



## HD3SS3411 One Channel Differential 2:1 Mux/Demux

### 1 Features

- Compatible with Multiple Interface Standards Including FPD Link, LVDS, PCIE Gen II, III, XAUI, and USB3.1
- Operates up to 10 Gbps
- Wide -3 dB Differential BW of ~ 7.5 GHz
- Excellent Dynamic Characteristics (at 4 GHz)
  - Insertion Loss = -1.1 dB
  - Return Loss = -11.3 dB
  - Off Isolation = -19 dB
- Bidirectional "Mux/De-Mux" Differential Switch
- Supports Common Mode Voltage 0 V to 2 V
- Single Supply Voltage  $V_{CC}$  of 3.3 V  $\pm 10\%$
- Industrial Temperature Range of -40°C to 105°C

### 2 Applications

- Industrial Data Switching
- Desktop and Notebook PCs
- Server/Storage Area Networks
- PCI Express Backplanes
- Shared I/O Ports

### 3 Description

The HD3SS3411 is a high-speed bi-directional passive switch in multiplexer or demultiplexer configurations. Based on control pin SEL, the device provides switching of differential channels between Port B to Port A or Port C to Port A.

The HD3SS3411 is a generic analog differential passive switch that can work for any high speed interface application as long as it is biased at a common mode voltage range of 0 V to 2 V and has differential signaling with differential amplitude up to 1800 mVpp. The device employs adaptive tracking that ensures the channel remains unchanged for entire common mode voltage range.

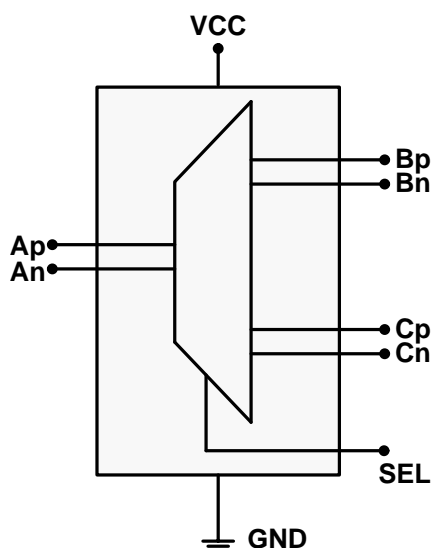
Excellent dynamic characteristics of the device allow high speed switching with minimum attenuation to the signal eye diagram with little added jitter. It consumes < 2 mW of power when operational and has a shutdown mode exercisable by OEn pin resulting < 2  $\mu$ W.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

| PART NUMBER | PACKAGE   | BODY SIZE (NOM)   |
|-------------|-----------|-------------------|
| HD3SS3411   | WQFN (14) | 3.50 mm x 3.50 mm |
| HD3SS3411I  |           |                   |

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

#### Simplified Schematic



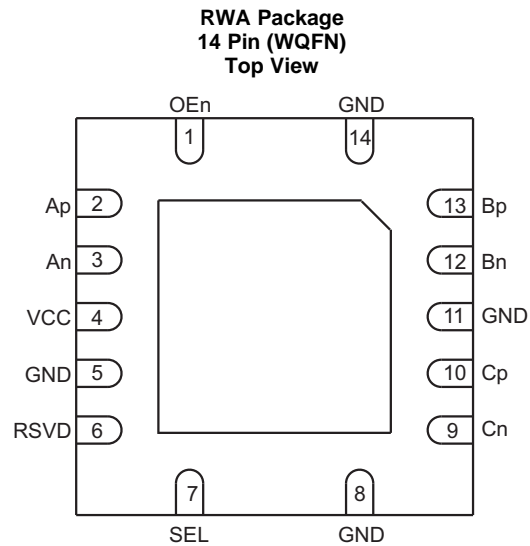
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## 4 Revision History

| DATE          | REVISION | NOTES            |
|---------------|----------|------------------|
| November 2015 | *        | Initial release. |

## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions



### Pin Functions

| NAME | NO                | TYPE | DESCRIPTION   |
|------|-------------------|------|---|
| Ap   | 2                 | I/O  | Port A, High Speed Positive Signal                            |
| An   | 3                 | I/O  | Port A, High Speed Negative Signal                            |
| Bp   | 13                | I/O  | Port B, High Speed Positive Signal                            |
| Bn   | 12                | I/O  | Port B, High Speed Negative Signal                            |
| Cp   | 10                | I/O  | Port C, High Speed Positive Signal                            |
| Cn   | 9                 | I/O  | Port C, High Speed Negative Signal                            |
| GND  | 5,8,11,14,<br>Pad | G    | Ground  |
| OEn  | 1                 | I    | Active Low Chip Enable<br>L: Normal operation<br>H: Shutdown  |
| RSVD | 6                 | I/O  | Reserved Pin – connect or pull-down to GND                    |
| SEL  | 7                 | I    | Port select pin<br>L: Port A to Port B<br>H: Port A to Port C |
| VCC  | 4                 | P    | 3.3 V power   |

