

RM 7, RM 7 LP Cores and accessories

Series/Type: B65819, B65820, B65659

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Core and accessories

	Individual parts	Part no.	Page
	Adjusting screw	B65659	6
	Core	B65819	3
	Clamps	B65820	5
	Insulating washer 1	B65820	5
	Coil former	B65820	4
	Core	B65819	3
	Threaded sleeve (glued-in)		
200-100	Insulating washer 2	B65820	5
Example of an assembly set			
Also available:	RM 7 low profile:		
	Core	B65819P	7



Core B65819

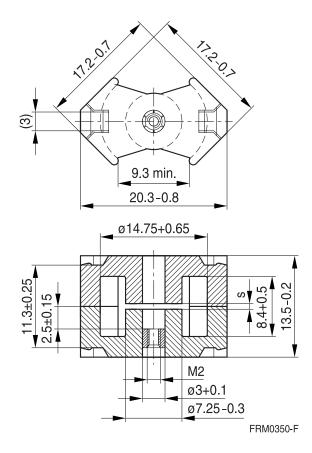
- To IEC 62317-4
- Core without center hole for transformer applications
- Delivery mode: sets

Magnetic characteristics (per set)

	with center hole	without center hole	
ΣI/A	0.75	0.7	mm ⁻¹
l _e	29.8	30.4	mm
l _e A _e A _{min}	40	43	mm ²
A_{min}		39	mm ²
V_e	1190	1310	mm ³

Approx. weight (per set)

m	6.5	7.2	g



Gapped

Material	A _L value	s approx. mm	μ _e	Ordering code ¹⁾ -A with center hole -N with threaded sleeve -J without center hole
N41	160 ±5%	0.30	90	B65819J0160J041
	250 ±5%	0.18	141	B65819J0250J041
N48	250 ±3%	0.16	148	B65819+0250A048
	315 ±3%	0.12	187	B65819+0315A048

Ungapped

Material	A _L value	μ _e	P _V	Ordering code
	nH		W/set	-J without center hole
N30	5000 +30/–20%	2810		B65819J0000R030
T38	10000 +40/-30%	5630		B65819J0000Y038
N49	1900 +30/–20%	1070	< 0.22 (50 mT, 500 kHz, 100 °C)	B65819J0000R049
N87	2700 +30/–20%	1520	< 0.77 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65819J0000R087
N97	2700 +30/–20%	1520	< 0.58 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65819J0000R097

¹⁾ Replace the + by the code letter "A" or "N" for the required version.



Accessories B65820

Coil former

Material: GFR thermosetting plastic (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085:

H

max. operating temperature 180 °C), color code black

Sumikon PM 9630® [E41429 (M)], SUMITOMO BAKELITE CO LTD

Solderability: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s

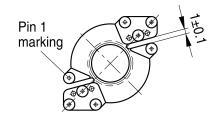
Resistance to soldering heat: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s

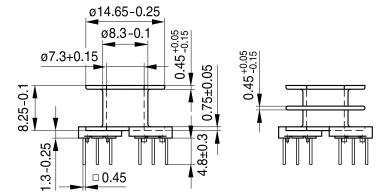
Winding: see Data Book 2013, chapter "Processing notes, 2.1"

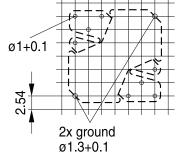
Squared pins.

For matching clamp and insulating washers see page 5.

Sections	A _N mm ²	I _N mm	A_R value $\mu\Omega$	Pins	Ordering code
1	22.4	36.0	55.4	8	B65820W1008D001
2	21.9	36.0	56.5	8	B65820W1008D002







Hole arrangement View in mounting direction

FRM0314-J-E



Accessories B65820

Clamp

- With ground terminal, made of spring steel (tinned), 0.4 mm thick
- Solderability to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s

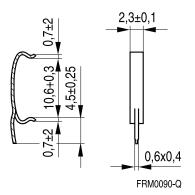
Insulating washer 1 between core and coil former

- For tolerance compensation and for insulation
- Made of polycarbonate (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085: E 120 °C), 0.08 mm thick Aryphan F685, [E167358 (M)], natural color, LOFO HIGH TECH FILM GMBH

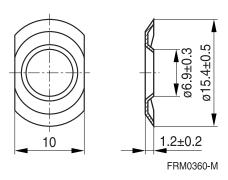
Insulating washer 2 for double-clad PCBs

	Ordering code
Clamp (ordering code per piece, 2 are required)	B65820B2001X000
Insulating washer 1 (reel packing, PU = 1 reel)	B65820A5000X000
Insulating washer 2 (bulk)	B65820D2005X000

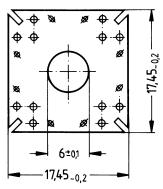
Clamp



Insulating washer 1 (preliminary data)



