1.35		
b2	.065	.094	1.65	2.39		
b3	.065	.092	1.65	2.37		
b4	.102	.135	2.59	3.43		
b5	.102	.133	2.59	3.38		
c	.015	.034	0.38	0.86		
c1	.015	.030	0.38	0.76		
D	.776	.815	19.71	20.70		4
D1	.515	-	13.08	-		5
D2	.020	.030	0.51	0.76		4
E	.602	.625	15.29	15.87		
E1	.540	-	15.72	-		
e	.215 BSC		5.46 BSC			
$\phi k$	.010		2.54			
L	.559	.634	14.20	16.10		
L1	.146	.169	3.71	4.29		
N	3		7.62 BSC			
$\phi P$	.140	.144	3.56	3.66		
$\phi P1$	-	.275	-	6.98		
Q	.209	.224	5.31	5.69		
R	.178	.216	4.52	5.49		
S	.217 BSC		5.51 BSC			

**LEAD ASSIGNMENTS**

**HEXFET**

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

**IGBTs, CoPACK**

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER
- 4.- COLLECTOR

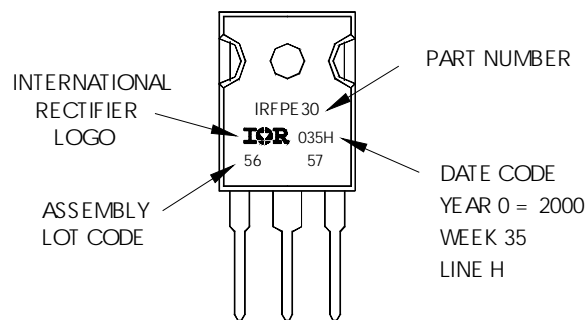
**DIODES**

- 1.- ANODE/OPEN
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

## TO-247AC Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFPE30  
WITH ASSEMBLY  
LOT CODE 5657  
ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2000  
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

**Note:** "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"



**TO-247AC package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.**

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
This product has been designed and qualified for Industrial market.  
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:  
<http://www.irf.com/package/>



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С нами вы становитесь еще успешнее!

### Наши контакты:

**Телефон:** +7 812 627 14 35

**Электронная почта:** [sales@st-electron.ru](mailto:sales@st-electron.ru)

**Адрес:** 198099, Санкт-Петербург,  
Промышленная ул, дом № 19, литера Н,  
помещение 100-Н Офис 331