## 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                                   |   | MIN  | MAX            | UNIT |
|-----------------------------------|---|------|----------------|------|
| Supply voltage range ( $V_{CC}$ ) | Absolute minimum/maximum supply voltage range | −0.5 | 4              | V    |
| Voltage range                     | Differential I/O                              | −0.5 | 2.5            | V    |
|                                   | Control pin                                   | −0.5 | $V_{DD} + 0.5$ |      |

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

|                                     |   | VALUE | UNIT |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------|------|
| $V_{(ESD)}$ Electrostatic discharge | Human-body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 <sup>(1)</sup> | ±2000 | V    |
|                                     | Charged-device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011            | ±500  |      |

- (1) AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|            |   | MIN  | NOM | MAX      | UNIT     |
|------------|---|------|-----|----------|----------|
| $V_{CC}$   | Supply voltage                              | 3    |     | 3.6      | V        |
| $V_{IH}$   | Input high voltage (SEL, OEn Pin)           | 2    |     | $V_{CC}$ | V        |
| $V_{IL}$   | Input low voltage (SEL OEn Pin)             | −0.1 |     | 0.8      | V        |
| $V_{Diff}$ | High speed signal pins differential voltage | 0    |     | 1.8      | $V_{PP}$ |
| $V_{CM}$   | Common mode voltage (differential pins)     | 0    |     | 2        | V        |
| $T_A$      | Operating free-air temperature              | −40  |     | 105      | °C       |

### 6.4 Thermal Information

| THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup> |  | HD3SS3411  | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|--|------------|------|
|                               |  | RWA (WQFN) |      |
|                               |  | 14 PINS    |      |
| $R_{\theta JA}$               | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance       | 50.5       | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JC(top)}$          | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance    | 63.1       |      |
| $R_{\theta JB}$               | Junction-to-board thermal resistance         | 26.4       |      |
| $\Psi_{JT}$                   | Junction-to-top characterization parameter   | 2.2        |      |
| $\Psi_{JB}$                   | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 26.5       |      |
| $R_{\theta JC(bot)}$          | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | 7.3        |      |

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

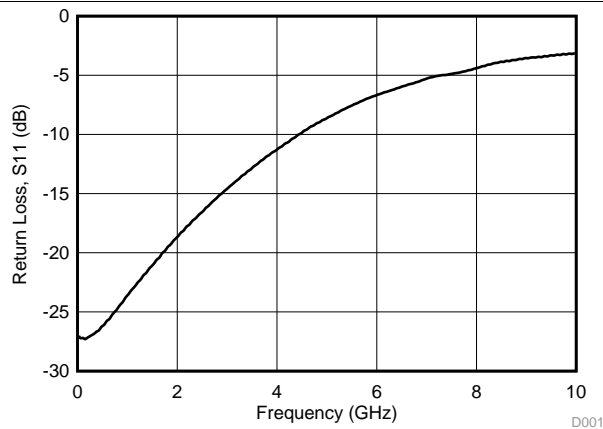
over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                     |  | TEST CONDITIONS   | MIN | TYP   | MAX | UNITS         |
|-------------------------------|--|---|-----|-------|-----|---------------|
| $I_{CC}$                      | Device active Current                                      | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , $OEN = 0$   |     | 0.6   | 0.8 | mA            |
| $I_{STDN}$                    | Device shutdown Current                                    | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , $OEN = 0$   |     | 0.3   | 0.6 | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $C_{ON}$                      | Outputs ON Capacitance                                     |   |     | 0.6   |     | pF            |
| $R_{ON}$                      | Output ON resistance                                       | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ; $V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$ to $2\text{ V}$ ;<br>$I_O = -8\text{ mA}$   |     | 5     | 8   | $\Omega$      |
| $\Delta R_{ON}$               | On resistance match between pairs of the same channel      | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ; $-0.35\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 2.35\text{ V}$ ;<br>$I_O = -8\text{ mA}$   |     |       | 0.5 | $\Omega$      |
| $R_{(FLAT\_ON)}$              | On resistance flatness<br>( $R_{ON(MAX)} - R_{ON(MAIN)}$ ) | $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ; $-0.35\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 2.35\text{ V}$   |     |       | 1   | $\Omega$      |
| $I_{IH(CTRL)}$                | Input high current, control pins<br>(SEL, OEN)             |   |     |       | 1   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{IL(CTRL)}$                | Input low current, control pins<br>(SEL, OEN)              |   |     |       | 1   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{IH(HS)}$                  | Input high current, high speed pins                        | [A/B/C][p/n] $V_{IN} = 2\text{ V}$ for selected port, A and B with SEL = 0, and A and C with SEL = $V_{CC}$   |     |       | 1   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|                               |  | [A/B/C][p/n] $V_{IN} = 2\text{ V}$ for non-selected port, C with SEL = 0, and B with SEL = $V_{CC}$<br>(Note there is a 20 K $\Omega$ pull-down in non-selected port) |     | 100   | 140 | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{IL(HS)}$                  | Input low current, high speed pins                         | [A/B/C][p/n]  |     |       | 1   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| <b>High Speed Performance</b> |  |   |     |       |     |               |
| $I_L$                         | Differential Insertion Loss                                | $f = 0.3\text{ MHz}$  |     | -0.5  |     | dB            |
|                               |  | $f = 2.5\text{ GHz}$  |     | -0.7  |     |               |
|                               |  | $f = 4\text{ GHz}$  |     | -1.1  |     |               |
| BW                            | -3 dB Bandwidth  |   |     | 7.5   |     | GHz           |
| $R_L$                         | Differential return loss                                   | $f = 0.3\text{ MHz}$  |     | -26.4 |     | dB            |
|                               |  | $f = 2.5\text{ GHz}$  |     | -16.6 |     |               |
|                               |  | $f = 4\text{ GHz}$  |     | -11.3 |     |               |
| $O_I$                         | Differential OFF isolation                                 | $f = 0.3\text{ MHz}$  |     | -75   |     | dB            |
|                               |  | $f = 2.5\text{ GHz}$  |     | -22   |     |               |
|                               |  | $f = 4\text{ GHz}$  |     | -19   |     |               |
| Xtalk                         | Differential Crosstalk                                     | $f = 4\text{ GHz}$  |     | -35   |     | dB            |