Insulating washer 2



FRM0092-7



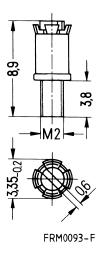
Accessories B65659

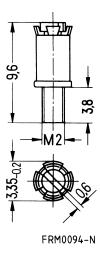
Adjusting screw

■ Tube core with thread and core brake made of GFR polyterephthalate Pocan B3235® [E245249 (M)], LANXESS AG

Figure	Tube core ∅ × length (mm)	Material	Color code	Ordering code
a	2.62 × 3.6	N22	red	B65659F0001X023
b	2.75 × 4.4	N22	black	B65659F0003X023

a b







RM 7 »Low Profile«

Core B65819P

■ To IEC 62317-4

■ For compact transformers

■ Without center hole

■ Delivery mode: sets

Magnetic characteristics (per set)

 $\Sigma I/A = 0.52 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

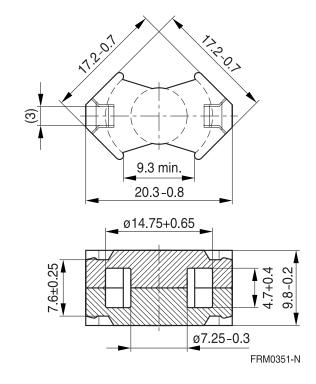
 $I_{e} = 23.5 \text{ mm}$

 $A_e = 45.3 \text{ mm}^2$

 $A_{min} = 39.6 \text{ mm}^2$

 $V_e = 1060 \text{ mm}^3$

Approx. weight 5.7 g/set



Ungapped

Material	A _L value	μ _e	P _V	Ordering code
	nH		W/set	
T38	11500 +40/-30%	4750		B65819P0000Y038
N49	2400 +30/–20%	990	< 0.21 (50 mT, 500 kHz, 100 °C)	B65819P0000R049
N92	2600 +30/–20%	1070	< 0.63 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65819P0000R092
N87	3300 +30/–20%	1360	< 0.57 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65819P0000R087



Cautions and warnings

Mechanical stress and mounting

Ferrite cores have to meet mechanical requirements during assembling and for a growing number of applications. Since ferrites are ceramic materials one has to be aware of the special behavior under mechanical load.

As valid for any ceramic material, ferrite cores are brittle and sensitive to any shock, fast changing or tensile load. Especially high cooling rates under ultrasonic cleaning and high static or cyclic loads can cause cracks or failure of the ferrite cores.

For detailed information see chapter "Definitions", section 8.1.

Effects of core combination on A₁ value

Stresses in the core affect not only the mechanical but also the magnetic properties. It is apparent that the initial permeability is dependent on the stress state of the core. The higher the stresses are in the core, the lower is the value for the initial permeability. Thus the embedding medium should have the greatest possible elasticity.

For detailed information see chapter "Definitions", section 8.2.

Heating up

Ferrites can run hot during operation at higher flux densities and higher frequencies.

NiZn-materials

The magnetic properties of NiZn-materials can change irreversible in high magnetic fields.

Processing notes

- The start of the winding process should be soft. Else the flanges may be destroid.
- To strong winding forces may blast the flanges or squeeze the tube that the cores can no more be mount.
- To long soldering time at high temperature (>300 °C) may effect coplanarity or pin arrangement.
- Not following the processing notes for soldering of the J-leg terminals may cause solderability problems at the transformer because of pollution with Sn oxyd of the tin bath or burned insulation of the wire. For detailed information see chapter "Processing notes", section 8.2.
- The dimensions of the hole arrangement have fixed values and should be understood as a recommendation for drilling the printed circuit board. For dimensioning the pins, the group of holes can only be seen under certain conditions, as they fit into the given hole arrangement. To avoid problems when mounting the transformer, the manufacturing tolerances for positioning the customers' drilling process must be considered by increasing the hole diameter.