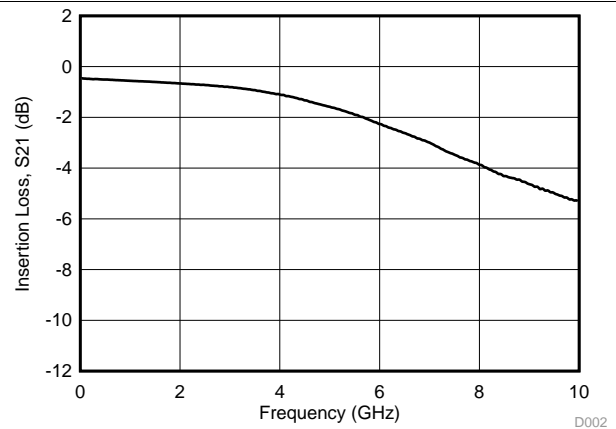
## 6.6 Timing Requirements

|                 |                          | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $t_{PD}$        | Switch propagation delay |     |     | 80  | ps   |
| $t_{SW}$        | Switching time           |     |     | 0.5 | ns   |
| $t_{SK\_INTRA}$ | Intra-pair output skew   |     |     | 5   | ps   |

## 6.7 Typical Characteristics



**Figure 1. Return Loss vs Frequency**



**Figure 2. Insertion Loss vs Frequency**

## 7 Detailed Description

### 7.1 Overview

The HD3SS3411 is a high-speed bi-directional passive switch in mux or demux configurations. Based on control pin SEL, the device switches one differential channels between Port B or Port C to Port A.

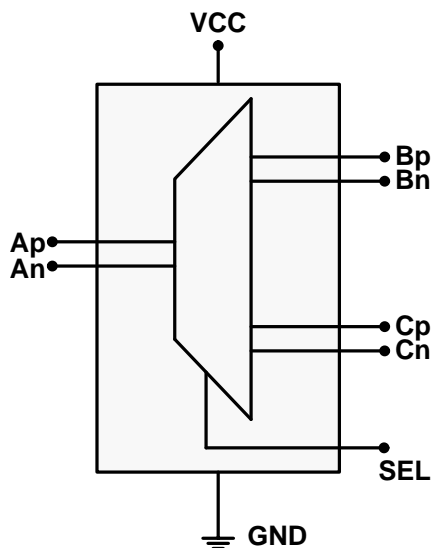
The HD3SS3411 is a generic analog differential passive switch that can work for any high speed interface applications as long as it is biased at a common mode voltage range of 0 V to 2 V and has differential signaling with differential amplitude up to 1800 mVpp. The device employs an adaptive tracking that ensures the channel remains unchanged for entire common mode voltage range.

**Table 1. MUX Pin Connections<sup>(1)</sup>**

| PORT A CHANNEL | PORT B OR PORT C CHANNEL CONNECTED TO PORT A CHANNEL |         |
|----------------|--|---------|
|                | SEL = L  | SEL = H |
| Ap             | Bp   | Cp      |
| An             | Bn   | Cn      |

(1) The HD3SS3411 can tolerate polarity inversions for all differential signals on Ports A, B and C. Care should be taken to ensure the same polarity is maintained on Port A vs. Port B/C.

### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram



### 7.3 Feature Description

#### 7.3.1 Output Enable and Power Savings

The HD3SS3411 has two power modes, normal operating mode and shutdown mode. During shutdown mode, the device consumes very-little current to save the maximum power. The OEn control pin is used to toggle between the two modes.

HD3SS3411 consumes < 2 mW of power when operational and has a shutdown mode exercisable by the OEn pin resulting < 20  $\mu$ W.

## 7.4 Device Functional Modes

The OEn control pin selects the functional mode of HD3SS3411. To enter standby/shutdown mode, the OEn control pin is pulled high through a resistor and must remain high. For active/normal operation, the OEn control pin should be pulled low to GND or dynamically controlled to switch between H or L.

**Table 2. Device Power Modes**

| OEn | Device State | Signal Pins |
|-----|--------------|-------------|
| L   | Normal       | Normal      |
| H   | Shutdown     | Tri-stated  |



## 8 Application Information and Implementation

### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 8.1 Application Information

HD3SS3411 mux channels have independent adaptive common mode tracking allowing RX and TX paths to have different common mode voltage simplifying system implementation and avoiding inter-operational issues.

HD3SS3411 mux does not provide common mode biasing for the channel. Therefore, it is required that the device is biased from either side for all active channels.

The HD3SS3411 supports several high-speed data protocols with a differential amplitude of < 1800 mVpp and a common mode voltage of < 2 V, as with USB 3.1 and DisplayPort 1.3. The one select input (SEL) pin can be controlled by an available GPIO pin within a system or from a microcontroller.

### 8.2 Typical Application

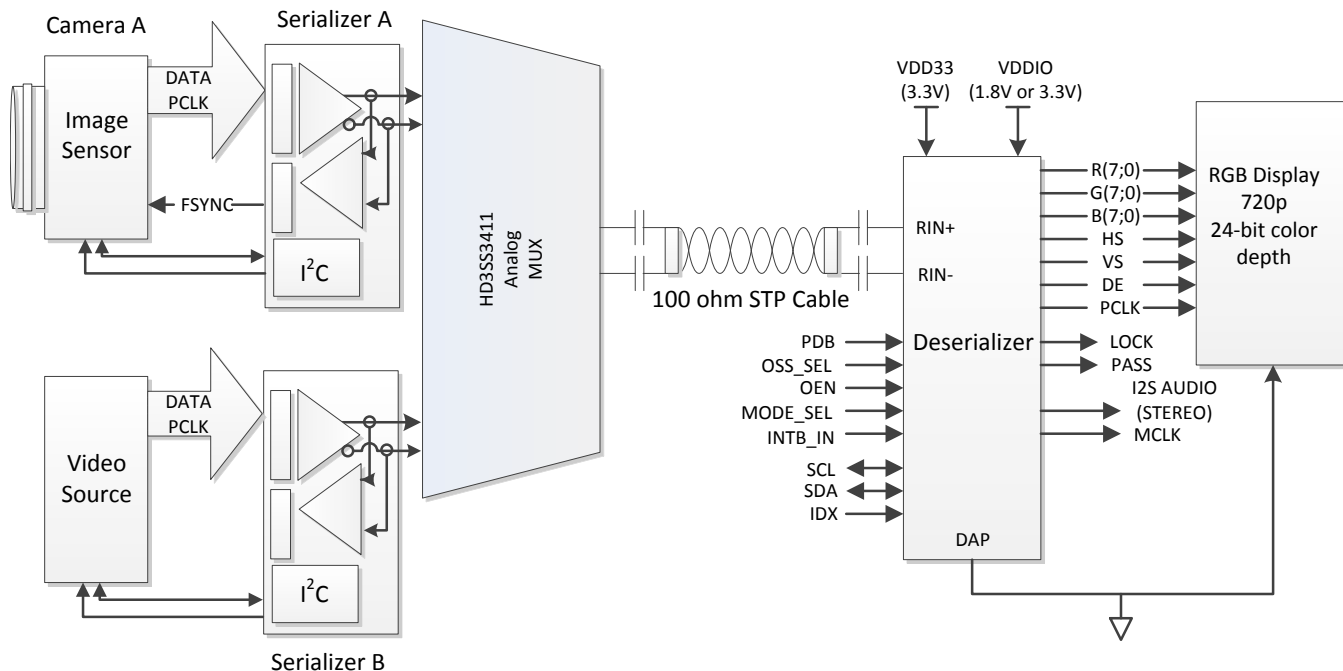


Figure 3. FPD Link III Application

## 8.3 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the values shown in [Table 3](#).

**Table 3. Design Parameters**

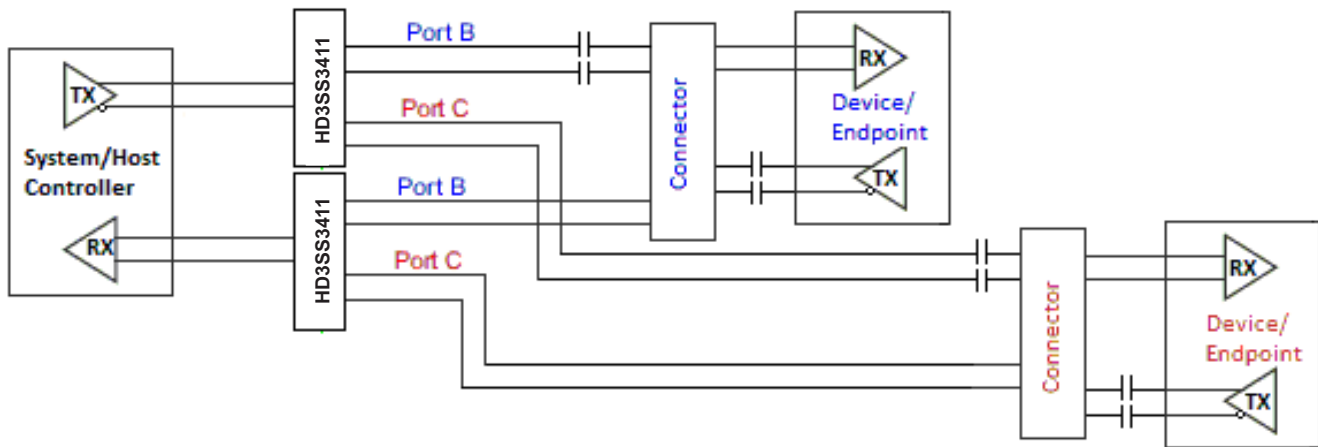
| PARAMETER                         | VALUE      |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| V <sub>CC</sub> voltage           | 3.3 V      |
| Ap/n, Bp/n, Cp/n CM input voltage | 0 V to 2 V |
| SEL/OEn pin max voltage for low   | 0 V        |
| SEL/OEn pin min voltage for high  | 3.3 V      |