Symbols and terms

Symbol	Meaning	Unit
A	Cross section of coil	mm ²
A_{e}	Effective magnetic cross section	mm ²
A_L	Inductance factor; $A_L = L/N^2$	nH
A_{L1}^-	Minimum inductance at defined high saturation ($\stackrel{-}{=} \mu_a$)	nH
A _{min}	Minimum core cross section	mm ²
A _N	Winding cross section	mm ²
A_R	Resistance factor; $A_R = R_{Cu}/N^2$	$\mu\Omega = 10^{-6} \Omega$
В	RMS value of magnetic flux density	Vs/m ² , mT
ΔΒ	Flux density deviation	Vs/m ² , mT
Â	Peak value of magnetic flux density	Vs/m ² , mT
ΔÂ	Peak value of flux density deviation	Vs/m ² , mT
B_{DC}	DC magnetic flux density	Vs/m ² , mT
B_R	Remanent flux density	Vs/m ² , mT
B_S	Saturation magnetization	Vs/m ² , mT
C_0	Winding capacitance	F = As/V
CDF	Core distortion factor	mm ^{-4.5}
DF	Relative disaccommodation coefficient DF = d/μ_i	
d	Disaccommodation coefficient	
E_a	Activation energy	J
f	Frequency	s⁻¹, Hz
f _{cutoff}	Cut-off frequency	s⁻¹, Hz
f _{max}	Upper frequency limit	s⁻¹, Hz
f _{min}	Lower frequency limit	s⁻¹, Hz
f_r	Resonance frequency	s⁻¹, Hz
f_{Cu}	Copper filling factor	
g	Air gap	mm
Н	RMS value of magnetic field strength	A/m
Ĥ	Peak value of magnetic field strength	A/m
H_{DC}	DC field strength	A/m
H_c	Coercive field strength	A/m
h	Hysteresis coefficient of material	10 ⁻⁶ cm/A
h/μ_i^2	Relative hysteresis coefficient	10 ⁻⁶ cm/A
1	RMS value of current	Α
I_{DC}	Direct current	Α
Î	Peak value of current	Α
J	Polarization	Vs/m ²
k	Boltzmann constant	J/K
k_3	Third harmonic distortion	
k _{3c}	Circuit third harmonic distortion	
L	Inductance	H = Vs/A



Symbols and terms

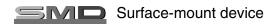
Symbol	Meaning	Unit
ΔL/L	Relative inductance change	Н
L_0	Inductance of coil without core	Н
L _H	Main inductance	Н
L_p	Parallel inductance	Н
L _{rev}	Reversible inductance	Н
Ls	Series inductance	Н
l _e	Effective magnetic path length	mm
I _N	Average length of turn	mm
N	Number of turns	
P_{Cu}	Copper (winding) losses	W
P _{trans}	Transferrable power	W
P_V	Relative core losses	mW/g
PF	Performance factor	
Q	Quality factor (Q = $\omega L/R_s$ = 1/tan δ_L)	
R	Resistance	Ω
R_{Cu}	Copper (winding) resistance (f = 0)	Ω
R_h	Hysteresis loss resistance of a core	Ω
ΔR_h	R _h change	Ω
R _i	Internal resistance	Ω
R_p	Parallel loss resistance of a core	Ω
R_s^r	Series loss resistance of a core	Ω
R_{th}	Thermal resistance	K/W
R_V	Effective loss resistance of a core	Ω
S	Total air gap	mm
Т	Temperature	°C
ΔT	Temperature difference	K
T_{C}	Curie temperature	°C
t	Time	s
t_{v}	Pulse duty factor	
tan δ	Loss factor	
tan δ_L	Loss factor of coil	
$\tan \delta_r$	(Residual) loss factor at $H \rightarrow 0$	
$\tan \delta_{e}$	Relative loss factor	
$tan \delta_h$	Hysteresis loss factor	
tan δ/μ _i	Relative loss factor of material at H → 0	
U	RMS value of voltage	V
Û	Peak value of voltage	V
V _e	Effective magnetic volume	mm ³
Z	Complex impedance	Ω
Z_n	Normalized impedance $ Z _n = Z /N^2 \times \varepsilon (_e/A_e)$	Ω/mm



Symbols and terms

Symbol	Meaning	Unit
α	Temperature coefficient (TK)	1/K
α_{F}	Relative temperature coefficient of material	1/K
α_{e}	Temperature coefficient of effective permeability	1/K
r	Relative permittivity	
Þ	Magnetic flux	Vs
1	Efficiency of a transformer	
lB	Hysteresis material constant	mT-1
li	Hysteresis core constant	$A^{-1}H^{-1/2}$
'S	Magnetostriction at saturation magnetization	
,	Relative complex permeability	
0	Magnetic field constant	Vs/Am
a	Relative amplitude permeability	
app	Relative apparent permeability	
е	Relative effective permeability	
i	Relative initial permeability	
p	Relative real (inductive) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for parallel components)	
p"	Relative imaginary (loss) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for parallel components)	
r	Relative permeability	
rev	Relative reversible permeability	
S	Relative real (inductive) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for series components)	
s S	Relative imaginary (loss) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for series components)	
tot	Relative total permeability	
	derived from the static magnetization curve	
	Resistivity	Ω m $^{-1}$
I/A	Magnetic form factor	mm ⁻¹
Cu	DC time constant $\tau_{Cu} = L/R_{Cu} = A_L/A_R$	s
)	Angular frequency; $\omega = 2 \Pi f$	s ⁻¹

All dimensions are given in mm.





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