## 8.4 Detailed Design Procedure

### 8.4.1 AC Coupling Capacitors

Many interfaces require AC coupling between the transmitter and receiver. The 0402 capacitors are the preferred option to provide AC coupling, and the 0603 size capacitors will also work. The 0805 size capacitors and C-packs should be avoided. When placing AC coupling capacitors symmetric placement is best. A capacitor value of 0.1  $\mu$ F is best and the value should be match for the  $\pm$  signal pair. The placement should be along the TX pairs on the system board, which are usually routed on the top layer of the board.

There are several placement options for the AC coupling capacitors. Because the switch requires a bias voltage, the capacitors must only be placed on one side of the switch. If they are placed on both sides of the switch, a biasing voltage should be provided. A few placement options are shown below. In [Figure 4](#), the coupling capacitors are placed between the switch and endpoint. In this situation, the switch is biased by the system/host controller.



**Figure 4. AC Coupling Capacitors Between Switch TX and Endpoint TX**

## Detailed Design Procedure (continued)

In Figure 5, the coupling capacitors are placed on the host transmit pair and endpoint transmit pair. In this situation, the switch on the top is biased by the endpoint and the lower switch is biased by the host controller.

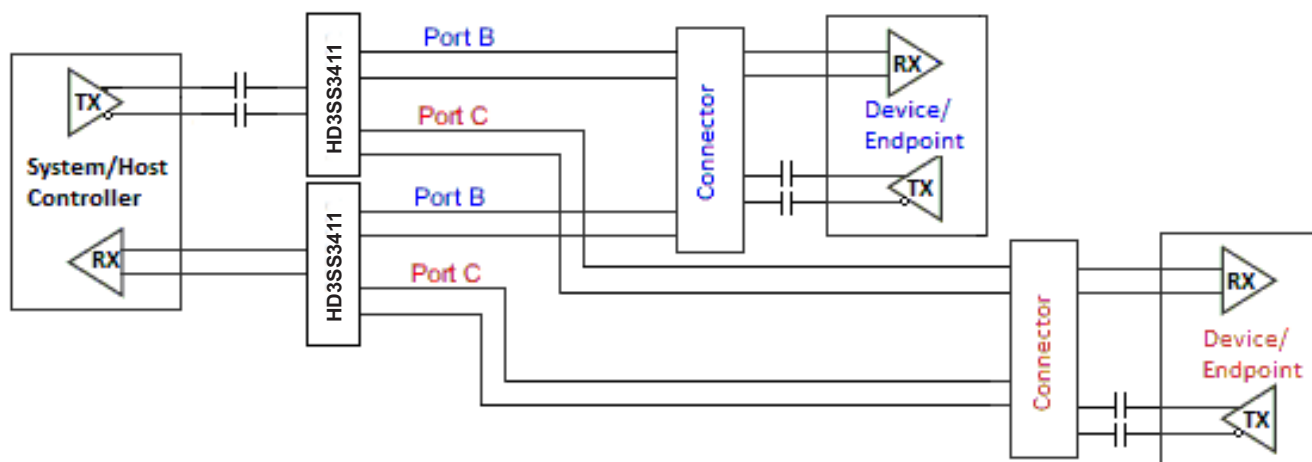


Figure 5. AC Coupling Capacitors on Host TX and Endpoint TX

If the common mode voltage in the system is higher than 2 V, the coupling capacitors are placed on both sides of the switch (shown in Figure 6). A biasing voltage of less than 2 V is required in this case.

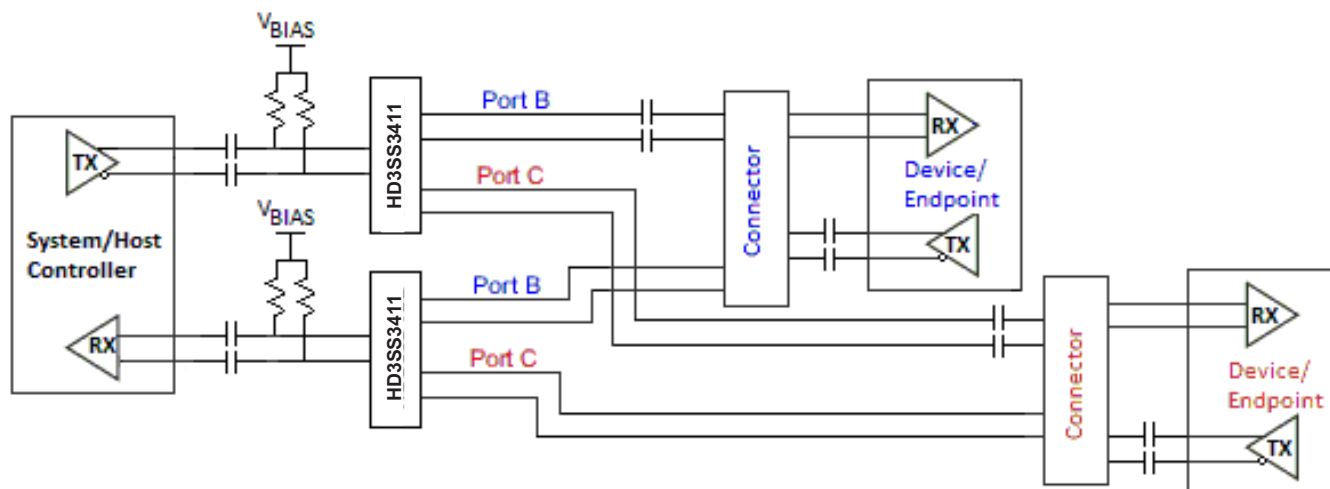


Figure 6. AC Coupling Capacitors on Both Sides of Switch

## 8.5 Application Curves

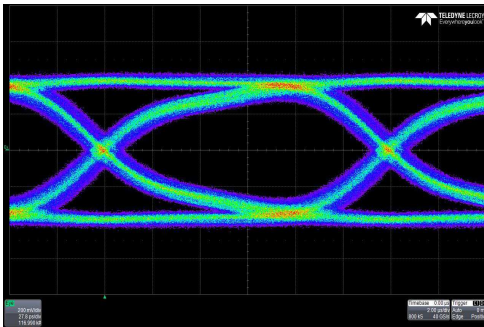


Figure 7. 6 Gbps Source Eye Diagram

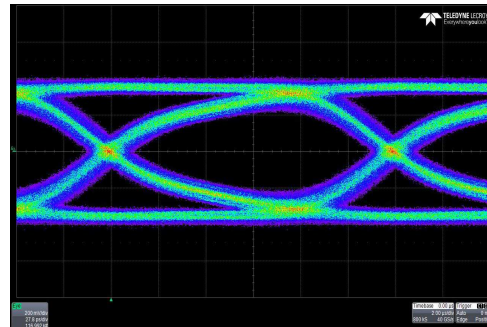


Figure 8. 6 Gbps Output Eye Diagram

## 9 Power Supply Recommendations

There is no power supply sequence required for HD3SS3411. However, it is recommended that OEn is asserted low after device supply  $V_{CC}$  is stable and in specifications. It is also recommended that ample decoupling capacitors are placed at the device  $V_{CC}$  near the pin.

## 10 Layout

### 10.1 Layout Guidelines

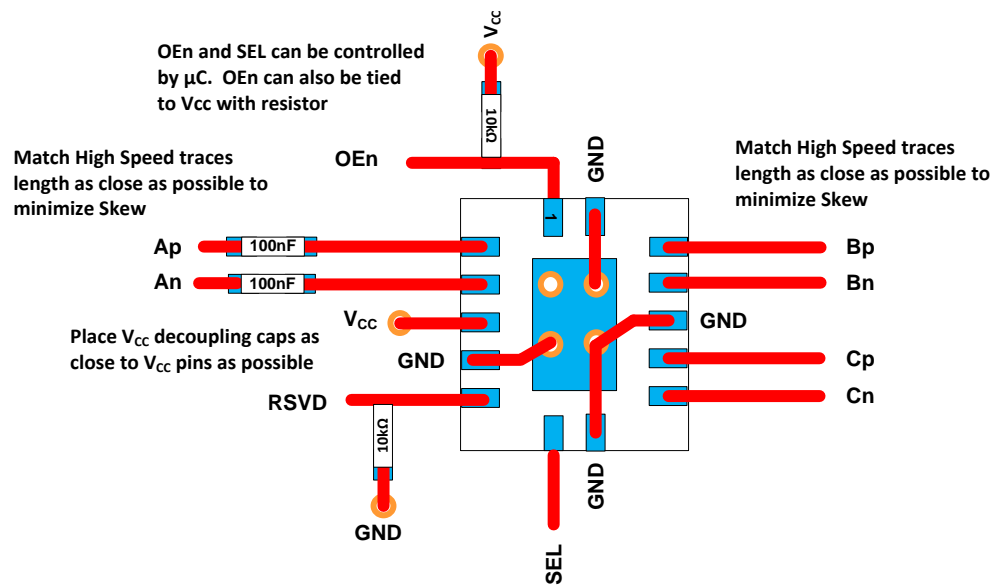
#### 10.1.1 Critical Routes

- The high speed differential signals must be routed with great care to minimize signal quality degradation between the connector and the source or sink of the high speed signals by following the guidelines provided in this document. Depending on the configuration schemes, the speed of each differential pair can reach a maximum speed of 10 Gbps. These signals are to be routed first before other signals with highest priority.
- Each differential pair should be routed together with controlled differential impedance of 85- $\Omega$  to 90- $\Omega$  and 50- $\Omega$  common mode impedance. Keep away from other high speed signals. The number of vias should be kept to minimum. Each pair should be separated from adjacent pairs by at least 3 times the signal trace width. Route all differential pairs on the same group of layers (Outer layers or inner layers) if not on the same layer. No 90 degree turns on any of the differential pairs. If bends are used on high speed differential pairs, the angle of the bend should be greater than 135 degrees.
- Length matching:
  - Keep high speed differential pairs lengths within 5 mil of each other to keep the intra-pair skew minimum. The inter-pair matching of the differential pairs is not as critical as intra-pair matching.
- Keep high speed differential pair traces adjacent to ground plane.
- Do not route differential pairs over any plane split.
- ESD components on the high speed differential lanes should be placed nearest to the connector in a pass through manner without stubs on the differential path.
- For ease of routing, the P and N connection of the USB3.1 differential pairs to the HD3SS3411 pins can be swapped.

#### 10.1.2 General Routing/Placement Rules

- Follow 20H rule (H is the distance to ref-plane) for separation of the high speed trace from the edge of the plane.
- Minimize parallelism of high speed clocks and other periodic signal traces to high speed lines.
- All differential pairs should be routed on the top or bottom layer (microstrip traces) if possible or on the same group of layers. Vias should only be used in the breakout region of the device to route from the top to bottom layer when necessary. Avoid using vias in the main region of the board at all cost. Use a ground reference via next to signal via. Distance between ground reference via and signal need to be calculated to have similar impedance as traces.
- All differential signals should not be routed over plane split. Changing signal layers is preferable to crossing plane splits.
- Use of and proper placement of stitching caps when split plane crossing is unavoidable to account for high frequency return current path.
- Route differential traces over a continuous plane with no interruptions.
- Do not route differential traces under power connectors or other interface connectors, crystals, oscillators, or any magnetic source.
- Route traces away from etching areas like pads, vias, and other signal traces. Try to maintain a 20 mil keep out distance where possible.
- Decoupling caps should be placed next to each power terminal on the HD3SS3411. Care should be taken to minimize the stub length of the trace connecting the capacitor to the power pin.
- Avoid sharing vias between multiple decoupling caps.
- Place vias as close as possible to the decoupling cap solder pad.
- Widen VCC/GND planes to reduce effect of static and dynamic IR drop.

## 10.2 Layout Example



### Figure 9. Layout

## 11 Device and Documentation Support

### 11.1 Documentation Support

### 11.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

**TI E2E™ Online Community** *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At [e2e.ti.com](http://e2e.ti.com), you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

**Design Support** *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

### 11.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.  
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

### 11.5 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



### WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

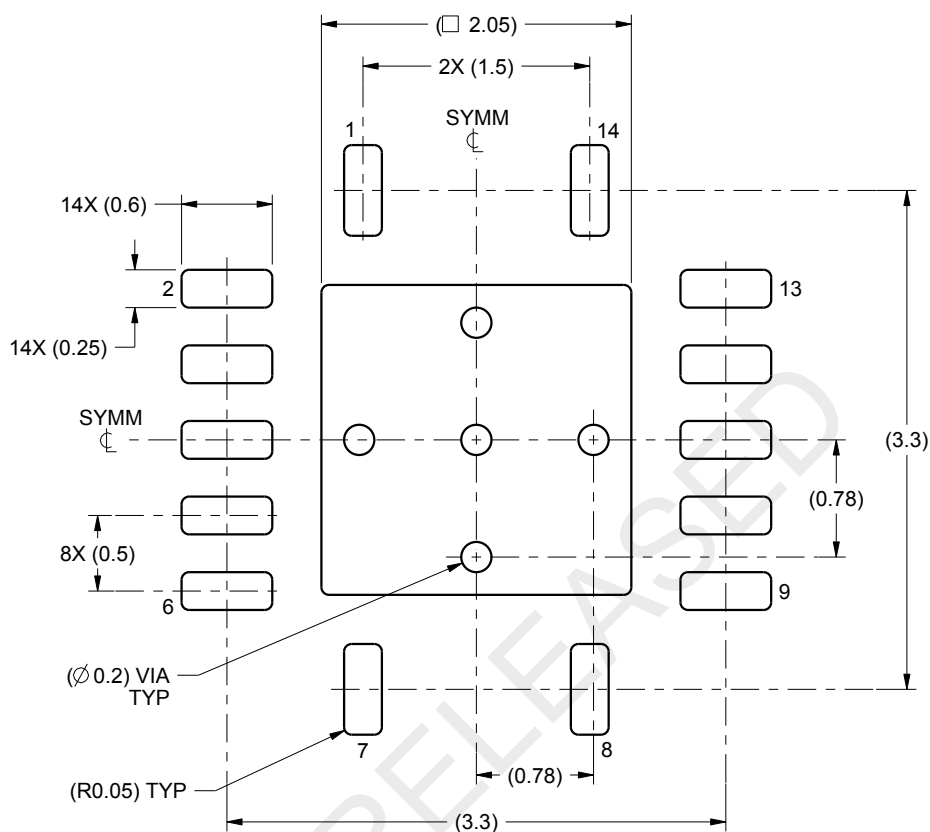


# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

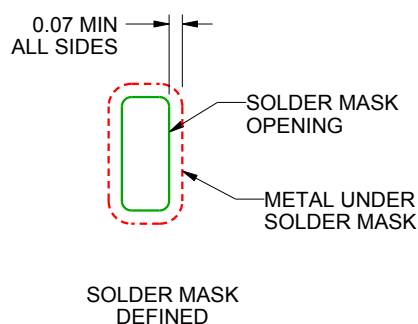
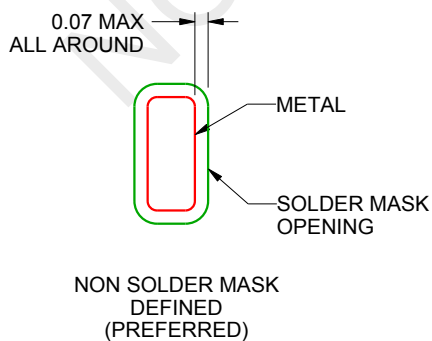
RWA0014A

WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
SCALE:20X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4221612/B 01/2015

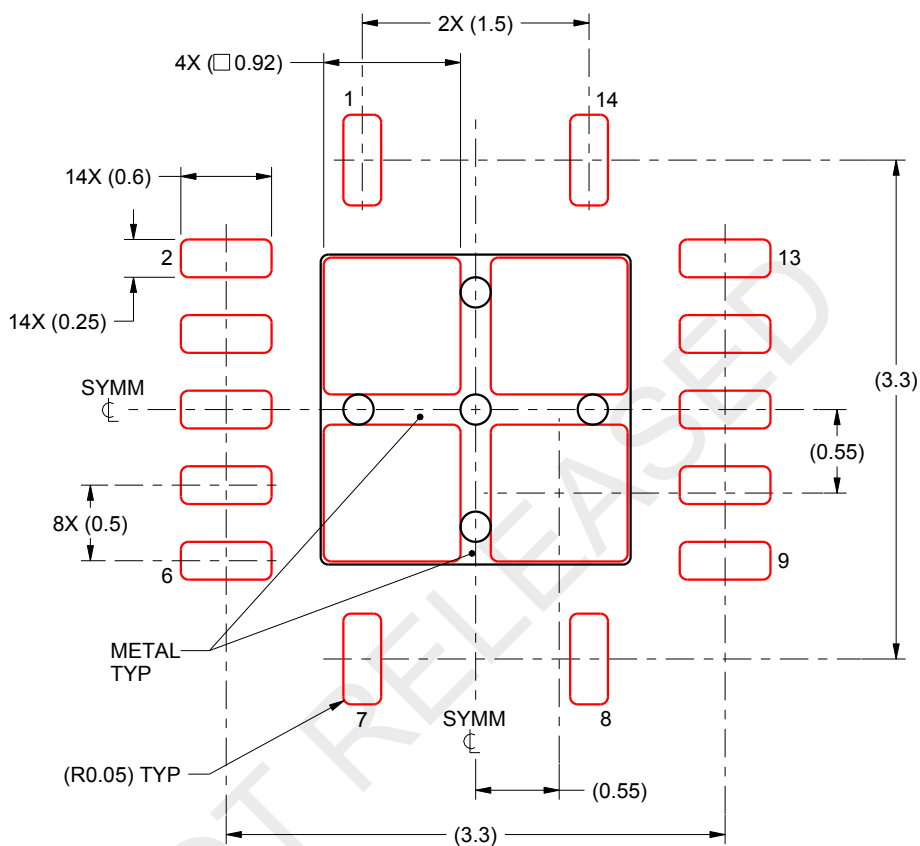
NOTES: (continued)

- This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 ([www.ti.com/lit/slue271](http://www.ti.com/lit/slue271)).

**RWA0014A**

### WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



**SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE**  
**BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL**

**EXPOSED PAD**  
**80% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA**  
**SCALE:20X**

4221612/B 01/2015

NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status<br>(1) | Package Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan<br>(2)            | Lead/Ball Finish<br>(6) | MSL Peak Temp<br>(3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking<br>(4/5) | Samples                 |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| HD3SS3411IRWAR   | ACTIVE        | WQFN         | RWA                | 14   | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU               | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | 3411I                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| HD3SS3411IRWAT   | ACTIVE        | WQFN         | RWA                | 14   | 250            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU               | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | 3411I                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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**OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF HD3SS3411 :**

- Automotive: [HD3SS3411-Q1](#)

**NOTE:** Qualified Version Definitions:

- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

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|                               |  |
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